

### Tulikivi Corporation

# Corporate Governance Statement 2011

The governance of Tulikivi Corporation and its subsidiaries is based on the law, the Articles of Association and the Finnish Corporate Governance Code which entered into force on 1 October 2010. The company complies with the Guidelines for Insiders of the Helsinki Stock Exchange. This Corporate Governance Statement has been prepared in accordance with recommendation 54 of the Finnish Corporate Governance Code and Chapter 2(6)(3) of the Finnish Securities Markets Act.

The Corporate Governance Statement will be published separately from the Board of Directors' report and is available on the company's website and in the Annual Report.

The Corporate Governance Code is available to the public at the website of the Securities Market Association, <a href="https://www.cgfinland.fi">www.cgfinland.fi</a>.

Tulikivi Corporation diverges from recommendation 22 of the Corporate Governance Code, according to which the board should appoint its committee members and chairmen from among the directors. The Nomination Committee has three members, two of whom may be elected from outside the Board of Directors. The reason for the divergence from the Corporate Governance Code is that, in view of the company's ownership structure and stage of development, it is appropriate to aim for a Nomination Committee composition that reflects the owners' views directly, from outside the Board, while at the same time guaranteeing a sufficiently wide range of contacts via which suitable Board candidates can be found.

Tulikivi Corporation prepares the consolidated financial statements and interim reports in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which have been adopted by the EU. In communications, the Group complies with the Securities Markets Act, applicable standards of the Financial Supervisory Authority and NASDAQ OMX Helsinki's regulations. The Board of Directors' Report and the parent company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Finnish Accounting Act and the instructions and statements of the Finnish Accountancy Board.

## Organisation of the Tulikivi Group

The companies included in the Tulikivi Group are the parent company Tulikivi Corporation, its branch in Germany, Tulikivi Oyj Niederlassung Deutschland, and the subsidiaries Kivia Oy, AWL–Marmori Oy, Tulikivi U.S. Inc. (USA) and OOO Tulikivi (Russia). The New Alberene Stone Company, Inc. (USA), which currently has no business operations, is also a Group company. The Group has interests in associated companies Stone Pole Oy, Leppävirran Matkailukeskus Oy (until November 18, 2011) and Rakentamisen MALL Oy.





The Board of Directors, which is elected by the Annual General Meeting, the Board committees, the Managing Director and the Management Group, which assists the Managing Director, are responsible for the Tulikivi Group's administration and operations.

# Description of the composition and operations of the Board of Directors and the Board committees

The Board of Directors is responsible for the company's administration and the due organisation of operations. The Board of Directors is composed of no less than five and no more than seven members. The Annual General Meeting elects the members for terms of one year. The Board of Directors elects a Chairman from among its members. The Board of Directors of the Group's parent company decides on the composition of the subsidiaries' Boards of Directors.

# Composition of the Board of Directors

Tulikivi Corporation's Annual General Meeting of 14 April 2011 the number of Board members was set at seven elected seven.

The personal information of the Board members:

- Matti Virtaala, born 1951, Chairman of the Board. M.Sc. (Tech.). Industrial Counsellor. Board membership in several companies.
- Juhani Erma, born 1946. LL.Lic., (trained on the Bench). Board membership in several companies.
- Olli Pohjanvirta, born 1967. Master of Law. Managing Director of Russian Capital Management Oy. Board membership in several companies.
- Markku Rönkkö, born 1951. M.Sc. (Econ. & Bus. Admin.). Managing Director of the Järvi–Suomen Portti co-operative. Board membership in several companies.
- Pasi Saarinen, born 1968. Board member since April 14, 2011. Master of Science in Engineering. Abloy Oy, Vice President of Construction Locking, Finnsecurity ry (Finnsecurity ry is a registered security association in Finland), Member of the Board of Directors, Technology Industries, Chairman of the Group
- Maarit Toivanen-Koivisto, born 1954. M.Sc. (Econ.), Professional Development Diploma.
   Chairman of the Boards of Onninen Oy and Onvest Oy, Board membership in several companies.
- Heikki Vauhkonen, born 1970. LLB and BBA. Managing Director of Tulikivi Corporation. Cgaiman of the board of Stone Pole Oy.
- Bishop Ambrosius, born 1945. Board member until April 14, 2011. M.Theol., B.Soc.Sc. Metropolitan of the Helsinki Orthodox Diocese. Board membership in several companies.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 3 (11)



10.2.2012 at 15.15

The Board members who are independent of the company are Juhani Erma, Olli Pohjanvirta, Markku Rönkkö, Pasi Saarinen, Maarit Toivanen-Koivisto and Matti Virtaala. The Board members who are independent of the company's major shareholders are Juhani Erma, Olli Pohjanvirta, Markku Rönkkö, Pasi Saarinen and Maarit Toivanen-Koivisto.

In the period of Jan.1 –April 14, 2011 the board members were Bishop Ambrosius, Juhani Erma, Olli Pohjanvirta, Markku Rönkkö, Maarit Toivanen-Koivisto, Heikki Vauhkonen and Matti Virtaala.

# Primary duties of the Board of Directors

Pursuant to the Limited Liability Companies Act, the Board of Directors must see to the administration of the company and the appropriate organisation of its operations. The Board of Directors is responsible for the appropriate arrangement of the control of the company accounts and finances. The Board directs and supervises the company's operational management, appoints and dismisses the Managing Director, approves the company's strategic objectives, budget, total investments and their allocation, and the incentive systems employed, decides on agreements that are of far-reaching consequence and the principles of risk management, ensures that the management system is operational, confirms the company's vision, values to be complied with in operations and organisational model, approves and publishes the interim reports, annual report and financial statements, determines the company's dividend policy and summons the General Meeting. It is the duty of the Board of Directors to promote the best interests of the company and all its shareholders.

In 2011, the company's Board of Directors convened 16 times. The average attendance at Board meetings was 98.2 per cent. The participation of each member in the meeting is shown in the table below.

#### **Board Committees**

Tulikivi Corporation's Board of Directors has two committees, namely the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee. The Board of Directors appoints the members and Chairmen of the committees.

The Nomination Committee has three members. In 2011, the committee was composed of Reijo Vauhkonen (Chairman), Bishop Ambrosius and Matti Virtaala. Two members of the Nomination Committee may be elected from outside the Board of Directors. The reasons for diverging from the recommendation of the Corporate Governance Code are presented at the beginning of this Corporate Governance Statement. The duties of the Nomination Committee include the preparation of proposals for the election of directors to be presented to the general meeting, the prepara-





ration of matters relating to the compensation of directors and succession planning with respect to the directors. The Nomination Committee met two times in 2011. The average attendance at committee meetings was 100 per cent.

The personal information of the members of Nomination Committee:

- Reijo Vauhkonen, born 1939. Chairman of the Nomination Committee. M.Sc. (Civil Eng.).
   Industrial Counsellor.
- Bishop Ambrosius, born 1945. M.Theol., B.Soc.Sc. Metropolitan of the Helsinki Orthodox Diocese. Board membership in several companies.
- Matti Virtaala, born 1951, Chairman of the Board of Tulikivi Corporation. M.Sc. (Tech.). Industrial Counsellor. Board membership in several companies.

The Audit Committee is made up of three members, who are appointed by the Board from among its members. In 2011, the committee was composed of Juhani Erma (Chairman), Markku Rönkkö and Matti Virtaala. The Audit Committee's task is to assist and expedite the work of the Board by dealing with issues associated with the company's financial reporting and control and taking care of communications with the auditors. The Audit Committee met on four occasions in 2011. The average attendance at committee meetings was 91.7 per cent.

# Participation by Board members in the meetings of the Board and various committees

Jan.1Dec. 31, 2011	Board	Audit	Nomination
	meetings	Committee	Committee
Matti Virtaala	16/16	4/4	2/2
Heikki Vauhkonen	16/16		
Juhani Erma	16/16	4/4	
Olli Pohjanvirta	15/16		
Markku Rönkkö	15/16	3/4	
Pasi saarinen (since April 14, 2011)	11/12		
Maarit Toivanen-Koivisto	16/16		
Bishop Ambrosius (board member			
until April 14, 2011)	4/4		2/2
Reijo Vauhkonen			2/2

### Managing Director

Tulikivi Corporation's Managing Director is Heikki Vauhkonen. Pursuant to the Limited Liability Companies Act, the Managing Director sees to the executive management of the company in



#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 5 (11)



10.2.2012 at 15.15

accordance with the instructions and orders given by the Board of Directors. The Managing Director must see to it that the accounts of the company are in compliance with the law and that its financial affairs have been arranged in a reliable manner. The Managing Director must supply the Board and its members with the information necessary for the Board to perform its duties. The Managing Director may undertake measures that are unusual or extensive in view of the scope and nature of the activities of the company only if so authorised by the Board of Directors or if it is not possible to wait for a decision of the Board of Directors without causing essential harm to the business operations of the company. In the latter case, the Board of Directors must be notified of the measures as soon as possible. The Managing Director is responsible for line operations, the implementation of the budget, the Tulikivi Group's financial result, and the activities of his subordinates.

## Management Group

In the management and planning of line operations, the Managing Director is assisted by the Management Group, whose members, in addition to the Managing Director, are Michel Mercier, Export Director; Ismo Mäkeläinen, Head of Production; Martti Purtola, Head of the Sauna Business; Juha Sivonen, Sales Director; Jouko Toivanen, Head of the Lining Stone and the Natural Stone Business; and Anu Vauhkonen, Corporate Communications Director and Risto Vidgren, Financial director. Management Group met on eleven occasions in 2011

Description of the main characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems associated with the financial reporting process

1. Description of the control environment

#### Tulikivi's business idea

Tulikivi has four product groups: Fireplaces, Saunas, Interior & Design and Utility Ceramics. Tulikivi and its customers value wellbeing, interior design and the benefits of bioenergy.

## **Environmental Policy**

Engaging in mining activities requires the forming of a mining concession and an environmental permit. Ceramic Production activities require an environmental permit. Mining operations are regulated by the Mining Act and environmental legislation. The director in charge of quarrying is responsible for making sure that mining permits are valid and up-to-date.

Tulikivi's environmental strategy is geared towards systematic progress in environmental efforts in specified sub-areas. The aim of environmental work is to improve the company's ability to use natural resources sparingly, as well as to manage processes and products in a way that minimizes their environmental loading. The Group complies with the environmental legislation and norms



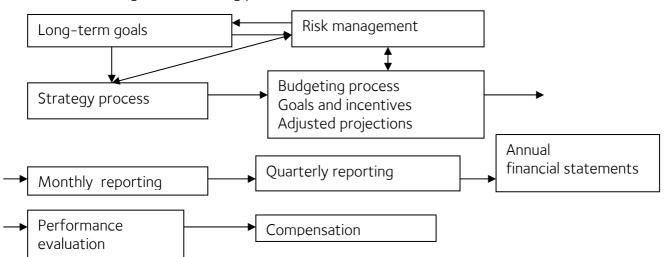


that concern its operations and engages, through continuous improvement of operations, in anticipatory environmental work. The Group acknowledges and is aware of its responsibility as an environmental operator.

# Planning and monitoring processes

The Tulikivi Group plans its operations during its annual strategy and budgeting processes. These processes also ensure the efficiency of all operations. Plan implementation and developments in the business environment are monitored through monthly, quarterly and annual reporting. Risk analysis and risk management are part of line operations and the annual strategy planning process at the Tulikivi Group. The purpose of internal control and risk management is to ensure that all operations are efficient and profitable, based on reliable information and compliant with regulations and operating policies.

FIGURE: Planning and monitoring process



Internal control is a part of the planning and monitoring process

## Control functions

Based on organizational structure and job descriptions, powers and responsibilities are delegated to persons with budgetary responsibility and to responsible persons in the line organisation. Compliance with laws and regulations is ensured through the operational handbook and other





internal guidelines. The objectives of internal control within the Group include operational goals, financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations.

FIGURE: Division of responsibilities in internal control and risk management

Responsible person/group	Responsibilities
Board of Directors	<ul> <li>establishes guidelines for internal control</li> <li>ensures effective monitoring</li> <li>approves risk management principles</li> <li>reviews auditors' reports</li> <li>establishes incentive systems</li> </ul>
Audit Committee	<ul> <li>evaluates the efficiency of internal control</li> <li>attends to issues related to reporting</li> <li>maintains contact with auditors</li> </ul>
Managing Director, assisted by the Management Group	<ul> <li>oversees the different areas of internal control and ensures their efficiency</li> <li>ensures operational compliance with company values</li> <li>adjusts operating principles and policies</li> <li>ensures efficient and appropriate use of resources</li> <li>establishes control mechanisms, including approval principles, reconciliations and reporting practices</li> <li>establishes risk management methods and practices</li> </ul>
Members of the Management Group, according to responsibility area: communications, domestic oven sales, exports, natural stone, lining stone, sauna products, production and economy	<ul> <li>delegate specific control tasks in their respective areas of responsibility to people responsible for different operations</li> <li>ensure the efficiency of internal control in their respective areas of responsibility</li> <li>oversee risk management in their areas of responsibility</li> </ul>
Chief Financial Officer	<ul><li>internal accounting: monitoring and analysis of results</li><li>external accounting and reporting</li></ul>







Auditor	<ul> <li>statutory audits</li> <li>expanded audits assigned by the Board of Directors or the Audit Committee</li> <li>reports to the Board of Directors and the Audit</li> </ul>
	Committee

In 2011 operating processes were developed to optimize operations and to improve internal control mechanisms. The new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system was introduced on 2 January 2012. It will harmonise Tulkivi´s internal processes in the various production plants and businesses. It will also make the management of the partner network and the entire delivery chain more efficient

In 2012 the focus will be on the effective implementation of the new ERP system in all central areas, whereby the reporting processes will also be clarified. Effectiveness of the internal control mechanisms will be ensured.

Internal control is carried out not only by responsible persons within the company, but also by the auditors through expanded audits on specific items and operations. In 2011, the auditors conducted extended audits in the field of inventory reporting. With regard to the size of the Group and the nature of its activities, it has not been deemed necessary to appoint an internal auditor. The Board may choose to use an external expert in certain fields.

Risk management is part of the Tulikivi Group's control system. Risk management seeks to ensure that the risks related to the Group's business are identified and constantly monitored and evaluated as part of normal operations.

#### 2. Risk evaluation

Risk management ensures that the risks related to the Tulikivi Group's business operations are identified and managed as efficiently as possible. This allows the Group to reach its strategic and financial goals. All goals have been assigned risk limits. If these limits are exceeded, or if other divergences from operating plans so require, the responsible person will implement enhanced risk management measures. Regular reporting indicates when financial risk limits have been exceeded.

FIGURE: Risk identification and management

Risk analysis and prioritization	- identifying risks at the group level and in
	different areas of responsibility





	<ul> <li>evaluating the effects and probability of risks</li> <li>determining risk limits for set goals</li> <li>determining control points</li> <li>identifying risks related to reporting</li> </ul>
Risk management	<ul> <li>establishing risk management procedures</li> <li>assigning responsible persons for different procedures</li> <li>setting a time frame for implementation</li> <li>establishing procedures for monitoring implementation</li> </ul>
Risk management process control	<ul> <li>responsible persons report to the Managing         Director on risk materialization, implemented             measures and their effectiveness     </li> <li>risk evaluations related to controls</li> </ul>
Risk management process continuity	<ul> <li>measures implemented during a reporting period, as well as foreseeable changes in the business environment, will affect the plans and risk management measures for the subsequent period</li> <li>risk identification requires continuous collection of background information</li> </ul>

# 3. Reporting system

The Managing Director reports monthly to the Board of Directors on the operations and performance of the Group and its business units and on any divergence from the budget and adjusted projections (monthly report). The Managing Director reports quarterly to the Board of Directors on operating profit based on the interim reports or annual financial statements. The Managing Director must also report immediately on fundamental changes in the Group's business environment. The responsible persons report according to the internal reporting system.

The Chief Financial Officer of the parent company is reponsible for the Group-level reporting. The parent company's financial department handles accounts and group-level accounting for domestic companies. Qualified accounting firms or outside experts handle accounts and reporting for foreign subsidiaries. The parent company's auditors compare the contents of the Russian subsidiary's Russian reporting to the financial reporting delivered to the parent company for the consolidated financial statements.



#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 10 (11)



10.2.2012 at 15.15

Financial reporting guidelines, competence development, reliable information systems, standard control mechanisms and expanded audits ensure accuracy in reporting. Any divergences from the budget and operating plans call for closer analysis to find the underlying causes.

The Chief Financial Officer, along with the auditors, monitors the accuracy of financial reporting. Periodic information system evaluations also serve this purpose. The Group seeks to ensure operational compliance with laws and regulations by using outside experts and services.

The Tulikivi Group has financial reporting guidelines that all units must adhere to. The Group ensures organizational competence through briefings and training. Accounting schedules and any changes to accounting policies and laws are reviewed in preparatory meetings related to the annual financial statements.

The Audit Committee evaluates the functionality of the financial reporting system quarterly on the basis of performance analyses of profit outlooks and the accuracy assessment of reporting. The evaluation also includes studying the risks associated with malpractice and illegal activity. The auditors audit the contents of the deviation reporting during the extended audit. The Management Group monitor the accuracy of result reporting on a monthly basis and evaluate the reasons for any deviation in their respective areas of responsibility.

#### 4. Communications

The guidelines for reporting and accounting principles are provided to all financial personnel and those who produce information and audit results into the financial system. The Managing Director reports any defects observed in the field of internal control, including the accuracy of reporting, to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee processes the audit reports and extended audit reports and the statements for those reports provided by persons in charge in its meetings. Moreover, the Audit Committee reports to the Board about any observations it has made and any guidelines or recommendations it has supplied to the organisation

The Communications Director is responsible for communications at the Tulikivi Group. The Group's communications guidelines define the persons responsible for internal, external and crisis communications and the persons with the right to speak on behalf of the company. The Financial Director is responsible for compliance with the regulations related to stock exchange releases. The aim is to ensure that internal and external communication is accurate, transparent and well-timed. One of the Group's values, openness, is implemented through effective communications.





# 5. Monitoring

The efficiency of internal control is evaluated regularly in conjunction with management and governance and, specifically, based on audit reports. In financial reporting, continual monitoring measures include comparing goals with actual results, implementing reconciliations and monitoring the regularity of operational reports.

The Board of Directors' annual plan includes planning and monitoring meetings. The Group's information systems are largely well established, and outside experts regularly evaluate their reliability.

# 6. Auditing

The Auditor is elected at the Annual General Meeting for a term ending at the conclusion of the subsequent Annual General Meeting. The auditor has been KPMG Oy Ab, Authorized Public Accountants.

