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LUCARA REPORTS STRONG HALF YEAR RESULTS AND INCREASES FULL YEAR REVENUE GUIDANCE TO \$240-\$250 MILLION

AUGUST 13, 2014 (LUC - TSX, LUC - BSE, LUC - NASDAQ OMX) Lucara Diamond Corp. ("Lucara" or the "Company") today reported proceeds of \$128.6 million for the quarter and an increase in forecast 2014 revenues to between \$240-\$250 million.

HIGHLIGHTS

Safety: Karowe had one lost time injury during the quarter, resulting in a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate ("LTIFR") of 0.15 for the 12 months to June 30.

Cash flows and operating margins: The Company achieved second quarter tender proceeds of \$95.0 million (\$849 per carat) from sales of 111,902 carats of diamond. This includes proceeds of \$24.7 million, which were received after the quarter. Total proceeds for the first half of the year were \$128.6 million (\$586 per carat) from the sale of 219,370 carats of diamond. Total Company proceeds for the half year of \$586 per carat at an operating cost of \$124 per carat resulted in a 79% operating margin of \$462 per carat.

Following the second quarter the Company concluded its second exceptional stone tender in July for proceeds of \$40.1 million, which results in full year to date proceeds of \$168.6 million at a sales price of \$764 per carat.

Net cash position: The Company's quarter-end cash balance was \$82.1 million compared to a net debt position of \$29.6 million in the previous year and \$49.4 million of cash at the end of 2013. The June cash balance of \$82.1 million excludes \$24.8 million of cash received after the quarter end.

Karowe operating performance: Karowe's operating performance exceeded plan during the period in terms of ore and waste mined and carats recovered. The Company recovered a record number of 252 special stones (+10.8 carats) during the period with an average size of 27.84 carats.

Adjusted Earnings per share: Adjusted earnings per share is \$0.10 per share for the three month period ended June 30, 2014 and \$0.13 per share for year to date.

Dividends paid: The Company paid its inaugural semi-annual dividend of 2 cents per share on June 19. The Company is forecast to pay its year-end and special dividend in December. The special dividend will be determined based on revenues generated from the exceptional stone tenders during the year, the Company's financial position and its expected cash requirements in future periods.

Outlook: The Company has increased its revenue forecast by approximately 60% for the year to between \$240-\$250 million based on year to date sales, current diamond inventory and its forecast production. The Company has maintained its overall cost outlook for the mine of between \$31-\$33 per tonne ore processed.

William Lamb, President and Chief Executive Officer commented "Lucara had a strong first half of the year and this has continued into the third quarter with our second exceptional stone tender in July,

resulting in total year to date proceeds of \$169 million, achieving \$764 per carat. Following these results and our current diamond inventory we have increased our full year revenue guidance to \$240-\$250 million while maintaining our original carat production and operating cost guidance due to strong operational delivery at Karowe. To the end of June, the mine sold 54 diamonds larger than 50 carats, including 11 diamonds larger than 100 carats and 30 diamonds selling for more than \$1 million. The sustainable recovery of special diamonds has enabled the addition of the third exceptional stones tender which will be held in the fourth quarter."

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
In millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Revenues (*)	\$ 71.0	\$	47.2	\$	103.8	\$	79.7	
Average price per carat sold (\$/ct)	836		527		540		345	
Operating expenses per carat sold (\$/ct)	132		102		124		92	
Operating margin per carat sold (\$/ct)	704		425		416		253	
Net income for the period	15.6		22.7		20.7		28.8	
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	0.04		0.06		0.05		0.08	
Adjusted earnings per share ⁽¹⁾	0.10		0.06		0.13		0.08	
Cash on hand	82.1		28.5		82.1		28.5	

^(*) Revenue is presented based on cash receipts received during the period and excludes tender proceeds received after each quarter end. See below.
(1) Non-IFRS measure

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Karowe Mine, Botswana

	UNIT	YTD-14	Q2-14	Q1-14	Q4-13	Q3-13	Q2-13
Sales							
Revenues	US\$m	103.8	71.0	32.8	58.7	42.1	47.2
Proceeds generated from sales tenders conducted in	US\$m	128.6	95.0	33.6	47.8	50.9	49.3
the quarter are comprised of:							
Sales proceeds received during the quarter	US\$m	103.8	71.0	32.8	58.7	42.1	47.2
Q2 2014 tender proceeds received post Q2 2014	US\$m	24.8	24.8	-	-	-	-
Q1 2014 tender proceeds received post Q1 2014	US\$m	-	(8.0)	0.8	-	-	-
Q3 2013 tender proceeds received post Q3 2013	US\$m	-	-	-	(10.9)	10.9	-
Q2 2013 tender proceeds received post Q2 2013	US\$m	-	-	-	-	(2.1)	2.1
Carats sold for proceeds generated during the period	Carats	219,370	111,900	107,470	110,635	80,918	102,452
Carats sold for revenues recognized during the	Carats	192,369	84,915	107,454	127,804	76,582	89,619
period							
Average price per carat for proceeds generated	US\$	586	849	312	433	625	481
during the period							
Production							
Tonnes mined (ore)	Tonnes	1,566,770	677,882	888,888	918,765	898,501	1,157,747
Tonnes mined (waste)	Tonnes	5,168,966	3,166,644	2,002,322	1,694,134	1,430,105	1,259,479
Tonnes milled \(\)	Tonnes	1,345,542	664,812	680,730	613,064	647,304	560,910
Average grade processed	cpht (*)	15.6	, 14.9	16.3	18.9	17.6	, 15.6
Carats recovered	Carats	210,179	99,142	111,037	116,061	113,882	87,580
Conto							
Costs							
Operating costs per carats sold ⁽¹⁾	US\$	124	132	118	109	110	102
Operating costs per tonne processed	US\$/tonne	17.7	16.8	18.6	22.7	13.0	16.3
Capital expenditures	US\$m	11.5	9.7	1.9	1.5	2.4	1.7

^(*) carats per hundred tonnes

⁽¹⁾ Non-IFRS measure

The Karowe mine performed well during the second quarter of 2014. Tonnes of ore mined exceeded plan during the period. Waste mined for the push back to open up access to the south lobe accelerated during the period, recovering the first quarter deficit and is back on track for the year to date planned volumes.

The process plant performed well during the quarter with mill throughput and carats produced in excess of plan. Carats produced were lower than the prior period due to mining a lower grade area in accordance with the mine plan. A total of 252 special stones (+10.8 carats) were recovered during the quarter at an average size of 27.84 carats. This represents a record quarter both in frequency and average size of specials recovered.

REVIEW OF PROJECTS

Mothae Diamond Project, Lesotho

The Mothae project is located in northeast Lesotho and is a large low grade kimberlite containing a population of large, high value Type IIa diamonds.

The Company is currently reviewing a number of development options for Mothae.

Karowe, Plant Optimization Project

The Plant Optimization progressed well during the period. The Company has spent approximately \$8 million and committed a further \$27 million of expenditure to date. At the end of the second quarter, project progress was on schedule and within plan. The impact of industrial action within the steel industry in South Africa, who was on strike between July 1 and July 28, is still being assessed. The project is now forecast to be complete during Q2 2015 and is not expected to impact on 2015 production.

Karowe Mine, Botswana

Revenue is forecast between \$240-\$250 million based on the sale of between 400,000 to 420,000 carats.

Karowe is still forecast to process between 2.2 - 2.4 million tonnes.

Forecast for ore mined remains at between 3.0 - 3.5 million tonnes and waste mined between 10.0 - 11.0 million tonnes.

Karowe's operating cash costs (Non-IRFS measures) are expected to remain between \$31 - \$33 per tonne ore treated.

The Company is forecasting that the plant optimization project will cost up to \$55 million, an increase from the \$45-\$50 million in previous guidance. The additional cost includes the purchase of an additional XRT diamond sorting machine which will be installed early, in the capacity of a large diamond recovery unit. Once the optimization project has been completed, this unit will be used as an audit machine as well as for future development work. The XRT machine may also be used for future new development work. The Company has also included costs to mitigate the impact of industrial action in the steel industry in South Africa, which commenced on July 1 and ended July 28. The Company is forecasting a Q2 2015 completion date for the plant optimization project and this timeline is not expected to affect 2015 production. Sustaining capital expenditures remains at \$3.5 million.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the statements made and contained herein and elsewhere constitute forward-looking statements as defined in applicable securities laws. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "potential", "possible" and similar expressions, or statements that events, conditions or results "will", "may", "could" or "should" occur or achieved.

Forward looking statements are based on the opinions and estimates of management as of the date such statements are made, and they are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company believes that expectations reflected in this forward-looking information are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking information included herein should not be unduly relied upon. In particular, this MD&A may contain forward looking information pertaining to the following: the estimates of the Company's mineral reserve and resources; estimates of the Company's production and sales volumes for the Karowe Mine; estimated costs to construct the Karowe Mine, start-up, exploration and development plans and objectives, production costs, exploration and development expenditures and reclamation costs; expectation of diamond price and changes to foreign currency exchange rate; expectations regarding the need to raise capital; possible impacts of disputes or litigation and other risks and uncertainties describe under Risks and Uncertainties disclosed in the Company's Annual Information Form.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as the Company's results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in this forward-looking information as a result of those factors discussed in or referred to under the heading "Risk Factors' in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 20, 2014 available at http://www.sedar.com, as well as changes in general business and economic conditions, changes in interest and foreign currency rates, the supply and demand for, deliveries of and the level and volatility of prices of rough diamonds, costs of power and diesel, acts of foreign governments and the outcome of legal proceedings, inaccurate geological and recoverability assumptions (including with respect to the size, grade and recoverability of mineral reserves and resources), unanticipated operational difficulties (including failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate in accordance with specifications or expectations, cost escalations, unavailability of materials and equipment, government action or delays in the receipt of government approvals, industrial disturbances or other job actions, adverse weather conditions, and unanticipated events relating to health safety and environmental matters)

Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date the statements were made, and the Company does not assume any obligations to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except as required by law.



Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

LUCARA DIAMOND CORP. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") focuses on significant factors that have affected Lucara Diamond Corp. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries performance and such factors that may affect its future performance. In order to better understand the MD&A, it should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed-interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All amounts are expressed in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. The effective date of this MD&A is August 13, 2014.

Some of the statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors set out in the cautionary note contained herein.

Additional information about the Company and its business activities is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

HIGHLIGHTS

Safety: Karowe had one lost time injury during the quarter, resulting in a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate ("LTIFR") of 0.15 for the 12 months to June 30. LTIFR is the number of lost time injuries multiplied by 200,000 and divided by the number of hours worked.

Cash flows and operating margins: The Company achieved second quarter tender proceeds of \$95.0 million (\$849 per carat) from sales of 111,902 carats of diamond. This includes proceeds of \$24.7 million, which were received after the quarter and will be reported in the Company's third quarter revenues. Total proceeds for the first half of the year were \$128.6 million (\$586 per carat) from the sale of 219,370 carats of diamond. Total Company proceeds for the half year of \$586 per carat at an operating cost of \$124 per carat resulted in an operating margin of \$462 per carat.

Revenues for the second quarter, excluding the late proceeds of \$24.8 million were \$71.0 million (\$836 per carat). At an operating cost of \$132 per carat, the operating margin for the quarter was \$704 per carat.

Following the second quarter the Company concluded its second exceptional stone tender in July for proceeds of \$40.1 million, which results in full year to date proceeds of \$168.6 million at a sales price of \$764 per carat. This compares to the Company's 43-101 technical report average price of \$394 per carat. These sales tenders excluding the exceptional stone sales have sold for an average sales price of \$361 per carat and the exceptional stone tenders have achieved an average sales price of \$33,839 per carat for the year.

Net cash position: The Company's quarter-end cash balance was \$82.1 million compared to a net debt position of \$29.6 million in the previous year and \$49.4 million of cash at the end of 2013. The June cash balance of \$82.1 million excludes \$24.8 million of cash received after the quarter end.

Karowe operating performance: Karowe's operating performance exceeded plan during the period in terms of ore and waste mined and carats recovered. The Company recovered a record number of 252 special stones (+10.8 carats) during the period with an average size of 27.84 carats.

Adjusted Earnings per share: Adjusted earnings per share (see pages 5 and 7 Non-IRFS measures), is \$0.10 per share for the three month period ended June 30, 2014 and \$0.13 per share for year to date June. Adjusted earnings per share removes the non-cash foreign exchange impact on an intercompany loan between Corporate and Karowe and a deferred tax charge in order to

present the current cash distributable on an earnings per share basis. This more accurately reports the Company's distributable profit per share (see select financial information for further detail).

Dividends paid: The Company paid its inaugural semi-annual dividend of 2 cents per share on June 19. The Company is forecast to pay its year-end and special dividend in December. The special dividend will be determined based on revenues generated from the exceptional stone tenders during the year, the Company's financial position and it's expected cash requirements in future periods.

Outlook: The Company has increased its revenue forecast by approximately 60% for the year to between \$240-\$250 million based on year to date sales, current diamond inventory and its forecast production. The Company has maintained its overall cost outlook for the mine of between \$31-\$33 per tonne ore processed. The forecast is discussed in the outlook section of the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Thre	hs ended June 30	Six months ended June 30			
In millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted	2014		2013	2014		2013
Revenues (*)	\$ 71.0	\$	47.2	\$ 103.8	\$	79.7
Average price per carat sold (\$/ct)	836		527	540		345
Operating expenses per carat sold (\$/ct)	132		102	124		92
Operating margin per carat sold (\$/ct)	704		425	416		253
Net income for the period	15.6		22.7	20.7		28.8
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	0.04		0.06	0.05		0.08
Adjusted earnings per share (see pages 5 and 7	0.10		0.06	0.13		0.08
Non-IRFS measures)						
Cash on hand	82.1		28.5	82.1		28.5

^(*) Revenue is presented based on cash receipts received during the period and excludes tender proceeds received after each quarter end. See results of operations (page 3) for reconciliation of revenue and total proceeds for tenders received for each quarter.

OUTLOOK

This section of the MD&A provides management's production and cost estimates for 2014. These are "forward-looking statements" and subject to the cautionary note regarding the risks associated with forward-looking statements.

Karowe Mine, Botswana

Revenue is forecast between \$240-\$250 million based on the sale of between 400,000 to 420,000 carats.

Karowe is still forecast to process between 2.2 - 2.4 million tonnes.

Forecast for ore mined remains at between 3.0 - 3.5 million tonnes and waste mined between 10.0 - 11.0 million tonnes.

Karowe's operating cash costs (see page 6 Non-IFRS measures) are expected to remain between \$31 - \$33 per tonne ore treated.

The Company is forecasting that the plant optimization project will cost up to \$55 million, an increase from the \$45-\$50 million in previous guidance. The additional cost includes the purchase of an additional XRT diamond sorting machine which will be installed early, in the capacity of a large diamond recovery unit. Once the optimization project has been completed, this unit will be used as an audit machine as well as for future development work. The Company has also included costs to mitigate the impact of industrial action in the steel industry in South Africa, which commenced on July 1 and ended July 28. The Company is forecasting a Q2 2015 completion date for the plant optimization project and this timeline is not expected to affect 2015 production. Sustaining capital expenditures remains at \$3.5 million.

The Company plans on holding a further three diamond tenders and a third exceptional stone tender during the second half of the year.

Karowe's detailed operating performance and capital spend guidance is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Company is a diamond mining company focused in Africa. The business of the Company consists of the acquisition, exploration, development and operation of diamond properties. The Company's head office is in Vancouver, BC, Canada and its common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ OMX in Sweden and the Botswana Stock Exchange under the symbol "LUC".

The principal assets of the Company and the focus of the Company's operations, development and exploration activities are on assets in Botswana and Lesotho.

The following summarizes the Company's interest in Karowe and Mothae:

Country	Name	Interest Held
Botswana	Karowe Diamond License	100%
Lesotho	Mothae Diamond Mining Lease	75%

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Karowe Mine, Botswana

	UNIT	YTD-14	Q2-14	Q1-14	Q4-13	Q3-13	Q2-13
Sales			•	~	•	•	•
Revenues	US\$m	103.8	71.0	32.8	58.7	42.1	47.2
Proceeds generated from sales tenders conducted in	US\$m	128.6	95.0	33.6	47.8	50.9	49.3
the quarter are comprised of:							
Sales proceeds received during the guarter	US\$m	103.8	71.0	32.8	58.7	42.1	47.2
Q2 2014 tender proceeds received post Q2 2014	US\$m	24.8	24.8	-	-	-	-
Q1 2014 tender proceeds received post Q1 2014	US\$m	-	(0.8)	0.8	-	-	-
Q3 2013 tender proceeds received post Q3 2013	US\$m	-	` -	-	(10.9)	10.9	-
Q2 2013 tender proceeds received post Q2 2013	US\$m	-	-	-	` -	(2.1)	2.1
Carats sold for proceeds generated during the period	Carats	219,370	111,900	107,470	110,635	80,918	102,452
Carats sold for revenues recognized during the	Carats	192,369	84,915	107,454	127,804	76,582	89,619
period		•	•	-	•	-	•
Average price per carat for proceeds generated	US\$	586	849	312	433	625	481
during the period							
Production	_						
Tonnes mined (ore)	Tonnes	1,566,770	677,882	888,888	918,765	898,501	1,157,747
Tonnes mined (waste)	Tonnes	5,168,966	3,166,644	2,002,322	1,694,134	1,430,105	1,259,479
Tonnes milled	Tonnes	1,345,542	664,812	680,730	613,064	647,304	560,910
Average grade processed	cpht (*)	15.6	14.9	16.3	18.9	17.6	15.6
Carats recovered	Carats	210,179	99,142	111,037	116,061	113,882	87,580
Costs							
Operating costs per carats sold (see page 7 Non-	US\$	124	132	118	109	110	102
IFRS measures)	·						
Operating costs per tonne processed	US\$/tonne	17.7	16.8	18.6	22.7	13.0	16.3
Capital expenditures	US\$m	11.5	9.7	1.9	1.5	2.4	1.7
(*) carate per hundred toppes							•

^(*) carats per hundred tonnes

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The process plant performed well during the quarter with mill throughput and carats produced in excess of plan. Carats produced were lower than the prior period due to mining a lower grade area in accordance with the mine plan. A total of 252 special stones (+10.8 carats) were recovered during the quarter at an average size of 27.84 carats. This represents a record quarter both in frequency and average size of specials recovered.

REVIEW OF PROJECTS

Mothae Diamond Project, Lesotho

The Mothae project is located in northeast Lesotho and is a large low grade kimberlite containing a population of large, high value Type IIa diamonds.

The Company is currently reviewing a number of development options for Mothae.

Karowe, Plant Optimization Project

The Plant Optimization progressed well during the period. The Company has spent approximately \$8 million and committed a further \$27 million of expenditure to date. At the end of the second quarter, project progress was on schedule and within plan. The impact of industrial action within the steel industry in South Africa, who was on strike between July 1 and July 28, is still being assessed. The project is now forecast at a cost of up to \$55 million and to be complete during Q2 2015 and is not expected to impact on 2015 production.

SELECT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

		Three	month	ns ended June 30		Six months ended June 30			
In millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Revenues	\$	71.0	\$	47.2	\$	103.8	\$	79.7	
Operating expenses	Ф	(11.2)	Ψ	(9.1)	Ą	(23.8)	Ψ	(21.6)	
Royalty expenses		(7.1)		(4.8)		(10.4)		(8.0)	
Operating earnings (1)		52.7		33.3		69.6		50.1	
Exploration expenditures		(0.1)		(0.5)		(0.6)		(0.8)	
Administration		(3.8)		(2.8)		(5.9)		(4.7)	
Gain on sale of exploration program		(3.0)		-		(313)		0.6	
diamonds								0.0	
Sales and marketing		(0.9)		(1.0)		(1.8)		(1.5)	
EBITDA (2)		47.9		29.0		61.3		43.7	
Depletion, amortization and accretion		(3.2)		(3.3)		(6.8)		(7.7)	
Finance expenses		-		(0.8)		-		(1.9)	
Foreign exchange loss		(8.6)		(2.2)		(10.6)		(5.3)	
Current income tax expense		(5.6)		-		(5.5)		-	
Deferred income tax expense		(14.9)		-		(17.4)		-	
Net income for the period		15.6		22.7		20.7		28.8	
Add back: Foreign exchange loss related to intercompany loan repayment (3)		8.6		-		10.6		-	
Add back: Deferred income tax expense		14.9		_		17.4		_	
Adjusted net income for the period (4)		39.1		22.7		48.7		28.8	
· -									
Total equity		228.0		169.1		228.0		169.1	
Total assets		295.4		225.9		295.4		225.9	
Change in cash during the period		25.3		11.2		32.8		15.3	
Cash on hand		82.1		28.5		82.1		28.5	
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)		0.04		0.06		0.05		0.08	
Adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ⁽⁵⁾		0.10		0.06		0.13		0.08	
Per carats sold									
Sales price	\$	836	\$	527	\$	540	\$	345	
Operating expenses		132		102		124		92	
Average grade (carats per hundred tonnes)		14.9		15.6		15.6		19.3	

⁽¹⁾ Operating earnings is a non-IFRS measure defined as sales less operating expenses and royalty expenses.

Revenues

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company completed two regular diamond tenders and one exceptional stone tender totalling 111,916 carats. The tenders achieved gross proceeds totalling \$95.0 million excluding proceeds of \$24.8 million from the June 26, 2014 regular diamond tender, which were received post the end of the second quarter.

The increase in revenue for the quarter of \$23.8 million compared to the prior year is due to higher prices received for the Karowe diamonds and a larger number of carats being sold during the period. The Company sold its diamonds for \$836 per carat compared to \$527 per carat in the previous year. This increase reflects the strong results from the exceptional stone tender during the first quarter and also higher prices for the scheduled sales tenders compared to the prior year.

⁽²⁾ EBITDA is a non-IFRS measure defined as earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortization.

⁽³⁾ Foreign exchange loss related to an intercompany loan repayment between Corporate and Karowe (see foreign exchange loss on page 6)

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted net income for the period is a non-IFRS measure defined as earnings before non-cash foreign exchange loss related to an intercompany loan repayment and deferred income tax expense.

⁽⁵⁾ Adjusted earnings per share for the period is a non-IFRS measure defined as adjusted net income⁽⁴⁾ divided by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period on both a basic and fully diluted basis.

Operating earnings

Operating earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2014 were \$52.7 million resulting in an operating margin (before royalties) of 84%. The margin was significantly impacted by the Company's exceptional stone tender held during the quarter with revenues of \$41,220 per carat. Operating expenses during the quarter were \$132 per carat, which resulted in an operating margin of \$704 per carat. As anticipated, operating expenses in the second quarter of 2014 was at \$132 cost per carat which is higher than \$102 per carat in the prior year due to the increase in waste mined.

Exploration and other mining costs

Exploration expenditures and other mining costs relating to the Mothae project were \$0.1 million during the second quarter of 2014 compared to \$0.5 million during the second quarter of 2013. The decrease in costs is due to Mothae being on care and maintenance during the quarter compared to the previous year when the Company was completing the project's PEA study.

Administration expenses

Administration expenses increased \$1.0 million during the quarter when comparing the three month period ended June 30, 2014 to the three month period ended June 30, 2013; this is mostly due to expenditures related to the Company's NASDAQ OMX Stockholm listing and an increase in employee salaries and benefits in 2014.

Income Tax expense

Total income tax expense was \$20.5 million during the three month period ended June 30, 2014. This is mainly due to the recognition of a current income tax liability of \$5.6 million and a deferred tax liability of \$14.9 million during the quarter. The Company is subject to a variable tax rate in Botswana that increases as profit as a percentage of revenue increases. The current tax expense has been calculated at a rate of approximately 30%, which reflects the forecast current year tax rate based on the Company's outlook revenue guidance.

The Company has estimated the variable tax rate for the deferred income taxes at approximately 30% following the updated Karowe 43-101 technical report and current financial performance. This non-cash expense is used to adjust future accounting tax recovery in the profit and loss to taxable income during the period.

Foreign exchange loss

The Company recorded a non–cash foreign exchange loss of \$8.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. A loss of \$7.8 million was recognized during the three months from an intercompany Pula denominated loan between Corporate and Botswana. Foreign exchange losses following the weakening of the Pula have been previously calculated and reported in the Company's other comprehensive income as this loan has been reported as a net investment in a foreign operation under IAS21. As of January 1, 2014 the Company is no longer reporting this intercompany loan as a net investment in a foreign operation and as a result previous cumulative foreign exchange losses of \$25.0 million reported in other comprehensive income is being reported in the statement of operations as the intercompany loan is repaid.

This \$8.6 million foreign exchange loss is entirely due to non-cash foreign exchange movements on the Company's intercompany loan between Corporate and Botswana and has no impact on the value the Company's net assets nor does it result in a cash outflow to the business in the current or future periods.

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)

The three months ended June 30, 2014 EBITDA was \$47.9 million compared to \$29.0 million in the three month period ended June 30, 2013. The EBITDA of \$47.9 million excludes the revenues of \$24.8 million received after the quarter end. EBITDA is higher than the prior year as higher prices were received for the Karowe diamonds during the period and were partially offset by higher costs to reflect increased waste stripping during the period.

EBITDA is a non-IFRS measure and is reconciled in the table on page 5.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at June 30, 2014, the Company had cash of \$82.1 million compared to net debt of \$29.6 million at June 30, 2013 and \$49.4 million at December 31, 2013.

Cash increased during the quarter by \$25.3 million. This increase reflects cash from operating activities of \$41.0 million offset primarily by the Company's first dividend payment of \$6.9 million and acquisition of plant and equipment, largely for the plant optimization project of \$5.6 million.

The Company has renegotiated its revolving term credit facility with Scotiabank. The new agreement is for a three year \$50.0 million operating line.

The facility contains financial and non-financial covenants customary for a facility of this size and nature. The applicable interest rate of any loan advances under the facility will be determined by the Company's leverage ratio at that time. The Company has maintained the same level of security on the three year facility by way of a charge over the Company's Karowe assets and a guarantee by the Company's subsidiaries, which hold the Karowe assets. As at June 30, 2014 the full amount under this facility was available.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data)

The Company's financial statements are reported under IFRS issued by the IASB. The following table provides highlights, extracted from the Company's financial statements, of quarterly results for the past eight quarters (unaudited):

Three months ended	Jun-14	Mar-14	Dec-13	Sept- 13	Jun-13	Mar-13	Dec-12	Sept- 12
A. Revenues	70,972	32,780	58,683	42,096	47,224	32,504	29,172	12,658
B. Exploration (expenditures) recovery	(135)	(459)	(167)	(389)	(557)	374	(2,277)	(4,465)
C. Administration expenses	(3,841)	(2,107)	(4,871)	(1,851)	(2,761)	(1,946)	(1,798)	(2,980)
D.Net income (loss)	15,639	5,074	21,331	15,043	22,679	6,169	7,664	(3,413)
E. Earnings (loss) per share (basic and diluted)	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.02	(0.01)

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

This MD&A refers to certain financial measures, such as EBITDA, adjusted net income for the period and adjusted earnings per share for the period, which are not measures recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures may differ from those made by other corporations and accordingly may not be comparable to such measures as reported by other corporations. These measures have been derived from the Company's financial statements, and applied on a consistent basis, because the Company believes they are of assistance in the understanding of the results of operations and financial position.

EBITDA (see "Select Financial Information") is the term the Company uses as an approximate measure of the Company's pre-tax operating cash flow and is generally used to better measure performance and evaluate trends of individual assets. EBITDA comprises earnings before deducting interest and other financial charges, income taxes, depreciation and amortization and net loss attributable to non-controlling interests.

Adjusted net income for the period (see "Select Financial Information") is the term the Company uses to describe net income before non-cash foreign exchange loss related to intercompany repayment and non-cash deferred income tax expense.

Adjusted earnings per share for the period (see "Select Financial Information") is the term the Company use to describe adjusted net income, as defined above, divided by the basic and fully diluted number of shares at the period end.

Operating costs per carats sold (see "Karowe Mine, Botswana") is the term the Company uses to describe the mining, processing and site administration costs to produce a single carat of diamond. This is calculated as operating costs per carat of diamond sold.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company incurred the following expenses with Namdo Management Services Limited ("Namdo"), a company related by way of directors in common. In 2013, the Company had also incurred aircraft charter services and professional geological services & laboratory related expenditures from Mile High Holdings Ltd. ("Mile High") and the Mineral Services Group ("MS Group") respectively, the companies are associated with a director of Company. Beginning July 1, 2013, the MS Group is no longer a related party.

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Description of services	Related Party	Related Party June 30, 2014	
Management fees	Namdo	\$ 229	\$ 248
Exploration related expenditures	MS Group	-	86
Aircraft charter	Mile High	-	50
		\$ 229	\$ 384

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities have been classified into categories that determine their basis of measurement and, for items measured at fair value, whether changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations or consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. Those categories are: fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; available for sale assets; and, for liabilities, amortized cost.

The fair value of the Company's available for sale financial instruments is derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt approximates their carrying amounts due to the fact that there have been no significant changes in the Company's own credit risk. The fair value of all other financial instruments of the Company approximates their carrying values because of the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

In the normal course of business, the Company is inherently exposed to currency and commodity price risk.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had 378,984,414 common shares outstanding and 2,423,335 stock options outstanding under its stock-based incentive plan.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The operations of the Company are speculative due to the high risk nature of its business which includes acquisition, financing, exploration, development and operation of diamond properties. These risk factors could materially affect the Company's future operations and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company.

The risk factors which should be taken into account in assessing the Company's activities, include, but are not necessarily limited to, those set out in the Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2013.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The report for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 is expected to be published on November 10, 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILTY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the contents of this document along with the interim quarterly financial statements to ensure the reliability and timeliness of the Company's disclosure while providing another level of review for accuracy and oversight. There have been no changes in the Company's disclosure controls and procedures during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

Internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the accounting principles under which the Company's financial statements are prepared. An evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting was conducted as of December 31, 2013 by the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that the Company's internal controls over financial reporting were effective.

As required under Multilateral Instrument 52-109, management advises that there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent interim period, being the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the statements made and contained herein in the MD&A and elsewhere constitute forward-looking statements as defined in applicable securities laws. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "potential", "possible" and similar expressions, or statements that events, conditions or results "will", "may", "could" or "should" occur or be achieved.

In particular, this MD&A may contain forward looking information pertaining to the following: the estimates of the Company's mineral reserve and resources; estimates of the Company's production and sales volumes for the Karowe Mine; estimated costs to construct the Karowe Mine; start-up, exploration and development plans and objectives; production costs; exploration and development expenditures and reclamation costs; expectation of diamond price and changes to foreign currency exchange rates; expectations regarding the need to raise capital; possible impacts of disputes or litigation; and other risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 20, 2014 available at http://www.sedar.com (the "AIF").

Forward-looking statements are based on the opinions, assumptions and estimates of management as of the date such statements are made, and they are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such assumptions include: the Company's ability to obtain necessary financing; the Company's expectations regarding the economy generally, results of operations and the extent of future growth and performance; and assumptions that the Company's activities will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by development, operating or regulatory risk. The Company believes that expectations reflected in this forward-looking information are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking information included in this MD&A should not be unduly relied upon.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as the Company's results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in this forward-looking information as a result of those factors discussed in or referred to under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" in the Company's AIF, as well as changes in general business and economic conditions, changes in interest and foreign currency rates, the supply and demand for, deliveries of and the level and volatility of prices of rough diamonds, costs of power and diesel, acts of foreign governments and the outcome of legal proceedings, inaccurate geological and recoverability assumptions (including with respect to the size, grade and recoverability of mineral reserves and resources), unanticipated operational difficulties (including failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate in accordance with specifications or expectations, cost escalations, unavailability of materials and equipment, government action or delays in the receipt of government approvals, industrial disturbances or other job actions, adverse weather conditions, and unanticipated events relating to health safety and environmental matters).

Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date the statements were made, and the Company does not assume any obligations to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except as required by law.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.) (Unaudited)

		June 30, 2014	Decen	nber 31, 2013
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,098	\$	49,364
Investments		79	•	90
VAT receivables and other		4,682		2,927
Prepaid and deposits		6,055		666
Inventories (Note 4)		25,676		21,132
		118,590		74,179
Plant and equipment (Note 5)		102,725		100,886
Mineral properties (Note 6)		73,640		72,061
Other non-current assets		403		62
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	295,358	\$	247,188
LIADULITIC				
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$	15,176	\$	15,491
Taxes payable (Note 9)	Ψ	5,555	Ψ	13,431
Tanco popular (troto e)		20,731		15,491
Destaration provisions		•		14,515
Restoration provisions		15,167		•
Future income taxes (Note 9)		31,598		14,258
TOTAL LIABILITIES		67,496		44,264
EQUITY				
Share capital		285,364		283,609
Contributed surplus (Note 7)		4,808		5,108
Cumulative deficit		(31,675)		(45,516)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(32,117)		(41,820)
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Company		226,380		201,381
Non-controlling interests		1,482		1,543
TOTAL EQUITY		227,862		202,924
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	295,358	\$	247,188

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved on Behalf of the Board of Directors:

"Paul K. Conibear" Director "William Lamb" Director

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.) (Unaudited)

	Tŀ	ree months e	nde	d June 30,	Six months ended June 30,				
		2014		2013	2014		2013		
Revenues	\$	70,972	\$	47,224	\$ 103,752	\$	79,728		
Cost of goods sold									
Operating expenses		11,180		9,125	23,836		21,579		
Royalty expenses		7,097		4,763	10,375		7,973		
Depletion, amortization and accretion		3,091		3,317	6,831		7,725		
		21,368		17,205	41,042		37,277		
Income from mining operations		49,604		30,019	62,710		42,451		
Other expenses									
Exploration and expenditures		135		557	594		767		
Administration (Note 8)		3,841		2,761	5,948		4,707		
Gain on sale of exploration program		-		-	-		(584		
Sales and marketing		934		963	1,842		1,54		
Finance (income)/expenses		(57)		859	25		1,90		
Foreign exchange loss		8,644		2,200	10,649		5,27		
		13,497		7,340	19,058		13,603		
Net income before tax		36,107		22,679	43,652		28,848		
Income tax expense (Note 9)									
Current income tax		5,555		-	5,555				
Deferred income tax		14,913		-	 17,384				
		20,468		-	22,939				
Net income for the period	\$	15,639	\$	22,679	\$ 20,713	\$	28,848		
Attributable to:									
Shareholders of the Company	\$	15,656	\$	22,747	\$ 20,787	\$	28,865		
Non-controlling interests	\$	(17)	\$	(68)	\$ (74)	\$	(17)		
Earning per common share					2 2-	_			
Basic	\$	0.04	\$	0.06	\$ 0.05	\$	0.08		
Diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.06	\$ 0.05	\$	0.08		
Weighted average common shares	outs	_							
Basic		377,638,144		376,294,357	377,287,107		376,293,538		
Diluted		379,778,959		376,294,357	379,444,727		376,293,538		

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.) (Unaudited)

	Thre	Three months ended June 30,			9	d June 30,		
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Net income for the period	\$	15,639	\$	22,679	\$	20,713	\$	28,848
Other comprehensive income								
Items that may be subsequently in Change in fair value of available-for-	eclassifie	ed to net in	come	•				
sale securities		(59)		(18)		(11)		(22)
Currency translation adjustment		8,366		(6,782)		9,704		(17,593)
		8,307		(6,800)		9,693		(17,615)
Comprehensive income	\$	23,946	\$	15,879	\$	30,406	\$	11,233
Comprehensive income attributable	e to:							
Shareholders of the Company		23,963		16,061		30,491		11,523
Non-controlling interests		(17)		(182)		(85)		(290)
	\$	23,946	\$	15,879	\$	30,406	\$	11,233

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30 2014 2013					ix months e 2014	ed June 30, 2013	
Cash flows from (used in): Operating Activities								
Net income for the period Items not involving cash and cash equivalents:	\$	15,639	\$	22,679	\$	20,713	\$	28,848
Depletion, amortization and accretion		3,187		3,466		7,020		7,962
Foreign exchange loss		8,636		2,103		10,170		5,395
Stock-based compensation		119		282		213		305
Deferred income taxes		14,869		_		17,340		-
Finance costs				828		66		1,801
Tillance costs		42,450		29,358		55,522		44,311
Net changes in working capital items:		12,130		23,330		33,322		11,511
VAT receivables and other current assets		(7.204)		643		(7.001)		1 450
		(7,304)				(7,091)		1,458
Inventories		(2,047)		(3,567)		(3,797)		(2,976)
Trade payables and other current liabilities		2,432		(900)		131		(2,231)
Taxes payables		5,555		-		5,555		-
		41,086		25,534		50,320		40,562
Financing Activities Repayments of debt		- 1 157		(12,833)		- 1 240		(21,166)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,157		58		1,240		58
Dividends paid		(6,923)		-		(6,923)		-
Other		(333)		-		(333)		-
		(6,099)		(12,775)		(6,016)		(21,108)
Investing Activities								
Acquisition of plant and equipment		(5,621)		(1,666)		(7,493)		(3,911)
Capitalized production stripping costs		(4,031)		-		(4,031)		-
11 3		(9,652)		(1,666)		(11,524)		(3,911)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash								
and cash equivalents		(54)		65		(46)		(268)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		,				()		, ,
during the period		25,281		11,158		32,734		15,275
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of		23,201		11,150		32,73		15/2/5
period		56,817		17,378		49,364		13,261
Cash and cash equivalents, end of		30,017		17,570		15,501		15,201
period	\$	82,098	\$	28,536	\$	82,098	\$	28,536
		•	•	•		•		•
Supplemental Information								
Interest received (paid)		146		9		176		(153)
Changes in accounts payable and accrued		•		_		~		()
liabilities related to plant and equipment		(226)		(118)		(272)		(2,247)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.) (Unaudited)

	Number of shares issued and outstanding	Sh	are capital	C	ontributed surplus	Deficit	C	Accumulated other omprehensive loss	c	Non- ontrolling interests	Total
Balance, January 1, 2013	376,292,749	\$	282,796	\$	4,874	\$ (110,740)	\$	(21,381)	\$	1,911	\$ 157,460
Exercise of stock options	75,000		90		(32)	-		_		-	58
Stock-based compensation	, -		-		305	-		-		-	305
Unrealized loss on investments	-		_		-	-		(22)		-	(22)
Effect of foreign currency								, ,			` ,
translation	-		-		-	-		(17,320)		(273)	(17,593)
Free-carried non-controlling											
interests	-		-		-	(45)		-		45	-
Net income for the period	-				_	28,865		-		(17)	28,848
Balance, June 30, 2013	376,367,749	\$	282,886	\$	5,147	\$ (81,920)	\$	(38,723)	\$	1,666	\$ 169,056
Balance, January 1, 2014	376,899,415	\$	283,609	\$	5,108	\$ (45,516)	\$	(41,820)	\$	1,543	\$ 202,924
Exercise of stock options	1,618,666		1,755		(513)	-		_		-	1,242
Stock-based compensation	-		· -		213	-		-		-	213
Unrealized loss on investments	-		_		-	-		(11)		-	(11)
Effect of foreign currency								, ,			. ,
translation	-		-		-	-		9,714		(10)	9,704
Free-carried non-controlling											
interests	-		-		-	(23)		-		23	-
Dividends paid ⁽¹⁾	-		-		-	(6,923)		-		-	(6,923)
Net income for the period	-		-		-	20,787		-		(74)	20,713
Balance, June 30, 2014	378,518,081	\$	285,364	\$	4,808	\$ (31,675)	\$	(32,117)	\$	1,482	\$ 227,862

⁽¹⁾ On June 19, 2014, the Company paid a cash dividend of CDN\$0.02 per share.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Lucara Diamond Corp. together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company") is a diamond mining company focused on the development and operation of diamond properties in Africa. The Company holds a 100% interest in the Karowe Mine (previously named AK6 Diamond Project) located in Botswana and a 75% interest in Mothae Diamond Project located in Lesotho.

The Company's common shares are listed on the TSX, NASDAQ OMX First North and Botswana Stock Exchanges. The Company was continued into the Province of British Columbia under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) in August 2004 and its registered office is located at Suite 2000 - 885 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3E8.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, *IAS 34: Interim Financial Statements*, and do not contain all of the information required for annual financial statements. These statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application of the most recent annual audited financial statements, except as described in Note 3. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual audited financial statements of the Company.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on August 13, 2014.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW IFRS PRONOUNCEMENT

The Company adopted <u>IFRIC 21</u>, <u>Levies</u> on January 1, 2014 with retrospective application. IFRIC 21 provides accounting guidance for an obligation to pay a levy, if that liability is within the scope of IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. Levies are imposed by governments in accordance with legislation and do not include income taxes. The interpretation addresses the diversity in practice of when the liability to pay a levy is recognized.

IFRIC 21 defines an obligating event as the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by legislation. A liability to pay a levy is recognized at the date of the obligating event, which may be at a point in time or over a period of time. The fact that an entity is economically compelled to continue to operate in the future, or prepares its financial statements on a going concern basis, does not create an obligation to pay a levy that will arise in a future period as a result of continuing to operate. The adoption of IFRIC 21 did not affect the Company's financial results or disclosures.

4. INVENTORIES

	June 30, 2014	Dece	mber 31, 2013
Rough diamond	\$ 11,650	\$	9,026
Ore stockpile	7,772		6,674
Parts and supplies	6,254		5,432
	\$ 25,676	\$	21,132

Inventory expensed during the six months ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$23.8 million (2013 – \$21.6 million).

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

5. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Mine and Construction plant in progress facilities Vehic		Walifalaa	а	Furniture and office	T .1.1	
Cost	ın	progress	racilities	Vehicles	ec	quipment	Total
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$	-	\$ 126,430	\$ 1,542	\$	2,361 \$	130,333
Additions		-	5,212	100		293	5,605
Disposals and other		-	(964)	(36)		334	(666)
Translation differences		-	(14,748)	(187)		(281)	(15,216)
Balance, December 31, 2013		-	115,930	1,419		2,707	120,056
Additions		6,921	33	175		106	7,235
Reclassification		1,370	(1,193)	-		(177)	, <u> </u>
Translation differences		29	(694)	(8)		(13)	(686)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	8,320	\$ 114,076	\$ 1,586	\$	2,623 \$	126,605
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$	-	\$ 10,752	\$ 598	\$	588 \$	11,938
Depletion, amortization and							
accretion for the year		-	8,515	382		619	9,516
Disposals and other		-	(33)	(35)		12	(56)
Translation differences		-	(2,042)	(90)		(96)	(2,228)
Balance, December 31, 2013		-	17,192	855		1,123	19,170
Depreciation, depletion for the							
period		-	4,274	216		328	4,818
Disposals and other		-	-	-		-	-
Translation differences		-	(98)	(5)		(5)	(108)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	-	\$ 21,368	\$ 1,066	\$	1,446 \$	23,880
Not book unive							
Net book value							
As at December 31, 2013	\$	-	\$ 98,738	\$ 564	\$	1,584 \$	100,886
As at June 30, 2014	\$	8,320	\$ 92,708	\$ 520	\$	1,177 \$	102,725

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

6. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Cost	Capitalized Production stripping asset	Karowe Mine	Mothae Diamond	Mothae mining license		Total
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 65,504	\$ 17,688	\$ 3,177	\$	86,369
Additions Disposals and other Translation differences	- - -	2,324 (500) (7,459)	- (74) (1,773)	- - (609)		2,324 (574) (9,841)
Balance, December 31, 2013	-	59,869	15,841	2,568		78,278
Addition Translation differences	4,017 14	- (367)	- (70)	- (24)		4,017 (447)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 4,031	\$ 59,502	\$ 15,771	\$ 2,544	\$	81,848
Accumulated depletion Balance, January 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 1,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,724
Depletion for the year Translation differences	-	4,896 (403)	-	-		4,896 (403)
Balance, December 31, 2013	-	6,217	-		•	6,217
Depletion for the period Translation differences	-	2,022 (31)	-	-		2,022 (31)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ 8,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$	8,208
Net book value						
As at December 31, 2013	\$ -	\$ 53,652	\$ 15,841	\$ 2,568	\$	72,061
As at June 30, 2014	\$ 4,031	\$ 51,294	\$ 15,771	\$ 2,544	\$	73,640

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

7. STOCK OPTIONS

The Company has one rolling stock option plan (the "Plan") approved by the shareholders of the Company on May 13, 2011 which reserves an aggregate of 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company for issuance upon the exercise of options granted. Vesting and terms of the option agreement are at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Movements in the number of stock options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Number of shares issuable pursuant to stock options	Weighted average exercise price per share (CDN\$)		
Balance at December 31, 2012	2,665,000	\$	0.88	
Granted	2,775,000		0.72	
Forfeited	(50,000)		1.03	
Expired	(575,000)		0.91	
Exercised	(606,666)		0.92	
Balance at December 31, 2013	4,208,334		0.76	
Granted	300,000		2.11	
Exercised	(1,618,666)		0.84	
Balance at June 30, 2014	2,889,668	\$	0.86	

Options to acquire common shares have been granted and are outstanding at June 30, 2014 as follows:

	Outst	anding Option	ons	Exer	cisable Optic	ions		
		Weighted	Weighted		Weighted	W	eighted	
		average	average		average	ä	average	
Range of	Number of	remaining	exercise	Number of	remaining	6	exercise	
exercise prices	options	contractual	price	options	contractual		price	
CDN\$	outstanding	life (years)	CDN\$	exercisable	life (years)		CDN\$	
\$0.61 - \$0.70	2,341,668	1.90	\$ 0.70	1,466,625	1.90	\$	0.70	
\$0.71 - \$0.90	148,000	0.41	0.80	148,000	0.41		0.80	
\$0.91 - \$1.25	100,000	2.18	0.99	-	-		-	
\$1.25 - \$2.25	300,000	2.89	2.11	66,666	2.95		2.25	
	2,889,668	1.94	\$ 0.86	1,681,291	1.81	\$	0.77	

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

7. STOCK OPTIONS (continued)

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, an amount of 0.2 million (2013 – 0.3 million) was charged to operations in recognition of stock-based compensation expense, based on the vesting schedule for the options granted.

The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with weighted average assumptions and resulting values for grants as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Assumptions:		
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.03	1.00
Expected life (years)	3.00	3.00
Expected volatility (%)	51.00	52.85
Expected dividend	\$0.02/share – semiannually	Nil
Results:		
Weighted average fair value of options granted (per option)	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.25

8. ADMINISTRATION

	Three m	nonths en	ided	l June 30,	, Six months ended June 3			
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,794	\$	1,301	\$	2,617	\$	1,979
Office and general	4	627	٣	436	4	823	٣	588
Stock-based compensation (I	Note 7)	119		282		212		305
Stock exchange, transfer age	ent,							
shareholder communication		146		186		359		445
Travel		226		153		452		390
Depreciation		96		149		189		237
Professional fees		718		131		1,066		515
Management fees		115		123		230		248
	\$	3,841	\$	2,761	\$	5,948	\$	4,707

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

9. INCOME TAXES

	Six months ended June 30					
	2014		2013			
Current	\$ 5,555	\$	-			
Deferred	17,384		-			
Income tax expense	\$ 22,939	\$	-			

The reconciliation of income taxes calculated at the statutory rate to the actual income tax provision is as follows:

	Six months 2014	end	ed June 30, 2013
Income tax expense at Statutory Rate 26% (2013 - 25.75%)	\$ 11,346	\$	7,428
Differences between Canadian and foreign tax rates	(409)		(1,548)
Non-deductible expenses and other permanent differences	370		489
Benefits from previously unrecognized tax benefits	-		(9,676)
Increase in future expected variable tax rate	8,396		-
Change in deferred tax benefits not recognized	1,168		2,759
Exchange rate differences	2,117		548
Other	(49)		-
Income tax expense	\$ 22,939	\$	-

The Company is subject to a variable tax rate in Botswana that increases as profit as a percentage of revenue increases. The lowest variable tax rate is 22% while the highest variable tax rate is 55% only if taxable income were equal to revenue. The Company has estimated the variable tax rate for the deferred income taxes following the updated Karowe 43-101 technical report and current financial performance. This resulted in an \$8.4 million deferred tax charge in the period based on expected variable tax rate in future years.

The movement in deferred tax liabilities during the period, without taking into consideration the offsetting balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	June 30, 2014	December 3	•
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 14,258	\$	-
Deferred income tax expense	17,384	14,8	95
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(44)	(63	37)
Balance, end of the period	\$ 31,598	\$ 14,2	.58

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) Related party expenses

The Company incurred the following expenses with Namdo Management Services Limited ("Namdo") and Mile High Holdings Ltd. ("Mile High"), companies related by way of directors in common. The Company also incurred professional geological services and laboratory related expenditures from the Mineral Services Group ("MS Group"), a company that is associated with a director of Company. Beginning July 1, 2013, the MS Group is no longer a related party.

		Six months	s ende	d June 30,
Description of services	Related party	2014		2013
Management fees	Namdo	\$ 229	\$	248
Exploration related expenditures	MS Group	-		86
Aircraft charter	Mile High	-		50
		\$ 229	\$	384

b) Related party liabilities

The liabilities of the Company include the following amounts due to related parties:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Namdo	\$ 9	\$ -
	\$ 9	\$ -

c) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers, vice-presidents and members of its Board of Directors.

The remuneration of key management personnel were as follows:

	Six months ended June 30,					
		2014		2013		
Salaries and wages	\$	1,732	\$	1,330		
Short term benefits	·	. 39		31		
Stock-based compensation		158		236		
	\$	1,929	\$	1,597		

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

11. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's primary business activity is the development and operation of diamond properties in Africa. The Company has three operating segments: Karowe Mine, Mothae Diamond Project and Corporate and other.

Three months ended June 30, 2014

	Kar	owe Mine	Mothae Diamond Project	Corporate and other	Total
Revenues	\$	70,972	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,972
Income from mining operations Exploration expenditures		49,652	- (135)	(48)	49,604 (135)
Finance income (expenses) Other expenses Tax expenses		163 (3,588) (20,468)	(7)	(106) (9,824) -	57 (13,419) (20,468)
Net income (loss) for the period		25,759	(142)	(9,978)	15,639
Capital expenditures	\$	9,380	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,380

Three months ended June 30, 2013

	ree months e	idea Julie s	JU, 2013		
	Karo	owe Mine	Mothae Diamond Project	Corporate and other	Total
Revenues	\$	47,224	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,224
Income from mining operations		30,071	-	(52)	30,019
Exploration expenditures		-	(557)	-	(557)
Finance income (expenses)		26	-	(885)	(859)
Other income (expenses)		(1,532)	11	(4,403)	(5,924)
Net income (loss) for the period		28,565	(546)	(5,340)	22,679
Capital expenditures	\$	1,666	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,666

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

11. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Six months ended June 30, 2014

	Kar	[Karowe Mine			Corporate and other	Total
Revenues	\$	103,752	\$		\$ -	\$ 103,752
Income from mining operations Exploration expenditures		62,819		- (594)	(109)	62,710 (594)
Finance income (expenses) Other income (expenses)		184 (4,611)		(8)	(209) (13,820)	(25) (18,439)
Tax expenses		(22,939)				(22,939)
Net income (loss) for the period		35,453		(602)	(14,138)	20,713
Capital expenditures		11,192		-	60	11,252
Total assets	\$	268,882	\$	19,348	\$ 7,128	\$ 295,358

Six months ended June 30, 2013

	Kar	owe Mine	, , <u>,</u>	Mothae Diamond Project	Corporate and other	Total
Revenues	\$	79,728	\$		\$ 	\$ 79,728
Income from mining operations Exploration expenditures Gain on sale of diamonds		42,590 - -		- (767) 584	(139) - -	42,451 (767) 584
Finance income (expenses) Other income (expenses)		44 (1,923)		- 45	(1,945) (9,641)	(1,901) (11,519)
Net income (loss) for the period		40,711		(138)	(11,725)	28,848
Capital expenditures		3,911		-	-	3,911
Total assets	\$	200,049	\$	20,701	\$ 5,168	\$ 225,918

The geographic distribution of non-current assets is as follows:

	Plant and equipment			Mineral properties				Other			
	June 30, 2014	Ī	December 31, 2013	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
Canada	\$ 172	\$	142	\$ -	\$	-	\$	342	\$	-	
Lesotho Botswana	482 102,071		486 100,258	18,313 55,327		18,408 53,653		61		62 -	
	\$ 102,725	\$	100,886	\$ 73,640	\$	72,061	\$	403	\$	62	

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(All amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, unless otherwise indicated.)

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Measurement categories and fair values

Financial assets and liabilities have been classified into categories that determine their basis of measurement and, for items measured at fair value, whether changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations or consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Those categories are: fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; available for sale assets; and, for liabilities, amortized cost.

The fair value of the Company's available for sale financial instruments is derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt approximates their carrying amounts due to the fact that there have been no significant changes in the Company's own credit risk. The fair value of all other financial instruments of the Company approximates their carrying values because of the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are categorized as follows:

	June 30, 2014		ember 31, 2013
ASSETS			
Loans and receivables			
Cash	\$ 82,098	\$	49,364
Other receivables	85	-	233
	\$ 82,183	\$	49,597
Available for sale			
Investments	 79		90
	\$ 79	\$	90
LIABILITIES			
Amortized cost			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 15,176	\$	15,491
Taxes payable	5,555		-
	\$ 20,731	\$	15,491

b) Fair value hierarchy

The following table classifies financial assets and liabilities that are recognized on the balance sheet at fair value in a hierarchy that is based on significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The levels in the hierarchy are:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)

Level 3 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

	June 30	0, 2014	Decembe	r 31, 2013
Level 1				
Investments	\$	79	\$	90
Level 2 and Level 3 - N/A				

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