JOINT-STOCK COMPANY "SALDUS MEŽRŪPNIECĪBA" AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

(SINGLE REGISTRATION NUMBER 40003020121)

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD OF 3 MONTHS OF 2014 (UNAUDITED)

DRAWN-UP IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia
Single registration number: 40003020121

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Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Information about the Company

Name of the Company Legal status of the Company Registration number, place, and date

Address

The main areas of activities of the Company

Members of the Board: name, surname, position

Members of the Council: name, surname, position

Subsidiary enterprise

1. Name of the company
Legal status of the company

NUMBER AND DATE OF REGISTRATION IN THE COMMERCIAL REGISTER

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

2. Name of the company

Legal status of the company

Registration number, date, place

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

3. Name of the company Legal status of the company

Registration number, date, place

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

Name and address of the Auditor

Saldus Timber Wood Industry (Saldus mežrūpniecība)

Joint Stock Company

40003020124 August 26,1991, Riga

Kuldīgas iela 86C, Saldus, Saldus rajons, LV 3801

Forestry, commercial timber preparation and related services; production

of board lumber, etc.

Janis Bertrans (*Jānis Bertrāns*) – Chancellor of the Board Janis Mierkalns (*Jānis Mierkalns*) – member of the Board

Gatis Zommers (Gatis Zommers) – member of the Board

Uldis Mierkalns (Uldis Mierkalns) - Chairman of the Council

Lolita Burkovska (Lolita Burkovska) - Deputy Chairman of the Board

Maris Elleris (*Māris Elleris*) – member of the Council Janis Leimanis (*Jānis Leimanis*) – member of the Council Martins Knipsis (*Mārtiṇš Knipšis*) – member of the Council

Pukuli Sports Premises (Pakuļu sporta bāze) (100%)

Limited Liability Company

48503009010 November 21, 2002

"Mežvidi", Novadnieku pag. Saldus rajons LV 3801

Hunting and related services. Organisation of training and competitive

shooting using hunting weapons.

Saldus Timber Wood Industry(Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 - March 31, 2014

Woodworking Centre No.3 (Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3)

(100%)

Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1066027046337 October 9, 2006

Russia: 180005, Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Woodworking, production of board lumber

Saldus Timber Wood Industry(Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 - March 31, 2014

Saldus (*Caлдyc*) (100%) Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1056000426371 21. December 2005

Russia: 180005, Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Purchase of lumber

Saldus Timber Wood Industry (Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 - March 31, 2014

(Translated from Latvian) Svetlana Koļesņikova

Sworn Auditor

(Certificate of Latvian Sworn Auditor No.22)

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Management announcement

To Consolidated report of economic activity for 2014

Business description in the framework of report period

The core businesses of the commercial company are logging and primary wood processing - lumber production.

In its economic activities, company complies with FSC and environmental protection requirements. For the compliance with these requirements, company takes corresponding monitoring and improvement measures on regular basis, but the share of these costs in production cost is not significant.

The consolidated loss of the holding JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" of year 2014 first 3 month from economic activities profits is 187 751 EUR, whereby Net turnover is 12536684 EUR, which comprise profits per emitted share 0.48 EUR.

The consolidated companies financial report is prepared on the base of information that is at share company board's disposal and in compliance with requirements of effective normative acts, it provides true and clear picture on assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or losses of the share company and of its consolidation group. There is true information included in the announcement.

Forecasts for financial indicators and plans for economic activities in 2014

Management of the holding continues its work with the internal restructurization of the holding, in order to adapt to the present situation in the market and to improve the economical situation and financial indicators in the company. Management policy is not based on wide profile economic activities, but is focused on the development of economic activities in two interrelated branches on increase of production volumes.

Business and financial risk management policy

In order to increase competitiveness of the company in this economic situation, the production volumes are being increased by more rational use of company resources, by organization of long-term cooperation with providers of resources and by searching for new markets and analyzing client's solvency. The increase of production volumes is being based on the existing, already concluded realization agreements and already signed letters of intent.

The interests of the commercial company are the care for social protection and welfare of its employees, because only thus the development of society can be sustainable.

In order to reduce financial risks, commercial company carries out planning of budget and cash flow, where different scenarios for development are foreseen. The management carries out monitoring and control of economical activities and actual finance flow on regular basis in the companies of the holding. Credit institutions that carry out assessing of financial risks of the holding on regular basis, when they are determining credit rating of the holding, can be regarded as additional guarantors of the assessing of risks.

May 30, 2014

Jānis Bertrāns	Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Member of board	Member of board

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Statement of Management Responsibility

Management is responsible for preparing financial statements based on the initial accounting records of each year of account, which truly reflects the company's financial position at the end of the year of account, as well as results of operations and cash flows for the period.

The Management confirms that, in preparing this report for the period ending on 31 March 2014, proper accounting methods were used, their application was consistent, reasonable and prudent decisions were taken. The Management confirms that the relevant International. Accounting Standards have been observed and the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the principle of continuation. The Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, the company's resources conservation as well as fraud prevention and prevention of other irregularities.

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Consolidated income statement

	2014.03.31 EUR	2013.12.31 EUR	
Net turnover	12 536 684	43 986 895	
Production costs of the sold production	-12 026 928	-43 760 990	
Gross profit	509 756	225 905	
Selling costs	-21 115	-58 864	
General administration costs	-72 551	-397 447	
Other income from company's economic activity	35 097	503 746	
Other expenditures from company's economic activity	-162 219	-571 163	
Profit or loss from economic activity	288 968	-297 823	
Other interset income and the like income	18	153 491	
Othe interest payments and the like payments	-95 538	-699 556	
Profit or loss before extraordinary items and taxes	193 449	-843 888	
Company's deferred income tax	0	603 211	
Other taxes	-5 698	-20 144	
Profit or (loss)	187 751	-260 821	
Profit/loss on share	0.48	-0.67	

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

Jānis Bertrāns	Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	
Chairman of board	Member of board	Member of board	

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Consolidated balance sheet

ASSETS

LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	2014.03.31 EUR	2013.12.31 EUR
Intangible investments	EUN	EUN
Concessions, patents, licences, trademarks and the like items	6 058	4 155
Goodwill	437 671	392 035
TOTAL	443 729	396 190
Fixed assets		
Land, premises and buildings	6 571 498	6 712 746
Equipment and machinery	11 117 563	11 615 493
Other fixed assets	74 969	80 379
Unfinished constructions	178 777	154 423
TOTAL	17 942 807	12 193 991
Biological assets	931 921	719 301
Long-term financial investments		
Investment in associated companies	8 540	8 540
Deferred tax assets	341 249	341 249
TOTAL	349 789	349 789
TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	19 668 246	20 240 942
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks		
Raw materials, direct materials, auxiliary materials	3 843 376	2 241 820
Biological assets	243 097	493 174
Unfinished production	1 678 991	631 039
Finished production and goods for sale	620 469	1 091 503
Advance payments for goods	0	24 407
TOATL	6 385 933	2 516 969
Noncurrent assets held for sale		
Fixed assets held for sale	76 289	76 289
Debtors		
Debts of buyers and customers	3 350 265	3 964 905
Other debtors	36 158	40 727
Expenditures of the next periods	306 330	299 927
TOTAL	3 692 753	4 305 559
Money and its equivalents	20 148	28 339
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	10 175 123	8 892 13
TOTAL ASSETS	29 843 369	29 133 073

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

Jānis Bertrāns	Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	
Chairman of board	Member of board	Member of board	

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Consolidate balance sheet (continuation)

LIABILITIES

	2014.03.31	2013.12.31
Shareholders'equity	EUR	EUR
Share capital	550 845	550 845
Increase of price of the issue of shares	2 827	2 827
Fluctation of exchange rate	1 483	-4 784
Reserves from revaluation of long-term investments	1 110 312	1 110 312
Other reserves	3 732 314	3 732 314
Retained earnings from the previos year	1 077 228	1 292 413
Retained earnings from the year of accunt	187 751	-260 821
Total shareholders'equity	6 662 760	6 423 106
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term loans from credit institutions	13 726 158	13 733 431
Other creditors	1 368 598	1 370 317
Accured liabilities	225 508	222 149
Long-term part of incomes from next periods	1 914 672	2 031 921
TOTAL	17 234 936	17 357 818
Short-term liabilities		
Short-term loans from credit institutions	1 716 162	1 738 488
Debts to suppliers and contractors	3 360 236	2 803 050
Advance payments received from buyers	97 789	91 654
Taxes payable	143 285	126 953
Other creditors	145 786	105 130
Incomes from the next periods short-term part	482 415	486 874
TOTAL	5 945 673	5 352 149
Total liabilities	23 180 609	22 709 967
Total shareholders'equity and liabilities	29 843 369	29 133 073

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

Jānis Bertrāns	Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Member of board	Member of board

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Consolidated cash flow statement

	2014	2013
I.Cash flow from basic activity	EUR	EUR
Profit (+) or loss (-) before extraordinary items and taxes:	193 449	-843 888
wear and tear of fixed assets and intangible investments (+)	650 325	2 035 540
elimination of fixed assets and intangible investments	0	6
revaluation of long-term investments	68 610	-35 743
revaluation of biological assets	0	45 297
Acruals (except acruals for doubtful debts)	0	66 282
profit (-) or loss (+) from fluctuations of exchange rate	0	73 442
Income from finansation recognation	-121 708	1 468 841
Interest expenditure	95 538	267 655
Profit or loss before the corrections of the impact of balance changes of		
current assets and short-term liabilities	886 214	3 077 431
increase (+) or decrease (-) of debtors debt	612 806	-2 378 884
increase (+) or decrease (-) of the reserves of accruals	-2 147 799	-886 680
increase (+) or decrease (-) of the remainder of debts payable to suppliers,		
contractors and other creditors	617 970	-5 141 670
Gross cash flow from basic activity	-30 809	-5 329 802
Expenditures to pay interest payments	-95 538	-266 638
Net cash flow from basic activity	-126 347	-5 596 439
II. Cash flow from investments		
Income from selling fixed assets and intangible investments	181 467	89 641
Acquisition of fixed assets and intangible investments	-31 994	-3 375 039
Net cash flow from investments	149 473	-3 285 398
III. Cash flow from financing activities		
Recieved loans	216 910	10 517 288
Expenditures for paying back loans	-248 227	-1 631 298
Expenditures for redemption of asset that was hired	0	-10 551
Cash flow from financing activities	-31 317	8 875 439
IV. Fluctuations of exchange rate	0	0
V. Net cash flow of the year of account increase (+), decrease (-)	-8 191	-6 399
VI. Money and its equivalents balance at the beginning of the year of		- 777
account	28 339	34 738
VII. Money and its equivalents balance at the end of the year of account	20 148	28 339

Cash flow statement is prepared according to indirect method in accordance with SGS Nr.7.

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

Jānis Bertrāns	Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	
Chairman of board	Member of board	Member of board	

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Statement on the changes in own capital

	Share capital	Reserves from revaluation of long-term investments	Currency fluctuations due to the reestimation of foreign currency	Share premium	Other reserves	Previous years retained earnings	Retained profit/loss of the year of account	Toatal own capital
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
December 31, 2012	550 845	1 141 843	-5 474	2 827	3 732 314	-105 238	1 352 438	6 669 555
Fluctuation of exchange rate	0	0	-44 525	0	0	150 453	-60 025	45 903
Distribution of profit of the year 2011	0	0	45 215	0	0	1 247 198	-1 292 413	0
Investment revaluation reserve	-31 531	0	0	0	0	0	0	-31 531
Profit of the year of account	0	0	0	0	0	0	-260 821	-260 821
December 31, 2013	550 845	1 110 312	-4 784	2 827	3 732 314	1 292 413	-260 821	6 423 107
Fluctuation of exchange rate	0	0	6267	0	0	45 636	0	51 903
Distribution of profit of the year 2012	0	0	0	0	0	-260 821	260 821	0
Profit of the year of account	0	0	0	0	0	0	187 751	187 751
March 31, 2014	550 845	1 110 312	1483	2 827	3 732 314	1 077 228	187751	6 662 760

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

Janis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	
Member of board	Member of board	

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Annex to the financial statement

1. Corporative information

Distributing risks between countries and fields of economic activity, at the end of 2005 and in 2006 JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" established new subsidiary companies in the Russian Federation, which main economic activity will be logging and production of sawn timber. In 2005, JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" purchased 100% shares of "Pakuļi Sports Centre" Ltd., which main activity is focused on sport and recreation with a sizeable immovable property, situated in a very favourable area.

As the result of the above mentioned activities JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" has prepared its year 2014 first 3months consolidated report, hereinafter Holding company.

2. Important accounting principles

In preparation of the holding company's financial statement, there were used the following accounting principles:

Principles of preparing the financial statement

The holding company's financial statement was prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The financial statement was prepared in compliance with the Principle of Historical Cost.

Currency and items used in the preparation of the financial statement

In financial statements as a monetary unit is used Euro (EUR)- the monetary unit of the Republic of Latvia.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statement includes the financial statements of the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūpniecība and its subsidiary companies Pakuļi Sports Centre Itd., ооо Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3 and ooo Saldus. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies were prepared in the same year as the financial statement of the holding's parent company and using the same accounting policies. The consolidated financial statement includes all assets, liabilities, incomes, expenditures, profit, loss and cash flow of the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūpniecības and the financial statements of all its subsidiary companies over which the parent company keeps its control in the way as if the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūniecība and its subsidiary companies were one company. In preparation of the Holding's financial statement is excluded the interrelated unrealized profit, mutual payments, mutually owned capital shares and other mutual deals. When purchasing its subsidiary companies the Holding uses a purchase method. The predominance of purchase costs over the real value of net actives obtained by the Holding is accounted as an intangible value.

Consolidation of foreign subsidiary companies

By including in the financial statements the financial showings of foreign subsidiary companies, the Holding's parent company recalculates monetary and non-monetary assets, liabilities, incomes and expenditures in accordance with the exchange rate established by the Bank of Latvia on the last day of the year of account. Differences in the exchange rate which arise when assets and liabilities are reflected are classified as own capital. The consolidation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiary companies is carried out in compliance with the established consolidation procedures, e.g. by excluding mutual transactions of the companies which belong to the same Holding.

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

The following amendments to the existing standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the EU are effective for the current period:

Amendment to IAS 1 Financial Statement Presentation - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendment has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance, because the Group has no Other Comprehensive Income.

Amendment to IAS 19 Employee Benefits (revised 2011)

The amendment has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance, because the Group does not have material defined benefit obligations.

Amendment to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendment has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance, because the Group does not have netting arrangements.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

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The main reason of issuance of IFRS 13 is to reduce complexity and improve consistency in application when measuring fair value. It does not change when an entity is required to use fair value but, rather, provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted by IFRS. The amendment affects presentation of disclosures only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

IFRIC Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Interpretation has no impact on the Group's financial statements, as the Group is not involved in the mining activity.

Bookkeeping and accounting principles has not changed compared to the previous reporting period.

Use of calculations

When preparing financial statements, the management have to base on certain calculations and assumptions, which influence the remainders of the balance and the profit or loss posts shown in particular statements as well as the amount of possible liabilities. Future events may have an impact on assumptions which were taken into consideration when separate calculations were made. Any influence of calculations is shown in the financial statement at the moment of their determination.

Transactions in foreign currencies

The Holding's accountancy is kept in Euro(EUR) except for the OOO «Салдус» and OOO «Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3» where are used RUB Russian roubles.

All transactions in foreign currencies have been re-estimated in Euro in accordance with the official exchange rate, established by the European System of Central Banks on the day of corresponding transaction. Assets and liabilities which are shown in foreign currencies are re-estimated in Euro in accordance with the exchange rate, established by the European System of Central Banks on the last day of accounting year. Differences arising from transactions in foreign currencies or from showing assets and liabilities in foreign currencies which differ from the initial exchange rates are shown in the profit or loss calculations in their net value. Re-estimation of the capital of the OOO «Салдус» and OOO «Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3» into the currency used in the Holding is done by applying the exchange rate that is valid on the day of preparing the balance sheet and regarding to profit or loss posts- by applying the exchange rate in force at the end of the year of account. Corrections due to re-estimation are shown in a separate post of own capital.

	31.03.2014	31.12.2013
	EUR	EUR
1 RUB	0.0205	0.0221
1 USD	0.7252	0.7327

Intangible investments

Intangible investments are counted in their initial value which is being amortized during their effective time of use and is done by applying a linear method. If there are any events or the change of circumstances that identify that the balance value of intangible investments could be unrecoverable, the corresponding value of intangible investments is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. Loss which occurs due to the decrease of value is acknowledged if the balance value of intangible investments exceeds the recoverable value.

The intangible investments include the licences of software used in the Holding, intangible value and other intangible investments which are related to the activity of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding.

The licences of software which are used in the Holding are accounted in their purchase value by deducting their wear and tear.

Wear and tear is calculated for the whole period of their effective time by applying a linear method.

Expenditures related to the maintenance of the software are includes as expenditures in the profit/loss statement.

Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted in their initial value except for their wear and tear and the decrease of their value. For land the wear and tear is not calculated

Wear and tear is calculated for the time of their effective use, by applying a linear method:

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Buildings, constructions	10-20 years
Equipment and machinery	2-10 years
Forest equipment	3-5 years
Timber processing lines	3-10 years
Other capital assets	2-10 years
Computing and data gathering devices, software	2-5 years

Wear and tear of capital assets is calculated starting from the following month when they are put into operation or involved in economic activity. For each part of capital assets if their costs are significant to the initial cost of the corresponding capital asset wear and tear is calculated separately. The routine repairs of capital assets are included in the profit or loss calculations in the period when they occur.

The accounting value of capital assets is not longer estimated if they are alienated or if in the future there is not expected any outcome from their use. Profit, which arises due to the said circumstances (which is calculated as difference between net income and the balance of capital assets), must be included in the profit or loss calculation and in the period when it happened.

If there are events or circumstances which indicate that the balance value of capital assets could not be recovered, the value of corresponding capital assets is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. If there are signs that the value can not be recovered and if the balance value of assets exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is written off to its recoverable amount.

Unfinished construction shows the costs of capital assets and unfinished constructions and it is accounted in its initial value. The initial costs include construction costs and other direct expenditures. Wear and tear for unfinished constructions is not calculated until the appropriate assets are finished and put into operation.

In accordance with the accounting policies - land of forests are valued using the revaluation method. A plot shall be performed on a regular basis depending on changes in value. If the asset (the land of forests), the revalued value is not significantly different from its balance sheets value, they are revalued every five years by ordering evaluation to the certified forests assessor. In case of radical changes in the real estate market valuation may be ordered more frequently. Last evaluation is made on 31.12.2013. Records are prepared in accordance with SGS Nr.16 requirement.

Noncurrent assets held for sales

An entity should classify a noncurrent asset as held for sale if its carrying amont will be recovered principally trough a sale transaction rather than trough cuntnuing use. For this to be case, the asset must be available for immediate sale in its present condition – subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets.

An entity should recignize a gain for any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell of an assetm but not in execess of the cumulative impairment loss that has been previously recignizes.

Biological assets

In 2008 the company management decided to change accountancy politics for forest stands, complying with IAS 41 Agriculture. According to the new accountancy politic the forest stands are evaluated as biologic assets. The evaluation is based on the actual data from the State Forest Service (SFS). The forest stands are initially accounted at their purchase value, but after the first development the remaining part of the forest stand is accounted at its fair value. The fair value is determined by calculating the net present value of the cash flows from the biologic assets at 2013 applying discount rate of 6%. The felling area's cubic meter average purchasing price is set to be the average felling area's cubic meter price during 2013. The difference between the accounting value and the value established in reevaluation is recognized as income or outcome during the accounting period, depending whether the value has increased or decreased during the reevaluation. It appears in the profit and loss account as net turnaround or production costs of sales. Biologic assets which development are not possible in one year time are shown in the balance sheet as long-term investments (held with intention for sale) or as non-current assets.

Decrease of the value of assets

At the end of each year the Holding audits if there are no signs of the decrease of the value of assets. If there are such signs or if the Holding has to carry out the annual audit of the decrease of the value of assets, the Holding establishes the recoverable

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amount for each asset. The recoverable amount is the biggest amount of selling value from which is subtracted expenditures related to the selling value and use-values. In order to determine the decrease of value, assets are grouped in the lowest possible level for which it is possible to separately determine cash flows (cash flow generating assets). If the balance value of assets is bigger than its recoverable amount, the decrease of the value of asset is acknowledged and the assets are written of to its recoverable amount. Losses from the decrease of value are shown in profit or loss calculation as expenditures from other economic activity.

Loan costs

Loan costs are shown in profit or loss calculation at the time when they occur in accordance with the Bookkeeping Standards Principle IAS 23.

Lease

Financial lease transactions when the Holding is handed over all risks and compensation, arising from proprietorship towards the leasehold, in the balance sheet are acknowledged as capital assets the amount which at the beginning of lease corresponds with the purchase value of the leasehold. Financial lease payments are divided between financial expenditures and decrease of liabilities so that in each period they guarantee constant interest rate with regard to remainder of liabilities. Financial expenditures are included in profit or loss calculation as interest expenditures.

Lease of capital assets when practically all risks arising from proprietorship and compensation receives lessor is classified as operative lease. Lease payments then are accounted as expenditures during the whole period of lease and are attributed to the profit or loss calculation in the whole period of lease by using a linear method.

Inventories

Unfinished products

Inventories are accounted in their lowest cost value and net selling value. Cost is calculated by applying the FIFO method-first in, first out. Net selling value is the calculated selling price which is normally used in business by subtracting the expenditures needed to finish and sell products.

Raw materials are accounted in their purchase costs.

Finished and unfinished products are accounted in their direct costs (raw materials and labour) by adding indirect expenditures needed for their production (salaries, electricity, wear and tear and other related costs which would be used in usual production volumes).

Finished products are accounted in their lowest cost or net selling value. Net selling value is the calculated selling price in normal business activity by subtracting expenditures which will be needed to finish and sell the products.

The company regularly estimates if the value of reserves has not decreased due to aging or damage. Corresponding loss is included in the profit or loss calculation as production costs of sold products. When damaged products are physically destroyed, the value of reserves and the value of appropriate reserves are written off.

Debts of buyers and customers

Debts of buyers and customers in the balance sheet are shown according to their initial amount except for reserves for insecure debts. Reserves for insecure debts are calculated when it is unlikely that the whole amount of debt could be recovered. Debts are written off when the recovery of it is believed impossible.

Money and its equivalents

Money and its equivalents is money in the bank and cash register as well as other short-term investments with high liquidity and the initial term up to three months or less.

Share capital

Company is a joint stock company. Company share capital is EUR 550 845. And consist of 108 500 bearer shares and 278 636 registered shares. All shares are denominated and are dematerialised.

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Profit per share

Profit per share is calculated in the following way: profit of the year of account after taxes is divided with weighted-average number of shares in circulation in the period of account.

Credits and loans

Credits and loans initially are shown in their initial value, which is calculated by subtracting or adding to the real value of credit or loan expenditures related to the receiving or granting the loan.

Further loans will be shown in their depreciation value.

Profit or loss arisen due to depreciation is shown in the calculation of profit or loss as interest incomes and expenditures.

Accruals

Accruals are acknowledged if the Holding has an obligation (legal or arising from practise) caused by a past event or if there is a probability that in order to meet the liabilities the Holding will have to use its funds and when it is possible to plausibly enough estimate the amounts of these liabilities. If the Holding anticipates that expenditures needed to make accruals will be fully or partly paid back, refund of these expenditures is acknowledged as a separate asset only when it is practically clear that these expenditures will be refunded. Expenditures related to accruals in the profit or loss calculation are shown, except for the sums which will be needed to reimburse expenditures.

Accruals and deferred liabilities

Accruals and deferred liabilities are accounted so that incomes and expenditures could be acknowledged at the time of rising.

Income recognition

Incomes are recognised in proportion to assurance that the Holding shall gain profit and in the amount that it will be possible to determine it. With income recognition the following conditions are taken into consideration:

Incomes from service rendering mainly include transport services related to timber processing.

Incomes from services are recognized and they correspond with the volume of service. Incomes from services are recognized in the period when they were rendered.

If it is not possible to reasonably estimate the outcome of deal, income is recognized only in the amount in which recognized expenditures could be recovered.

Sale of goods

Incomes are recognized when the Holding has handed over to a buyer all risks and compensations related to the proprietorship and goods, i.e. when the Holding has delivered goods to a buyer, and the buyer has accepted the goods in compliance with the concluded agreement and when there is good enough guarantee about the receiving of debtors' debts.

Interest

Incomes are recognized in the period when they arise and are included in the profit and loss calculation.

Dividends

Incomes are recognized when shareholders have rights to receive them.

Income from lease

Income from lease (investments in properties) is accounted for the lease agreements in force and for the whole period of lease.

Taxes

Company income tax

The income tax of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding is calculated by applying the 15% company income tax rate to the income earned in the corresponding period of taxation established by the legislative acts of the republic of Latvia.

Deferred company income tax

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Deferred company income tax, which has arisen from short-term differences by including particular posts in tax declaration and in this financial statement, is calculated by applying the Liability Tax Allocation Method. The assets and liabilities of the deferred company income tax are established on the basis of tax rates which are to be applied when disappear short-term differences. Main short-term differences arise from different wear and tear rates applied by accounting and taxation needs as well as from particular accruals and tax losses which have been transferred on to the following five years. The assets of deferred company income tax in the financial statement are shown only in the case if their recoverability could be plausibly foreseen.

Possible liabilities and assets

In this financial statement the possible liabilities are not acknowledged. As liabilities they are acknowledged only when the possibility that funds will be spent becomes pretty plausible. Possible assets in this financial statement are not acknowledged, but they are shown only when plausibility that economic gains related to a transaction will reach the Holding is pretty grounded.

Allowances

Parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding pay social insurance payments, health, pension and unemployment payments according to the state established rates which are in force in the year of account and on the basis of gross salary. Parent company makes payments into private pension plans as well as makes health insurance payments. Parent company does not have to follow additional legal or other liabilities or to make additional payments if the state funded pension schemes or private pension plans can not meet their liabilities towards employees. Social insurance and pension plan payments as well as health insurance payments are included in the expenditures in the same period when the according payment was made. Pension plan payments and cash flow are similar, and the employer does not account assets or liabilities by accruals method.

Associated persons

Associated persons are Holding's parent company's subsidiary companies and shareholders who can significantly influence the activity of the Holding's parent company, the members of council and board, their close relatives and companies in which the said persons have significant impact or control.

Events after the end of the year of account

After the year of account, in the financial statement are shown the events which give additional information about the Holding's financial situation on the date of drawing up the balance sheet (correcting events). If the events after the end of the year of account are not correcting, they are shown in the notes of the annex to the financial statement only if they are significant.

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3. Segments of the Holding activities

	Logging		Timber processing		Other		Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Net turnover	2 240 401	6 814 487	9 821 952	33 025 072	474 331	4 147 336	12 536 684	43 986 895
Production costs of the sold production	-2 218 923	-6 324 773	-9 283 906	-32 484 003	-524 099	-4 952 213	-12 026 928	-43 760 989
Selling costs	-7 179	-2 657	-13 931	-15 061	-5	-41 147	-21 115	-58 864
General administration costs Other	-23 516	-31 491	-48 569	-56 580	-466	-309 375	-72 551	-397 447
income/expenditures from company's economic activity	19 778	-5 114	-92 355	-126 456	-54 544	64 153	-127 121	-67 417
Profit or loss from economic activity	10 561	450 453	383 191	342 972	-104 783	-1 091 246	288 969	-297 821
Other interset income/payments and the like income	-23 841	-7 133	-65 878	4 482	-5 801	-543 416	-95 520	-546 067
Company's deferred income tax	0	0	0	0	0	603 211	0	603 211
Other taxes Income from segments	0	0	0	-8 082	-5 698	-12 062	-5 698	-20 144
activities	0	-13 601	0	-221 611	0	235 212	0	0
Profit or (loss)	1 085 325	429 719	317 313	117 761	-116 282	-808 301	187 751	-260 821
Segment assets	5 333 238	4 513 320	23 380 994	21 872 920	1 129 137	2 746 832	29 843 369	29 133 073
Segment liabilities	5 505 989	4 210 601	23 036 891	21 625 627	1 300 488	3 296 845	29 843 369	29 133 073

The Holding shows information through particular segments.

The above table shows the Holding's profit or loss posts and the distribution of assets and liabilities through segments:

The management of the Holding believe that it is not useful to prepare cash flow statements through different segments.

Segment descriptions:

Logging

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of round timber, obtained in logging, and timber transportation in the territory of Latvia and from the income from logging services.

Timber processing

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of sawn timber which was obtained in the production process and from rendering of different services which are related to timber processing.

Other

Collected lease payments for the use of the company's real estate and other income which is not related to the company's economic activity.

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4. Net turnover through geographical segments

Since the economic activity of the Holding is mainly performed in Latvia and all significant assets are situated in Latvia, the management believe that it is not useful to prepare a statement through geographical segments as the amount of income from different geographical segments does not exceed 10 % of total income.

	2013	2012
	EUR	EUR
Income from sales, int. Al.	11 846 299	41 352 673
Latvia	11 678 558	40 823 160
Other countries	167 741	529 513
Income from rendering of services, int. Al.	568 678	2 147 392
Latvia	565 816	2 121 932
Other countries	2 862	25 461
Financing of the EU structural funds	121 707	436 830
	12 536 684	43 937 075