MORTGAGE AND LAND BANK OF LATVIA

Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

MORTGAGE AND LAND BANK OF LATVIA MANAGEMENT REPORT

3 months of 2010

Having experienced a rapid decline in 2009 the economy of Latvia stabilised in the 1st quarter of 2010. Nevertheless, unemployment keeps rising and attained 17.3% at the end of March (16.0% at the beginning of year). In the first months of 2010 the external trade balance of Latvia has retained a positive balance. The government of Latvia complies with the requirements of the international lenders achieving considerable fiscal consolidation. As a result, the international rating agencies upgraded the outlooks of the credit ratings of Latvia in the 1st quarter of 2010.

In the 1st quarter of 2010 the assets of the commercial banks of Latvia decreased by 1%, totalling to 21.5 bln lats at the end of March, the loan portfolio – by 1.7%, deposits (with transit funds) – by 2.5%, but capital and reserves – by 2%. In the given period the losses of the banks amounted to 133.4 mln lats mostly caused by accumulation of provisions for loans not yielding profit.

The gross assets of the Mortgage Bank increased by 8.8 mln lats or 1% in the 1st quarter of 2010 amounting to 975.4 mln lats. Within the first three months of 2010 the gross loan portfolio of the Mortgage Bank has diminished by 3%, reaching 685.5 mln lats comprised of the development loans' portfolio in the amount of 274 mln lats (40 % of the portfolio) and commercial loans' portfolio in the amount of 411.5 mln lats (60% of the portfolio). The deposits have not changed significantly during the period (320 mln lats). In the 1st quarter the Bank made provisions for insecure assets in the amount of 11 mln lats resulting in 9.73 mln lats of unaudited losses. As at 31 March 2010 the ratio of the Bank's provisions and loan portfolio was 11.4%.

Various changes to the composition of council and board of the Mortgage Bank took place in the 1st quarter of 2010. On the 1st of March 2010 a new council of the Mortgage Bank was elected for a period of three years consisting of: Baiba Bāne, Dāvids Tauriņš and Jānis Pone. On the 23rd of March Dāvids Tauriņš resigned from his post in the council. On the 8th of April Mārtiņš Bičevskis – the state secretary of the Ministry of Finance acting as the representative of the shareholder of the Mortgage Bank – Ministry of Finance appointed Andžs Ūbelis to the post of Dāvids Tauriņš. Thus, the council of the Mortgage Bank consists of: Baiba Bāne – chairperson of the council, Andžs Ūbelis – deputy chairperson and Jānis Pone – member of the council.

On the 12th of March the council appointed Baiba Brigmane and Gints Āboltiņš to the board of the Mortgage Bank. The board of the Mortgage Bank consists of: Rolands Paņko – chairman of the board, Jēkabs Krieviņš – deputy chairman of the board and board members - Baiba Brigmane, Jānis Bērziņš and Gints Āboltiņš.

In the 1st quarter of 2010 the Mortgage Bank, as commissioned by the government, proceeded with implementation of the following aid programmes providing support to specific groups of entrepreneurs and population:

- Programme for improvement of competitiveness of businesses;
- Micro lending programme;
- Start programme "Support to self-employment and business start-ups".

Programme for improvement of competitiveness of businesses

In 2009 to finance the programme the Mortgage Bank obtained a 100 mln euro (70 mln lats) loan from the Nordic Investment Bank (NIB). There was also a Loan Fund established consisting of the public financing – 61.6 mln euro (43.3 mln lats) and financing of the Mortgage Bank – 21.6 mln euro (15.2 mln lats). By the end of March 2010 the Programme for improvement of competitiveness of businesses had granted loans for 114.4 mln lats, including 33.75 mln lats from the resources of the Loan Fund. *Micro lending programme*

The total financing volume of the programme is 564.8 thsd lats. By the end of March, 2010 the Mortgage Bank had granted microloans for the total amount of 479 thsd lats.

Programme "Support to self-employment and business start-ups"

By the end of March 2010, 676 applicants had applied for consultations and training, 162 participants of the programme had completed their training, 185 business plans were submitted to the bank of which 136 were examined by the credit committee and financial support was granted to 57 projects for the total loan amount of 1.17 mln lats.

In February 2010 the Bank launched SME development lending programme for micro, small and medium enterprises and agricultural co-operative unions. The purpose of the programme is to enhance access to the financing for the enterprises registered in Latvia to revive and promote development of the national economy of Latvia. On the 2nd of October 2009 to implement the programme the Mortgage Bank concluded a 100 mln euro loan agreement with the European Investment Bank. In February 2010 the Mortgage Bank received the first tranche of the loan in the amount of 50 mln euro. By the end of March the SME development programme had granted loans for 0.55 mln lats.

MORTGAGE AND LAND BANK OF LATVIA MANAGEMENT REPORT

(continued)

The beginning of 2010 is marked with a positive assessment of the economic development potential of Latvia acknowledged also by international rating agencies *Standard & Poor's Rating Services* and *Moody's Investors Service Ltd* through upgrading from negative to stable of the credit rating outlook of Latvia. The Mortgage Bank is 100% state-owned bank and its rating is directly linked to sovereign rating of Latvia. Having upgraded the rating outlook for Baa3 assigned to Latvia's local and foreign currency ratings, the *Moody's Investors Service Ltd* also notched up from negative to stable the outlook of Mortgage Bank's long-term foreign currency deposits rating Baa3. The Mortgage Bank is assigned the following ratings:

- long-term foreign currency deposits *Baa3*,
- short-term foreign currency deposits -P3,
- financial strength rating -E+,
- rating of mortgage bonds *Baa2*,

which are investment grade ratings.

Throughout the 1st quarter of 2010 the Mortgage Bank serviced its customers in 27 branch offices and 8 sub-branches located in Riga and other cities of Latvia.

MORTGAGE AND LAND BANK OF LATVIA THE SUPERVISORY COUNCIL AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE BANK

Supervisory Council (at 31 March 2010)

Baiba Bāne Chairman of the Council Jānis Pone Member of the Council

During the reporting period Ms. Baiba Brigmane and Mr. Dāvids Tauriņš resigned from the Council and Mr. Jānis Pone was appointed as member of the Council.

Supervisory Council (from 8 April 2010)

Baiba Bāne Chairman of the Council
Andžs Ūbelis Deputy Chairman of the Council

Jānis Pone Member of the Council

After the reporting period Mr. Andžs Ūbelis was appointed as member of the Council.

Board of Directors (at 31 March 2010)

Rolands Panko Chairman of the Board

Jēkabs Krieviņš Deputy Chairman of the Board

Jānis BērziņšMember of the BoardBaiba BrigmaneMember of the BoardGints ĀboltiņšMember of the Board

During the reporting period Andris Riekstiņš resigned from the Board and Baiba Brigmane and Gints Āboltiņš as were appointed as members of the Board.

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE MANAGEMENT

Management is responsible for preparing financial statements from the books of prime entry of the Group and the Bank for each financial period that present fairly the state of affairs of the Group and the Bank as at the end of the financial period and the results of their operations and cash flows for that period according to the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union..

Management confirms that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated and bank financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2010. Management also confirms that applicable International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted in EU have been used in preparation of the financial statements and that these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. Appropriate accounting policies have been applied on a consistent basis.

Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and the Bank and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. Management is also responsible for managing the Bank in compliance with the Law on Credit Institutions, regulations of the Bank of Latvia and the Financial and Capital Market Commission as well as other legislation of the Republic of Latvia.

Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

INCOME STATEMENT

| | 3 months to 31 March 2010 | | 3 months to 31 March 2009 | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| | Group | Bank | Group | Bank |
| Interest income | 15,007 | 14,547 | 21,830 | 21,014 |
| Interest expense | (11,609) | (11,619) | (13,576) | (13,181) |
| Net interest income | 3,398 | 2,928 | 8,254 | 7,833 |
| Fee and commission income | 1,579 | 1,392 | 1,457 | 1,342 |
| Fee and commission expense | (297) | (285) | (336) | (285) |
| Net fee and commission income | 1,282 | 1,107 | 1,121 | 1,057 |
| Dividend income | - | _ | - | - |
| Net trading income | 593 | 611 | 2,280 | 2,211 |
| Other operating income | 3,564 | 2,954 | 1,583 | 1,397 |
| Staff costs | (3,256) | (2,907) | (3,660) | (3,277) |
| Administrative expenses | (2,594) | (2,151) | (2,839) | (2,410) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | (696) | (636) | (756) | (676) |
| Provision for impairment losses | (15,588) | (15,753) | (5,351) | (5,146) |
| Profit before income tax | (13,297) | (13,847) | 632 | 989 |
| Income tax expense | - | - | (300) | (262) |
| Net profit for the period | (13,297) | (13,847) | 332 | 727 |
| Attributable to: | | | | |
| Equity holders of the Bank | (13,304) | - | - | - |
| Minority interest | 7 | - | - | - |

BALANCE SHEET

| | 31/03/10 | | 31/12/09 | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Assets | Group | Bank | Group | Bank |
| Cash and balances with Central Bank | 89,988 | 89,988 | 136,591 | 136,591 |
| Trading securities | 1,853 | 1,602 | 7,220 | 6,999 |
| Investment securities – held to | | | | |
| maturity | 57,521 | 57,521 | 61,161 | 61,161 |
| Investment securities – available for | | | | |
| sale | 141,236 | 141,236 | 70,990 | 70,990 |
| Due from credit institutions | 78,087 | 77,844 | 50,385 | 50,193 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 1,128 | 1,128 | 2,780 | 2,780 |
| Loans to customers | 856,316 | 868,979 | 900,224 | 909,928 |
| Investment properties | 1,659 | 1,659 | 1,659 | 1,659 |
| Investments in subsidiaries and | | | | |
| associated undertakings | 398 | 2,174 | 398 | 2,174 |
| Intangible assets | 3,001 | 2,316 | 3,136 | 2,449 |
| Property and equipment | 10,297 | 9,432 | 10,723 | 9,812 |
| Current income tax assets | - | - | - | - |
| Other assets | 17,028 | 3,628 | 12,658 | 2,654 |
| Deferred expenses and accrued income | 802 | 561 | 942 | 757 |
| Total assets | 1,259,314 | 1,258,068 | 1,258,867 | 1,258,147 |
| T + 1 997 | | | | |
| <u>Liabilities</u> Due to credit institutions | 464,559 | 464,559 | 539,997 | 539,997 |
| Due to customers | 450,033 | 450,525 | 462,076 | 462,164 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 430,033 | 430,323 | 221 | 221 |
| Transit funds | 2,789 | 2,789 | 2,775 | 2,775 |
| Issued debt securities | 50,303 | 50,871 | 53,257 | 54,423 |
| Other liabilities | 139,717 | 139,204 | 38,986 | 38,182 |
| Deferred income and accrued expenses | 5,497 | 4,509 | 5,687 | 4,804 |
| Current income tax liabilities | 18 | 4,309 | 5,067 | 4,004 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 48 | - | 38 | - |
| Subordinated liabilities | 44,869 | 44,869 | 44,236 | 44,236 |
| Total liabilities | 1,157,846 | 1,157,339 | 1,147,334 | 1,146,802 |
| 1 otal nabinties | 1,157,040 | 1,157,339 | 1,147,334 | 1,140,002 |
| Shareholder's equity | | | | |
| Share capital | 172,624 | 172,624 | 172,624 | 172,624 |
| Reserve capital | 3,591 | 2,935 | 3,591 | 2,935 |
| Minority interest | 64 | - | 57 | - |
| Revaluation deficit on available for | | | | |
| sale investments | (1,085) | (1,085) | (4,317) | (4,317) |
| Retained earnings | (73,726) | (73,745) | (60,422) | (59,897) |
| Total shareholder's equity | 101,468 | 100,729 | 111,533 | 111,345 |
| Total liabilities and shareholder's | | | | |
| equity | 1,259,314 | 1,258,068 | 1,258,867 | 1,258,147 |
| | <u>-</u> | | <u></u> | |
| Off balance sheet items | 22.666 | 26.66 | 17.100 | 20.405 |
| Contingent liabilities | 23,660 | 26,667 | 17,188 | 20,196 |
| Financial commitments | 26,696 | 65,522 | 46,865 | 78,726 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S EQUITY

(all amounts in thousands of Euro)

| | A | ttributable 1 | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Share Capital | Reserve capital | Revaluation deficit on available for sale investments | Retained earnings | Minority interest | Total equity |
| Balance as at 31 December 2009 | 172,624 | 3,591 | (4,317) | (60,422) | 57 | 111,533 |
| Net profit on available for sale investments Loss for the period | - | - | 3,232 | - | - | 3,232 |
| 1 | - | - | - | (13,304) | 7 | (13,297) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2010 | 172,624 | 3,591 | (1,085) | (73,726) | 64 | 101,468 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE BANK'S SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

| | Share Capital | Reserve capital | Revaluation deficit on available for sale investments | Retained earnings | Total equity |
|--|------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| Balance as at 31 December 2009 | 172,624 | 2,935 | (4,317) | (59,897) | 111,345 |
| Net profit on available for sale investments Loss for the period | <u>-</u> | - | 3,232 | (13,848) | 3,232 (13,848) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2010 | 172,624 | 2,935 | (1,085) | (73,745) | 100,729 |

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

| Cash flows from operating activities Closs Profit before taxation Profit before ta | (all amounts in thousands of Euro) | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|----------|---------|---------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | |
| CLOSS / profit before taxatation (13,297) (78,339) 632 989 | | Group | Bank | Group | Bank | |
| CLOSS / profit before taxatation (13,297) (78,339) 632 989 | Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation 696 2,610 756 676 Increase in provision for impairment losses 10,747 94,176 3,738 3,622 (Profit) / loss from sale of property and equipment 60 115 (100) 13 Increase in deferred income and accrued expenses 381 2,126 627 636 Decrease in deferred expenses and accrued expenses 100,524 20,013 406 498 Increase in cash and cash equivalents from operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities 99,846 42,472 6,860 8,006 Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit institutions 3,177 43,075 5,710 5,710 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 3,3921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 5,367 (1,743) 2,235 2,349 (Decrease) / (increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds (49,44) (43 43 43 43 43 43 Decrease in the sceurities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities (3,431) (415) (415) Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Proceeds from property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from olisopsal of investments in associated entities - | | (13,297) | (78,339) | 632 | 989 | |
| Increase in provision for impairment losses 10,747 94,176 3,738 3,622 (Profit) / loss from sale of property and equipment (66) 115 (100) 13 (100) 13 (100) 13 (100) (1 | | | | 756 | 676 | |
| Profit / loss from sale of property and equipment (6) | | 10,747 | 94,176 | 3,738 | 3,622 | |
| Decrease in deferred expenses and accrued income (Increase) / decrease in other assets (662 1,725 1,191 1,922 Increase in other liabilities (100,524 20,013 406 498 1) 1,922 Increase in other liabilities (100,524 20,013 406 498 1) 1,922 Increase in other liabilities (100,524 20,013 406 498 1) 1,922 Increase in cash and cash equivalents from operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities (100,524 20,013 406 8,006 8,006 1) 1,922 1,922 1,922 1,922 1,923 | | (6) | 115 | (100) | 13 | |
| Increase in other assets 662 1,725 1,191 1,922 Increase in cash and cash equivalents from operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities 99,846 42,472 6,860 8,006 Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit institutions 3,177 43,075 5,710 5,710 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 Decrease / (increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in tansit funds (2,943) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds (2,943) (3,431) (415) (415) Decrease in delt securities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (2,274) | Increase in deferred income and accrued expenses | 381 | 2,126 | 627 | 636 | |
| Increase in other liabilities 100,524 20,013 406 498 Increase in cash and cash equivalents from operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities 99,846 42,472 6,860 8,006 Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit institutions 3,177 43,075 5,710 5,710 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease in trading securities 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 Decrease / increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities (1,374) (8,59) (8,59) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities (1,374) | Decrease in deferred expenses and accrued income | 139 | | (390) | | |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents from operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities 99,846 42,472 6,860 8,006 | | 662 | 1,725 | 1,191 | | |
| Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit institutions 3,177 43,075 5,710 5,710 Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease in trading securities 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 (Decrease) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 (Decrease) in trading securities 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 (Decrease) in trading securities (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds | | 100,524 | 20,013 | 406 | 498 | |
| Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit institutions | | | | | | |
| institutions 3,177 43,075 5,710 5,710 Decrease (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease in trading securities 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 (Decrease) / increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,000 8,125 Decrease in transit funds - (464) 43 43 Decrease in debt securities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) Corporate income tax paid 43 - - - - Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Increase in investment securities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from | | 99,846 | 42,472 | 6,860 | 8,006 | |
| Decrease / (increase) in loans to customers 32,921 32,877 21,973 22,432 Decrease in trading securities 5,367 (1,743) 2,325 2,349 Checrease) / increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,847) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds - (464) 43 43 Decrease in debt securities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) Corporate income tax paid 43 - - - Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - (1,374) (41,41) Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) (46,624) 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | Decrease / (increase) in balances due from credit | | | | | |
| Decrease in trading securities | institutions | 3,177 | 43,075 | 5,710 | 5,710 | |
| Cocrease / increase in balances due to credit institutions (87,531) (173,726) (48,607) (48,447) Increase in balances due to customers (12,043) 32,160 8,200 8,125 Decrease in transit funds - (464) 43 43 43 Decrease in debt securities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) (415) Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) | | 32,921 | 32,877 | 21,973 | 22,432 | |
| Institutions | | 5,367 | (1,743) | 2,325 | 2,349 | |
| Increase in balances due to customers | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| Decrease in transit funds | | ` ' ' | | | , , , | |
| Decrease in debt securities issued (2,954) (3,431) (415) (415) (2sh and cash equivalents used in operating activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) | | (12,043) | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) Corporate income tax paid 43 - - - Cash flows from investing activities Increase in investment securities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - <td></td> <td>(2.074)</td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | (2.074) | , , | | | |
| activities 38,783 (28,780) (3,911) (2,597) Corporate income tax paid 43 - - - Cash flows from investing activities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>(2,954)</td><td>(3,431)</td><td>(415)</td><td>(415)</td></td<> | | (2,954) | (3,431) | (415) | (415) | |
| Corporate income tax paid 43 - - - Cash flows from investing activities Increase in investment securities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - - Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 - | | 20.702 | (20.700) | (2.011) | (2.507) | |
| Cash flows from investing activities Increase in investment securities (66,514) (6,232) 11,302 11,308 Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities repaid - - - - Dividend paid - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 <td>activities</td> <td>38,783</td> <td>(28,780)</td> <td>(3,911)</td> <td>(2,597)</td> | activities | 38,783 | (28,780) | (3,911) | (2,597) | |
| Increase in investment securities | Corporate income tax paid | 43 | - | - | - | |
| Purchases of property and equipment (138) (1,386) (542) (461) Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - - - - Subordinated liabilities repaid - (1,374) (859) (859) Dividend paid - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from property and equipment disposal 9 31 394 3 Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities - 71 - 71 - Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of investments in associated entities entities 71 Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | | | , , | | |
| entities 71 Acquisition of investments in associated entities - (1,231) - (1,231) Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | 9 | 31 | 394 | 3 | |
| Acquisition of investments in associated entities Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | | | 71 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution Proceeds from subordinated liabilities - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | - | (1 231) | /1 | (1.231) | |
| activities (66,643) (8,818) 11,225 9,619 Cash flows from financing activities Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities Subordinated liabilities repaid Dividend paid - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | | | (1,231) | | (1,231) | |
| Shareholders cash contribution - 103,596 42,000 42,000 Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | | (66,643) | (8,818) | 11,225 | 9,619 | |
| Proceeds from subordinated liabilities Subordinated liabilities repaid Dividend paid - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | Cash flows from financing activities | | | | | |
| Subordinated liabilities repaid Dividend paid Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | Shareholders cash contribution | - | 103,596 | 42,000 | 42,000 | |
| Dividend paid - (1,374) (859) (859) Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | Proceeds from subordinated liabilities | - | - | - | - | |
| Cash and cash equivalents generated from financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | | | | | | |
| financing activities - 102,222 41,141 41,141 Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | <u>-</u> | | (1,374) | (859) | (859) | |
| Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (27,817) 64,624 48,455 48,163 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | financing activities | - | 102,222 | 41,141 | 41,141 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 144,171 81,856 81,753 81,856 | Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (27,817) | 64,624 | 48,455 | 48,163 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 116,354 146,480 130,208 130,019 | | | | | | |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 116,354 | 146,480 | 130,208 | 130,019 | |

Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia was established as a state-owned commercial bank on 19 March 1993 by the Government of Latvia based on the Decree No 140 adopted by the Cabinet of Ministers. The Bank was registered with the Register of Enterprises of the Republic of Latvia on 3 June 1993. According to the Commercial Law the Bank was registered in the Commercial Register on 14 July 2004.

The operations of the Bank are regulated by the law On Credit Institutions and other effective laws of the Republic of Latvia, the Statutes of the Bank, the instructions of the Bank of Latvia and Financial and Capital Market Commission, as well as the decrees and regulations of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Latvia. The Bank is under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Latvia that represents the interests of the shareholder on behalf of the Cabinet of Ministers and holds 100% of the Bank's shares.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group and the Bank manages all the major risks affecting the operation of the Group and the Bank in accordance with the Risk Management Policy approved by the Council of the Bank. The Risk Management Policy stipulates and describes the aggregate of measures used to ensure that a possibility of suffering losses is minimized in the event the invested or receivable resources would not be repaid or recovered in due time or full amount or the Group or the Bank would suffer other losses or would not derive the planned profit. Risk management is an integral component of the internal control system of the Group and the Bank and the risk management system has been established taking into account the size and structure of the Group and the Bank, as well as the best advisable practice, incl. the guidelines of Basel bank supervisory committee.

In light of the changes occurring on global financial markets and economy, a number of major improvements were made to the risk management system of the Group and the Bank during the reporting period, thus allowing to identify the risks more precisely and timely and to determine their impact on the future operations of the Group and the Bank.

The Group and the Bank abides by the following principles in its risk management:

- while assuming the risks the Group and the Bank shall be capable of implementing the aims and assignments defined in its development strategy in a longer run;
- the Group and the Bank shall operate by maintaining an optimum balance between profitability and safeguarding against the risks, i.e. the profitability must be as large as possible, however, the Group and the Bank shall not be exposed to the risks;
- risk assessment and management shall be an integral component of the every-day functions of the Group and the Bank:
- In accordance with their authority and competence the employees of the Group and the Bank shall know a customer and understand fully the nature of each transaction (operation) to be able to identify and assess the risks associated with the transaction (operation) and find the best solution both for the customer and the Group or the Bank;
- the Group and the Bank shall assess the probable losses that it might incur by assuming the risks and avoid extraordinary losses in its operation;
- the Group and the Bank shall identify and assess the probable risks before launching of new products or services or entering new markets;
- where necessary, the Group and the Bank shall reduce the risk limits, sell the assets subject to the risk or even leave the respective markets should these be assessed as excessively risky.

In managing the risks the Group and the Bank apply various methods and instruments for measuring risks, set the limits and maintain the appropriate controls. All risk policies are approved by the Council.

Credit Risk

The Group and the Bank is subject to the credit risk. The credit risk is the risk of the customer or cooperation partner not being able to or refusing to meet its liabilities towards the Group or the Bank in full amount and due time.

The Group and the Bank manages the credit risk according to the Credit Policy as well as internal regulations, procedures and instructions of credit operations.

The Credit Policy of the Bank describes and defines the principles for the management of the credit risk and it relates to all activities of the Group and the Bank involving credit risk – lending, financial market transactions (operations), intermediary activities on behalf of the clients and issue of guarantees to third parties.

Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Management process of credit risk within the Group and the Bank encompasses establishment of guidelines and limitations, granting of loans or setting limits to particular clients or groups of interrelated clients; administration, monitoring and evaluation of files of clients or interrelated client groups, as well as appropriate control of the process, operation of management information system and evaluation of the total efficiency of the process.

In establishment of guidelines and limitations, the Group and the Bank primarily follows the common strategy of the Group and the Bank, as well as their historic experience in credit risk management, which allows defining adequate limitations of concentration, as well as adequate assessment of creditworthiness and collateral, passing decisions in decision-making institutions of the appropriate level. As the common strategy of the Group and the Bank encompasses gradual transformation of the Bank into development bank, the risk stemming from implementation of framework funding programmes becomes an increasingly significant risk source for the Group and the Bank.

The Bank's Lending department bears the responsibility for daily credit risk management in lending operations, incl. when setting criteria of creditworthiness and collateral adequacy, while decisions about assuming credit risk within the set limits are made by branch, regional and the Central lending committees, or the Board of the Bank. The daily supervision and administration of loans is conducted on the basis of each individual borrower's risk grade and affiliation, determined by organizational structure of the Group and the Bank.

The Risk management committee conducts the integrated monitoring of credit risk, incl. credit risk concentration and loan portfolio quality, while the Risk management department bears the responsibility for analysis of credit risk concentration, setting of limits and their control, quality assessment of the loan portfolio and building of provisions, as well as daily management of credit risk in operations with financial instruments. At least once a year, stress testing of the loan portfolio and scenario analysis is conducted, that includes changes of various macro-environment affecting factors (drop of real estate property prices, households' income decrease, contingent changes in development of various industries of national economy, and similar) and demonstrates the eventual impact on the Group's and the Bank's profitability, loan portfolio quality, volume of provisions and level of capital adequacy.

The Group and the Bank manages credit risk concentrations according to the Risk Exposures Controlling Policy that stipulates the methods of analysis of the credit risk concentrations and its controlling instruments including limits on credit risk concentrations. Credit risk concentration is managed by measuring and setting limits on the following concentrations:

- ratio of large exposure concentration and own funds (internal limit 400%, limit set by the Law on Credit Institutions – 800%), as of 31.03.2010 was 55.9% (as of 31.12.2009 – 47.1%);
- ratio of single client's (related clients' group) large exposure and own funds, which may not exceed 25%, as of 31.03.2010 was 24.3% (as of 31.12.2009 20.7%);
- ratio of risk exposures with persons related to the Bank and own funds, which may not exceed 15%, as of 31.03.2010 was 2.5% (as of 31.12.2009 2.6%).
- proportion of risk concentration in a single economic sector in the Bank's credit portfolio and own funds as of 31.03.2010 was 116.6% (as of 31.12.2009 – 120.9%);

Since the Bank's strategy is not focused on servicing the non-residents business, the proportion of the Bank's total claims to non-residents was small and as of 31.03.2010 was 9.8% (as 31.12.2009 - 7.1%) of the Bank's total assets. The Group and the Bank manages the country risk that results from the lending operations to non-residents according to the Country Risk Management Policy.

Each of the structural units involved in credit risk management maintain an appropriate internal control, efficiency of which is responsibility of the Internal audit department.

The management of the Group and the Bank has performed calculation of losses on the basis of all the facts at its disposal, unbiased proofs of depreciation, and believes the calculations disclosed in the financial reports are reasonable, considering the available information. Nonetheless, having the present awareness, it might occur, as a result of the next year's actual events, differing from the assumptions, that the respective book values of assets and liabilities be corrected.

Liquidity Risk

The liquidity risk relates to the ability of the Group and the Bank to redeem the legally valid claims of its customers and other creditors in due time and secure that the increase of the anticipated claims presents reasonable costs.

The principles for management of liquidity risk are determined by the Liquidity Risk Management Policy and Business Continuity Plan for Liquidity Crisis Situation. The Bank maintains that the liquid assets do not fall below 30% (set by the FCMC) of its short-term liabilities at all times.

Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia
Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements
for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Assets and Liabilities Committee of the Bank stipulates the guidelines for liquidity risk management and controls compliance thereof, whereas the Treasury Department provides for daily management of the liquidity risk.

To evaluate the liquidity risk, the Bank uses the GAP method. The Bank has set liquidity net position limit in each significant currency and total liquidity net position limit as well as maximum deposit amount from a single depositor to control the liquidity risk. At least once a month, scenario analysis or stress testing is conducted, to reveal the impact of contingencies on liquidity of the Group and the Bank.

Compliance with the liquidity ratio (min - 30%) was 88.7% as of 31.03.2010 (as of 31.12.2009 – 82.2%).

Foreign Currency Risk

The foreign currency risk occurs due to the differences between the asset and liability positions of foreign currencies that, as a result of the fluctuations of the exchange rates, affect the cash flow and financial results of the Group and the Bank. The principles for the management of the foreign currency risk are outlined in the Currency Risk Management Policy of the Bank.

Monitoring of the foreign currency risk is conducted by the Assets and Liabilities Management Committee of the Bank, whereas the Treasury Department provides for daily management of the foreign currency risk.

The Group and the Bank maintains a cautious foreign currency risk management policy and controls the foreign currency risk by imposing limits on the open currency positions for each currency and all currencies together consolidating in lats and by complying with the open currency position limits established in the law On Credit Institutions.

Interest Rate Risk

The interest rate risk is related to the influence of the fluctuations of the market rates onto the interest income and expenses of the Group and the Bank. To assess the interest rate risk the Group and the Bank analyses the maturity structure of the assets and liabilities sensitive to the changes in interest rates and susceptibility of the maturity structure to the potential fluctuations of the interest rates on a regular basis. The Assets and Liabilities Management Committee monitors the interest rate risk, whereas the Treasury Department is responsible for the daily management of the interest rate risk. The Bank has set limit on changes in economic value of the Bank at 10% of own funds and limit on changes in net interest income at 2% of own funds which, respectively, were 8.6% as of 31.03.2010 (as of 31.12.2009 – 7.6%) and 0.2% (as of 31.12.2009 – 0.4%).

Operational risk

The operational risk results from intentional or unintentional deviations from the standards adopted in daily operation of the Group and the Bank, for example human mistake or fraud, disturbances in the operation of the information systems, insufficient control procedures or their ignorance. The Group and the Bank manages operational risk according to the Operational Risk Management Policy. Self-assessment method is used to measure the operational risk, whereas the Bank's operational risk information system is used to identify, analyse and control the operational risk, which registers and analyses occurrences of operational risk and calculates the scale of actual or potential losses. Structural units of the Group and the Bank are responsible for the management of the operational risk in the daily operations, but the Risk Management Committee supervises the operational risk. The Risk Management Department is responsible for implementation of the operational risk management in the Group and the Bank.

The Bank has implemented Business Continuity Plan that includes guidelines on actions to be taken by the Bank, its structural units and employees at occurrence of risks that can have substantial negative effect on the Bank's operations.

Capital Adequacy

Capital adequacy shows those capital resources of the Group and the Bank needed to cover the credit and market risks arising from asset-side and off-balance sheet positions and also against operational risks.

The Group and the Bank completely follows the requirements of Basel II in their capital adequacy evaluation process. The Group and the Bank uses the standardised approach to calculate minimum capital charge for credit and market risks and basic indicator approach – for operational risk.

As of 31.03.2010, the capital adequacy ratio of the Bank calculated according to the regulations of the Financial and Capital Market Commission were 12.2% (as of 31.12.2009 - 12.8%) which exceeded the minimum of 8% for the ratio of the own capital and total of risk-weighted assets and off-balance sheet items.

Mortgage and Land Bank of Latvia Interim Condensed Consolidated and Bank Financial Statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2010 (unaudited)

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Group and the Bank also conducts the internal capital adequacy evaluation process (ICAAP), calculating capital requirements for those significant risks which do not have minimum regulatory capital requirements determined. The results of the internal capital adequacy evaluation as of 31.03.2010 were as follows:

| | 31/03/10 Bank |
|---|------------------|
| Capital base for internal capital adequacy evaluation | 89,500 |
| Total internal capital requirement | 82,451 |
| Internal capital adequacy ratio | 8.7% |
| Surplus of capital base | 7,049 |

THE PERFORMANCE RATIOS OF THE BANK

| Items | Accounting period | Previous accounting | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | year | |
| Return on equity (ROE) (%) | -50.66% | -65.02% | |
| Return on assets (ROA) (%) | -4.01% | -5.60% | |

CONSOLIDATION GROUP

| No | Name of commercial | Code of place of | Type of | Share of fixed | Voting rights in | Justification for |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | company | registration, address | activity of | capital (%) | commercial | including in the |
| | | of registration | commercial | | company (%) | Group** |
| | | | company * | | | |
| 1. | SIA "Hipotēku bankas | LV –Latvija | CKS | 100 | 100 | MS |
| | nekustamā īpašuma aģentūra" | 40003426895 | | | | |
| 2. | SIA "Hipolīzings" | LV – Latvija | CFI | 100 | 100 | MS |
| | | 40003616329 | | | | |
| 3. | SIA "Risku investīciju | LV – Latvija | CFI | 100 | 100 | MS |
| | sabiedrība" | 40003952445 | | | | |
| 4. | IPS "Hipo fondi" | LV – Latvija | IPS | 83 | 83 | MS |
| | | 40003403040 | | | | |
| 5. | SIA "Rīgas Centra namu | LV – Latvija | CKS | 100 | 100 | MS |
| | pārvalde" | 40003266805 | | | | |
| 6. | KS "Mazo un vidējo | LV – Latvija | CFI | 47.62 | 47.62 | KS |
| | komersantu atbalsta fonds" | 40003681329 | | | | |

^{*} IPS - investment management company, CFI - other financial institution, CKS - other commercial company.

RATINGS ASSIGNED TO BANK BY RATING AGENCY MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE

| Rating type | Ratings | Rating Approval | Previous rating |
|--|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | date | |
| For long-term foreign currency bank deposits | Baa3 | 25.06.2009. | Baa3 |
| For short-term foreign currency deposits | Р3 | 25.06.2009. | Р3 |
| The financial strength rating | E+ | 25.06.2009. | D- |
| The rating of mortgage bonds issued | Baa2 | 23.04.2009. | A2 |

^{**} MS – subsidiary; KS – joint venture.

Moody's Investors Service reports of the Bank may be found at: www.hipo.lv
Additional information on the ratings assigned (incl. Legend of ratings) may be found at: www.moodys.com

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POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

| In accordance with the decision of the bank's shareholder, the Bank has increased its fixed capital by L | LVL |
|--|------|
| 70,28 mln. Thus the total volume of the fixed capital has reached LVL 191,60 mlj. The increase of fi | ixec |
| capital was performed according the state budget law for year 2010. | |

These condensed financial reports are to be viewed along with the Bank's Annual Report for 2009.

Rolands Paņko Chairman of the Board Uvis Zemītis Chief Accountant