Íslandsbanki



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1H2015

HIGHLIGHTS

1H 2015

- Profit after tax was ISK 10.8bn in 1H15 compared to ISK 14.7bn in 1H14. The difference is mainly due to irregular items.
- Return on regular operations on 14% CET1 was 13.9% in 1H15 compared to 12.4% in 1H14.
- Total capital ratio remains strong at 28.3% (Mar15 28.4%) and Core Tier 1 ratio was 25.8% (Mar15: 25.7%)
- Net interest income amounted to ISK 13.6bn in 1H15 (1H14 ISK 13.6bn). The net interest margin was 2.9% in 1H15 (1H14: 3.1%).
- Net fee and commission income was ISK 6.4bn in 1H15 (1H14 5.7bn), a 13.2% year on year increase.
- Cost to income ratio was 56.0% in 1H15 (1H14: 55.6%). Cost to income-ratio excludes Bank tax and one-off cost items
- Leverage ratio was at 18.3% at the end of the period, indicating a moderate leverage.
- Ratio of loans more than 90 days past due and impaired was 2.7% (Mar15: 3.0%).
- Total assets amounted to ISK 976bn (Mar15: ISK 926bn).

2Q 2015

- Profit after tax was ISK 5.4bn in 2Q15 (2Q14: ISK 6.4bn).
- Return on regular operations 14% CET1 was 12.8% in the quarter (2Q14: 9.3%)
- Net interest income amount to ISK 7.4bn in 2Q15 (2Q14: ISK 6.9bn)
- Net fee and commission income was ISK 3.5bn in 2Q15 (2Q14: ISK 2.8), a 24.8% increase.

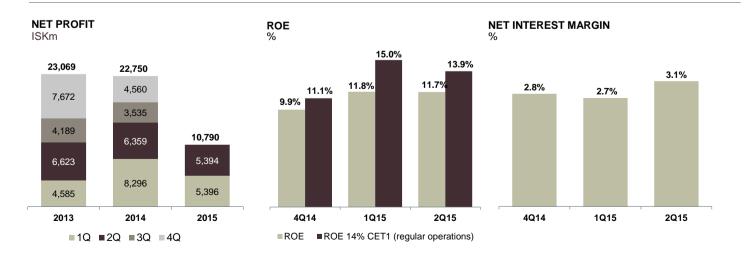
Birna Einarsdóttir, Chief Executive Officer at Íslandsbanki:

"Íslandsbanki made a good progress in the first half of 2015. The Bank's core business showed steady growth in lending, deposits and net fees and commissions. New loan loans increased by 3% over the period, in line with GDP growth. We were pleased to receive investment grade recognition both from Fitch and S&P.

Salaries and related expenses remain unchanged and the bank continues to reduce costs whilst streamlining its operations. The bank's capital and liquidity ratios remain strong, both of particular importance in this period when the lifting of capital controls has come to the fore. Íslandsbanki's role in this process is an important one, and the bank is working closely with its owners and the government. Íslandsbanki has entered into Heads of Agreement negotiations with Glitnir, with both parties co-operating to facilitate the Glitnir's composition. The outcome of this agreement will change the bank's balance sheet considerably.

Customers' needs for transacting when and wherever they want is growing rapidly. The bank has responded by expanding its mobile service. The ISB app for personal banking customers is now more heavily used than the Online Bank and is still developing. In 2015 the increase of active users of the mobile app was 43%, and 37% of users use it once or more per day on average. The online bank is a big area of focus for the bank, and surveys show that our customers are the most satisfied of online banking customers.

Íslandsbanki issued a new Global Compact Report yesterday which complies to GRI standards. The report issues nine key tasks in social responsibility. The largest projects are responsible lending, responsible purchases and responsible investments. The Bank is also proud to sponsor the Reykjavík Marathon which was held last weekend with over 15,000 participants, and resulted in a charity contribution of ISK 78 million."

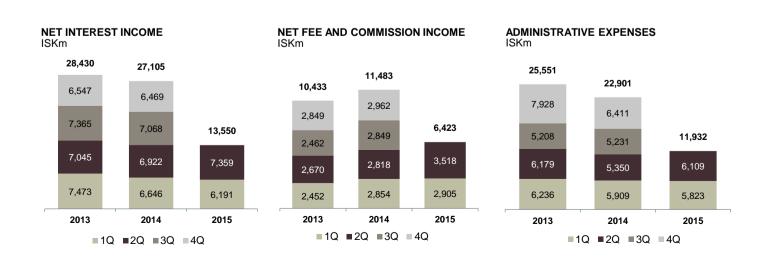




Income Statement (ISK m)						
	1H15	1H14	Δ	2Q15	2Q14	Δ
Net interest income	13,550	13,568	(18)	7,359	6,922	437
Net fee and commission income	6,423	5,672	751	3,518	2,818	700
Net financial income	2,039	882	1,157	275	19	256
Net foreign exchange loss	(281)	(303)	22	(141)	(12)	(129)
Other operating income	541	1,380	(839)	252	267	(15)
Total operating income	22,272	21,199	1,073	11,263	10,014	1,249
Administrative expenses	(11,932)	(11,259)	(673)	(6,109)	(5,350)	(759)
Depositors and Investors Guarantee Fund	(534)	(518)	(16)	(265)	(260)	(5)
Bank Tax	(1,328)	(1,215)	(113)	(710)	(623)	(87)
Total operating expenses	(13,794)	(12,991)	(803)	(7,084)	(6,233)	(851)
Profit before impairment	8,478	8,207	271	4,179	3,781	398
Net loan impairment	4,308	5,739	(1,431)	1,977	4,219	(2,242)
Profit before tax	12,786	13,946	(1,159)	6,156	8,000	(1,844)
Income tax	(2,920)	(3,550)	630	(1,524)	(2,156)	631
Profit for the period from continuing operations	9,866	10,395	(529)	4,632	5,844	(1,212)
Profit from discontinued ops. net of tax	924	4,259	(3,335)	762	515	248
Profit for the period	10,790	14,655	(3,864)	5,394	6,359	(965)

Income Statement

- 90% of the Bank's total operating income in 1H15 is derived from net interest income and net fee and commission income, which is in line with the Bank's focus on core earnings and its objective to generate stable cash flows over the long term.
- Net interest margin, calculated as the ratio of net interest income to the average carrying amount of total assets, was 2.9% in 1H15 (2Q15: 3.1%) compared to 3.1% in 1H14 (2Q14: 3.1%). The increase in NIM from Q1 to Q2 is largely due to higher inflation
- CPI imbalance amounted to ISK 40.3bn at end of 2Q15 (Mar15: 46bn). The imbalance is managed via CPI-linked swaps, issuance of CPI-linked covered bonds and long term CPI-linked deposit programmes.
- The average number of full time employees (FTEs) for the parent was 958 in 1H15, reduction by 32 FTE's from 1H14.
- Loan impairment charges were 1.6bn ISK and Impairment reversal due to revised estimated future cash flows were 5.9bn ISK in 1H15, net 4.3bn ISK.



Asset (ISK m)	30.06.2015	31.03.2015	31.12.2014	
Cash and balances with CB	126,900	98,274	103,389	
Derivatives	1,581	1,843	1,810	
Bonds and debt instruments	85,274	91,201	87,347	
Shares and equity instruments	11,041	11,900	10,531	
Loans to credit institutions	52,139	40,688	35,072	
Loans to customers	653,728	637,877	634,799	
Investment in associates	612	607	570	
Property and equipment	7,600	7,521	7,402	
Intangible assets	1,058	655	619	
Deferred tax assets	45	270	521	
Non-current assets held for sale	15,763	21,203	21,649	
Other assets	20,516	14,350	7,619	
Total assets	976,257	926,389	911,328	



Asset

- New lending amounted to 66.7bn with loans to customers growing by 15.9bn in the last quarter despite high repayments.
- Loans to companies grew by approx. 5.8% since year end 2014 while loans to individuals decreased 1.2% mainly due
 to the Government's debt relief scheme.
- Real estate remains the Bank's most important type of collateral. The weighted average loan-to-value (LTV) ratio for the residential mortgage portfolio was 68.1% at June 2015 (Mar15: 72.4%)
- The asset encumbrance ratio is 10.75% at June 2015.
- Liquid assets of ISK 248bn exceed both internal and external regulatory requirements.
- · Basel Liquitity Cover Ratio (LCR) was151% at the end of June

Liabilities and Equity (ISK m)	30.06.2015	31.03.2015	31.12.2014 3,963	
Derivatives and short positions	5,992	7,203		
Deposits from CB and credit inst.	24,017	24,437	25,796	
Deposits from customers	566,678	520,740	529,447	
Debt issued and other borrowings	107,421	100,602	96,889	
Subordinated loans	20,336	20,336	21,306	
Other liabilities	64,804	71,441	48,440	
Total liabilities	789,248	744,759	725,841	
Total equity	187,009	181,630	185,487	
Total liabilities and equity	976,257	926,389	911,328	

Liabilities ad Equity

- · Deposits remain the main funding source for the Bank.
- Deposit to loan ratio was 83.7% (Mar15: 80.3%) and the customer deposit to customer loan ratio remained strong at 86.7% (Mar15: 81.6%).
- Total equity grew 3.0% in line with profits. Based on the Heads of Agreement with the Bank's owner, total capital will be reduced to 23% level.

