HiQ ANNUAL REPORT 2014





Lars Stugemo, President and CEO, HiQ

HiQ's net sales in 2014 total SEK 1,378.8 million and operating profit amounts to SEK 147.4 million. We have a strong cash flow of SEK 104.0 million and a solid balance sheet. In view of the company's strong financial position, the Board of Directors proposes a dividend of SEK 2.60 per share.

We at HiQ, are now leaving our teenage years behind us to celebrate our 20th birthday. If we had known 20 years ago that, by the end of 2014, we would have such a strong track record, with 63 of our 64 quarterly reports as a listed company showing a profit – most of them with the best margins in the business – it would have made us immensely happy and proud. And if we had known 20 years ago what we can do with the aid of technology today, we would have been amazed.

The rapid pace of technical innovation and development affects each and every one of us—as individuals, companies and organisations. Value chains and business models in all sectors are being put under pressure. New companies are springing up to challenge the market and established competitors must constantly develop in order to defend their positions. The dominant trends worldwide are mobility, digitisation, and innovation around existing business models. Against the background of ever-accelerating activities in service and product development, the key to success in every industry is usability.

The "Internet of Things" is a trend that has been talked about for a long time. Now it's happening! Everything around us becomes interconnected and everyone is affected. Our view of the internet will change faster than we can imagine.

As the members of the rock group Backyard Babies reunite to make their comeback, the music itself is no longer the sole focus. The digital platform now works as the hub in their communication with media and fans. HiQ's success in winning the role as the band's digital partner highlights the long reach of today's digital age – an age where everyone sees the advantages of effective communication. Today, communication takes place between people, between businesses and between devices.

Today we have a broad-based approach to working with our clients, guiding them from idea to design and technical development, through to implementation and application management. Our offer is stronger than ever and it attracts attention over the year.

We are at our best when faced with tough challenges and tight deadlines. We combine our know-how from more than 15 different industries to help create success for our clients.

Speed and joy are obvious elements at HiQ and we are still as eager as we have always been to perform at the peak of our potential and to make a real difference in people's lives. We have fantastic co-workers with both heart and brains, exciting assignments and a list of clients that others can only dream of. Together we create a company in the absolute forefront and a world that is more fun and better. That is needed.

Welcome to the bright future that we call HiQ.

Lars Stugemo, President and CEO

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ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting will take place at 10 a.m. (10:00 C.E.T.) on 24 March 2015 in HiQ's offices on the 9th floor at Regeringsgatan 20 in Stockholm. A notice of the meeting will be published on the company website, www.hiq.se, and will also be advertised in Post & Inrikes Tidningar and in the Swedish daily newspaper Svenska Dagbladet.

DATUM FÖR FINANSIELL INFORMATION

Interim report January – March 2015 will be published 22 April 2015

Interim report January – June 2015 will be published 12 August 2015

Interim report January – September 2015 will be published 22 October 2015

Year-end report 2015 will be published 27 January 2016

HiQ helps to make the world a better place by making people's lives simpler and better. We are the perfect partner for everyone eager to achieve results that make a difference in our world.

In a world that is spinning faster and faster, HiQ has the know-how and experience to help our clients all the way from idea to implementation. We see technology as part of a larger context,

and as a tool for making a difference in people's everyday lives.

HiQ was established in 1995 and is today listed on the Nasdaq Stockholm MidCap list. With 1,400 specialists and the Nordic countries as our base, we work with global brands that, just like us, want to make life a little simpler. And a lot more fun.

The year at a glance

Looking back at 2014, we see that we continue hiring, growing and winning new clients and framework agreements. We do this in a market that feels the impact of the uncertainty in our surrounding world. We increase our net sales and profits, and with 1,400 employees we are today more employees than ever before. HiQ has a strong position in the Nordic Market and we also win several new assignments internationally.

We have a strong cash flow of SEK 104.0 million and a solid balance sheet. HiQ's liquid assets totalled SEK 180.1 million at 31 December, and the Board proposes that the Annual General Meeting approves a dividend to shareholders of SEK 2.60 per share, totalling approximately SEK 138.2 million, in

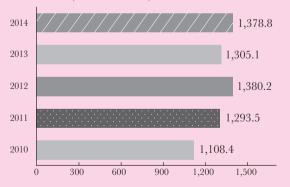
the form of a split and a compulsory redemption programme.

Digitisation and mobility continue to put HiQ on the map in 2014, in the Nordic region and globally. We want to simplify people's lives and make the world a better place. The solutions that we develop together with our clients truly create value for people. During the year we win many new framework agreements, for example with organisations such as the city of Gothenburg and the Swedish Tax Agency. The "Internet of Things" is made possible by the digital and mobile development. During 2014 it changes from a trendy term to something that creates business value. We see this in, for example, the "Roam Delivery" project, that has

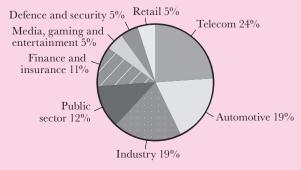
been acknowledged worldwide. In the project, we help Volvo Cars to simplify the delivery of goods. Another example is when we develop mobile banking and payment services that are used daily by nearly 3 million users.

The Knowledge Bar, HiQ's tour of seminars, music and social activities, sets a new record by gathering over 4,000 guest in seven cities during the autumn. We also recruit many new employees and we are proud that so many creative, brave and ambitious people want to work with us. We believe in creating winning results in combination with joy, passion and energy. Together we will continue building the company that we, ourselves, want to work in.

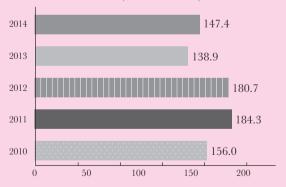
NET SALES (SEK MILLION)



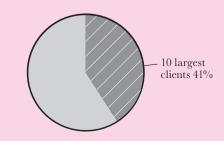
NET SALES PER MARKET



OPERATING PROFIT (SEK MILLION)



NET SALES, 10 LARGEST CLIENTS



Values

At HiQ, our values results, responsibility, simplicity and joy affect everything we do. These words at HiQ are not an elaborate document – they are the way we act everyday in every project, in order to create a competitive advantage and a more joyful everyday life for ourselves and for our clients.

Our values have been with us since the start 20 years ago and are the very heart and soul of HiQ. They govern who we are, what we do and how we are perceived by the world around us. Put into practice they mean that we take responsibility and are committed, that we dare to suggest unexpected and more efficient solutions, and that we bring joy to the teams that we work in. At HiQ we do our utmost to improve and simplify our clients' operations, while at the same time having fun together.

RESULTS

It may sound obvious, but to make sure that we have satisfied clients, we must deliver good results every day in every project. We follow up the results that we create, for example through extensive client surveys. The end result is that our clients can offer better products and services to make people's everyday life simpler, safer and more fun. Even though HiQ is turning 20 we remain a young, hungry and result-oriented company, constantly striving to make a difference in people's lives and in our clients' organisations.

RESPONSIBILITY

Every HiQ employee sets a good example in words and in action by taking their share of responsibility, both for their team and for the overall result. This covers everything from delivering the right services at the right time, to creating a pleasant atmosphere wherever we carry out our work. By doing that little extra we create added value for our clients.

SIMPLICITY

We love to tackle difficult challenges and to use advanced technology to simplify

people's everyday life. Simplicity is one of our guiding principles. It stimulates us to be creative. It gives us the courage to discard whatever is not necessary. For HiQ clients, simplicity means that we are available, quick to respond and not hesitant to proposing improvements. At HiQ, we say that simplicity is the innovation of our time.

JOY

When having fun at work and being yourself, we believe that you perform better. We have fun working together with our clients, and this shows in the results we create. Having good dynamics supports creativity, which in turn makes us more innovative and competitive. Joy is a benefit for us as a company, for us as co-workers and for all the clients we meet every day.

This is what we do for our clients

HiQ's passion is to create products and services that shape the future. Our origins are firmly rooted in IT and the development of services and products is part of our corporate DNA. Combined with our in-depth understanding of communication and vast business experience, this means that we can help our clients to grasp the potential that new technology brings. With our experience and our track record we can take an idea from the drawing board to implementation and further on to administration.

The speed with which technology is developing today and the digital transformation require new ways of thinking and an open-minded attitude towards changing and challenging existing business models. Mobility, digitisation and the Internet of Things are impacting on just about every industry at every level. With increased connectivity, the challenge of interlinking production, business operations and communication will require a holistic approach, innovative solutions and flexibility. Circumstances like these require a will to create simple solutions to complex challenges.

We see what this means in practice when we develop mobile payment solutions and when we create intelligent vehicles that detect hazards and prevent accidents. And we see it, too, when we use technology to simplify people's contact with authorities and healthcare institutions.

HiQ's domestic market is the Nordic region but we are also winning assignments internationally. We often enter partnerships with companies who, like us, see mobility, digitisation and the Internet of Things as business-critical aspects. As a partner, HiQ provides innovative power and technical competence. We also take overall responsibility in specific fields, such as testing and quality assurance processes, digital strategies and innovation processes.

Our client segments

HiQ's clients are found in many different industries and they all have a clear common denominator – that digitisation and mobility are re-drawing the map and affecting their businesses.

Together with our innovative and brave clients, HiQ develops solutions with the aim to simplify and improve. We divide our clients, who have primarily Nordic but also global presence, into eight market segments.

TELECOM

Mobility and improvements in capacity are becoming ever more important for all clients in all industries. Since 1995, HiQ has a very strong standing in this segment and works with global and market-leading clients. We have extensive technical expertise as well as commercial competence within telecommunications systems.

For almost 20 years we have been working closely with suppliers, operators, users and legislative authorities. Our know-how and understanding of the industry creates great value for clients and projects in other lines of business, as almost everyone are dependent on telecom technology and mobility.

For example, HiQ helps Microsoft Devices with an efficient and cloud based "Internet of Things" solution for analytics. The data gathered with the solution aims to improve quality of the mobile devices as well as the end-user experience. The solution makes it easier to forecast trends and modify functionality.

Some of our clients in this segment are Ascom Wireless Solutions, Com Hem, Doro, Ericsson, Microsoft Devices, Nokia, Telenor, TDC and Tele2.

AUTOMOTIVE

Vehicles and their components are increasingly becoming connected and able to communicate with each other, which simplifies for people and increases safety on our roads. The technology used in the automotive industry is constantly evolving and there is a great deal of pressure to introduce shorter and more efficient development cycles.

Together with innovative clients we are developing active safety systems,

such as road trains. Several vehicles travel in a semi-autonomous convoy, which contributes to enhanced safety and reduced fuel consumption. We are also developing a 360-degree field of vision around vehicles. This enables the vehicle to identify hazards and thereby avoid accidents.

HiQ is also increasingly involved in projects aimed at developing eco-friendlier vehicles. Technology plays a crucial part in finding effective solutions to reduce emissions and minimise fuel consumption.

Some of our clients in this segment are BorgWarner, Scania, Volvo Cars and Volvo Group.

INDUSTRY

More and more companies are completely dependent on, and open to the possibilities of, mobility and IT. HiQ creates new business offers and solutions that simplify operations. There are a great number of IT-dependent products and support systems that require development capacity and services for testing and quality assurance. "The cloud" is actively used for the streamlining of processes.

HiQ has a strong position in this segment and works with several global players with the aim to simplify and improve. For example, HiQ is strategic partner to Finnair and SAS, with the responsibility to help the airline companies with development, support and operation of business critical crew management systems.

Some of our clients in this segment are ABB, Assa Abloy, Atlas Copco, Bombardier, Dekra, Electrolux, Empower, Finnair, Jeppesen Systems, Kuusakoski, Kerava Energy, SAS, SKF and Svevia.

PUBLIC SECTOR

The public sector is continually striving to improve service levels and make people's lives simpler. To do so, the sector is developing IT environments that streamline and strengthen its operations.

HiQ has more than ten years' experience of working with the development of business-critical IT solutions for public authorities and organisations. The IT development in this segment simplifies for us as citizens, in our contacts and dealings with various authorities.

HiQ grows within the healthcare segment and has a number of framework agreements with different municipalities and county councils. Through strategy and technology, we simplify for both healthcare providers and patients - before, during, and after the appointment. We see great possibilities to streamline within this important segment.

Some of our clients in this segment are the Swedish Civil Contingencies Agency, the city of Gothenburg, the Swedish Traffic Assurance Association, the Swedish Public Employment Service, the Government of Sweden, Region Västra Götaland, the Swedish Post and Telecom Authority, the Swedish Tax Agency, the Stockholm County Council and the Finnish customs.

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

Today, we want to manage our bank errands simply, quickly and securely – willingly with a mobile device. Because of this, the finance and insurance segment is undergoing great changes. At HiQ, we combine our financial insights with our expertise in mobility to create a very competitive offering within mobile payments and banking

services. This is an area in which we continue winning assignments in the Nordic region.

Swish, that HiQ develops together with Bankgirot for Sweden's six largest banks, is a success with more than two million users. Swish enables people to transfer money in real time, without bank card readers or account numbers.

In Finland, the field of mobile banking services is also a large and recognised area of expertise for HiQ. We have, for example, developed the world's first mobile bank that is connected to a retail chain's customer bonus system.

Some of our clients in this segment are Bankgirot, Collector, Handelsbanken, Nordea, OP Pohjola Group, the S Group, SEB, Skandiabanken, Swedbank, Varma and Wasa Kredit.

MEDIA, GAMING AND ENTERTAINMENT

Thanks to today's technology, this industry is changing rapidly. Today, we can play games or stream high-quality media content almost regardless of where we are. At HiQ we use our know-how and experience from other segments as we help both the experienced companies and the start-ups to create the solutions of tomorrow.

As an example, online-based TV is growing at a fast pace. HiQ is part of developing a number of services

for various TV channels in the Nordic region and elsewhere in Europe. The viewers of today can decide for themselves where, when and how they want to watch TV, for example by using the IPTV service that HiQ has assisted British Channel 4 to develop.

In addition, HiQ is involved in developing online gaming. This, too, is a constantly evolving industry, and the Nordic companies are successful on the global gaming market.

Some of our clients in this segment are Channel 4, DICE, Fintoto, GTECH, the Gothenburg Symphony Orchestra, King, MTG Radio, MTV 3 Finland, Natur & Kultur, Rovio, SBS TV, Spotify, Utbildningsradion and Veikkaus.

DEFENCE AND SECURITY

We live in a time in which defence and security are becoming more and more important. The view of the world is uncertain and the question of defence is put higher on the agenda - not least is IT security becoming even more important for both companies and authorities. HiQ's experience in this area is extensive, as it has been since the start 20 years ago.

With our expert know-how, HiQ has been developing training simulators for the JAS 39 Gripen fighter aircraft since the early 1990s. Hundreds of fighter pilots worldwide have been trained in simulators that HiQ helps to develop.

HiQ helps the Swedish Defence Materiel Administration (FMV) to simplify tracking of their material using RFID technology - a high-tech collaboration that has won international recognition.

Some of our clients in this segment are BAE, the Swedish Defence Materiel Administration (FMV), the Swedish Armed Forces and SAAB.

RETAIL

Today, our shopping behaviour is completely different than it was only a few years back. Shopping online is convenient and simple, and online and mobile shopping is constantly breaking new records.

HiQ has a thorough understanding of the industry gained over many years, and we supply leading international retail chains with services ranging from concept and design to quality assurance. HiQ works within a broad range that includes e-commerce, mobile commerce, procurement and logistics systems, and tools for marketing and sales.

Some of our clients in this segment are ICA, Lähikauppa, Stockmann, and Volvohandelns Utvecklings AB.

Strategies for success

CLEAR VALUES

HiQ's values have been with us since the start 20 years ago. They are the very heart and soul of HiQ. We know that our values; results, responsibility, simplicity and joy, are the foundation for top quality in all that we do and thereby for satisfied clients. Our values affect us in every project, every day. They are a decisive competitive advantage for both HiQ and our clients.

A CONSULTING COMPANY – PLAIN AND SIMPLE

HiQ is a consultancy company in the truest sense, acting as an independent advisor and putting the best interests of our clients first. Our mission is to provide our clients with know-how, dedication and innovation.

QUALITY, PROFITABILITY AND GROWTH

Just as our name suggests, high quality is the foundation on which HiQ is built. Delivering high quality generates satisfied clients. Satisfied clients make our operations profitable, and these profits then provide us with the opportunity to grow. Our priorities are quality, profitability and growth – in

that order. Our growth strategy is to grow organically, supplemented by strategic acquisitions. HiQ's acquisition strategy is to strengthen the company's geographical presence in the Nordic region and to acquire companies that add new competence to HiQ.

SPECIALISTS IN TECHNOLOGY, BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS

As an idea, service and technology partner, we work closely with our clients as mobility and digitisation continue to affect their businesses. We see technology as part of a larger context and as a tool for making a difference in people's everyday life. By a thorough insight into our clients' business operations, we are able to add expertise of how technology best simplifies and improves.

WE DELIVER WITH THE CLIENT IN MIND

HiQ offers a flexible delivery model with the client's needs and conditions in focus. We provide specialist expertise for projects on site and also undertake projects at our own facilities and via our near shore office. We also offer complete teams which give the client flexibility.

KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER BETWEEN INDUSTRIES

We work actively with transferring knowledge between the various industries and market segments that we operate in. This way our clients can benefit from new competence and inspiration from completely other industries than their own. An example of this is when we use our know-how from telecom to develop mobile bank- and payment solutions. The need for communication solutions continues to grow in an ever increasing number of industries, and more and more segments are also calling for our help and expertise in areas such as mobility.

THE NORDIC REGION AS OUR BASE

HiQ is a consultancy company with roots in the Nordics, and a strong position in the region. At the same time, our international commitments are steadily increasing, both in terms of assignments for non-Nordic companies and for Nordic clients abroad. As an example, we work in projects in London and California during 2014.

Five-year summary

In 2014 our turnover was SEK 1,378.8 million with an operating margin of 10.7%. The tables below show HiQ's financial development over the 2010–2014 period.

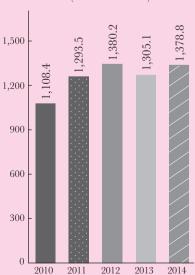
| INCOME STATEMENT | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| (SEK million) | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net sales | 1,378.8 | 1,305.1 | 1,380.2 | 1,293.5 | 1,108.4 |
| Other operating income | _ | _ | _ | 1.1 | _ |
| Operating expenses, excl. Deprecation | -1,221.1 | -1,155.3 | -1,186.2 | -1,097.5 | -941.2 |
| Operating profit before depreciation | 157.7 | 149.8 | 194.0 | 197.1 | 167.2 |
| Deprecation | -10.3 | -10.9 | -13.3 | -12.7 | -11.2 |
| Operating profit | 147.4 | 138.9 | 180.7 | 184.3 | 156.0 |
| Financial net | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.6 | -0.9 |
| Pre-tax profit | 147.9 | 139.3 | 181.4 | 186.0 | 155.1 |
| Tax charged to the year's profit | -32.9 | -32.3 | -44.5 | -50.3 | -44.4 |
| Profit after tax | 115.0 | 107.1 | 136.9 | 135.7 | 110.6 |
| BALANCE SHEET | | | | | |
| (SEK million) | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 344.0 | 330.6 | 324.8 | 337.7 | 344.8 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 36.1 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 34.3 | 26.9 |
| Financial assets | 15.1 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 11.7 | 14.8 |
| Total fixed assets | 395.2 | 381.5 | 374.9 | 383.7 | 386.6 |
| Accounts receivable, trade | 281.5 | 253.1 | 279.2 | 260.3 | 228.0 |
| Other current assets, excl. cash | 132.4 | 117.4 | 127.8 | 129.0 | 113.1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 180.1 | 207.3 | 210.0 | 190.5 | 163.5 |
| Total current assets | 593.9 | 577.8 | 617.0 | 579.8 | 504.6 |
| Total assets | 989.1 | 959.4 | 991.9 | 963.5 | 891.3 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 698.2 | 691.0 | 699.3 | 686.2 | 633.8 |
| Non-interest-bearing provisions | 0.1 | 0.3 | 8.9 | 2.2 | 4.1 |
| Interest-bearing long-term liabilities | 21.9 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 25.0 | 20.7 |
| Non-interest-bearing current liabilities | 263.0 | 239.2 | 255.1 | 245.8 | 228.9 |
| Interest-bearing current liabilities | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.7 |
| Total shareholders' equity and liabilities | 989.1 | 959.4 | 991.9 | 963.5 | 891.3 |
| SALES AND PROFIT PER QUARTER 2014 | | | | | |
| | Q1 | | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| Net sales, SEK million | 348.6 | | 346.2 | 294.9 | 389.2 |
| Operating profit, SEK million | 36.1 | | 30.3 | 27.3 | 48.4 |
| Operating margin, % | 10.3% | | 8.7% | 11.1% | 12.4% |
| Cash and cash equivalents per quarter | 227.1 | | 119.8 | 111.2 | 180.1 |

KEY RATIOS

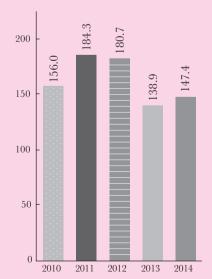
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| Net sales, SEK million | 1,378.8 | 1,305.1 | 1,380.2 | 1,293.5 | 1,108.4 |
| Growth in net sales, % | 5.6 | -5.4 | 6.7 | 16.7 | 4.8 |
| Gross margin, % | 10.7 | 11.5 | 14.1 | 15.2 | 15.1 |
| Operating margin, % | 10.7 | 10.6 | 13.1 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| Return on shareholders' equity, % | 16.6 | 15.4 | 19.8 | 20.6 | 18.0 |
| Return on working capital, % | 27.9 | 27.0 | 34.6 | 36.2 | 32.0 |
| Net sales per employee, SEK thousand | 1,115 | 1,086 | 1,150 | 1,169 | 1,173 |
| Value add per employee, SEK thousand | 881 | 858 | 889 | 901 | 901 |
| Operating profit per employee, SEK thousand | 119 | 116 | 151 | 167 | 165 |
| Average number of employees | 1,237 | 1,202 | 1,200 | 1,107 | 945 |
| Number of employees at year-end | 1,412 | 1,326 | 1,326 | 1,282 | 1,167 |
| Equity ratio, % | 70.6 | 72.0 | 70.5 | 71.2 | 71.1 |
| For definitions see page 54. | | | | | |
| KEY RATIOS PER SHARE | | | | | |
| (SEK, unless stated otherwise) | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Earnings after tax, before dilution | 2.18 | 2.03 | 2.60 | 2.58 | 2.14 |
| Earnings after tax, after dilution | 2.17 | 2.03 | 2.59 | 2.58 | 2.13 |
| Cash flow, before dilution | -0.56 | -0.05 | 0.37 | 0.51 | 0.61 |
| Dividend (2013 proposed) | $2.60^{1)}$ | $2.60^{2)}$ | $2.40^{3)}$ | $2.20^{4)}$ | 1.805) |
| Equity (before dividend) | 13.14 | 13.10 | 13.26 | 13.01 | 12.12 |
| Direct yield, % | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 4.7 |
| Share price at year-end | 41.10 | 39.60 | 36.00 | 29.00 | 38.30 |
| Average number of shares, thousand | 52,784 | 52,752 | 52,752 | 52,564 | 51,680 |
| Average number of shares after dilution, thousand | 52,890 | 52,842 | 52,752 | 52,568 | 51,876 |
| Number of outstanding shares, thousand | 53,139 | 52,752 | 52,752 | 52,752 | 52,303 |
| | | | | | |

- 1) The Board has proposed to distribute, via a share split and mandatory redemption, an amount of approximately SEK 138 million (SEK 2.60/share) to the shareholders.
- 2) 2013 share split and distribution to shareholders of approx. SEK 137 million (SEK 2.60/share)
- $3)\,2012\,share\,split\,and\,distribution\,to\,shareholders\,of\,approx.\,SEK\,127\,million\,(SEK\,2.40/share)$
- $4)\,2011\,share\,split\,and\,distribution\,to\,share holders\,of\,approx.\,SEK\,116\,million\,(SEK\,2.20/share)$
- $5)\,2010\,\mathrm{share\,split\,and\,distribution\,to\,shareholders\,of\,approx.\,SEK\,94\,million\,(SEK\,1.80/\mathrm{share})}$

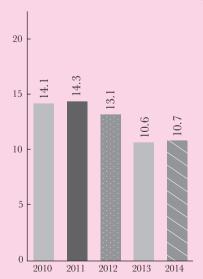
NET SALES (SEK MILLION)



OPERATING PROFIT (SEK MILLION)



OPERATING PROFIT (SEK MILLION)



Risk and risk management

HiQ's business is affected by a number of different factors, some of which are within the company's control while others are not. In consultancies such as HiQ, profitability is primarily determined by four factors: available time, price, utilisation rate and cost control. These factors are in turn affected by market conditions through demand for HiQ's services and the opportunity to recruit new staff and thereby to grow.

BUSINESS-RELATED RISKS

Recruitment and skills supply Our co-workers, along with our clients, are HiQ's biggest asset. The average HiQ employee has a degree in engineering and around twelve years' experience in the industry. The supply of experienced and skilled staff with good business expertise depends on economic conditions. In boom periods there is often a shortage of the skills that we are looking for, which can affect HiQ's growth. We work actively on developing HiO as an attractive employer that skilled people want to work for. In an economic downturn it is easier to recruit specific competence. For a staff intensive company such as HiQ, it is always important to try to keep the staff turnover at a decent level.

Competition and price pressure

Competition is a natural part of doing business and is necessary for healthy development. A highly competitive market is a challenge that develops HiQ as a company, since we must constantly make efforts to show our clients that we are that bit better than our competitors. Fierce competition can also bring pressure on prices. To balance the risks of that eventuality occurring, HiQ needs to have specialist expertise that is in demand by clients, irrespective of the state of the economy, and in certain cases to

avoid projects where the price level is judged to be too low to ensure satisfactory profitability. HiQ competes with large actors and smaller niche players, depending on the area in which HiQ is operating. Some of our larger listed competitors are Accenture, Cybercom, Knowit, Semcon, and Tieto

Framework agreements

Framework agreements have significant importance for companies like HiQ. In our view, clients are today tending to choose to cooperate with fewer suppliers, and they are choosing them carefully. As well as quality and a high level of technical expertise, a strong financial position is of the utmost importance today if we are to be among those companies chosen by our clients as preferred suppliers. Clients want to cooperate with a supplier who will still be there at the end of the project. HiO currently has framework agreements with practically all its major clients and, in order to reduce the risks of not remaining a preferred supplier, we must deliver quality and results as well as have a good dialogue with the client.

Developments at our key clients HiQ's top 10 clients account for 41% of sales. HiQ operates in long-term relationships with its clients and many have been on our client list for over five years. There is always the risk that one key client may be affected by fluctuations in the market and reduce the amount of consultancy services that it buys in, which in the short term may result in poorer capacity utilization for HiQ. As a company, we must maintain a good balance between clients from different sectors and geographical regions. More than five different sectors are represented among HiQ's top 10 clients.

Bad debts

Just as HiQ is affected by developments at its key clients – which in the event of a rapid decline may affect our utilisation rate – we may be hit by unpaid invoices and thus bad debts. In historical terms, we have only experienced a few bad debts and we have continually improved our routines for invoice payment and follow-up. Where we work with clients with a lower credit rating, for example because they are newly established, payment may be required in advance or subject to a short period of credit.

MARKET-RELATED RISKS

Cyclical risks

Market conditions affect all companies within a particular sector in one way or another. There is always an obvious risk that HiQ will be affected by economic fluctuations. Historically speaking, HiQ has maintained comparatively high profitability during both boom periods and recessions, but naturally we have also been affected as a company - which has meant adjustments to our operations, for example. By creating a flexible organization with skills that can be transferred between different sectors and geographical areas, we have a capacity for balancing out different geographical regions. HiQ has clients many different market segments and a strong balance sheet. Thanks to this, we are well prepared to tackle an economic down-turn.

FINANCIAL RISKS

For a description of financial risks, please refer to note 35 on page 50.

The HiQ co-worker – a few facts

At HiQ we work everyday to create a better world by using IT to simplify and improve. We recruit the best employees, and this creates strong teams that combine people with different backgrounds, origins and competences and a mix of women and men, as well as old and young. Diversity and the possibility to be oneself at the workplace come for free and are good for dynamics. Good dynamics support creativity, which in turn makes us more innovative and

competitive. As an example, we can see that the proportion of women at HiQ is increasing and that more than 30 different nationalities are represented among our employees.

We believe that having a balance in life is important. What we do in our spare time is reflected in our work and vice versa. HiQ has a strong corporate culture and we work hard to make sure that our employees are satisfied and feel

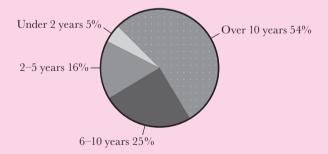
that they are developing. We are proud when HiQ is ranked high as an employee in different surveys. For example, when we were recently selected as one of Sweden's career companies. High competence is typical for our employees. A HiQ employee has 12 years' experience of technology and business development: 54 per cent are graduate engineers and 40 per cent have other university degrees.

| Key ratios 5 years | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Net sales per employee, thousand | 1,115 | 1,086 | 1,150 | 1,169 | 1,173 |
| Value add per employee, thousand | 881 | 858 | 889 | 901 | 901 |
| EBIT per employee, thousand | 119 | 116 | 151 | 167 | 165 |
| Number of employees at end of year | 1,412 | 1,326 | 1,326 | 1,282 | 1,167 |
| Average number of employees | 1,237 | 1,202 | 1,200 | 1,107 | 945 |
| Proportion of women | 24% | 24% | 22% | 21% | 23% |
| Average age, years | 39 | 38 | 37 | 37 | 37 |

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND

Other educational background 6% Other academic background 40% Graduate engineers 54%

INDUSTRY EXPERIENCE AMONG EMPLOYEES



The HiQ share

On 31 December 2014, the share capital in HiQ totaled SEK 5,313,902, represented by 53,139,023 outstanding shares. Each share carries one vote and all shares carry equal rights to a share in the assets and profits of the Company. At the Annual General Meeting (AGM) each person entitled to vote may vote for the full number of shares owned and represented without any restriction

on voting rights. The AGM in March 2014 authorised the Board of Directors, on one or more occasions on the period up to the next AGM, to issue a maximum of 5,000,000 shares in the form of a non-cash issue or off-set issue in conjunction with acquisitions. The Annual General Meeting also authorised the Board of Directors, on one or more occasions in the period up to the

next AGM, to pass a resolution to acquire as many shares in total so that the company's holding at no time exceeds 10% of the total shares in the company. Acquisitions shall be made via Nasdaq Stockholm and may only be made at a price within the price range registered at any time, i.e. the interval between the highest bid rate and lowest offer rate.

CHANGES IN THE SHARE CAPITAL

The list below describes the change in share capital during the last five years.

| | | Change in | Total | Number of |
|------|--|---------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Year | Transaction | Share capital | Share capital | outstanding shares |
| 2010 | Opening balance | | 5,160,526 | 51,605,258 |
| 2010 | Opening balance | _ | 5,160,526 | 51,605,258 |
| 2010 | Redemption – Split 2:1 | _ | 5,160,526 | 103,210,516 |
| 2010 | Redemption of shares | -2,580,263 | 2,580,263 | 51,605,258 |
| 2010 | Bonus issue of shares | 2,580,263 | 5,160,526 | 51,605,258 |
| 2010 | Purchase consideration Frends Technology | 29,087 | 5,189,613 | 51,896,123 |
| 2010 | Redemption of warrants | 40,660 | 5,230,272 | 52,302,723 |
| 2011 | Redemption – Split 2:1 | _ | 5,230,272 | 104,605,446 |
| 2011 | Redemption of shares | -2,615,136 | 2,615,136 | 52,302,723 |
| 2011 | Bonus issue of shares | 2,615,136 | 5,230,272 | 52,302,723 |
| 2011 | Redemption of warrants | 44,880 | 5,275,152 | 52,751,523 |
| 2012 | Redemption – Split 2:1 | _ | 5,275,152 | 105,503,046 |
| 2012 | Redemption of shares | -2,637,576 | 2,637,576 | 52,751,523 |
| 2012 | Bonus issue of shares | 2,637,576 | 5,275,152 | 52,751,523 |
| 2013 | Redemption – Split 2:1 | _ | 5,275,152 | 105,503,046 |
| 2013 | Redemption of shares | -2,637,576 | 2,637,576 | 52,751,523 |
| 2013 | Bonus issue of shares | 2,637,576 | 5,275,152 | 52,751,523 |
| 2014 | Redemption – Split 2:1 | <u> </u> | 5,275,152 | 105,503,046 |
| 2014 | Redemption of shares | -2,637,576 | 2,637,576 | 52,751,523 |
| 2014 | Bonus issue of shares | 2,637,576 | 5,275,152 | 52,751,523 |
| 2014 | Redemption of warrants | 38,750 | 5,313,902 | 53,139,023 |

EMPLOYEE SHARE PROGRAMS

From 1998 up to and including 2014 HiQ has implemented a number of share programmes for its employees for the purpose of attracting, retaining and motivating staff members. The programmes are based on warrants. The programmes are divided into sub-programmes in order to allow warrants to be offered to new employees on an ongoing basis. The Annual General Meeting in March 2014 approved a warrants programme aimed at all employees in Finland and Sweden, divided into two series. The

number of warrants subscribed for in the two series was 573,688. Of the total number of warrants, 470,888 were acquired at market price and 102,800 were allocated as matching warrants, according to principles adopted by the Annual General Meeting. During 2014 387,500 warrants, issued in 2011, has been exercised into shares and 348,000 warrants, issued in 2011, lapsed without exercise. The total number of outstanding warrants, where each warrant entitles the holder to subscribe for 1 share, was 2,000,983 at yearend, corresponding to a maximum dilution effect

of 3.6%. In order to encourage uptake of the warrant programme, HiQ offers a subsidy to the warrant holders who are still employed at HiQ at the time of redemption. Starting in 2014, a matching warrant (received without consideration) has been introduced for key employees that are still employed by HiQ at time of exercise. The cost of the subsidy amounted to SEK 1.2 (0.3) million in 2014. For more detailed information regarding the programs, please refer to note 20.

WARRANT DATA

| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | - | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------------|---------|---------------------|--------------|
| Name | No of warrants | No underlying shares | Term | Subscription period | Strike price |
| 2012:1 | 567,615 | 567,615 | 3 years | May 2015 | 38.00 |
| 2012:2 | 326,480 | 326,480 | 3 years | Nov 2015 | 34.30 |
| 2013:1 | 229,000 | 229,000 | 3 years | May 2016 | 38.60 |
| 2013:2 | 304,200 | 304,200 | 3 years | Nov 2016 | 41.50 |
| 2014:1 | 395,000 | 395,000 | 3 years | May 2017 | 39.20 |
| 2014:2 | 178,688 | 178,688 | 3 years | Nov 2017 | 38.20 |

DIVIDEND POLICY

HiQ's dividend level is tailored to the Group's capital requirements, which mainly take the form of investments, working capital commitments and the shareholders' requirement for a good dividend yield. The goal is for the long-term dividend level to be approximately 50% of HiQ's profit after tax.

OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

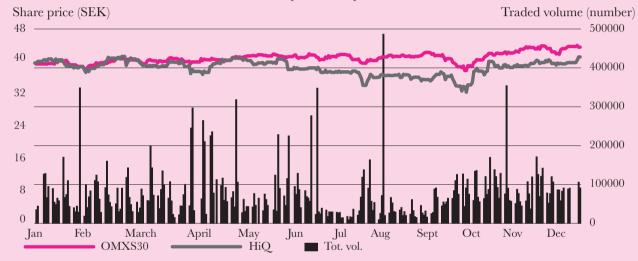
At year-end, HiQ had 10,370 share-holders. Foreign ownership amounted to 28.9% and was distributed over the following countries: Nordic countries (except Sweden) 11.4%, Europe (except

Nordic region) 12.8%, the US 4.3% and other countries 0.4%. At yearend, Swedish institutional investors owned 45% of the shares. 17% of the shares were held directly by the shareholders, while 83% were registered in the name of a nominee.

SHARE PRICE DEVELOPMENT

The graph below illustrates how the HiQ share has performed over the period 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2014. For up-to-date share information, please consult the Nasdaq Nordic website at www.nasdaqomxnordic. com. HiQ is listed on Nasdaq Stockholm MidCap, which is a part of the

Nordic Exchange. It was first listed on 12 April 1999 and the initial share price, calculated on the basis of the share split implemented, was SEK 10.60. On 30 December 2014, the market price was SEK 41.10. HiO's market capitalization thus amounted to around SEK 2.184 million (before dilution). The highest price paid during the year was SEK 41.50 on 30 December 2014. The lowest price paid during the year was SEK 32.10 on 16 October 2014. During the year, a total of 19.9 million shares were traded. On average, approximately 80.000 shares were traded per day.



| Holdings | No of owners Per | centage of owners | No of shares | Percentage of shares |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 1-1,000 | 8,026 | 77.4% | 2,879,979 | 5.4% |
| 1,001 - 5,000 | 1,853 | 17.9% | 4,606,870 | 8.7% |
| 5,001 – 10,000 | 233 | $2.2^{\circ}/_{\circ}$ | 1,813,715 | 3.4% |
| 10,001 - 15,000 | 69 | 0.7% | 877,326 | 1.7% |
| 15,001 – 20,000 | 44 | 0.4% | 795,244 | 1.5% |
| 20,001 - | 145 | $1.4^{\circ}/_{\circ}$ | 42,165,889 | 79.3% |
| Total | 10,370 | 100.0% | 53,139,023 | 100.0% |

TOP 15 SHAREHOLDERS 31 DECEMBER 2014 (AND KNOWN CHANGES)

| Name | No of shares | Share of capital & votes |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Swedbank Robur fonder | 5,131,648 | 9.7% |
| Nordea fonder | 4,660,676 | 8.8% |
| SEB Investment Management | 4,407,562 | 8.3% |
| Lannebo fonder | 3,441,000 | 6.5% |
| Handelsbanken fonder | 3,142,873 | 5.9% |
| Skandia fonder | 2,445,776 | 4.6% |
| DnB Carlson fonder | 1,729,372 | 3.3% |
| AMF Försäkring och fonder | 1,669,587 | 3.1% |
| Avanza Pension | 1,212,216 | 2.3% |
| Hannu Lehessaari | 1,100,000 | 2.1% |
| Fjärde AP-fonden | 821,990 | 1.6% |
| Rolf Anderson | 815,132 | 1.5% |
| Fidelity fonder | 814,900 | 1.5% |
| Folketrygdfondet | 602,157 | 1.1% |
| Lars Stugemo | 433,651 | 0.8% |

Holdings include related-party holdings and holdings through companies.

Source: Euroclear and known holdings

Director's Report

Directors' Report for HiQ International AB (Publ) Org no. 556529-3205, registered office: Stockholm, address: Box 7421, 103 91 Stockholm.

THE BUSINESS IN GENERAL

HiQ works with high-tech solutions within communications and software development. The company is a leading player in these fields, with the Nordic region as its domestic market. In 2014 the Group generated sales of SEK 1,378.8 million. At year-end the Group had 1,412 employees, and operations in Sweden, Finland, Denmark and Russia.

OWNERSHIP

HiQ International is listed on the Nasdaq Nordics MidCap list in Stockholm. At year-end HiQ had a total of 10,370 shareholders. For a more detailed description of the ownership of HiQ International AB, see The HiQ share on page 14.

IMPORTANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR

During 2014 HiQ continues to grow and win market shares. We are more employees than ever before and we are winning new clients and framework agreements. We want to simplify people's lives and make the world a better place, and the solutions we develop together with our clients create value for people at large. HiQ has a strong standing in the Nordic market and we are also winning new international assignments. We are currently involved in projects in London, California and elsewhere.

The development of services and products is part of our corporate DNA and this, together with our deep know-how within communication and business, enables us to help our clients reap the benefits of new technology. This means we can guide a client from initial idea all the way through to implementation and even application management. The breadth of our offer means we can work with our clients not only via the traditional points of contact, but also directly with their marketing departments, for whom technology is becoming increasingly important.

HiQ is also winning assignments that involve a full-service responsibility within certain specific areas. Examples include testing and quality assurance processes, digital strategies and simulations. HiQ also successfully operates extensive projects close to our clients so called home shoring projects.

Our innovative and brave clients come from a broad spectrum of industries. We divide them into eight main market segments: Telecom, Automotive, Industry, Public sector, Finance and insurance, Media, gaming and entertainment, Defence and security, and Retail. On pages 7 and 8 you can read more about where our clients operate and how HiQ helps them to simplify and improve.

In 2014 HiQ wins new assignments in all the segments in which we operate. Regardless of the nature of their business, all HiQ clients have one thing in common - that IT is becoming a bigger and increasingly business-critical aspect of their operations. Our broad expertise and long experience enable us to contribute with both innovative power and technical know-how to our clients' development. Take the automotive industry, for example, where development is moving at a rapid pace. In the "Non-Hit Car & Truck" project we are working closely with our client to create a 360-field of vision around the vehicle in order to prevent accidents. In the "Roam Delivery" project we help to simplify the delivery of goods. With the help of GPS technology and a digital key the delivery is made directly to the trunk of a parked vehicle.

"Roam Delivery" is an example of what we call the "Internet of Things". During the course of 2014 this has evolved from a trendy term to creating actual commercial value. Today HiQ is one of the leading players in this field, helping a number of clients to investigate the possibilities. One such client is Microsoft Devices who we are assisting

with the development of an analytics solution for their mobile division. The efficient Internet of Things solution is built on a cloud-based platform and aims to use the data gathered to improve the quality of mobile devices and the end-user experience.

HiQ is passionate about simplifying people's lives. Together with our clients we continue doing this during the year. Two projects that really do make a difference to people's lives are ResLedaren ("Travel Guide") and Fejjan för alla ("Facebook for Everybody"). The latter is a solution that enables deafblind people or those with severe visual impairments to use Facebook in much the same way as everyone else. ResLedaren is a mobile service that makes it simpler and safer for people with cognitive functional disorders such ADHD and autism to use public transport in Stockholm.

Health and medical care is an area that we look at with great reassurance. It is an area in great need of improving the patient's experience before, during and after an appointment. We use our experience from many different industries and we have a strong team of specialists who win several important framework agreements and assignments during the year.

In 2014 HiQ plays an important part in the annual digital business conference SIME in Stockholm. As more and more people with connections to marketing become aware of what HiQ can offer, our participation in events like SIME is acquiring increasing importance.

In 2014 the Knowledge Bar, HiQ's road show with lectures, music and social activities, breaks all previous records by attracting more than 4,000 visitors in seven cities. We are proud and delighted to welcome so many people who are interested to learn more about us as a company, while joining in the fun and benefiting from the knowledge and energy that the Knowledge Bar generates.

To sum up, we are pleased to report that HiQ's performance in 2014 is, in all essentials, good. We are hiring and growing and we continue to create good results in a market that feels the impact of the uncertainty in our surrounding world.

The market in Finland is challenging but HiQ Finland does a good job and continues to show good results. In Sweden different parts of the market are developing in different ways. In Stockholm, HiQ is a leading player, with presence in all market segments. The company advances its position in the local market and performs well during the year. In the Mälardalen region, with offices in Arboga, Borlänge, Västerås and Örebro, HiQ has its main presence in the industry and defence segments. The company has potential for improvement on the road ahead. In Gothenburg, HiQ continues to be the leading ideaand technology company. HiQ Gothenburg grows and delivers a steady result, and is acknowledged globally together with its clients. Our business in Öresund broadens its operations in a market that keeps looking brighter. The company is represented in several segments and works with large, global brands. Our subsidiary in Linköping is growing and reporting good result. In 2014, HiQ opens an office in Norrköping, which quickly generates its own client base. In Karlskrona, HiQ performs a good result on a market dominated by telecom and defence, while at the same time broadening the market mix.

RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

HiQ's net sales in 2014 amounted to SEK 1,378.8 (1,305.1) million, an increase of 6%. Operating profit amounted to SEK 147.4 (138.9) million, giving an operating profit margin of 10.7 (10.6) percent. Consolidated net financial items for the period were SEK 0.5 (0.4) million. Profit before tax amounted to SEK 147.9 (139.3) million.

Cash flow from operating activities was positive at SEK 104.0 (130.8) million. At 31 December 2014 the Group had liquid assets of SEK 180.1 (207.3) million. During the year cash flow

was affected by a share redemption of approximately SEK 137 million implemented in May 2014. Interest-bearing net funds at the end of the period were SEK 152.3 (178.5) million. Shareholders' equity at the end of the period was SEK 698.2 (691.0) million and the equity/assets ratio was 70.6 (72.0) percent.

During December 2012, the trustee manager of SAAB Automobile AB, posted reimbursement demands to HiQ of SEK 4.3 million (VAT included) for services delivered by HiQ. In 2013, the trustee manager adjusted the claims to SEK 5.5 million (VAT included). In 2014, the trustee manager has adjusted the claims to SEK 5.6 million (VAT included). As HiQ see these demands as being ill-founded, no reservations for this amount have been set. According to the information HiQ currently have, the Court of Gothenburg will make a decision in the case during the autumn 2015.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

The Group has very limited activities within research and development. During the year SEK $0.0\,(0.0)$ million was expensed for research and development.

INVESTMENTS

The Group's net investments in fixed assets totalled SEK 8.7 (8.8) million during the period. Investments in improvements to premises amounted to SEK 1.7 (1.3) million, equipment SEK 1.7 (2.0) million, finance leases SEK 5.3 (5.5) million.

EMPLOYEES

At year-end HiQ had 1,412 (1,326) employees, 1,301 (1,227) of whom were active staff. Employees are HiQ's most important asset and HiQ works continuously to safeguard and improve the employees' work situation. Sickness absence at HiQ in 2014 was 4.1% (3.5%). HiQ is a member of a corporate health-care scheme and certain subsidiaries engage the services of a naprapath. Staff receive subsidized healthcare. HiQ also has ethics and equality policies in place, which mean that all employees shall be given the same opportunities irrespec-

tive of age, sex, ethnical belonging and religious conviction. HiQ also works actively to create a corporate culture that develops our employees' expertise and experience.

PARENT COMPANY

The Parent Company's operations consist in shared Group functions for accounting and finance, investor relations and marketing. Net sales in the Parent Company were SEK 36.4 (28.3) million. Operating profit was SEK -11.9 (-10.9) million. Net financial items were SEK 107.0 (138.1) million, which includes result from participations in Group companies of SEK 107,9 (138.8) million. After tax of SEK 13.8 (22.0) million, net profit was SEK 81.3 (130.2) million. At 31 December the Company's interest-bearing net funds were SEK 35.6 (97.9) million, adjusted shareholders' equity SEK 487.2 (529.6) million and the equity/assets ratio 85.5 (87.9) percent. The Company's net investments in the period totalled SEK 0.0(0.3) million.

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

We do not consider that HiQ's activities have any significant impact on the environment. Nevertheless, HiQ's environmental work and policy are reviewed on an ongoing basis. The environmental policy states that HiQ shall engage actively in environmental activities with a view to continuously improving the environment in a way which is defensible from an economic and business perspective. We believe this makes the Company more attractive to employees, clients, suppliers and shareholders. Environmental work is an integrated part of the business and each managing director has local responsibility for ensuring that HiQ's environmental policy is followed and any action programmes implemented.

NEW SHARE ISSUES ETC.

During 2014 387.500 shares have been issued at the price of SEK 31.80 as a result of conversion of warrants. Net after issue costs, the Company has received SEK 12.3 million. In addition, the shareholders' equity increased with SEK 1.1 million due to payment of premiums for 573,688 warrants. During 2013 no

share issues have been made. However, the shareholders' equity increased with SEK 1.0 million due to payment of premiums for 533.200 warrants. For a more detailed description of outstanding warrant programmes, see Note 20, on page 44.

THE HIQ SHARE

At 31 December 2014 HiQ's share capital totalled SEK 5,313,902.30 spread over 53,139,023 outstanding shares. Each share carries one vote and all shares carry equal rights to a share in the assets and profits of the Company. As far as the Company is aware, there are no direct or indirect shareholdings representing at least one tenth of the voting rights for all the shares in the Company. Neither is the Company aware of any agreements between shareholders that may entail restrictions in the right to transfer shares. At the Annual General Meeting each person entitled to vote may vote for the full number of shares owned and represented without any restriction on voting rights. The Annual General Meeting in March 2014 authorised the Board of Directors, on one or more occasions in the period up to the next AGM, to issue a maximum of 5,000,000 shares in the form of a non-cash issue or off-set issue in connection with acquisitions. At the AGM in March 2014 it was decided to conduct a split, redemption of shares and bonus issue. The number of outstanding shares and the company's share capital remained the same after the completion of this procedure.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

HiQ helps clients to simplify and improve by making use of our expertise in technology, business and operations. We contribute to the development of modern society, in which the mobile lifestyle and connected devices are major factors driving the demand for new products, services and business models.

As an idea and service partner we work closely with our clients, as IT becomes an increasingly important part of our clients' businesses.

Our expertise and financial situation allow us to identify opportunities to

advance our positions even further in the market segments and areas in which we operate.

HiQ's overall strategy is to be a innovative and leading specialist service company with the core of its operations in the Nordic countries.

HiQ's growth strategy is to grow organically and to complement organic growth with strategic acquisitions. HiQ's acquisition strategy aims to strengthen the company's geographical reach by increasing its Nordic presence and it seeks to acquire companies that add new and relevant areas of expertise to HiQ.

HiQ is convinced that there will be long-term growth in all industries in which the company is active. We also believe the future will see a steady rise in the number of industries for which technology is critical for success.

Our targets are:

- To be a high quality consultancy company for clients, co-workers and shareholders
- To be profitable, generate good growth and strong cash flows, and to create good long-term yield to our shareholders
- To be the leading company in the Nordic region within our segments

HiQ prioritises quality, profitability and growth – in that order. HiQ does not provide forecasts.

RISKS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

HiQ's business is affected by a number of different factors, some of which are within the Company's control while others are not. For a consultancy company such as HiQ, activities are affected by business-related risks such as recruitment, competition and price pressure, development of key customers, bad debts, project risks and the ability to enter into framework agreements. Market related risks include cyclical risks. Financial risks include exchange rate risks and interest risks. For a more detailed description of HiQ's risk management, see Risk and risk management on page 12.

For a description of the Group's risk management concerning financial instruments, see Note 35, on page 50.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

General

HiQ International AB is a Swedish public limited company with its registered office in Stockholm, Sweden. HiQ's corporate governance is based on the Swedish Companies Act, the company's articles of association, the obligations that accompany listing on the NASDAQ Stockholm, the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance and other applicable laws and regulations. Corporate governance comprises a regulatory and decision making system for managing a company's business in an effective, controlled manner. The aim is to meet the owners' requirements in terms of the return on capital invested. In Sweden, corporate governance has traditionally been regulated by legislation. In addition, the self-regulatory bodies of trade and industry have continually presented various stipulations relating to corporate governance. For detailed information on the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance visit www.bolagsstyrning.se. HiQ aims for a high standard through a clear and simple management system and guiding documents. Management, leadership and control of HiQ is divided between the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors, the CEO, and the auditors in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and the company's articles of association. Increased transparency provides good insight into the company's operations, which contributes to effective control.

HiQ's application of the Code of Corporate Governance
HiQ has applied the Swedish Code of
Corporate Governance since 1 July
2008. HiQ follows the Code with the
following exceptions: No Remuneration
Committee has been appointed. Instead these matters are dealt with by the
Board as a whole, excluding the company's CEO. This is because the Board
judges that due to the nature of the
business and the combined expertise of
the Board members, this best promotes

the business of the company and the interests of its shareholders.

Shareholders

HiQ's share is listed since April 1999 on the NASDAQ Stockholm. The share capital amounts to SEK 5.3 million, spread over 53,139,023 shares with a quota value of SEK 0.10. There is one share class. The number of shareholders at year-end amounted to 10,370 (8,259). The foreign ownership share was 29 (33)%. Swedish institutions owned 45% of the shares. 17 % of shares were held directly by the shareholders while 83% were registered in the name of a nominee. For further information regarding HiQ's share and ownership structure, please refer to the Section "The HiQ Share", on page 14-15.

Annual General Meeting

Under the Companies Act, the General Meeting is a company's highest decision-making body. The company's Annual General Meeting adopts the income statement and balance sheet, elects the Board of Directors and – where appropriate – auditors, establishes fees and deals with other matters laid down in legislation or in the Code of Corporate Governance. At the Annual General Meeting, the shareholders have the opportunity to ask questions to the management, Board of Directors and the auditors.

Annual General Meeting 2014
The 2014 Annual General Meeting (AGM) was held in Stockholm on 31 March 2014. Around 47 percent of the votes were represented at the AGM. Anders Ljungh was elected as Chairman of the AGM. Among other things, the AGM resolved to re-elect all the members of the Board. Anders Ljungh was re-elected as Chairman of the Board.

The Board of Directors was authorised to:

- decide on one or more occasions in the period up to the next AGM on the issue of a maximum of 5,000,000 shares as a non-cash issue or offset issue in conjunction with corporate acquisitions.
- decide on one or more occasions in the period up to the next AGM on the acquisition of a total

- number of shares such that the number of the company's own shares held at any one time does not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in the company.
- decide on transfer of the company's own shares in settlement for the acquisition of companies or operations at a price corresponding to the share price at the time of transfer.

Furthermore, the AGM resolved to:

- implement a share split and a mandatory redemption procedure in which SEK 137 million, corresponding to SEK 2.60 per share, was distributed to the company's shareholders. The AGM also decided to issue a maximum of 1,000,000 warrants to be transferred to employees in Sweden and Finland.
- adopt principles for remuneration and other terms of employment of the executive management as proposed by the Board.
- establish a Nomination Committee and adopt principles for its structure – see also under "Nomination Committee".

Minutes and other documentation relating to the Annual General Meeting are available on HiQ's web site www.hiq.se

Annual General Meeting 2015

The 2015 Annual General Meeting will be held at 10 a.m. on Tuesday 24 March, 2015 on the company's premises at Regeringsgatan 20, 9th floor, in Stockholm.

Nomination committee

HiQ's 2014 AGM resolved that by 31 July 2014 the Chairman of the Board should convene the three largest shareholders in the company, which would then each be entitled to appoint a member of the Nomination Committee. In addition the Nomination Committee can decide to elect the Chairman of the Board to the Committee. These members have the right to appoint or co-opt another member to the committee. The composition of Committee shall be announced at least six months ahead of the AGM. The Nomination Committee represents the company's sharehold-

ers and is responsible for preparing and presenting proposals to the AGM regarding Chairman of the Board, the Board of Directors, fees to be paid to the Chairman of the Board and other Board members and remuneration for committee work, election of and fees to auditors and deputy auditors (where applicable) for decisions on principles for the structure of the Nomination Committee as well as for the Chairman of the AGM. The Nomination Committee ahead of the AGM comprises Jan Andersson (Robur Fonder), Björn Henriksson (Nordeas Fonder), Johan Strandberg (SEB Investment Management), Ken Gerhardsen and Anders Ljungh, the Chairman of the Board. Jan Andersson was appointed as chairman of the Nomination Committee. All shareholders have been given opportunity to contact the Nomination Committee with proposals, e.g. for Board members, for further evaluation within the context of the Nomination Committee's work. The Nomination Committee has held 3 meetings and has also been in contact at other times. As a basis for its appraisal of the composition of the Board the Nomination Committee had access to the appraisal carried out by the Board and was also given opportunity to meet the members of the Board individually. Based on this appraisal and the opportunity to take into account suggestions for new Board members, the Nomination Committee draws up a proposal for a new Board which is submitted in conjunction with the invitation to the forthcoming AGM. At the AGM the Nomination Committee gives a report on its work. The AGM appoints auditors every four years. When auditors are to be elected the Audit Committee (which comprises the entire Board excluding the CEO) assists the Nomination Committee with producing a proposal. The current auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, was elected at the 2011 AGM.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board's responsibilities and duties
The Board shall have written instructions stating the division of work
between the Board, any other bodies
that the Board may establish and
the CEO. The work plan, which is

established annually at the statutory Board meeting immediately following the AGM, establishes the basis of the Board's work, the division of work between the Board and the CEO as well as the frameworks for financial reporting.

Composition of the Board
According to the company bylaws,
the Board shall have at minimum 3

members and maximum 8 members with a maximum of 5 deputies. Coming from different backgrounds and with a broad pool of experience, the directors have the knowledge required to perform their Board duties, including issues relating to strategy, executive management and structural development. Individual directors also provide valuable assistance to management in

facilitating contacts with key clients and on issues relating to politics, economics, accounting and finance, law, organisation and marketing. Age, mainly education, work experience, mainly assignments, election year and holdings of HiQ shares of the Board members is presented on page 56-57.

Indonandant in valation to

| | independent in relation to | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | | Larger | |
| | Company | shareholders | Presence |
| Anders Ljungh | Yes | Yes | 8/8 |
| Ken Gerhardsen | Yes | Yes | 7/8 |
| Gunnel Duveblad | Yes | Yes | 8/8 |
| Raimo Lind | Yes | Yes | 8/8 |
| Lars Stugemo | No | Yes | 8/8 |
| Johanna Fagrell Köhler | Yes | Yes | 8/8 |
| Erik Hallberg | Yes | Yes | 7/8 |
| Ulrika Hagdahl | Yes | Yes | 7/8 |

Division of work

The board as a whole has chosen to act as a remuneration committee and audit committee with the exception of the CEO.

Chairman of the Board

The Chairman of the Board is responsible for leading the work of the Board and for the Board meeting its commitments in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act and the work plan established by the Board for its work. Continual contact with the CEO shall ensure that the Chairman of the Board monitors the company's development and ensures that the Board receives the information required in order to be able to meet its commitments. The Chairman of the Board shall also represent the company in matters concerned with ownership. Anders Ljungh has been Chairman of the Board since 2003.

Board fees

The 2014 AGM established the fees to be paid to the Board at SEK 1,790,000. Of this amount, SEK 500,000 is payable to the Chairman of the Board and SEK 215,000 each to the other non-employed Board members. In addition, SEK 80,000 has been paid to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Board members have the right to invoice the remuneration from a company. In that case the amount should

be adjusted so it is cost neutral for the Company.

The work of the Board in 2014 In 2014 the Board held 8 meetings (7 meetings were held in 2013), including a statutory meeting following the AGM on 31 March 2014. The minutes of these meetings represent documentation of decisions taken and the minutes are taken by the company's Chief Financial Officer, acting as secretary of the Board. The regular Board meetings are prepared jointly by the Chairman of the Board and the CEO of the company. Ahead of each Board meeting the Board receives written material as a basis for discussions and decisions that will be dealt with. Members of the executive management take part in the Board meetings in order to report on matters within their specific areas. At every regular Board meeting an update is given on the business situation and financial monitoring. Other matters dealt with during the year include the economic trend, competence needs, organisation and acquisitions. In addition a full-day strategy seminar was held on issues relating to HiQ's longterm development. The CEO provides a monthly report to the Board. This report deals with markets, operations and financial development. These reports are compiled by the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer. The

Company's auditor were present at the meeting at which the year-end financial statements were discussed. This gave the Board of Directors and the auditor the opportunity to discuss the business accounting and auditwork. Compensation matters have been taken in connection with ordinary board meetings. Handled matters include conditions and incitaments for managements and compensation package for CEO.

Audit committee

The audit committee of 2014 was constituted by all the Board members except the CEO. Chairman of the audit committee is Gunnel Duveblad. The committee has held 5 meetings in 2014. They have also held meetings with the auditors. Matters that have been taken under 2014 includes review of risk analyses, internal financial reporting, review of results by AGM elected auditors audit of the operations, impairment tests and matters concerning internal control.

Assessment of the Board's work
In accordance with what is laid down in the Board's work plan, the Board continually assesses its work through open discussions in the Board and through an annual Board appraisal taking the form of a survey. The results of the annual Board appraisal are submitted to the Nomination Committee.

The nomination committee has also had a meeting with Board members in order to ask questions regarding the Board work.

Auditors

The company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, was elected on the AGM in April 2011. The auditor was elected for the period until the end of the AGM 2015. Nicklas Kullberg is the responsible auditor. During the year the auditor has, in addition to auditing the financial statements for the company, also reviewed the interim report for the period January - June 2014. As described in the section "The work of the Board in 2014", the auditor has also met the Board at the Board meeting treating the full year results. For information regarding remuneration to auditors, please refer to note 6, on page 37.

Internal control over financial reporting Internal control over financial reporting is based on the control environment established by the Board and executive management. Control environment refers to - among other things - the values and the culture that exist within HiQ, but also the organisational structure, responsibilities and powers defined and communicated to everyone concerned within the company. It also includes components such as the competence and experience of the company's employees and a number of governing documents such as policies and manuals.

Control environment

The Board of HiQ has an established work plan which is laid down annually at the statutory Board meeting and forms the basis of the work of the Board and for effective management of the risks to which the business is exposed. The Board annually updates and establishes the Board's work plan, the CEO's instructions, an approval matrix and an investment policy, among other things. Work plans exist for the Boards of subsidiaries and instructions exist for the Managing Directors of each company in the HiQ Group. In addition, HiQ has for example a media policy, an IR policy, an emergency plan and a business ethics policy. The policies and other steering documents that HiQ

has are judged to form a basis for good internal control. Internal steering documents to secure high quality in financial reporting include a financial handbook, IR-policy and the approval matrix.

The tasks of the Board include continual monitoring of compliance with the general policies and other steering documents that exist, as well as continual assessment of the company's financial situation and results. HiQ has a decentralized organizational model in which each subsidiary has great independence. The Group has an approval matrix that clearly regulates the powers that exist at each level in the organisation. The approval matrix regulates matters such as the submission of purchases, fixed price quotations, investments, salaries and discounts.

Risk inventory/risk register

The aim of HiQ's risk inventory is to ensure that HiQ's business is conducted in a manner that is in line with the risk level the Board and the management decided. The company's Board and senior management are responsible for the existence of and compliance with guidelines on risk management. HiQ has carried out an analysis of the risks that may affect the accuracy of the financial information that the company provides externally. In so doing a number of income statement and balance sheet items were identified where the risk of material errors is greater than in the case of other items. One example of this is the settlement of fixed price projects, where particular importance is placed on ensuring good internal control of revenue settlement. Another example is the treatment of sub-consultants. During the year all subsidiaries have conducted a self-evaluation regarding the internal control. During the autumn the Group controller has visited all offices and completed a review regarding administrative routines and internal control. The outcome of this work is compiled and analysed. Based on the analysis an action plan is set to improve the internal control.

Information and communication
Information on HiQ's steering documents such as policies, guidelines and routines is provided to the persons

concerned. Significant policies and guidelines are updated as needed, but at least annually, and communicated to the staff concerned. Financial reporting issues are also discussed at meetings at which the Group's financial officers meet. For external communication HiQ follows its established media plan and IR policy.

Monitoring

Within HiQ a complete income statement and balance sheet are produced monthly, along with certain key ratios, at both Group and segment level. Moreover, various relevant key ratios and liquidity are monitored weekly. Each month the entire Group is consolidated, with results being tracked against budget. In addition to the financial reporting, a follow-up of the internal control work and risk inventory is made. Each month the Board receives an update of the financial outcome of the group.

Disclosure of information to the stock market In accordance with the commitments incumbent upon HiQ as a listed company, HiQ provides the stock market with information on the Group's financial position and development. The information is provided in the form of interim reports and an annual report, which are published in Swedish and English. In addition to purely financial information, HiQ also issues press releases concerning news and events and also gives presentations for shareholders, financial analysts and investors both in Sweden and abroad. The information published is also made available on the company's website, www.hiq.se.

Statement

In view of the above processes and structure, the Board does not consider it appropriate to establish a separate internal audit function.

GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING SALARIES AND OTHER REMUNERATION FOR THE CEO AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

The Annual General Meeting on 31 March 2014 passed a resolution concerning the following principles for remuneration and terms of employment of the CEO and other members of the executive management.

Remuneration of the CEO and other members of the executive management shall comprise fixed salary, any variable remuneration, pension and any other customary benefits. The total remuneration shall be in line with market rates and the remuneration terms shall reward outstanding performance and standardize shareholder and individual incentives.

Fixed salary

Remuneration in the form of fixed salary shall be in proportion to the executive's experience, responsibilities and authority.

Variable remunerations

The variable remuneration shall be in proportion to the executive's responsibilities and authority. It shall also be subject to an upper limit and based on fulfillment of targets aligned with the shareholders' long-term interests. Where appropriate, the variable element shall be based on quantitative and qualitative targets.

The Company's costs for the variable element of remuneration for the executive management are 0–100% of the fixed salary cost depending on target fulfillment. The Board proposes that the CEO and other members of the executive management shall be eligible to participate in the warrant program, in the same way as other staff and on the same terms, in accordance with the proposal submitted to the Annual General Meeting by the Board, and have premiums subsidized on the same terms as other employees within HiQ if applicable.

Pension

HiQ offers its employees a premium-based pension scheme with entitlement to pension from the age of 65. Variable remuneration is not pensionable. Pension benefits amount to a maximum of 35% of fixed salary, not exceeding approx. SEK 0.4 million per employee per year.

Other benefits

Other benefits at HiQ comprise conventional benefits in accordance with local practice.

Termination and severance pay

In the case of the CEO, there is a reciprocal period of notice of six months. If employment is terminated by the Company, severance pay equivalent to 10 months' salary is payable. If employment is terminated by the CEO, salary and other benefits are paid for four months after cessation of employment, during which period the CEO is prohibited from entering into competing activities. In the case of other members of the executive management, there is normally a reciprocal period of notice of three to six months. Issues concerning remuneration of the executive management are handled by the CEO. Decisions on remuneration of the CEO are taken by the Board of Directors. These guidelines may be waived by the Board where there are particular reasons for this in an individual case.

In 2014, the guidelines have been waived in 1 occastion. The Board member Johanna Fagrell Köhler, via company, has conducted consultancy services to the subsidiary HiQ Stockholm AB. A total fee of SEK 209 thousand has been paid for the services provided.

The Board's proposed guidelines applicable until the next Annual General Meeting
The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting 2015 unchanged principles for the remuneration and other terms of employment of the CEO and other members of the executive management for approval by the General Meeting.

PROPOSED APPROPRIATION OF THE COMPANY'S PROFIT

(SEK thousand)

The following funds are at the disposal of the Annual General Meeting:

| Total | 440.424 |
|------------------------|---------|
| Profit for the year | 81,263 |
| Profit brought forward | 241,966 |
| Share premium reserve | 117,195 |

The Board and the CEO propose that profits be appropriated such that SEK 440,424 thousand is carried forward. It is also proposed a share split 2:1 combined with a compulsory redemption procedure shall be carried out. The procedure will imply that each share

will split into one ordinary share and one redemption share. The redemption share is suggested to be redeemed for SEK 2.60 per share, representing a transfer of approximately SEK 138 million to the Company's shareholders.

Statement on reasons for the Board's value transfer proposal through mandatory redemption

The proposed value transfer to the shareholders will reduce the Parent Company's equity/assets ratio from 85.5% to 80.8% and the consolidated equity/assets ratio from 70.6% to 65.8%. In view of the continued profitability of the company and the Group, the equity/assets ratio is deemed to be adequate.

The Board likewise believes that it will be possible to maintain an adequate level of liquidity in the company and the Group In the view of the Board of Directors the proposed value transfer will not prevent the company or any of the companies within the Group from meeting their short- or longterm obligations or from making the necessary investments. The proposed value transfer is therefore defensible with respect to the provisions of paragraphs 2–3 of Section 3 of Chapter 17 of the Swedish Companies Act (the precautionary principle).

The financial reports were approved for publication by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company on 2 March 2015.

For more information about the company's results and financial position, see the following income statements and balance sheets and the notes to the accounts.

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

| (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|--------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Net sales | 3, 4, 8 | 1,378,841 | 1,305,116 |
| Assignment-specific external costs | 8 | -159,560 | -159,986 |
| Staff expenses | 5, 29, 32 | -980,644 | -921,856 |
| Other external expenses | 6, 27 | -80,943 | -73,437 |
| Depreciation | 11, 12, 27 | -10,288 | -10,935 |
| Operating profit | | 147,406 | 138,902 |
| Finance income | 7 | 1,130 | 3,968 |
| Finance costs | 7 | - 676 | -3,525 |
| Pre-tax profit | | 147,860 | 139,345 |
| Income tax | 9 | -32,867 | - 32,283 |
| Profit for the period | | 114,993 | 107,062 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign operations | 21 | 15,890 | 10,229 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | 15,890 | 10,229 |
| Comprehensive income for the period attributable to the equity holder | ers of the Company | 130,883 | 117,291 |
| Profit per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company | | | |
| Basic | 22 | 2.18 | 2.03 |
| Diluted | 22 | 2.17 | 2.03 |

Consolidated balance sheet

| CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014-12-31 | 2013-12-31 |
|--|--------|------------|------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| Tangible fixed assets | 11 | 36,073 | 36,763 |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 344,031 | 330,605 |
| Investments in associates | 13 | 12,066 | 11,331 |
| Deferred tax | 10 | 2,688 | 2,539 |
| Financial assets | 15 | 312 | 310 |
| Total fixed assets | | 395,170 | 381,548 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Accounts receivables, trade | 17 | 281,485 | 253,062 |
| Current income tax assets | | 20,366 | 17,775 |
| Other receivables | 16 | 3,709 | 4,673 |
| Accrued income and prepaid expenses | 18 | 108,283 | 94,985 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 19 | 180,050 | 207,349 |
| Total current assets | | 593,893 | 577,844 |
| Total assets | | 989,063 | 959,392 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Capital and reserves attributable to the Parent Company's equity holders | | | |
| Share capital | 20 | 5,314 | 5,275 |
| Other contributed capital | | 336,108 | 322,685 |
| Other reserves | 21 | 2,790 | -13,100 |
| Retained earnings | | 353,957 | 376,118 |
| Total equity | | 698,169 | 690,978 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | | | |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt | 24, 27 | 21,946 | 23,496 |
| Deferred tax | 10 | 140 | 336 |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 22,086 | 23,832 |
| Short-term liabilities | | | |
| Short-term interest-bearing debt | 24, 27 | 5,789 | 5,346 |
| Accounts payable, trade | | 49,123 | 44,757 |
| Other liabilities | 25 | 82,367 | 71,426 |
| Accrued expenses and prepaid income | 26 | 131,529 | 123,053 |
| Total short-term liabilities | | 268,808 | 244,582 |
| Total liabilities | | 290,894 | 268,414 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 989,063 | 959,392 |
| | | | |

 $Information\ regarding\ the\ Group's\ pledged\ assets\ and\ contingent\ liabilities\ is\ found\ in\ note\ 28.$

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

| | Attributable to the equity holders of the parent company | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | Other contributed | | Retained | |
| (SEK thousand) | Note | Share capital | capital | Reserves | earnings | Total equity |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | | 5,275 | 321,684 | -23,329 | 395,660 | 699,290 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 107,062 | 107,062 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Currency translation adjustments | 21 | | | 10,229 | | 10,229 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | 10,229 | 107,062 | 117,291 |
| Transactions with shareholders | | | | | | |
| Warrant premiums | 20 | | 1,001 | | | 1,001 |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | | | | -126,604 | -126,604 |
| Total transactions with shareholders | | | 1,001 | | - 126,604 | - 125,603 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | | 5,275 | 322,685 | -13,100 | 376,118 | 690,978 |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | | 5,275 | 322,685 | -13,100 | 376,118 | 690,978 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 114,993 | 114,993 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Currency translation adjustments | 21 | | | 15,890 | | 15,890 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | 15,890 | 114,993 | 130,883 |
| Transactions with shareholders | | | | | | |
| Warrant premiums | 20 | | 1,139 | | | 1,139 |
| Share issue conversion of warrants | | 39 | 12,284 | | | 12.323 |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | | | | -137,154 | - 137,154 |
| Total transactions with shareholders | | 39 | 13,423 | | - 137,154 | -123,692 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | | 5,314 | 336,108 | 2,790 | 353,957 | 698,169 |

Consolidated cash flow

| (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|------|----------|-----------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | | | |
| Pre-tax profit | | 147,860 | 139,345 |
| Adjustment for items not included in the cash flow | 31 | 10,677 | 10,935 |
| Paid tax | | - 35,808 | - 46,352 |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital | | 122,729 | 103,928 |
| Cash flow from changes in working capital | | | |
| Increase (-)/decrease (+) in operating assets | | -39,597 | 44,210 |
| Increase (+)/decrease (-) in operating liabilities | | 20,822 | -17,388 |
| Cash flows from current operations | | 103,954 | 130,750 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | | |
| Investments in tangible assets | | -3,312 | -3,173 |
| Investments in financial assets | | _ | _ |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | -3,312 | -3,173 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | | |
| Warrant premiums | | 1,139 | 1,001 |
| Share issue | | 12,323 | - |
| Repayment of debt | | -6,568 | -5,396 |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | -137,154 | -126,604 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | -130,260 | - 130,999 |
| Cash flow for the period | | -29,618 | -3,422 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 207,349 | 210,011 |
| Effects of exchange rate changes | | 2,318 | 760 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 19 | 180,050 | 207,349 |

Income statement, parent company and statement of comprehensive income

| INCOME STATEMENT, PARENT COMPANY (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|-----------|---------|----------|
| Net sales | 4, 32 | 36,427 | 28,346 |
| Assignment-specific external costs | 32 | -6,638 | -1,491 |
| Other external expenses | 6 | -18,481 | - 16,903 |
| Staff expenses | 5, 29, 32 | -22,595 | -20,226 |
| Depreciation and write-downs | 11 | -617 | -608 |
| Operating profit | | -11,904 | - 10,882 |
| Profit from shares in Group companies | 7 | 107,911 | 138,773 |
| Finance income | 7 | 1,102 | 2,375 |
| Finance costs | 7 | -2.021 | -3,011 |
| Profit after financial items | | 95,088 | 127,255 |
| Appropriations | 33 | 0 | 25,000 |
| Income tax | 9 | -13,825 | -22,046 |
| Profit for the period | | 81,263 | 130,209 |
| STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, PARENT COMPANY (SEK | thousand) | | |
| Profit for the period | | 81,263 | 130,209 |
| Comprehensive income for the period | | 81,263 | 130,209 |

Balance sheet parent company

| BALANCE SHEET, PARENT COMPANY (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014-12-31 | 2013-12-31 |
|--|----------|----------------|----------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| Tangible fixed assets: | | | |
| Equipment | 11 | 378 | 503 |
| Improvement expenses for other's properties | 11 | 779 | 1,272 |
| Deferred tax asset | 10 | 277 | 196 |
| Financial fixed assets: | | | |
| Shares in Group companies | 30 | 406,122 | 406,222 |
| Total fixed assets | | 407,556 | 408,193 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Short-term receivables | | | |
| Accounts receivable, trade | | 141 | 244 |
| Current income tax assets | | 6,797 | 6,881 |
| Receivables - Group companies | 14 | 40,208 | 13,388 |
| Other receivables | 16 | 856 | 1,652 |
| Accrued income and prepaid expenses | 18 | 3,874 | 4,024 |
| Total current assets | | 51,876 | 26,189 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 110,452 | 168,218 |
| Total assets | | 569,884 | 602,600 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Restricted equity | | | |
| Share capital (53.139.023 shares with a quota value of SEK 0.10) | | 5,314 | 5,275 |
| Statutory reserve | | 41,419 | 41,419 |
| Total restricted equity | | 46,733 | 46,695 |
| Non-restricted equity | | | |
| Share premium reserve | | 117,195 | 103,772 |
| Retained earnings | | 241,966 | 248,910 |
| Profit for the period | 23 | 81,263 | 130,209 |
| Total non-restricted equity | | 440,424 | 482,891 |
| Total equity | | 487,157 | 529,586 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable, trade | | 4,975 | 727 |
| Liabilities – Group companies | | 67,451 | 61,404 |
| Other liabilities | 95 | | |
| Accrued expenses and prepaid income | 25 26 | 1,059 9,242 | 1,506 9,377 |
| Total current liabilities | 20 | 82,727 | 73,014 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 569,884 | 602,600 |
| . , | | 030,001 | 002,000 |
| Pledged assets | | None | None |
| Contingent liabilities | 28 | 24,345 | 25,578 |

Shareholders' equity – parent company

| | | | 2014 | | 2013 |
|--------------------------------------|------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Equity | | Shares | Votes | Shares | Votes |
| Number of shares and votes | | 53,139,023 | 53,139,023 | 52,751,523 | 52.751.523 |
| Parent Company 2013 (SEK thousand) | Note | Share capital | Statutory reserve | Premium reserve | Retained earnings |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | | 5,275 | 41,419 | 102,771 | 375,515 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 130,209 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | 130,209 |
| Transactions with shareholders | | | | | |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | | | | - 126,604 |
| Warrant premiums | 20 | | | 1.001 | |
| Total transactions with shareholders | | | | 1.001 | - 126,604 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | | 5,275 | 41,419 | 103,772 | 379,120 |
| Parent Company 2014 (SEK thousand) | Note | Share capital | Statutory reserve | Premium reserve | Retained earnings |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | | 5,275 | 41,419 | 103,772 | 379,120 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Profit for the period | | | | | 81,263 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | 81,263 |
| Transactions with shareholders | | | | | |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | | | | - 137,154 |
| Warrant premiums | 20 | | | 1.139 | |
| Share issue | | 39 | | 12.284 | |
| Total transactions with shareholders | | 39 | | 13.423 | - 137,154 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | | 5,314 | 41,419 | 117,195 | 323,229 |

Cash flow statement for the parent company

| Cash flow statement (SEK thousand) | Note | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|------|------------------|-----------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | | | |
| Pre-tax profit | | 95,088 | 127,255 |
| Adjustment for items not included in the cash flow | 31 | -6,983 | - 16,392 |
| Paid tax | | -13,741 | -19,704 |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital | | 74,364 | 91,159 |
| Cash flow from changes in working capital | | | |
| Increase (-)/decrease (+) in operating assets | | -9,851 | 57,831 |
| Increase (+)/decrease (-) in operating liabilities | | 9,713 | 11,140 |
| Cash flows from current operations | | 74,226 | 160,130 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | | |
| Investments in tangible assets | | _ | -342 |
| Investments in financial assets | | -8,300 | 9,000 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | -8,300 | -9,342 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | | |
| Warrant premiums | | 1,139 | 1,001 |
| Share issue | | 12,323 | - |
| Redemption of shares | 23 | -137,154 | -126,604 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | - 123,692 | - 125,603 |
| Cash flow for the period | | -57,766 | 25,185 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 168,218 | 143,033 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 31 | 110,452 | 168,218 |

Notes

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

HiQ International AB ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "HiQ" or 'the Group') is an IT- and management consulting company with operations in the Nordic region and Russia. The Company is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Stockholm, Sweden. The address of its registered office is Box 7421, 103 91 Stockholm, Sweden. The Company is listed on Nasdaq Stockholm MidCap. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 2 March 2015. The income statements and balance sheets are to be adopted by the Annual General Meeting on 24 March 2015.

2. TOTALRY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations from IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) as they have been adopted by the EU and in accordance with RFR 1 and the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where

assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 34 (Critical accounting assumptions and judgments).

NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS ADOPTED BY THE GROUP The following standards have been

The following standards have been adopted by the Group for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2014:

IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statments" is based on already existing principles indentifying control as the determining factor if a company should be included in the Group accounting. The standard gives additional guidance in order to decide whether control exists in cases where this could be difficult to determine.

IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities" include information requirement for all kinds of holding in other companies, such as subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates and non-consolidated structural companies.

Other standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2014 are not material to the group.

NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET ADOPTED

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2014, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the group, except the following set out below:

IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It replaces the guidance in IAS 39 that relates to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. IFRS 9 retains

but simplifies the mixed measurement model. The standard is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The group is yet to assess IFRS 9's full impact.

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The standard replaces IAS 18 'Revenue' and IAS 11 'Construction contracts' and related interpretations. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 and earlier application is permitted. The group is assessing the impact of IFRS 15.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services. Revenue is shown, net of value-added tax and rebates. Revenue is recognized as follows:

Sales of services

- assignments on current account
The Group sells IT and management consultancy services to its clients.
Sales of services are recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. Work carried out that has not yet been invoiced on the balance sheet date is reported as accrued income.

Sales of services – fixed price assignments Income from ongoing fixed price service assignments and expenses relating to these assignments are reported as income and costs respectively in accordance with the degree of completion of the assignment on the closing day (percentage of completion method).

The percentage of completion of an assignment is determined by comparing expense incurred on the closing day with the estimated total expenditure. In cases where the outcome of the service assignment cannot be estimated with any degree of certainty, the income is reported only to the extent that corresponds to the assignment costs incurred that will probably be reimbursed by the client. An anticipated loss on an assignment is reported immediately as a cost. Fixed price assignments make up only a limited proportion of net sales. In 2014, the proportion of fixed price assignments was 1,4% (1,6%).

Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognized when the revenue could be measured reliable, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. Sales of goods are mostly done in the form of computers, third party software licenses etc as a part of a consultancy assignment.

License income

Income from license sales is booked in accordance with the financial impact of the agreement concerned.

Interest income and dividends

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive payment has been established.

CONSOLIDATION

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are

deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Costs in connection to acquisitions are expensed at time of acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in the income statement. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in other comprehensive income, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the

associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are reported at historical cost less deprecation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Improvement expenses to others' property 17%–20% Equipment 20% Leased equipment 17%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value

of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/ associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in 'intangible assets'. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in 'investments in associates'. Separately recognised goodwill is tested annually or more often if changes implies a decrease in value for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

Acquired customer relations

Customer relations that are acquired by the Group is reported at acquisition cost less accumulated amortizations and write downs. Acquired customer relations are amortised over 5 years.

FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets.

A) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade receivables and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

B) Available-for-sale financial assets
Available-for-sale financial assets are
non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified
in any of the other categories. They are
included in non-current assets unless
management intends to dispose of the
investment within 12 months of the
balance sheet date. Regular purchases

and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are divided between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences on monetary securities are recognised in profit or loss, while translation differences on non-monetary securities are recognized in equity. Changes in the fair value of monetary and nonmonetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity. When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustment recognised in equity are included in the income statement as "gains and losses from investment securities". Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the income statement as part of other income. Dividends on available-for sale equity instruments are recognised in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payment is established. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss -

is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement. Currently, the Group does not have any substantial holding of such securities.

LEASES

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards from ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum leasing payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of financial charges, are included in other long-term and short-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term. Leases where the lessor retains a significant proportion of risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Expenses made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

INCOME TAXES

Income tax reported consists of tax that is to be paid or received during the current year, adjustments for the previous year's tax, and changes in deferred tax. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination or temporary differences arising from goodwill accounting, that

at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets and liabilities is offset when there exists a legal right to offset these assets and liabilities and when the deferred taxes are subject to the same authority.

PROVISIONS

Provisions for restructuring costs and legal claims etc are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelyhood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are valued at the net present value of the amount that is expected to be required in order to settle the commitment. The increase of the provision over time is recognized as interest expense.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentation currency
Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of

the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Swedish crowns, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. When recalculating foreign subsidiaries used currency amounts to, on balance day: EUR/SEK 9.52 (8.94), DKK/SEK 1.28 (1.20), and RUB/SEK 0.14 (0.20).

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

A) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet.

B) Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates.

C) On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken as a separate item in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognized in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, TRADE Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are always short-term, and consequently the effective interest method is not applicable. Provision for impairment is made if there is objective evidence that the Group will not receive the amount due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties on the part of the debtor, the likelihood that the debtor will be declared bankrupt or undergo financial restructuring and missed or late payments (more than 30 days overdue) are regarded as indications of possible impairment of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the book value of the asset and the present value of the expected future cash flows. The impairment is recognised in the income statement immediately. The reported value of the asset is reduced using an impairment account and the loss is reported in the income statement under other external expenses. When a receivable cannot be collected it is written off in the impairment account for receivables. An amount previously written off is reversed by crediting other external expenses in the income statement.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at banks, other short-term investments that can be traded within 3 months.

SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or warrants are shown in equity as a deduction, from the proceeds.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable are initially reported at fair value and thereafter at accrued acquisition value, applying the effective interest method.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A) Pension obligations
HiQ operates a number of different
pension plans. All plans are defined
contribution plans where HiQ pays
fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no further payment
obligations once the contributions have
been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when
they are due. Prepaid contributions
are recognised as an asset to the extent
that a cash refund or a reduction in the
future payments is available.

B) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognizes termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees without possibility of withdrawal; or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

C) Profit-sharing and bonus plans When profit-sharing and bonus programs are in use the Group expenses costs for these programs in accordance with the obligations to pay such compensation.

D). Share-based payments

The group operates one share-based compensation plan under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (matching warrants) of the Group.

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is

determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted and the terms associated with the allocation of warrants.

At the end of each reporting period, the group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

The social security contributions payable in connection with the grant of the share options is considered an integral part of the grant itself, and the charge will be treated as a cash-settled transaction.

FAIR VALUE

The reported value – after any impairment – of trade receivables and payables is assumed to equate to their fair value, since these entries are short-term in nature. The fair value of financial liabilities is calculated, for disclosure purposes, by discounting the future contracted cash flow to the current market interest rate available for similar financial instruments.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE PARENT COMPANY

The parent company's accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and Statement RFR 2 "Accounting for legal entities" issued by the Swedish Financial Accounting Standards Council. RFR 2 states that the parent company shall apply all standards and statements issued by IFRS that has been adopted by the EU, as far this is possible according to the Swedish Annual Accounts Act. Consideration should also be taken to the connection between accounting and taxation. The statement RFR 2

states in which cases, exceptions and additions should be made in relation to IFRS. The most important differences between the accounting principles of the Group and the Company are stated below.

The principal accounting policies outlined below have been applied in the preparation of the parent company's financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive payment is regarded as collectable.

Financial Instruments

In the parent company financial instruments are valued of acquisition cost less accumulated writedowns. Financial current assets are valued to the lower of cost or market.

Fixed tangible assets

Owned assets

Tangible fixed assets are reported at acquisition cost less a deduction for accumulated deprecation and writedowns, as in the Group but with the addition of possible write-ups.

LEASED ASSETS

All leasing agreements are treated as operational leasing agreements.

Taxes

In the parent company untaxed reserves are accounted for including deferred tax. In the consolidated accounts are the untaxed reserves dividend into deferred tax and equity.

Group Contributions

Group Contributions from the parent company to group companies are reported as an increase at shares in subsidiaries.

3. SEGMENT REPORTING

Management has decided the operating segments based upon the reports reviewed by the highest executive management group. The operations is considered upon a geographic perspective based upon where the operations are located, i.e. Sweden, Öresund and Finland. The two segments, Sweden and Öresund, are reported together. Sweden and Öresund have similar eco-

nomical environment and the services provided and clients are the same. The Russian operations is regarded as an integrated part of the Swedish operations and is therefore included in the operating segment Sweden. The reportable segments derive their revenue primarily from sale of consultancy services. The reportable segments performance is measured on an operating profit-level,

where central costs are allocated to the reportable segments, to the extent possible. Financial items are not allocated to the reportable segments. Sales between the reportable segments are done at market terms. The highest executive decision maker doesn't follow up financial items per segment nor tax costs per segment, only on a group level.

| | | Finland | Sverig | e & Öresund | | Group Elim. | | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| External revenues | 226,808 | 217,540 | 1,152,033 | 1,087,576 | 0 | 0 | 1,378,841 | 1,305,116 |
| Revenues from other | | | | | | | | |
| segments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total revenues | 226,808 | 217,540 | 1,152,033 | 1,087,576 | 0 | 0 | 1,378,841 | 1,305,116 |
| Operating profit | 29,757 | 30,911 | 131,133 | 120,329 | -13,484 | -12,338 | 147,406 | 138,902 |
| Operating margin | 13.1% | 14.2% | 11.4% | 11.1% | | | 10.7% | 10.6% |
| Depreciation | 1,766 | 2,935 | 8,522 | 8,000 | _ | _ | 10,288 | 10,935 |
| Investments in fixed assets | 537 | 984 | 2,838 | 2,239 | 11,589 | 13,504 | 14,964 | 16,727 |
| Total operating profit, accord | ling to the table a | above is in accord | dance with the Gr | oup's operating | profit. | | | |
| Reconciliation with the profit | t before tax is fou | nd below: | | | | | | |
| Operating profit | | | | | | | 147,406 | 138,902 |
| Financial items | | | | | | | 454 | 443 |
| Profit before tax | | | | | | | 147,860 | 139,345 |
| Assets | 335,148 | 309,126 | 634,600 | 570,855 | 19,315 | 79,411 | 989,063 | 959,392 |
| Of which in associates | 12,066 | 11,331 | , | , | , , | , | , | |
| Share of profit in associated | | , | | | | | | |
| companies | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 |

 $Non-allocated\ assets\ amounting\ to\ SEK\ 19,315\ (79,411)\ thousand\ relates\ to\ assets, including\ cash, in\ the\ parent\ company$

4. SALES DISTRIBUTION

| | | Group | | Parent Company |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------------|
| Net Sales (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Consultancy services | 1,339,575 | 1,283,356 | 0 | 0 |
| Re-billed expenses | 37,991 | 9,717 | 13,424 | 880 |
| Other | 1,275 | 12,043 | 23,003 | 27,466 |
| Total | 1,378,841 | 1,305,116 | 36,427 | 28,346 |

Of net sales, clients in Sweden account for SEK 1,136,096 (1,069,108) thousand, clients in Finland SEK 217,825 (213,330) thousand and other countries SEK 24,920 (22,678) thousand.

In 2014 one client accounted for more than 10% of net sales. This client's proportion of net sales was 14%. The client belongs to the segment Sweden & Öresund.

5. EMPLOYEES AND SALARIES

| | | | 2014 | | | 2013 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Average number of employees: | Total | Women | Men | Total | Women | Men |
| PARENT COMPANY | | | | | | |
| The municipality of Stockholm | 6 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| SUBSIDARIES | | | | | | |
| Sweden | 980 | 224 | 756 | 952 | 215 | 737 |
| Denmark | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Finland | 213 | 46 | 167 | 211 | 45 | 166 |
| Russia | 32 | 7 | 25 | 30 | 5 | 25 |
| Total for the Group | 1,237 | 281 | 956 | 1,202 | 268 | 934 |
| | | | 2014 | | | 2013 |
| | No on | | | No on | | |
| Group (incl subsidiaries) | balance | Of which | Of which | balance | Of which | Of which |
| Board members | sheet date | 77% | women 23% | sheet date | 79% | women 21% |
| CEO and other | 13 | / / /0 | 23 / 0 | 14 | 7970 | 21/0 |
| Senior executives | 11 | 91% | 9% | 12 | 92% | 8% |
| Schol executives | 11 | 3170 | 370 | 12 | 3470 | 070 |
| | | | 2014 | | | 2013 |
| | No on | 06 111 | 06 111 | No on | 06 111 | 06 111 |
| Parent Company | balance sheet date | Of which men | Of which women | balance sheet date | Of which men | Of which women |
| Board members | 8 | 62% | 38% | 8 | 62% | 38% |
| CEO and other | | | | | | |
| Senior executives | 4 | 100% | 0% | 5 | 100% | 0% |
| | | | | 2014 | | 2013 |
| | | - | | Parent | | Parent |
| Salaries and other remuneration (SEK tl | housand) | | Group | Company | Group | Company |
| The Board of Directors and CEO | | | 19,592 | 7,851 | 19,306 | 7,146 |
| Other employees | | | 639,238 | 4,778 | 604,633 | 5,501 |
| Bonus reservation (warrant programme) | | | 938 | 938 | 191 | 191 |
| Costs matching warrants | | | 47 | 47 | - | _ |
| Total salaries and other remuneration | | | 659,815 | 13,614 | 624,130 | 12,838 |
| Legal and contractual social security contribution | ons | | 191,063 | 4,537 | 181,827 | 4,556 |
| Bonus reservation and matching warrants | | | 295 | 295 | 60 | 60 |
| Pension expenses | | | | | | |
| The Board of Directors and CEO | | | 3,299 | 444 | 3,386 | 446 |
| Other employees | | | 88,827 | 1,186 | 83,532 | 1,047 |
| Total salaries and remuneration, pensio expenses and social security contribution | | | 943,299 | 20,076 | 892,935 | 18,947 |
| | | | 010,200 | 20,070 | 002,000 | 10,517 |

Salaries, remuneration, pension expenses and social security contributions for group companies in 2014 totalled SEK 782,149 (745,253) thousand in Sweden, SEK 5.634 (2,508) thousand in Denmark and SEK 145,692

(136,022) thousand in Finland and in Russia SEK 9,824 (9,151) thousand. The variable part of the salaries and remuneration paid to the Board of Directors and the CEO is SEK 5,168 (4,375) thousand for the Group and

SEK 3,381 (3,000) thousand for the Parent Company. For further information regarding benefits for senior executives, please refer to note 29.

6. AUDITOR'S FEE

| | | 2014 | | 2013 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| | | Parent | | Parent |
| (SEK thousand) | Group | Company | Group | Company |
| PricewaterhouseCoopers | | | | |
| Auditing | 1,040 | 213 | 916 | 210 |
| Associated services within auditing | 293 | 184 | 238 | 212 |
| Tax advisory | 183 | 132 | 137 | 128 |
| Other services | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,528 | 529 | 1,291 | 550 |

7. FINANCIAL INCOME AND COSTS

| Bouleande Scedanges 142 22 22 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 | Group | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|--|-----------------|------------|
| Exchanges per lanchanges 4.92 2.26 Financial income 1,130 3,30 Group 2014 201 Exchange rate changes -5.93 -3.0 Exchanges -6.76 -3.5 Financial perse -6.76 -3.5 Financial perse -6.76 -3.5 Financial perse -6.76 -3.5 Financial perse -6.40 -3.5 Financial perse -6.40 -3.5 Financial perse -6.40 -3.5 Financial perse -6.40 -9.0 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES -8.40 -9.5 Received dividends 3.2,11 5.2 Received dividends 3.2,11 5.2 Received Group contribution 84,00 9.5 Foral 1,07,01 18,70 Received dividends 3.2 1 George Components 1,00 2,3 Interest EXPENSES SIMILAR FTEMS 2.2 2 Rechauge carries changes 1, | Interest income | 708 | 1,684 |
| Financial income 1,130 3,9 Group 2014 20 Incress expenses -598 -9 Kachanger rate changes -78 2-7 Financial sepenses -607 3,5 Financial sepenses -8,400 -9,0 Security Group company 2,0 -9,0 Received Group contribution 8,400 9,5 Received Group contribution 8,400 9,5 Received Group contribution 3,0 1,5 NEERST INCOME AND SMILAR ITEMS 3,0 1,1 Exchange rate changes 1,570 2,7 Total 1,2 2,2 Incress Expenses, Group companies 1,570 2,7 Incress Expenses, Group co | Dividends | 0 | 10 |
| Group 2014 20 Exchange rate changes -538 -8 Exchange rate changes -678 -2,8 Financial pert 454 -4 Parent Company 2014 20 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES -8,400 -9,50 Received dividends 32,311 52,2 Received dividends 32,31 52,2 Received dividends 32,1 52,2 Received Langes 633 14,2 Received Langes | Exchange rate changes | 422 | 2,274 |
| Sectionage rate changes | Financial income | 1,130 | 3,968 |
| Sechange rate changes -78 -2,7 Financial expenses -676 -3,5 Financial expenses -676 -3,5 Financial responses 2014 20 Parent Company 2014 20 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMBANIES -8,400 -9,0 Received dividends 32,311 32,2 Received Group contribution 41,000 95,5 Total 107,911 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS -655 1,4 Increst income, other 428 7 Total 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS -1,570 -2,7 Increst expense, Group companies 451 -2 increst expense, Group companies 451 -2 increst expense, Group companies 336 4 increst expense, Group companies | Group | 2014 | 2013 |
| Financial seyenses -676 -3.5 Financial net 454 4 Parent Company 2014 20 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMBANIES -8,400 -9,00 Received dividends 32,311 52,2 Received dividends 32,311 52,2 Received dividends 34,000 95,5 Foral 107,911 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS 39 1 Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 Interest income, other 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 1,102 2,3 Exchange rate changes 1,570 2,7 Interest expense, Group companies 451 2 Interest expenses, Group companies 451 2 Interest expenses, Group companies 451 2 Interest expenses, Group companies 3,0 2 Received expenses, Group companies 451 2 Interest expenses, Group companies 3,0 2 Group SEK thousand | Interest expenses | -598 | -803 |
| Financial net 454 4 Parent Company 2014 20 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES 8,400 9.0 Witter down of shares in subsidiaries 8,400 9.0 Received dividends 32,311 52.2 Received Group contribution 30,00 95,5 Fortal 107,911 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS 655 1,4 Interest income, Group companies 39 1 interest income, Group companies 488 7 Total 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 1,570 2,7 Exchange rate changes 1,570 2,7 interest expenses, Group companies 451 2 interest expenses, Group companies 451 2 interest expenses, Group companies 33 4 Group [| Exchange rate changes | - 78 | -2,722 |
| Parent Company 2014 200 RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES Write-down of shares in subsidiaries 3,00 2,01 52,2 Received dividends 32,31 52,2 Received Group contribution 81,00 95,5 Total 107,911 188,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 Interest income, Group companies 39 1 Interest income, Group companies 428 7 Iotal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes 1,1,570 2,7 Iotal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes 1,2,570 2,7 Iotal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes 1,1,570 2,7 Iotal 1,1,070 2,7 Iotal 1,1,070 2,7 Iotal 2,1,570 2,7 Iotal 2,1,57 | Financial expenses | -676 | -3,525 |
| RESILTIS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES 9,00 9,00 Received dividends 32,31 52,20 Received Group contribution 34,000 9,50 Received Group companies 38 1,40 Interest income, Group companies 39 1,100 2,3 Received Group companies 39 1,100 2,3 REREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 2,100 2,7 Received Group companies 1,570 2,7 Received Group companies 4,51 2,2 Received Group Companies 4,51 2,5 Received Group Companies 4,51 2,5 Received Group Companies 4,51 2,5 Received Group Companies 4,51 4,5 Received Group Companies 4,51 4,5 Received Group Companies 4,5 Received Group Companies Companies 4,5 Received Group Companies Compani | Financial net | 454 | 443 |
| Write-down of shares in subsidiaries -9,00 Accerized dividends 32,311 32,21 Accerized Group contribution 84,000 90,50 Iotal 107,911 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 incress income, other 428 7 Iotal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS Exchange rate changes -1,570 2-2, incress expenses, other -1 20 Incress expenses, other -0 -2 Incress expenses, other 0 -2 B. FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES 338 4 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 Versuses 33 4 Assignment-specific external expenses 31 4 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 VEX. EXECT 20 2 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 2 DEFERRED TAX 20 2 | Parent Company | 2014 | 2013 |
| Received dividends 32,311 52,2 Received Group contribution 84,000 95,5 fotal 107,91 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS 53 1,4 Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 interest income, other 428 1 fotal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS -1,570 2,7 Exchange rate changes -1,570 2,7 interest expenses, Group companies -1 2 interest expenses, Group companies 0 -1 fotal -2,021 -3,0 8. FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES 3 4 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 Vet sales 388 4 Vet sales 388 4 Vet sales 388 4 Vet sales 388 4 Vet sales 381 -4 Orange (SEK thousand) 201 20 PACTAXES 33,161 41,2 | RESULTS FROM SHARES IN GROUP COMPANIES | | |
| Received Group contribution 84,000 95,5 Total 107,911 138,7 INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS Sexchange rate changes 635 1,4 Interest income, other 428 7,7 Total 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS Sexchange rate changes -1,570 -2,7 Interest expenses, Group companies 451 -2,2 Interest expenses, Originates 451 -2,2 Interest expenses, Other 0 -2,021 -3,0 B. FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES 381 4 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 Vet sales 383 4 Susaignment-specific external expenses 381 4 FORTIAL 7 -2 P. TAXES 381 4 Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 20 20 Current to the period 33,161 41,26 Current to temporary differences -345 -8,5 | Write-down of shares in subsidiaries | -8,400 | -9,000 |
| Rotal 107,911 138,7 NTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS 4 7 Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 interest income, Group companies 428 7 Total 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS -1,570 2,27 Exchange rate changes -1,570 2,27 interest expenses, Group companies 451 2 interest expenses, other 0 | Received dividends | 32,311 | 52,273 |
| NTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS | Received Group contribution | 84,000 | 95,500 |
| Exchange rate changes 635 1,4 Interest income, Group companies 39 1 Interest income, other 428 7,7 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 1,570 2-7, and | Total | 107,911 | 138,773 |
| Interest income, Group companies 39 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | INTEREST INCOME AND SIMILAR ITEMS | | |
| Interest income, other | Exchange rate changes | 635 | 1,431 |
| Fortal 1,102 2,3 INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 2 2 Exchange rate changes -1,570 -2,7 Interest expenses, Group companies -451 -2 Interest expenses, other 0 | Interest income, Group companies | 39 | 179 |
| NTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.2 2.3 | Interest income, other | 428 | 765 |
| Exchange rate changes -1,570 -2,7 Interest expenses, Group companies -451 -2 Interest expenses, other 0 | Total | 1,102 | 2,375 |
| Table 1998 | INTEREST EXPENSES AND SIMILAR ITEMS | | |
| Total | Exchange rate changes | -1,570 | -2,710 |
| Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2,021 3,00 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 Parent Company (S | Interest expenses, Group companies | -451 | -298 |
| ### SPECIANGE DIFFERENCES Group (SEK thousand) | Interest expenses, other | 0 | -3 |
| Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 Net sales 388 4 Assignment-specific external expenses -381 -4 Total 7 9. TAXES | Total | -2,021 | -3,011 |
| Net sales 388 4 Assignment-specific external expenses -381 -4 Total 7 -381 -4 9. TAXES | 8. FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES | | |
| Assignment-specific external expenses -381 -4 Total 7 P. TAXES Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX Tax for the period 33,161 41,21 Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax temporary differences -345 -8,51 Loss carried forward4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,21 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX Tax for the period 15,651 24,161 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,06 | Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Fotal Fota | Net sales | | 412 |
| Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 33,161 41,23 Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 51 DEFERRED TAX 51 51 Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,50 Loss carried forward 4 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,20 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 50 24,10 Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions - 1,826 - 2,00 | Assignment-specific external expenses Total | | -415 -3 |
| Group (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 33,161 41,23 Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 51 DEFERRED TAX 51 51 Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,50 Loss carried forward 4 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,20 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 50 24,10 Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions - 1,826 - 2,00 | Q TAYES | | |
| CURRENT TAX Fax for the period 33,161 41,24 Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,50 Loss carried forward 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,25 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | | 0014 | 0010 |
| Tax for the period 33,161 41,29 Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 DEFERRED TAX DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,50 Loss carried forward 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,29 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | * \ | 2014 | 2013 |
| Adjustment of previous years' tax 51 DEFERRED TAX Deferred tax temporary differences -345 -8,56 Loss carried forward44 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,26 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX Tax for the period 15,651 24,16 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,06 | | 22.161 | 41.000 |
| Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,5 Loss carried forward 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,26 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 2014 20 Tax for the period 15,651 24,16 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | Adjustment of previous years' tax | | 41,202 |
| Deferred tax temporary differences - 345 - 8,5 Loss carried forward 4 Total tax cost - Group 32,867 32,26 Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 2014 20 Tax for the period 15,651 24,16 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | DEFERRED TAX | | |
| Loss carried forward | | _ 2.15 | _ 8 564 |
| Parent Company (SEK thousand) 2014 20 CURRENT TAX 2015 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | • • | | |
| CURRENT TAX 15,651 24,10 Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | Total tax cost - Group | 32,867 | 32,283 |
| CURRENT TAX 15,651 24,10 Tax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | Parent Company (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Γax for the period 15,651 24,10 Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | CURRENT TAX | 2011 | 4013 |
| Deferred tax on given group contributions -1,826 -2,00 | | 15 651 | 24,107 |
| 5 5 1 years | Deferred tax on given group contributions | | - 2,061 |
| | Total tax cost - Parent Company | 13,825 | 22,046 |

| Group 2014(%) 2014 2015 (%) 2019 Poths before tax (SEK thousand) 22.0% 147,860 22.0% Efficic of foreign income tax near in Sweden 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Non-declutible costs 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Average tax rate 22.2% 32.86 23.2% 32.2% Print formany 2014 (%) 2014 2013 (%) 201 Point form tax NEK thousandl 95.0% 15.2% 15.2% Non-declutible costs / Non-taxable income 2.20% 13.8% 13.825 14.5% 22.0% Non-declutible costs / Non-taxable income ———————————————————————————————————— | Effective tax rate | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------------|
| Point face rax NRK chousands | Group | | | 2014 (%) | 2014 | 2013 (%) | 2013 |
| Income and and a nower look edited of forcing income tax is nower look edited of forcing income tax is nower look edited of forcing income tax edit income to the control of the contro | Profit before tax (SEK thousand) | | | | 147.860 | | 139.345 |
| Non-leadable income 0.0%< | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | 22.0% | ., | 22.0 % | ,- |
| Non-taxable income 0.09% 0.09% 0.09% Other −0.3% −0.4% Average tax rate 22.2% 32.867 28.2% 32.26% Effective tax rate Profit before tax [SKK thousand] 2014 (%) 2014 2013 (%) 2012 (%) One-of-of-cifedor tax rate in Sweden 22.0% 50.83 15.22.2% Other −2.0% 1.3% 22.0% Average tax rate 22.0% 13.82 14.5% 22.0% Average tax rate Pre tax Tax effect After tax 13.82 14.5% 20.20 Average tax rate Pre tax Tax effect After tax Pre tax After tax Pre tax <t< td=""><td>Effect of foreign income tax</td><td></td><td></td><td>-0.4%</td><td></td><td>0.9%</td><td></td></t<> | Effect of foreign income tax | | | -0.4% | | 0.9% | |
| Other −0.3% −0.4%* Average tax rate 22.2% 32,867 23.2% 32,28 Effective tax rate 2014 (%) 2014 2013 (%) 201 2015 (%) 201 201 2015 (%) 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 202 40 201 202 40 201 202 40 201 202 40 200 200 1.3% 20.0% <td>Non-deductible costs</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.9%</td> <td></td> <td>0.7%</td> <td></td> | Non-deductible costs | | | 0.9% | | 0.7% | |
| Part | Non-taxable income | | | 0.0% | | 0.0% | |
| Parent Company | Other | | | -0.3% | | -0.4% | |
| Pent Septembry Septembr | Average tax rate | | | 22.2% | 32,867 | 23.2% | 32,283 |
| Profit before tax (ISEK thousand) | Effective tax rate | | | | | | |
| Income day a rate in Sweder | Parent Company | | | 2014 (%) | 2014 | 2013 (%) | 2013 |
| Non-deductible costs / Non-taxable income −5.5% code −6.2% code Other −2.0% code 1.3% code Average tax rate 14.5% code 13,825 14.5% code Tax attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following amounts: 2014 200 Pre tax Tax effect After tax Pre tax Tax effect After tax Exchange differences 15.890 code Pre tax Tax effect After tax Exchange differences 15.890 code Pre tax Tax effect After tax BCFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES 2014 201 201 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS Compare to co | Profit before tax (SEK thousand) | | | | 95,088 | | 152,25 |
| -2.0% 1.3% 1.20% Average tax rate 14.5% 13,825 14.5% 22,04 Tax attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following attributable to the following attributable to the following attributable to the items in other comprehensive income and the following attributable to the followi | Income tax rate in Sweden | | | 22.0% | | 22.0% | |
| Average tax rate | Non-deductible costs / Non-taxable income | | | -5.5% | | -6.2% | |
| Tax attributable to the items in other comprehensive income amounts to the following amount: 2014 | Other | | | - 2.0% | | -1.3% | |
| Pre tax | Average tax rate | | | 14.5% | 13,825 | 14.5% | 22,046 |
| Pre tax | Tax attributable to the items in other comprehensi | ve income amou | ants to the following | | | | 201 |
| Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year Deferred tax liabilities to | | D | т. с | | D | т. е | 2013 |
| Page | Freshan as differences | | Тах епест | | | Tax effect | |
| Page | Exchange differences | 15,690 | _ | 15,690 | 10,229 | _ | 10,223 |
| DEFERRED TAX ASSETS | 10. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABII | LITIES | | | | | |
| DEFERRED TAX ASSETS | | | | | 2014 | | 2013 |
| Losses carried forward 2,383 0 2,310 Fixed assets 305 277 229 15 Total 2,688 277 2,539 15 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES Untax de reserves 0 0 8 15 Intangible fixed assets 140 0 328 2 Total 140 0 336 2 Recovery date for deferred tax assets 2014 201 201 (EEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 198 1 Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 140 198 1 Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 198 1 1 Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 198 1 1 1 1 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Group Pare</td><td>ent Company</td><td>Group Par</td><td>ent Company</td></th<> | | | | Group Pare | ent Company | Group Par | ent Company |
| Fixed assets 305 277 229 19 Total 2,688 277 2,539 19 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES Untaxed reserves 0 0 8 1 1 0 328 1 1 1 0 328 1 1 0 328 1 1 0 328 1 1 0 328 1 2 0 36 1 1 0 336 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 | | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES | | | | | | | (|
| DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES | | | | | | | 196 |
| Untaxed reserves 0 0 8 Intangible fixed assets 140 0 328 Total 140 0 336 Recovery date for deferred tax assets 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Grou | iotai | | | 2,688 | 2// | 2,539 | 196 |
| Intangible fixed assets 140 0 328 Total 140 0 336 Recovery date for deferred tax assets 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2,688 277 2,539 15 Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company | DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Recovery date for deferred tax assets 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2,688 277 2,539 19 Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 2,539 196 336 — | Untaxed reserves | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | (|
| Recovery date for deferred tax assets 2014 2016 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2,688 277 2,539 19 Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 149 81 -196 — | Intangible fixed assets | | | 140 | 0 | 328 | (|
| (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2,688 277 2,539 19 Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 3 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 2,539 196 336 — | Total | | | 140 | 0 | 336 | (|
| Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year 2,688 277 2,539 198 | Recovery date for deferred tax assets | | | | 2014 | | 2013 |
| Recovery date for deferred tax liabilities 2014 201 (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 149 81 -196 — | (SEK thousand) | | | Group Pare | ent Company | Group Par | ent Company |
| (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 149 81 -196 — | Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year | | | 2,688 | 277 | 2,539 | 196 |
| (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 — 198 — Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year — — 138 — Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 — Change during the year 564 81 -8,564 — As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 — As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 — Change during the year 149 81 -196 — | | | | | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year 140 - 198 - 138 | • | | _ | | | ~ - | 2013 |
| Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year Deferred Tax assets Deferred tax liabilities | (SEX mousand) | | | Group Pare | ent Company | Group Par | ent Company |
| Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 1 year Deferred Tax assets Deferred tax liabilities | Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 1 year | r | | 140 | _ | 198 | _ |
| Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 - Change during the year 564 81 - 8,564 - As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 - As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 - Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | • | | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Book value (SEK thousand) Group Parent Company Group Parent Company As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 - Change during the year 564 81 - 8,564 - As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 - As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 - Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | | | | Dofom | red Tay accets | Defermed | l tav liabilitia |
| As of 1 January 2013 1,975 115 8,900 - Change during the year 564 81 - 8,564 - As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 - As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 - Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | Book value (SEK thousand) | | _ | | | | |
| Change during the year 564 81 - 8,564 - As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 - As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 - Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | |
| As of 31 December 2013 2,539 196 336 - As of 1 January 2014 2,539 196 336 - Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | | | | | | | |
| Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | | | | | | | _ |
| Change during the year 149 81 -196 - | As of 1 January 2014 | | | 9 530 | 106 | 226 | _ |
| | | | | | | | _ |
| | As of 31 December 2014 | | | 2,688 | 277 | 140 | _ |

The change in deferred tax assets is attributable to utilized tax losses. The change in deferred tax liabilities is attributable to amortization of acquired customer relations as well as depositions to the accrual fund.

11. FIXED TANGIBLE ASSETS

| | | | | Group | | Parent Company |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|------------------|
| | Improvement | | | | | Improvement |
| | expenses for | | Leased | | | expenses for |
| (SEK thousand) | others' property | Equipment | Equipment | Total | Equipment | others' property |
| ACQUISITION VALUE | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | 9,629 | 22,585 | 35,397 | 67,611 | 771 | 2,461 |
| Investments | 1,218 | 2,005 | 13,504 | 16,727 | 343 | 0 |
| Acquired assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange differences | 79 | 166 | 0 | 245 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals | -830 | -207 | -12,153 | -13,190 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | 10,096 | 24,549 | 36,748 | 71,393 | 1,114 | 2,461 |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | 10,096 | 24,549 | 36,748 | 71,393 | 1,114 | 2,461 |
| Investments | 1,710 | 1,666 | 11,588 | 14,964 | 0 | 0 |
| Acquired assets | 0 | 461 | 0 | 461 | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange differences | 149 | 296 | 0 | 445 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals | -239 | -1,044 | -10,274 | -11,557 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 11,716 | 25,928 | 38,062 | 75,706 | 1,114 | 2,461 |

| | | | | Group | | Parent Company |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| | Improvement | | | | | Improvement |
| | expenses for | | Leased | | | expenses for |
| (SEK thousand) | others' property | Equipment | Equipment | Total | Equipment | others' property |
| DEPRECIATIONS AND WRITE-DOWNS | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | - 4,835 | -16,734 | -9,170 | -30,739 | - 495 | - 697 |
| Depreciation | -1,523 | -2,037 | -5,318 | -8,878 | -116 | -492 |
| Disposals | 830 | 207 | 4,121 | 5,158 | 0 | - |
| Exchange differences | -59 | -112 | 0 | -171 | 0 | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | -5,587 | - 18,676 | -10,367 | -34,630 | -611 | -1,189 |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | - 5,587 | - 18,676 | - 10,367 | - 34,630 | -611 | -1,189 |
| Depreciation | -1,654 | -1,771 | -5,789 | -9,214 | - 125 | -492 |
| Disposals | 70 | 608 | 3,919 | 4,597 | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange differences | -127 | -258 | 0 | -385 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | - 7,298 | -20,097 | - 12,237 | -39,632 | - 736 | -1,681 |

| | | | | Group | | Parent Company |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|------------------|
| | Improvement | | | | | Improvement |
| | expenses for | | Leased | | | expenses for |
| (SEK thousand) | others' property | Equipment | Equipment | Total | Equipment | others' property |
| NET BOOK VALUES | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | 4,794 | 5,851 | 26,227 | 36,872 | 276 | 1,764 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | 4,509 | 5,873 | 26,381 | 36,763 | 503 | 1,272 |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | 4,509 | 5,873 | 26,381 | 36,763 | 503 | 1,272 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 4,418 | 5,831 | 25,825 | 36,073 | 378 | 779 |

LEASED EQUIPMENT

The Group leases company cars with financial leasing. The agreements are based on market terms. The leased assets are collateral for the leasing debt (note 27). Paid leasing fees amounts to SEK 6,340 (6,040) thousand.

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| ACQUISITION VALUE Balance at 1 January 2013 321,168 30,215 351,38 Exchange differences 7,776 0 7,777 Balance at 31 December 2013 328,944 30,215 359,15 Balance at 1 January 2014 328,944 30,215 359,15 Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,266 | | | Acquired | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------|---------|
| Balance at 1 January 2013 321,168 30,215 351,38 Exchange differences 7,776 0 7,777 Balance at 31 December 2013 328,944 30,215 359,15 Balance at 1 January 2014 328,944 30,215 359,15 Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,266 | Group (SEK thousand) | Goodwill | customer relations | Total |
| Exchange differences 7,776 0 7,777 Balance at 31 December 2013 328,944 30,215 359,15 Balance at 1 January 2014 328,944 30,215 359,15 Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,266 | ACQUISITION VALUE | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 328,944 30,215 359,15 Balance at 1 January 2014 328,944 30,215 359,15 Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,26 | Balance at 1 January 2013 | 321,168 | 30,215 | 351,383 |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 328,944 30,215 359,15 Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,26 | Exchange differences | 7,776 | 0 | 7,776 |
| Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,26 | Balance at 31 December 2013 | 328,944 | 30,215 | 359,159 |
| Exchange differences 14,267 0 14,26 | | | | |
| | Balance at 1 January 2014 | 328,944 | 30,215 | 359,159 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 343,211 30,215 373,42 | Exchange differences | 14,267 | 0 | 14,267 |
| | Balance at 31 December 2014 | 343,211 | 30,215 | 373,426 |

Note 12 continued

| AMODTI | PICATTONE | AND WRITE | DOWNE |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| | | | |

| Balance at 1 January 2013 | 0 | -26,550 | -26,550 |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| Amortisation | 0 | -2,057 | -2,057 |
| Exchange differences | 0 | 53 | 53 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | 0 | -28,554 | -28,554 |
| | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | 0 | -28,554 | -28,554 |
| Amortisation | 0 | - 906 | - 906 |
| Exchange differences | 0 | 65 | 65 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 0 | -29,395 | -29,395 |

| | | Acquirea customer | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|--|
| Group (SEK thousand) | Goodwill | relations | Total | |
| NET BOOK VALUES | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | 321,168 | 3,665 | 324,833 | |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | 328,944 | 1,661 | 330,605 | |
| | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | 328,944 | 1,661 | 330,605 | |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 343,211 | 820 | 344,031 | |

Acquired customer relations is amortised on a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The useful life is expected to 5 years, equivalent to a rate of 20% per year.

IMPAIRMENT TESTS FOR GOODWILL

The cash-generating units listed below account for the majority of the Group's total goodwill:

| (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|---------|---------|
| HiQ Finland – consultancy services in Finland | 188,088 | 176,566 |
| HiQ Öresund – consultancy services in Öresund | 48,481 | 45,451 |
| HiQ Göteborg - consultancy services in Göteborg | 25,537 | 25,537 |
| HiQ Stockholm - consultancy services in Stockholm | 61,166 | 61,452 |
| HiQ Ace – consultancy services in Linköping | 19,938 | 19,938 |
| Total | 343,211 | 328,944 |

RECOVERABLE AMOUNT FOR CASH-GENERATING UNITS IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT ASSUMPTIONS

The impairment tests have been based on calculations of the value in use. These values are based on cash flow valuations, in which the forecast for the first year constitutes agreed budget for the unit. The forecast for the following four years is based on management's judgement of the development during this period. Cash flows forecasted for the period beyond the explicit forecast period is based on a continued annual growth rate of 1% (2% in 2013). This level is estimated to be in line with the expected level of inflation. Forecasted cash flows are discounted with a discount rate of 8.2%, pre-tax, (10,3%) in 2013).

IMPORTANT ASSUMPTIONS AND VARIABLES WITH A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON THE CALCULATED RECOVERABLE AMOUNT:

The assumptions that the Company have made regarding top-line growth and operating margin are in line with with historical outcome as as well as external sources of information such as published market research regarding HiQ and the IT-consultancy sector. The assumptions do not imply any substantial increases compared to historically achieved levels.

Top-line growth: Net sales for a consultancy company is dependent on assumptions regarding price levels, utilization rates and number of employees.

Operating margin: A consultancy company has a low need for investments and also relatively low working capital requirements. Therefore, the operating margin is of relatively large importance for the forecasted future cash flows. In addition to the development of net sales, staff expenses is one of the most important variables for the estimation of the future operating margin.

Discount rate: When calculating the recoverable amount HiQ has made the assumption that the operations is financed only by equity, an assumption that is regarded as fair based on HiQ's type of operations. The interest rate has thereafter been estimated based on a judgement of market terms. The discount rate has also been compared to the levels required by the stock market for companies similar to HiQ.

Long-term growth: When calculating the recoverable amount HiQ has used a growth rate of 1% in order to extrapolate cash flows after the explicit forecast period.

A sensitivity analysis shows that none of the cash-generating units has a need for impairment if the following assumptions are assumed:

- Top-line growth: 0% (from the first forecasted year and onwards)
- Operating margin: 15% (in line with the Note 12 continued Group's long term financial targets)
- Discount rate: 8.2% (pre-tax)

The Company's prediction is that reasonable possible changes in annual growth rate, operating margins, discount rate and other assumptions would not have such large impact on the recoverable amount that they would reduce the recoverable amount to a value lower than the carrying amount.

13. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| At beginning of year | 11,331 | 10,925 |
| Share of profit | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange differences | 735 | 406 |
| Book value at end of year | 12.066 | 11.331 |

Investments in associates refers to HiQ Finland's premises in Espoo, Finland. These premises is owned by a real estate company, owned by the companies that are tenants. The ownership shares in the real estate company are

equal to the proportion of the area that HiQ Finland has of the total area of the building. The real estate company is a non-profit company with the only mission to provide its tenants cost-efficient premises. The name of the real

estate company is Westends Affärscentrum OY and the Group's ownership share is 29.9% by the end of 2014. The Group's share of revenues, profit, assets and liabilities are outlined below:

| (SEK thousand) | Sales | Profit | Assets | Liabilities | Equity | Ownership |
|--------------------------|-------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|
| 2014 | | | | | | |
| Westend Affärscentrum OY | 570 | 0 | 12,260 | 194 | 12,066 | 29.9 % |
| | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | |
| Westend Affärscentrum OY | 536 | 0 | 11,480 | 149 | 11,331 | 29.9 % |

14. RECEIVABLES - GROUP COMPANIES

| Parent Company | 2014 | 2013 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Receivables – Group company | 40,208 | 13,388 |

15. FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------|------|
| Available-for-sale financial assets – shares | 28 | 26 |
| Other receivables | 284 | 284 |
| Total | 312 | 310 |

None of the receivables above have been due.

16. OTHER RECEIVABLES

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Work in progress | 933 | 0 |
| Other receivables | 2,776 | 4,673 |
| Total | 3,709 | 4,673 |

The book value of other receivables is assessed to equate to their fair value. None of the receivables above have been due.

| Parent Company (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|
| Other receivables | 856 | 1,652 |

17. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES, TRADE

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Accounts receivables, trade | 285,076 | 256,653 |
| Provisions for bad debt | -3,591 | -3,591 |
| Book value of accounts receivables, trade | 281,485 | 253,062 |

The book value of trade receivables is assessed to equate to their fair value.

For a breakdown of reported trade receivables by age see below:

| Group | 2014 | 2013 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Not yet due | 265,703 | 241,702 |
| Up to 3 months overdue | 15,100 | 11,200 |
| Between 3 and 6 months overdue | 621 | 157 |
| More than 6 months overdue | 61 | 3 |
| Total | 281,485 | 253,062 |

The amounts in the table above show amounts that are due but not written down. The Group's clients are primarily globally leading international corporations with a good credit rating. The Group has suffered very limited bad debts in its history.

| The book value of trade receivables breaks down into the following currencies: | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Swedish kronor | 243,982 | 216,130 |
| Euro | 37,225 | 36,749 |
| Danish kronor | 160 | 0 |
| Dollar | 118 | 0 |
| Other currencies | 0 | 183 |
| Total | 281,485 | 253,062 |
| During the year the following change were made in the provisions for bad debt: | 2014 | 2013 |
| Opening balance | 3,591 | 3,747 |
| Provisions | 0 | 0 |
| Reversed provisions | 0 | -156 |
| Confirmed bad debt | 0 | 0 |
| Closing balance | 3,591 | 3,591 |

Provisions and write-downs for trade receivables are reported under "Other external expenses" in the consolidated income statement.

18. PREPAID EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME

| | | Group | | Parent Company |
|------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|----------------|
| (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Assignments not yet invoiced | 88,520 | 81,308 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 19,763 | 13,677 | 3,874 | 4,024 |
| Total | 108,283 | 94,985 | 3,874 | 4,024 |

The book value is assessed to equate to their fair value. $\,$

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|
| Cash and cash equivalent | 180,050 | 207,349 |
| Total | 180,050 | 207,349 |

20. SHARE CAPITAL

| | Number of shares |
|--|------------------|
| As of 1 January 2013 | 52,751,523 |
| Split 2:1 (each share split into an ordinary share and one redemption share) | 52,751,523 |
| Redemption of redemption shares | -52,751,523 |
| As of 31 December 2013 | 52,751,523 |
| As of 1 January 2014 | 52,751,523 |
| Split 2:1 (each share split into an ordinary share and one redemption share) | 52,751,523 |
| Redemption of redemption shares | -52,751,523 |
| Share issue – conversion of warrants | 387,500 |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 53,139,023 |

The total number of ordinary shares as of 31 December 2014 amounted to 53,139,023 (52,751,523) with a quota value of SEK 0.10 per share. All issued shares are fully paid.

OUTSTANDING WARRANTS

At the end of the financial year the following series of warrants (where each warrant entitles the holder to subscribe for one share) were outstanding:

| , | | | Outstanding n | umber of warrants |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Time of issue | Subscription period | Strike price | 2014-12-31 | 2013-12-31 |
| May 2011 | May 2014 | 44.90 SEK | _ | 321,500 |
| November 2011 | November 2014 | 31.80 SEK | _ | 414,000 |
| May 2012 | May 2015 | 38.00 SEK | 567,615 | 567,615 |
| November 2012 | November 2015 | 34.30 SEK | 326,480 | 326,480 |
| May 2013 | May 2016 | 38.60 SEK | 229,000 | 229,000 |
| November 2013 | November 2016 | 41.50 SEK | 304,200 | 304,200 |
| May 2014 | May 2017 | 39.20 SEK | 395,000 | _ |
| November 2014 | November 2017 | 38.20 SEK | 178,688 | _ |
| Total | | | 2.000.983 | 2.162.795 |

The average subscription price for outstanding warrants amounted to SEK 38.25 at the end of 2014 and SEK 37.84 at the beginning of the year. In 2013, no warrants were used for subscription of shares. Average strike price for warrants issued in 2014 amounts to

SEK 38,89 (40,25). The warrants have been sold to employees of the Group. Sale of warrants are made on market terms, based on a valuation made by external advisors with Black-Scholes valuation model. The total amount of warrant premiums received amounts

to SEK 1.1 (1.0) million, recognised in equity.

The following assumptions have been used in valuation of warrants:

| | Share price1) | Strike price ²⁾ | Interest | Volatility | Term |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------|------------|---------|
| May 2011 | 41.18 | 44.90 | 2.62 % | 24 % | 3 years |
| November 2011 | 28.80 | 31.80 | 1.13 % | 28 % | 3 years |
| May 2012 | 33.60 | 38.00 | 1.05 % | 26 % | 3 years |
| November 2012 | 30.80 | 34.30 | 0.78 % | 26 % | 3 years |
| May 2013 | 35.15 | 38.60 | 0.91% | 26 % | 3 years |
| November 2013 | 37.38 | 41.50 | 1.11% | 25 % | 3 years |
| May 2014 | 40.05 | 39.20 | 0.81% | 22 % | 3 years |
| November 2014 | 39.08 | 38.20 | 0.12 % | 24 % | 3 years |

¹⁾ The share price for the May-2011-serie, was set at the average of the closing price from the period 9 May – 12 May 2011. For the November-2011-serie the average closing price from the period 31 October – 3 November 2011 was used. For the May-2012-serie the average closing price from the period 8 - 11 May 2012 was used. For the November-2012-serie the average price from the period 31 October - 5 November 2012 was used. For the May-2013-serie the average closing price from the period 2 - 7 May 2013 was used. For the November-2013-serie the average price from the period 31 October - 5 November 2013 was used. For the May-2014-serie the average closing price from the period 5 - 8 May 2014 was used. For the November-2014-serie the average price from the period 30 October - 4 November 2014 was used.

Expenses associated with the warrant programs amounted to SEK 0.1~(0.1) million, of which 0.0~(0.0) million has been charged to costs and SEK 0.1~(0.1) million, recognised in equity

²⁾ The strike price for the May-2011-serie was set at 110% of the average closing price for the period 29 April – 12 May 2011. For the November-2011- serie 110% of the average closing price for the period 21 October – 3 November 2011 was used. For the May-2012-serie 110% of the average closing price for the period 27 April - 11 May 2012 was used. For the November-2012-serie 110% of the average closing price for the period 23 October - 5 November 2012 was used. For the May-2013-serie 110% of the average closing price for the period 23 October - 5 November 2013 was used. For the May-2014-serie 100% of the average closing price for the period 24 April - 8 May 2014 was used. For the November-2014-serie 100% of the average closing price for the period 24 April - 8 May 2014 was used. For the November-2014-serie 100% of the average closing price for the period 24 April - 8 May 2014 was used.

MATCHING WARRANTS

As a part of the share ownership program, approved by the AGM 31 March 2014, a total of 102,800 matching warrants has been issued. These matching warrants are included

in the total number of warrants in the table above. These matchning warrants consist of warrants granted to key employees without any paid consideration. In order to qualify for the matching warrants, the key employees

shall still be employed at the start of the subscription period, i.e. after 3 years. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the matching warrants in cash.

Movements in the number of matching warrants outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

| | Average strike price | Warrants |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| As of 1 January 2014 | - | 0 |
| Granted | 39.04 | 102,800 |
| Forfeited | - | - |
| Exercised | - | - |
| Expired | - | - |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 39.04 | 102 800 |

None of the outstanding matching warrants could be exercised before 2017.

| Time of issue | Subscription period | Strike price | Number of warrants |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| May 2014 | May 2017 | 39.20 | 86,500 |
| November 2014 | November 2017 | 38.20 | 16,300 |

21. RESERVES

| Group (SEK thousand) | Reserves | Exchange reserve | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| Balance at 1 January 2013 | 46 | -23,375 | -23,329 |
| Exchange differences: | | | |
| - Group | _ | 10,229 | 10,229 |
| Balance at 31 December 2013 | 46 | -13,146 | -13,100 |
| Balance at 1 January 2014 | 46 | -13,146 | -13,100 |
| Exchange differences: | | | |
| - Group | _ | 15,890 | 15,890 |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 46 | 2,744 | 2,790 |

22. PROFIT PER SHARE

BASIC PROFIT PER SHARE

Profit per share is calculated as profit for the period (attributable to the equity holders of the Company) divided by the average number of outstanding shares for the period.

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Profit for the period attributable to the equity holders of the company | 114,993 | 107,062 |
| Average number of outstanding shares (thousand) | 52,784 | 52,752 |
| Basic profit per share (SEK/share) | 2.18 | 2.03 |

DILUTED PROFIT PER SHARE:

The diluted profit per share is calculated as the profit for the period (attributable to the equity holders of the Company) divided by the average number of outstanding shares for the period with consideration taken to the potential dilution from outstanding warrants. The potential dilution is calculated as the difference between the outstanding number of options and the number of shares that could be

acquired at market value (calculated as the average share price for the period), for the sum of the subscription price for the outstanding options.

| Group (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Profit for the period attributable to the equity holders of the company | 114,993 | 107,062 |
| | | |
| Average number of outstanding shares (thousand) | 52,784 | 52,752 |
| Possible dilution from warrants | 106 | 90 |
| Adjusted number of outstanding shares (thousand) | 52,890 | 52,842 |
| Diluted profit per share (SEK/share) | 2.17 | 2.03 |

23. DIVIDEND PER SHARE

The dividend paid in 2014 and 2013 amounted to SEK 0 million (0.00 per share) and SEK 0 million (SEK 0.00 per share) respectively. During spring 2014, HiQ completed a share split (2:1), (in which each ordinary share were split into one ordinary share and one redemption share) combined with compulsory redemption procedure, in which 52,751,523 shares were redeemed at SEK 2.60 each. Thereby a total of SEK 137,154 thousand was

distributed to the shareholders. During spring 2013, HiQ completed a share split (2:1), (in which each ordinary share were split into one ordinary share and one redemption share) combined with compulsory redemption procedure, in which 52,751,523 shares were redeemed at SEK 2.40 each. Thereby a total of SEK 126,604 thousand was distributed to the shareholders. For 2015 the Board proposes that no dividend should be paid. It is also proposed

a share split 2:1 (each ordinary share is split into one ordinary share and one redemption share) combined with a compulsory redemption procedure, where each redemption share is redeemed at SEK 2.60 per share, totalling SEK 138,161 thousand. The Annual General Meeting on March 24, 2015 will decide if procedure shall be carried out. These financial statements do not reflect the proposed split and redemption procedure.

106

1,506

1,059

24. INTEREST-BEARING DEBT

| | | Group | Paren | t Company |
|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|
| (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| LONG-TERM | | | | |
| Leasing (note 27) | 20,036 | 21,035 | 0 | 0 |
| Bank loan | 1,910 | 2,461 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 21,946 | 23,496 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | |
| SHORT-TERM | | | | |
| Leasing | 5,789 | 5,346 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 5,789 | 5,346 | 0 | 0 |

The book value is deemed to be equal to the fair value. The Parent Company (and the Group) has an unutilised overdraft facility of SEK 50 million (SEK 50 million).

25. OTHER LIABILITIES

| Group |
|-------|
|-------|

Other liabilities

Total

| Other short-term liabilities (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Social security contributions and tax | 32,148 | 26,808 |
| VAT | 34,041 | 34,147 |
| Other liabilities | 16,178 | 10,471 |
| Total | 82,367 | 71,426 |
| | | |
| Parent Company | | |
| Other short-term liabilities (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Social security contributions and tax | 953 | 1,505 |

26. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND PRE-PAID INCOME

| | | Group | Parer | nt Company |
|---|---------|---------|-------|------------|
| (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Holiday salaries, including social security contributions | 82,390 | 76,180 | 894 | 1,937 |
| Accrued payroll tax | 16,903 | 16,258 | 395 | 362 |
| Accrued salaries, including social security contributions | 9,155 | 15,208 | 5,500 | 4,666 |
| Other | 23,081 | 15,406 | 2,453 | 2,412 |
| Total | 131,529 | 123,052 | 9,242 | 9,377 |

27. LEASING

| | | Group | | Parent Company |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Operational leasing (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Due for payment within 1 year | 18,514 | 18,419 | 9,242 | 9,378 |
| Due for payment between 1 and 5 years | 26,389 | 35,721 | 15,747 | 24,905 |
| Due for payment after 5 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The Group's operational leasing contracts primarily consist of leases for premises. The premises rented by the Group are leased on market terms, with the rent partly or fully linked to changes in the price index. Lease terms are between 3 and 10 years. The parent company's operational leasing contracts primarily consist of leases for premises and company cars. The premises rented by the parent company are leased on market terms, with the rent partly or fully linked to changes in the price index.

| Financial leasing (SEK thousand) – Group | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Due for payment within 1 year | 5,789 | 5,346 |
| Due for payment between 1 and 5 years | 20,036 | 21,035 |

The Group's financial leasing agreements relates to company cars. The leasing term is 3 years, with terminal value of 50% after 3 years, with a deprecation rate 17% per year. The

leasing agreements can be terminated without financial penalty with the car being redeemed at its residual value. Leasing agreements are established on market terms. The leasing liability is hedged since the right to the leased object is returned to the lessor in case of payment failure.

28. PLEDGED ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

HiQ International AB has a contingent liability for the fulfilment of the subsidiaries rent agreements. The amount for the contingent liabilities amount to SEK 24,345 (25,578) thousand. During December 2012, the trustee manager of SAAB Automobile AB, posted reimbursement demands to HiQ of SEK 4.3 million (VAT included) for services delivered by HiQ. In 2013, the trustee manager adjusted the claims

to SEK 5.5 million (VAT included). In 2014, the trustee manager has adjusted the claims to SEK 5.6 million (VAT included). As HiQ see these demands as being ill-founded, no reservations for this amount has been set. According to the information HiQ currently have, the Court of Gothenburg will make a decision in the case during the autumn 2015.

In addition to the contingent liabilities outlined above, there is no other pledged assets and contingent liabilities of SEK 0 (0) thousand related to leasing agreements. Otherwise there are no other pledged assets or contingent liabilities that has not been identified that are not reported in these financial statements.

29. BENEFITS FOR MANAGEMENT

| Salary and other remuneration (SEK thousand) 2014 | Base salaries | Variable salaries | Other benefits | Pension premiums | Other remuneration | Share-based payments | Total |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Chairman of the Board | 500 | - | - | - | - | - | 500 |
| Other Board members | 1,370 | - | - | - | 209 | - | 1,579 |
| CEO | 2,448 | 3,381 | 133 | 444 | - | 8 | 6,414 |
| Other senior Executives (11 people) | 14,030 | 1,787 | 1,255 | 2,828 | - | 11 | 19,986 |
| Total | 18,348 | 5,168 | 1,388 | 3,272 | 209 | 19 | 28,479 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Salary and other remuneration | | Variable | Other | Other | Other | Share-based | |
| Salary and other remuneration (SEK thousand) 2013 | Base salaries | Variable salaries | Other benefits | Other benefits | Other benfits | Share-based payments | Total |
| • | Base salaries 500 | | | | | | Total 500 |
| (SEK thousand) 2013 | | salaries | benefits | benefits | benfits | | |
| (SEK thousand) 2013 Chairman of the Board | 500 | salaries - | benefits | benefits - | benfits | | 500 |
| (SEK thousand) 2013 Chairman of the Board Other Board members | 500 1,370 | salaries - - | benefits - | benefits | benfits | | 500 1,370 |

Salaries and remuneration for the CEO in 2014 amounted to SEK 5,970 (5,558) thousand, of which the variable part amounted to SEK 3,381 (3,000)

thousand. A defined contribution pension premium was paid at the highest tax-deductible amount, SEK 444 (445) thousand. Social security contribu-

tions amounted to SEK 1,873 (1,746) thousand as well as taxes on pension payment of SEK 108 (108) thousand. The retirement age of the CEO is 65

vears. In 2014 the CEO has acquired 15,000 warrants to a market value of SEK 41 thousand and also was granted 15,000 matching warrants with a value of SEK 41 thousand, conditioned by employment in May 2017. The CEO's employment terms stipulates a mutual period of notice of six months during which period salary and other benefits are paid. If the CEO resigns, salary and other benefits is paid under four months after the termination. If notice is given by the company, the CEO is also entitled to severance pay corresponding to ten months' remuneration. If the company would be acquired by a public offer, receives a new main shareholder or conducts a major shift in business idea or changes the scope of operations, the CEO has the right to resign on the same terms as if the notice was given by the company. The Board as a whole, except the CEO, acts as a remuneration committee and deals with matters concerning the CEO's terms of employment and pension terms. The members of the Board received a total remuneration of SEK 1,870 (1,870) thousand, of which the chairman of the Board received SEK 500 (500) thousand. The AGM in March 2014 decided that the remuneration for the chairman of the Board shall amount to SEK 500 thousand and that the Board members not employed by the company

shall receive a remuneration of SEK 215 thousand (Ken Gerhardsen, Gunnel Duveblad, Johanna Fagrell Köhler, Raimo Lind, Erik Hallberg and Ulrika Hagdahl). In addition, the chairman of the audit committee has received a remuneration of SEK 80 thousand. The AGM decided that the Board member could invoice the remuneration from a company. In that case, the remuneration should be set at a level which is cost neutral for the company. In the table above, the basic amount of Board fees is stated. For Board members that have invoiced their Board fee from a company, the Board fee has been increased with social security costs, in order for the Board fee to be cost neutral for HiQ. For the Chairman of the Board compensation for security costs amount to SEK 51 thousand (Board fee is being invoiced). For other Board members social security costs have been SEK 295 thousand and compensation for social security costs amount to SEK 135 thousand (for Board fees invoiced by companies). This in accordance with the decision made by the AGM. In 2014, the Board member Johanna Fagrell Köhler, via company, has conducted consultancy services to the subsidiary HiQ Stockholm AB. A total fee of SEK 209 thousand has been paid for the services provided. The 11 (11) other senior executives received salary and remuneration during 2014

with a total amount of SEK 15,828 (16,276) thousand, of which the variable part amounted to SEK 1,256 (1,756) thousand. The variable part is based on result that are quantitative as well as qualitative. Social security contribution amounted to SEK 5,213 (5,387) as well as taxes on pension payments of SEK 686 (695) thousand. Pension premiums amounted to SEK 2,903 (2,865) thousand. During 2014 other senior executives acquired 21,500 warrants at market price. The market price for these warrants at time of allotment amounted to SEK 58 thousand and thereby also was granted 21,500 matching warrants with a total value of SEK 58 thousand. During 2013 other senior executives acquired 57,000 warrants at a fair value of SEK 120 thousand. Other senior executives have a mutual term of notice of 3-6 months and in most cases are entitled to severance pay equivalent to 3-6 months on notice given by the company. The retirement age for all other senior executives is 65 years. Matters relating to salary and remuneration paid to other senior executives were decided by the CEO of HiQ International, in certain cases following consultation with the chairman of the Board. The information above applies to the parent company as well as for the group.

30. GROUP COMPANIES

Specification of the Parent Company's and the Group's shares in Group companies:

| • | • • | Registered | | | Share | Book value |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|---------|------------|----------------|
| Name | Corporate ID | office | Country | Shares | of capital | (SEK thousand) |
| HiQ København A/S | 20851147 | Kastrup | Denmark | 500 | 100% | 3,495 |
| HiQ Finland OY | 0648086-9 | Espoo | Finland | 600 | 100% | 273,921 |
| ZAO MobilEyes INN | 7707281246 | Moskva | Russia | 69,042 | 100% | 2,545 |
| HiQ Accelerated Concept | | | | | | |
| Evaluation AB | 556640-3415 | Linköping | Sweden | 523,600 | 100% | 26,849 |
| HiQ Computer and Audio- | | | | | | |
| Technical Systems AB | 556194-0403 | Stockholm | Sweden | 10,000 | 100% | 1,200 |
| HiQ Göteborg AB | 556244-6384 | Göteborg | Sweden | 1,020 | 100% | 44,798 |
| HiQ Karlskrona AB | 556534-5336 | Karlskrona | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 600 |
| HiQ Linköping AB | 556738-3400 | Linköping | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 1,100 |
| HiQ MobilEyes AB | 556563-2345 | Stockholm | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 9,767 |
| HiQ Mälardalen AB | 556443-8736 | Lidingö | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 215 |
| HiQ Skåne AB | 556628-0136 | Lund | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 100 |
| HiQ Stockholm AB | 556506-5819 | Stockholm | Sweden | 1,000 | 100% | 41,532 |

406,122

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|---|-----|----|----------|---|
| | ote | 30 | continue | 1 |

| Parent Company (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| ACQUISITON VALUE | | |
| At beginning of year | 543,845 | 534,845 |
| Given Group contributions | 8,300 | 9,000 |
| At end of year | 552,145 | 543,845 |
| ACCUMULATED WRITE-DOWNS | | |
| At beginning of year | - 137,623 | - 128,623 |
| Write-downs | -8,400 | -9,000 |
| At end of year | - 146,023 | - 137,623 |
| Book value of shares in Group companies | 406,122 | 406,222 |

All Group companies provides consultancy services within IT- and management.

31. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

| | | Group | Pa | rent Company |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------------|
| Interests paid and dividends received | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Interest received | 698 | 1,694 | 467 | 944 |
| Interest paid | -598 | -803 | - 451 | -301 |
| Total | 100 | 891 | 16 | 643 |
| | | Group | Pa | rent Company |
| Adjustments for items not included in cash flow | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Anticipated dividends from Group companies | _ | _ | -16,000 | -26,000 |
| Depreciation | 10,289 | 10,935 | 617 | 608 |
| Provisions | 388 | _ | _ | _ |
| Write-down of shares in Group companies | _ | _ | 8,400 | 9,000 |
| Total | 10,677 | 10,935 | -6,983 | -16,392 |
| | | | | Parent |
| | | Group | | Company |
| Transactions not leading to payments | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Acquisition of assets by financial leasing | 5,232 | 5,500 | 0 | 0 |
| Cash and cash equivalents (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| The following components are included in the liquid assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 180,050 | 207,349 | 110,452 | 168,218 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 180,050 | 207,349 | 110,452 | 168,218 |

The Parent Company (and the Group) has an unutilised overdraft facility of SEK 50 million.

32. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

RELATED-PARTY RELATIONS:

The parent company has a related-party relation to its subsidiaries (note 30).

| Purchases and net sales, Group Internal, Parent Company (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Net sales to Group companies | 36,255 | 27,932 |
| Purchases from Group companies | 1,095 | 9,549 |
| Interest income from Group companies | 39 | 179 |
| Interest expenses to Group companies | 451 | 298 |
| | | |
| Results from shares in Group companies, Parent Company (SEK thousand) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Dividends received from Group companies | 32,311 | 52,273 |
| Received Group contributions | 84,000 | 95,500 |
| Write-down of shares in Group companies | -8,400 | -9,000 |
| Total | 107,911 | 138,773 |

TRANSACTIONS WITH SENIOR EXECUTIVES

Remuneration to Board members have, according to a decision made by the Annual General Meeting, been paid with an amount of SEK 1,870 (1,870)

thousand. In addition, SEK 72 (62) thousand have been paid as reimbursement of travel and accommodation expenses in connection with the Board work. In 2014, Johanna Fagrell Köhler, via company, carried out consultancy

work for HiQ Stockholm AB for a fee totaling SEK 209 thousand. No loans have been given to the Board members or any senior executives. For further information regarding benefits for senior executives, please refer to note 29.

TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Group companies have paid rents to associates with SEK 502 (536) thousand.

33. APPROPRIATIONS

In 2013, the Parent Company has reversed the appropriations with SEK 25 million to taxation.

34. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

A. ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT OF GOODWILL

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates (note 12). In note 12 a sensitivity analysis regarding the value of the Group's goodwill is presented. An impairment of goodwill would effect the Group's profit as well as the equity of the Group. However, the cash flow would not be effected.

B. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Group applies the percentage of completion method in recognising revenues in fixed price contracts. The percentage of completion method requires estimates regarding the proportion of services performed (out of the total services required for the fixed price contract) on the balance sheet date. If the proportion between estimated performed services and total services would differ by 10% from the Man-

agement's assessment, net sales would increase if the performed proportion would have increased and decreased if the performed proportion would have decreased. The impact at the yearend is marginal due to the current low amount of fixed priced projects.

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including Foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall policy is to minimising the potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance arising from these risks. The risk management is carried out centrally as well as decentralised by the subsidiaries, according to the Group's policies and guidelines.

A. MARKET RISK

Foreign exchange risk

HiQ has operations mainly in Sweden, Finland, Denmark and Russia. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. Most of the company's operations are local, i.e. income and expenses are in the same currency, which decreases the exposure to foreign exchange risks. In some cases, sales are made in a different currency from that in which the costs of producing the services were incurred. In cases where revenues and expenses are in different currencies the foreign exchange risk increase. Because of its limited foreign exchange exposure, HiQ does not currently employ any form of currency hedging. The company could be affected by substantial foreign exchange rate fluctuations, but we consider this risk to be small. The currency breakdown of the Group's incoming payments is SEK 82%, Euro 17% and other currencies 1%. For outgoing payments the breakdown is SEK 83%, Euro 16% and other currencies 1%. If the Swedish Crown had strengthened/weakened by 10% against the Euro (with all other variables held constant) the net profit 2014 would have been approximately SEK 3.2 million lower / higher. Equity

would have been approximately SEK 22 million higher / lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange difference on translation of goodwill. The Group has investments in foreign entities whose net assets are exposed to foreign exchange risks. The foreign exchange exposure arising from this are not hedged. All together HiQ's currency exposure is judged to be very limited.

Cash flow and interest rate risk and fair values

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, except cash at bank accounts, the Group's income and cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates could expose the Group to interest rate risk. Financial leasing agreements as well as the Group's credit facility are at variable interest rates. Therefore no interest rate regarding fair values arise. An increase in the average interest rate on financial leasing with 1 percentage point would effect the Group's profit negatively with approximately SEK 0.2 million. From time to time the Group's surplus liquidity could be invested in short-term investments exposed to some (low) price risk. The risk is regarded as low, due to the short duration of the investments. By the end of 2014 the Group had SEK 0 (0) million in shortterm investments.

B. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to clients, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Most of HiQ's assignments are charged on account, i.e. time spent is invoiced monthly. 99% of net sales is charged on account, with fixed-price assignments, i.e. projects charged according to a fixed schedule, accounting for the remaining 1%. Projects charged on account are invoiced monthly or at the conclusion of the project. Payment is normally due within 30 days, although shorter and longer payment periods occasionally apply. Each week, accounts receivables are followed up to ensure that payment

terms are met. Interest is charged on late payments and unpaid invoices are referred to a debt collection agency. Most of HiQ's clients are large and well-established. The ten largest clients account for about 41% of net sales and include Ericsson, Volvo Group and FMV. New clients are subject to credit checks. Actual bad debts have historically been low. For further information

regarding bad debts, please refer to note 17.

C. LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is managed by maintaining sufficient cash and short-term investments and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The management forecasts the Group

liquidity (cash and cash equivalents and credit facilities) based upon forecasted cash flows. HiQ's liquidity is very good. Cash flow before investments in 2014 was SEK 104.0 (130.8) million and on 31 December 2014 cash and cash equivalents amounted to SEK 180.1 (207.3) million.

The table below analyses the due date for the Group's financial liabilities, based on time left to due date.

| | | Between 3 months | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| As of 31 December 2014 | Less than 3 months | and l year | More than 1 year |
| Financial debt (excluding Financial leasing) | _ | _ | 1,910 |
| Financial leasing | 1,464 | 4,392 | 20,276 |
| Accounts payable, trade | 49,123 | _ | _ |
| Other liabilities | 82,367 | _ | _ |
| | | Between 3 months | |
| As of 31 December 2013 | Less than 3 months | and l year | More than 1 year |
| Financial debt (excluding Financial leasing) | _ | _ | 2,461 |
| Financial leasing | 1,336 | 4,010 | 21,035 |
| Accounts payable, trade | 44,757 | _ | _ |
| Other liabilities | 71,426 | _ | _ |

MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL RISK

The Group's aims as regards its capital structure are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue its operations, such that it can continue to generate a return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to maintain a capital structure that – against this background – keeps capital costs down. To main-

tain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may change the dividend paid to shareholders, repay capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets in order to reduce debts. A consultancy company such as HiQ has a limited asset-based security base for borrowing. The Group's strategy in 2014, which as unchanged from 2013, was to maintain

positive net funds. As at 31 December 2014 financial net funds amounted to SEK 152.3 million (SEK 178.5 million as at 31 December 2013).

NOTE 36 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No substantial events have occured after the reporting period.

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director declare that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU and give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position and results of operations. The financial statements of the Parent Com-

pany have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Sweden and give a true and fair view of the Parent Company's financial position and results of operations. The statutory Administration Report of the Group and the Parent Company provides a fair review of the

development of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations, financial position and results of operations and describes material risks and uncertainties facing the Parent Company and the companies included in the Group.

Stockholm 2 March 2015

| Anders Ljungh | Gunnel Duveblad | Ulrika Hagdahl | Erik Hallberg |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Chairman of the Board | Member of the Board | Member of the Board | Member of the Board |
| Johanna Fagrell Köhler Member of the Board | Ken Gerhardsen Member of the Board | Raimo Lind Member of the Board | Lars Stugemo Member of the Board and Chief Excutive Officer |

Our Auditors' report for this annual report was submitted on 2 March 2015. Pricewaterhouse Coopers AB

> Nicklas Kullberg Authorised Public Accountant

Auditor's report

to the annual general meeting of HiQ International AB (publ), Corporate Identity Number 556529-3205

REPORT ON THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS AND CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

We have audited the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of HiQ International AB (publ) for the year 2014, with the exception of the corporate governance report on pages 16–52. The annual accounts and consolidated accounts of the company are included in the printed version of this document on pages 18–21.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director for the annual accounts and consolidated accounts The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these annual accounts in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and the Annual Accounts Act, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors and the Managing Director determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts and consolidated accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these annual accounts and consolidated accounts based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts and consolidated accounts are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation and fair presentation of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors and the

Managing Director, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion.

n our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the parent company as of 31 December 2014 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2014 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. Our opinion does not cover the corporate governance statement on pages 18-21. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. We therefore recommend that the annual meeting adopt the income statement and balance sheet for the parent company and the statement of comprehensive income and the balance sheet for the Group.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, we have also audited the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss and the administration of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director of HiQ International AB (publ) for the year 2014. We have also conducted a statutory examination of the corporate governance statement.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriations of the company's profit or loss, and the Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for administration under the Swedish Companies Act and that the corporate governance statement on pages 18–21 has been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion with reasonable assurance on the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss and on the administration based on our audit. We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. As a basis for our opinion on the Board of Directors' proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss, we examined the Board of Directors' reasoned statement and a selection of supporting evidence in order to be able to assess whether the proposal is in accordance with the Swedish Companies Act. As a basis for our opinion concerning discharge from liability, in addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, we examined significant decisions, actions taken and circumstances of the company in order to determine whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Managing Director is liable to the company. We also examined whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Managing Director has. in any other way, acted in contravention of the Swedish Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions. Furthermore, we have reviewed the corporate governance statement, and based on that reading and our knowledge of the company and the group we believe that we have sufficient basis for our opinons. This means that our statutory examination of the corporate governance statement is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden.

Opinions

We recommend to the annual meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director be discharged from liability for the financial year. A corporate governance statement has been prepared, and its statutory content is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

Stockholm 2 March 2015 PricewaterhouseCoopers AB

NICKLAS KULLBERG

Authorized Public Accountant

Definitions of key ratios

Gross margin: Operating profit/loss after reversal of deprecation, as a percentage of net sales.

Operating margin: Operating profit/loss, as a percentage of net sales.

Operating capital: Equity and interest bearing debt, minus liquid assets and other interest bearing assets.

Return on shareholders' equity:

Profit/loss after tax in relation to average of opening and closing shareholders' equity.

Return on operating capital: Operating profit/loss in relation to average of opening and closing working capital.

Net sales per employee: Net sales in relation to average number of employees.

Added value: Operating profit/loss plus salary expenses, including social security contributions and pension expenses.

Added value per employee: Added value in relation to average number of employees.

Operating profit per employee:

Operating profit/loss in relation to average number of employees.

Average number of employees:

Average number of employees during the year, converted into full-time employee equivalents. **Equity/assets ratio:** Closing shareholders' equity as a percentage of closing balance sheet total.

Yield: Proposed dividend as a percentage of share price at end of financial year.

Earnings/share: Profit after tax divided by average number of shares, before and after dilution.

Equity/share: Shareholders' equity in relation to total number of outstanding shares.

Cash flow/share before dilution:

Cash flow for the year in relation to total number of outstanding shares.

History

1992 The foundation stone of HiQ is laid with the formation of Statyetten Konsult AB and its subsidiary, Approve AB. Simulation technology forms the basis of the Group's operations.

HiQ is established in Stockholm with the task of expanding the business, focusing on telecoms.

The name of the Parent Company is changed to HiQ International AB.

Subsidiaries in Gothenburg and Oslo are established.

HiQ International is listed on the Stockholm Stock Exchange.

Two new subsidiaries are acquired, HiQ København in Denmark and HiQ Open in Gothenburg.

A subsidiary is established in Finland, HiQ East Oy.

Softplan Oy in Finland is acquired.

A new subsidiary, HiQ Skåne AB, is established in Lund. HiQ East Oy and HiQ A/S are wound up.

HiQ Väst and HiQ Open are merged into one company, HiQ Göteborg AB.

Computer and Audio Technical Systems AB is acquired.

A new subsidiary, HiQ Karlskrona AB, is established.

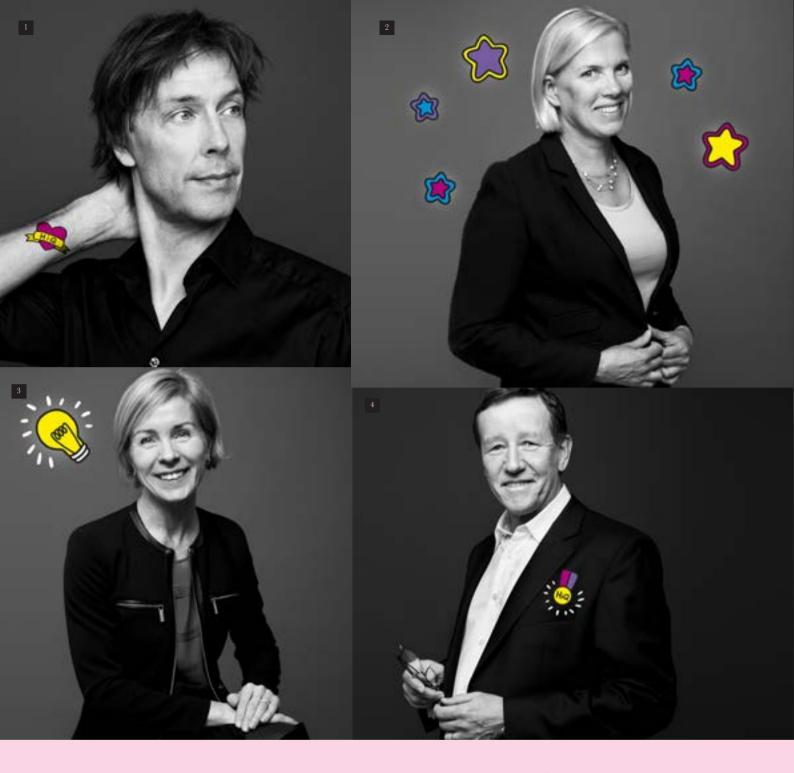
2007 MobilEyes AB is acquired.

Ace Simulation AB and HiQ Quality Services OY acquired.

Frends Technology Oy is acquired.

2011 HiQ is established in Borlänge.

HiQ is established in Norrköping and Örebro.



Board of Directors

- 1. LARS STUGEMO, born 1961. Master of science Electrical Engineering, Royal Institute of Technology. President and CEO of HiQ International AB since 2000. Employed since March 1995. Managing Director, HiQ Data AB 1998–2000. Previous positions: Managing Director Communicator Infotech; Consultant and Sales, Enator Teknik. Other assignments: Chairman of the Board Kambi Group Plc and member of Avd VI The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences (IVA). Holdings in HiQ: 433,651 shares, 45,000 warrants, 15,000 matching warrants.
- **2. ULRIKA HAGDAHL,** born 1962, Master of science Engineering Physics, Royal Institute of Technology. Member since 2012. Founder of Orc Software AB, Head of Development Orc Software 1987-1990, President and CEO Orc Software AB 1990-2000. Other assignments: Member of the board of IFS AB and Beijer Electronics AB.
- **3. JOHANNA FAGRELL KÖHLER,** born 1966. Master's Degree International Economics, French, University of Lund. Member since 2011. President and CEO Mobiento since 2011. CEO ONE Media Holding 2005–2010. MD Summer Design 2002–2005. Business Area Manager IconMedialab 1998–2002. Other assignments: Chairman of the board of Ekelöw Info Security AB.
- **4. RAIMO LIND,** born 1953. Master Degree Economics, Helsinki School of Economics. CFO of Wärtsilä Oyj 1998-2013, deputy MD since 2005. Worked for Wärtsilä 1976-1989 with positions both in Finland and abroad. CFO and managerial positions at Tamrock Oy 1992-1998, MD Scantrailer Ajoneuvoteollisuus Oy 1990-1991. Other assignments: Chairman of the board of Elisa Oyj and member of the board & chairman of the audit committee Nokian Tyres. Holdings in HiQ 1 300 shares.

AUDITOR: PricewaterhouseCoopers AB. Responsible auditor Nicklas Kullberg, born 1970. Authorised Public Accountant. Auditor of HiQ since 2010.



5. ANDERS LJUNGH, born 1942. Ph.D. in Technology, Royal Institute of Technology; M.Sc. Business and Economics, Stockholm School of Economics. Chairman and member of the board since 2003. Senior Advisor, Morgan Stanley 1996–2001; CFO, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 1991–1994; Head of Handelsbanken's Overseas Department 1975–1990; World Bank 1969–1975. Other assignments: Chairman of the boards of Axiomatics, Living Capital Management, Reformed Spirits Co and Mobilize Systems. Holdings in HiQ: 12,000 shares.

6. KEN GERHARDSEN, born 1952. Master of science Engineering Physics, Linköping Institute of Technology. Member since 1995. President and CEO of HiQ International AB until February 2000. Other assignments: Member of the board of Ymer Technologies and Stockholm Text. Holdings in HiQ; 375,557 shares.

Holdings include related party holdings and holdings through companies.

7. ERIK HALLBERG, born 1956. Engineer in Mechanical Engineering. Member since 2012. Executive Vice President TeliaSonera and Managing Director TeliaSonera Eurasia, various management positions at TeliaSonera i.e. Market Area Baltic Countries, Head of Broadband Sweden and Mobility Sweden. Founder and Chairman of the board of Glocalnet 1996 – 1999, MD Diners Club Sweden 1990-1994. Other assignments: Member of the board Cygate AB, Tetab Försäljning AB and boards in Eurasian countries (Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Moldova, Georgia, Tajikistan, Afghanistan, Nepal, Azerbaijan) and Turkey and TeliaSonera International Carrier AB.

8. GUNNEL DUVEBLAD, born 1955. Computer Science, Umeå University. Member since 2007. Managing Director, EDS North Europe 2002–2006. Employed by IBM 1977–2002, holding various managerial positions within IBM at Nordic and European level. Other assignments: Chairman of the boards of Team Olivia AB, Global Scanning AS and Stiftelsen Ruter Dam and member of the boards of i.e. Sweco and PostNord. Holdings in HiQ: 2,000 shares.



Management

1. JERKER LINDSTÉN, born 1971. Managing Director, HiQ Göteborg since 2004. Master of science Automation Engineering, Chalmers University of Technology 1995. Employed since 2004. Previous positions: Regional Manager, Sales Manager, Framfab Region West; Business Area Manager, etc., Telia. Holdings in HiQ; 15,000 shares, 40,000 warrants.

2. LARS STUGEMO, born 1961. President and CEO of HiQ International since 2000. Master of Science Electrical Engineering, Royal Institute of Technology 1986. Employed since March 1995. Managing Director, HiQ Data 1998–2000. Previous positions: Managing Director, Communicator Infotech AB; Consultant and sales, Enator Teknik AB. Holdings in HiQ: 433,651 shares, 45,000 warrants, 15,000 matching warrants.

3. ANDERS NILSSON, born 1970. Managing Director, HiQ Mälardalen since 2004. Qualified Engineer 1990. Employed since 2000. Previous positions: Project Manager, Celsius Test Systems; Product Manager, Volvo Aero Support; Licence Engineer, ABB. Holdings in HiQ: 840 shares and 14,000 warrants, 4,000 matching warrants.

4. FREDRIK MALM, born 1974. CFO, HiQ International since 2002. Master of Science Business and Economics, Stockholm School of Economics 1997. Employed since 2002. Previous positions: Corporate Finance, Enskilda Securities; Corporate Finance, Nordea Securities; Holdings in HiQ; 25,000 shares, 34,500 warrants, 7,500 matching warrants.

5. PETER H. LINDECRANTZ, born 1976. Head of Corporate Communication and Marketing, HiQ International, since 2010. Bachelor of Science Pedagogy, University of Gothenburg, Communication and Journalism, University of Houston and Poppius. Previous positions: Competence developer Åhlénsgruppen, Head of owned brands MQ Retail, Head of sales Sportcore, self- employed in Plankträff.



6. PATRIK HOLM, born 1966. Managing Director, HiQ Ace since 2009.
Master of Science Industrial Economics, Linköping Institute of Technology 1993.
Employed since 2008. Previous positions: Senior Vice President, Enea Nordic
Services, Managing Director, Enea Systems AB, Managing Director, Enea Epact
AB. Holdings in HiQ: 36,624 shares.

7. JUKKA RAUTIO, born 1974. Managing Director, HiQ Finland Oy since 2010, Managing Director HiQ Quality Services Oy 2008 – 2010. Bachelor of Science 2001, Oulu University. Employed since 2008. Previous positions: Founder and MD, TSG Test Solutions. Holdings in HiQ: 220,000 shares.

8. MAGNUS GUDÉHN, born 1962. Managing Director, HiQ Stockholm since 2013. Bachelor of Science, Royal Institute of Technology, 1986. Employed since March 1995. Business Area Manager 2008-2013, MD HiQ Cats 2005-2008. Previous positions: consultant manager, project manager and developer at Enator and Logica Sydney. Holdings in HiQ: 5,500 shares and 40,000 warrants, 10,000 matching warrants.

9. MIKAEL TENG, born 1964. Business Development Manager, HiQ International since 2007. Master of Science Engineering, Royal Institute of Technology 1990. Employed since 1998. Previous positions: Global Account Manager and consultant, HiQ Stockholm; Manager, Accenture; Consultant, Tieto Enator; SW Engineer, Oerlikon Contraves AG, Switzerland.

10. ANNA KLEINE, born 1973. Managing Director, HiQ Skåne since 2012. Bachelor of Science, Information technology, University of Lund. Employed since 2003. Previous positions: consultant, sales and business area manager

11. KLAS NYSTRÖM, born 1955. Managing Director, HiQ Karlskrona since 2007. Naval Officer. Employed since 2007. Previous positions: Various positions at Telenor; Founder and Vice President of Testbolaget Sverige; Ericsson; Lieutenant-Commander in the Swedish Navy.

 $Holdings\ include\ related\ party\ holdings\ and\ holdings\ through\ companies.$

