JOINT STOCK COMPANY "BRIVAIS VILNIS"

(UNIFIED REGISTRATION NUMBER 40003056186)

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2015

(the 24th financial year) **PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA ON ANNUAL REPORTS**

AND WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Salacgriva, 2016

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General information

Name of the company	Joint Stock Company "	BRIVAIS VILNIS"
Legal status	Joint Stock Company	
Common registration number, place and date of registration	40003056186, Riga, February 7, 1992	
Legal address	1 Ostas Street, Salacg	riva, Salacgriva region, LV-4033, Latvia
Main activity (NACE code)	Processing and cannin	g of fish, shellfish and mollusc (10.20)
Largest shareholders	Registration No. 40003	CAPITAL" Ltd. (49,97 %) 612793 dazi region, LV-2164, Latvia)
	"A Corporation" Ltd. (4 Registration No. 40003 (8 Riga Alley, Adazi, Ad	
Members of the Board	Arnolds Babris, Chairm Māris Trankalis, Memb Zinaida Ekmane, Meml Vasilijs lļušins, Membe	er of the Board ber of the Board
Members of the Council	Ilona Drikina, Chairmar Anda Caune, Deputy o Ilmārs Reinis, Member Kaspars Vārpiņš, Mem	f Chairman of the Council of the Council
Financial year	1 st January – 31 st Dece	ember, 2015
Auditors	Elita Stabiņa Certified Auditor Certificate No.162	"I.F.Revīzija" Ltd. Licence of Commercial Company No.109 45/47 Elizabetes Street, Riga, LV-1010, Latvia

Management Report

The types of activities performed by the Joint Stock Company "Brivais vilnis" ("the Company") are processing and canning of fish and fish products, wholesale of food products, including fish, shellfish and mollusc, and other commercial activities classified nowhere else.

Year 2015 was the 24th year of operation since the Company was transformed into a Joint Stock Company.

We are a leader in product quality, we do not use genetically modified raw materials and synthetic food additives in the production.

In 2015 the Company produced a total of 14.1 million cans of various types (148) of canned fish products, including 6.0 million cans of sprat. 13.3 million cans were sold for EUR 7.2 million that is 44% less compared to the previous year.

Impact on decrease of sales volumes of the Company had the economic embargo stated by the Russia, depreciation of the Russian ruble and devaluation of the Ukrainian hryvnia, especially, embargo on import of canned fish stated by the Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus in June, 2015.

The financial result of the year 2015 is loss of EUR 760 605.

The financial result of the Company was impacted by creation of fiscal year write-off and doubtful debts provisions of EUR 520 thousand.

The Board of the Company plans to cover losses of reporting year from the profit of next years.

The Company's goal is to continue work on search of additional markets in Mexico, France, USA, Egypt and Iran in 2016 and to continue work on introduction of new types of packaging. We are planning intensive visiting of international exhibitions.

As from December, 2015 the Company temporarily stopped the production in order to realize the stock of produced canned fish. The Company restarted the production in the end of January, 2016 in order to ensure fulfilment of orders to customers. The most of terminated employees started the work in the Company in January and February again.

In the beginning of 2016 the Company produced about 60 000 cans per day. Expenses are reduced to the level that the Company can work with a small profit in such a regime. At the same time is continued the work on development of new markets. The Company is ready to increase its export volumes to Ukraine and the Central Asian countries, as soon as the economic situation in these regions will improve and the purchasing capacity of people will increase.

During the preparation of the annual report there became aware the fact that representatives of the Russian Federal Veterinary and Phytosanitary Monitoring Service plane to visit factories in Latvia in May, 2016 and to prepare inspection of them. Such an action could mean that Latvian companies probably would be allowed to restart the export to the Russian Federation.

At the end of reporting year liabilities of the Company are bigger than current assets for EUR 455 091, but short-term liabilities are less than current assets for EUR 1 332 227. To the March 31, 2016 liabilities of the Company are bigger than current assets for EUR 460 810 and short-term liabilities are less than current assets for EUR 1 326 508. Taking into account the above mentioned, the Board of the Company believes that the Company will be able to pay with short-term creditors in 2016.

On behalf of the Board:

ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Profit or loss statement

	Notes	2015	2014
		EUR	EUR
Net turnover	3	7 204 108	12 769 143
Cost of sales	4	(6 459 578)	(11 269 545)
Gross profit		744 530	1 499 598
Distribution costs	5	(223 550)	(228 694)
Administrative expenses	6	(882 720)	(932 432)
Other operating income	7	390 949	326 662
Other operating expenses	8	(665 704)	(234 335)
Interest receivable and similar income	9	52 662	65 149
Interest payable and similar expenses	10	(141 622)	(168 474)
Profit or loss before taxes		(725 455)	327 474
Corporate income tax for the reporting year			(29 246)
Deferred corporate income tax		(14 911)	(20 979)
Other taxes	11	(20 239)	(20 239)
Profit or loss of the reporting year		(760 605)	257 010
Earnings per share		- 0,245	0,083

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Balance Sheet

ASSETS			
	Notes	31.12.2014	31.12.2014
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		EUR	EUR
Intangible assets			
Concessions, patents, licences, trademarks and similar expenses		-	685
TOTAL	14	-	685
Fixed assets			
Land, buildings and constructions		3 477 766	3 539 111
Equipment and machinery		263 704	343 855
Other fixed assets and inventory		95 931	148 007
Tangible costs		165	165
TOTAL	15	3 837 566	4 031 138
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSET	s –	3 837 566	4 031 823
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock			
Raw materials		482 510	677 112
Finished goods and goods for sale		945 573	603 777
TOTAL	16	1 428 083	1 280 889
Receivables			
Trade receivables	17	1 636 980	2 966 973
Other receivables	18	88 749	184 383
Prepaid expenses	19	103 938	105 395
TOTAL		1 829 667	3 256 751
Cash		74 892	88 016
TOTAL CURRENT ASSET	S	3 332 642	4 625 656
Total assets		7 170 208	8 657 479

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Ch. 1

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Balance Sheet

LIABILITIES			
	Notes	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
EQUITY		EUR	EUR
Share capital	20	4 339 230	4 339 230
Non-current assets revaluation reserve		2 100 135	2 130 791
Reserves:		70 890	70 890
Retained earnings:			
retained earnings of previous years / (outstanding losses)		(2 419 379)	(2 676 389)
retained earnings of reporting year / (outstanding losses)	_	(760 605)	257 010
TOTAL EQUIT	Y	3 330 271	4 121 532
PROVISIONS			
Provisions for vacations	21	52 204	141 095
TOTAL PROVISION	S	52 204	141 095
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Loans from credit institutions	22	1 219 780	1 576 780
Other loans	23	120 060	185 329
Taxes and social insurance contributions	24	249 742	
Deferred income	25	60 629	58 857
Deferred tax liabilities		137 107	122 196
TOTAL		1 787 318	1 943 162
Current liabilities			
Loans from credit institutions	22	459 000	408 000
Other loans	23	99 145	106 633
Customer advances		324 122	342 455
Accounts payable to suppliers and contractors		939 638	1 266 206
Taxes and social insurance contributions	24	37 440	134 041
Other liabilities	26	107 624	169 340
Deferred income	25	26 646	18 215
Accrued liabilities		6 800	6 800
TOTAL	_	2 000 415	2 451 690
TOTAL LIABILITIE	S	3 787 733	4 394 852
Total equity and liabilities		7 470 200	9 657 470

Total equity and liabilities

7 170 208 8 657 479

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Cash flow statement

	2015 EUR	2014 EUR
Cash flow from operating activities	LON	LON
Profit or loss for the reporting period before extraordinary items and taxes	(725 455)	327 474
Adjustments:		
Depreciation of fixed assets	202 823	180 822
Intangible value write-offs	685	4 551
Increase / (decrease) of reserves	(88 891)	10 413
(Profit) / losses from exchange rate fluctuations	-	40
Interest income	-	(2 248)
Interest expenses	141 121	165 653
Loss (profit) on sale / write-off of fixed assets	-	(1 200)
Long-term investment revaluation reserve write-off	(30 656)	(30 657
Profit or loss before corrections of the current assets and current	/	
liabilities balance change impact	(500 373)	654 848
Decrease / (increase) of stock	(147 194)	(119 448)
Decrease / (increase) in receivables	1 394 546	(344 147)
Increase / (decrease) in payables	(202 265)	351 850
Cash from operating activities	544 714	543 103
Interest paid	(141 121)	(165 653)
Corporate income tax paid	(44 618)	(148 874)
Real estate tax costs	(20 239)	(20 239)
Net cash from operating activities	338 736	208 337
Cash flow of investment changes		
Purchase of fixed and intangible assets	(9 251)	(105 742)
Proceeds from sales of fixed and intangible assets	-	1 200
Proceeds from repayment of loans	-	76 560
Interest received	-	2 248
Net cash flow of investment changes	(9 251)	(25 734)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Loans received	27 703	330 000
Loans repaid	(306 000)	(610 422)
Received subsidies, grants, gifts and donations	36 148	30 454
Lease payments	(98 460)	(120 396)
Net cash from financing activities	(342 609)	(370 364)
ncrease / (decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	(13 124)	(187 761)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	88 016	275 777
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	74 892	88 016

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Reserves	Long term investment revaluation reserve	Retained earnings (losses) of previous years	Retained earnings (losses) of the reporting year	Total
As at 31 st December 2013	4 410 120	-	2 161 448	(3 298 326)	621 937	3 895 179
Revaluation reserve write-off Balance transfer to capital reserves as a result of	-	-	(30 657)	-	-	(30 657)
denomination	(70 890)	70 890	-	-	-	-
Reclassification of profit	-	-	-	621 937	(621 937)	-
Profit of the reporting year	-	-	-	-	257 010	257 010
As at 31 st December 2014	4 339 230	70 890	2 130 791	(2 676 389)	257 010	4 121 532
Revaluation reserve write-off	-	-	(30 656)	-	-	(30 656)
Reclassification of profit	-	-	-	257 010	(257 010)	-
Profit of the reporting year	-	-	-	-	760 605	(760 605)
As at 31 st December 2015	4 339 230	70 890	2 100 135	(2 419 379)	(760 605)	3 330 271

The accompanying notes on pages 10 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board

Appendix to the financial statements

1. General information of the Company

Joint Stock Company "Brivais vilnis" ("the Company"), address: 10stas Street, Salacgriva, LV 4033. The types of activities performed by the Company are processing and canning of fish, shellfish and mollusc, wholesale of food products.

2. Accounting and evaluation methods – general accounting principles

Basis of preparation

Financial statements are prepared in accordance with laws of the Republic of Latvia "Annual Reports Law" and "Accounting Law" and other laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia.

Income statement is prepared in accordance with the turnover method. Cash flow statement is prepared under indirect method.

Financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position, operation results and cash flow.

The Company's accounting policies ensure that the financial statements provide information that is comprehensible to users of financial statements to make decisions. Statements properly disclose the Company's operating results and financial position – reflecting not only the legal form of business, but also the economic substance.

All figures in the financial statement are given in Euro (EUR) unless otherwise stated.

Financial statements cover the period from 1st January to 31st December, 2015.

Use of estimates

In the preparation of financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that impact balances disclosed under certain balance sheet and profit and loss statement items, including the amount of potential liabilities. Future events may impact the assumptions underlying these estimates. Any impact from changes in estimates is disclosed in the financial statements as determined.

Foreign exchange transactions

All dealings in foreign currencies are revaluated in Euro by applying the official exchange rate of the European Central Bank on the date of the beginning of business transaction.

Foreign currency cash balances and foreign currencies made advances, loans or loan balances, as well as debtor and creditor balances payable in foreign currencies in the financial statement are shown by converting into Euro according to the European Central Bank's published rate in force in the end of last day of the reporting year. Foreign currency exchange rate fluctuation profit or loss is displayed in profit or loss statement.

	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
	EUR	EUR
1 USD	1,0887	1,2141

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost which is amortized over the useful life of the asset on a straight-line basis. If certain events or changes in circumstances evidence that the carrying amount of intangible assets may not be recoverable, the value of such assets is revised to state the effects of impairment.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets are initially carried at cost. Further land and buildings that fair value can be measured with reasonable certainty, after initial recognition accounts at revaluated amount that is equal to its fair value at the date of revaluation, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated. Other fixed assets after initial recognition accounts at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated in the following useful life of the asset on straight - line basis:

	% per year	
Buildings and constructions	1-5	
Equipment and machinery	20	
Vehicles	20	
Other fixed assets	10-50	
Software	33	

Depreciation is calculated starting from the next month after the assets is placed in service or involvement in commercial activity. For each part of assets that cost is significant in relation to the total cost of this asset, depreciation must be calculated separately. If the company depreciates separately some parts of the asset, it also depreciates separately the remainder of the fixed part. The remainder consists of fixed parts that individually are not important. The remainder of the depreciation is calculated using the approximation methods in order to reflect truly the useful life of them.

If certain events or changes in circumstances evidence that the carrying amount of fixed assets may not be recoverable, the value of such fixed assets is revised to state the effects of impairment. If evidence of impairment exists and the carrying value of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, the asset or its cash generating unit is written down to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the largest of net sales value and value in use. The value in use is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flow at present value using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects the current market forecast regarding the changes in the asset's value and risk related to it. The recoverable amounts of assets not generating largely independent cash flows is determined for the cash generating asset to which it belongs. Impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss statement as cost of goods sold.

Fixed assets are de-recognized upon disposal or in the case when future inflow of economic benefits from the asset is no longer expected. Any profit or loss arising from de-recognition of a fixed asset (calculated as the difference between the net income from disposal and the book value of the asset) are charged to the profit and loss statement as incurred.

Costs related to leasehold improvements are capitalized as fixed assets. Depreciation of these assets is calculated over the lease period on a straight - line basis.

Construction in progress represents formation of fixed assets and unfinished construction costs, and it is stated at cost. Initial cost includes construction costs and other direct costs. Construction in progress is not depreciated until the assets had not been completed and put into operation.

Stock

Stock has been valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Costs incurred to deliver stock to their current location and state are disclosed as follows:

- raw materials are recognized at purchase price based on the FIFO method;

- finished goods and work in progress is recognized according to the FIFO method at direct costs of materials and labour, plus an overall portion of production costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the course of regular business less estimated costs required to finish and sell the goods. Net realisable value is disclosed as cost less allowances.

Stock is recognized at net book value less allowances for obsolete, slow-moving or damaged stock recognized based on an individual ageing analysis of obsolete or damaged stock.

Trade and other accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are carried at cost less doubtful debt allowances. Provisions for bad and doubtful accounts receivable are established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts according to the original terms of receivables. Provisions for doubtful and bad debts are the difference between the gross value of receivables and the recoverable amount. Accounts receivable are written off when their recoverability is considered impossible.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and bank accounts.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially carried at cost.

Contingent liabilities and assets

No contingent liabilities are recognized in these financial statements. Such liabilities are only recognized to the extent that an outflow of funds is reasonably expected. Contingent assets are not recognized in these financial statements. Such assets are recognized to the extent that an inflow of economic benefits related to the particular transaction is reasonably expected.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As at the year end, a provision for unused vacations has been recognized in accordance with the number of vacation days unused as at 31st December 2015 and the average remuneration of personnel during the last six months of the reporting year.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the Company will gain economic benefits and to the extent it is possible to reasonably estimate the amount of such benefits. Revenue is recognized on the following conditions:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognized when the Company has transferred all significant risks and rewards of ownership and the amount of revenue may be reasonably estimated.

Services

Revenue is recognized based on the stage of completion.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing profit after tax by the average weighted number of shares in the reporting period.

Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is calculated by applying a 15% rate to the taxable income during the taxation period.

Deferred corporate income tax arising from temporary differences in the timing of the recognition of items in the tax returns and these financial statements is calculated using the liability method. The primary temporary differences result from different depreciation rates applied for accounting and tax purposes, certain non-deductible provisions for tax purposes and transferable tax losses to be used during the next five years.

Deferred tax liabilities are disclosed under long term liabilities.

Subsequent events

Financial statements reflect events that occurred subsequent to the year end and that provide additional information on the Company's financial position at the balance sheet date (adjusting events). If subsequent events do not have an adjusting nature, they are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements only if they are significant.

Related parties

As related parties are defined the Company's major shareholders, members of the Board, their close relatives and companies in that they have a significant influence or control.

Operations with related parties – resources, services or liabilities between the reporting company and the related person, regardless of whether a price is charged.

3. Net turnover

Business segment		2015	2014
Fish processing		7 204 108	12 769 143
	TOTAL:	7 204 108	12 769 143
Inter alia:		2015	2014
Sold canned fish		7 138 768	12 387 001
Sold fish		65 340	82 142

Breakdown of the net turnover by geographic markets is not placed in annex of the financial statement, because the management of the Company finds that giving of this information could harm interests of the Company.

4. Cost of goods sold

J		2015	2014
Materials		3 940 871	7 271 844
Personnel costs		1 851 706	2 981 326
Energy resources		291 486	481 474
Depreciation of fixed assets		158 093	149 673
Other costs of goods sold		217 422	385 228
	TOTAL:	6 459 578	11 269 545

5. Selling expenses

2015Delivery costs and marketing125 805Personnel costs47 899Depreciation of fixed assets274Other selling expenses49 572	50 228 694	223 550	TOTAL
Delivery costs and marketing125 805Personnel costs47 899	72 31 541	49 572	Other selling expenses
Delivery costs and marketing 125 805	74 304	274	Depreciation of fixed assets
	99 51 917	47 899	Personnel costs
2015	05 144 932	125 805	Delivery costs and marketing
	15 2014	2015	

6. Administrative expenses

	TOTAL:	882 720	932 432
Gifts, social assistance		27 767	40 924
Other administrative expenses		150 625	284 672
Other external expenses		324 061	176 026
Bank services		7 114	6 404
Depreciation of fixed and intangible assets		27 712	32 133
Personnel costs		345 441	392 273
		2015	2014

7. Other operating income

	2015	2014
Income from sales of fixed assets, net	-	1 200
Income from public utilities services	80 135	91 332
Income from sales of current assets	10	6 199
Income from auxiliary production services	64 330	72 228
Rent income	12 949	11 325
Unclaimed liabilities	3 252	8 456
Co-financing from the Rural Support Service (part related to annual earnings)	25 945	16 697
Other operating income	204 328	119 225
	390 949	326 662

8. Other operating expenses

	TOTAL:	665 704	234 335
Other expenses		16 466	263
Penalties		5 715	3 815
Written-off receivables, provision for doubtful accounts receivable		520 182	1 608
Losses from assignment, net		-	113 387
Cost of auxiliary production services		47 476	42 866
Cost of public utilities services		75 865	72 396
		2015	2014

9. Interest and similar income

	TOTAL:	52 662	65 149
Income from fixed assets revaluation		30 656	30 656
Income from loan rates		-	2 248
Income from exchange rate fluctuations		22 006	32 245
		2015	2014

10. Interest and similar expenses

	TOTAL:	141 622	168 474
Losses from exchange conversation		501	2 821
Interest payments on loans		141 121	165 653
		2015	2014

11. Other taxes

	2015	5 2014
Real estate tax	20 239	20 239
	TOTAL:20 239	20 239

12. Audit expenses

		2015	2014
Audit of the annual report	τοται	6 800	6 800
	IUIAL:	6 800	6 800

13. Key management personnel compensation and number of employees

		2015	2014
Chairman of the Board			
Wage and salary		13 727	15 839
Compulsory social insurance contributions		3 238	3 736
	TOTAL:	16 965	19 575

Other members of the Board and members of the Council do not receive compensation for their work on Board and Council.

	2015	2014
Average number of employees during the reporting year	326	414

14. Intangible assets

	Software licences, trademarks	TOTAL
Cost at January 1, 2015	45 288	45 288
Cost at December 31, 2015	45 288	45 288
Accrued amortization at January 1, 2015	44 603	44 603
Amortization	685	685
Accrued amortization at December 31, 2015	45 288	45 288
Balance at January 1, 2015	685	685
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u> </u>	-

15. Fixed assets

	Land	Buildings and construc- tions	Equipment and machinery	Other fixed assets	Creation of fixed assets	TOTAL
Cost at January 1, 2015	228 540	3 866 493	1 713 546	848 998	165	6 657 742
Purchased	-	-	-	9 251	-	9 251
Liquidation	-	-	(35 321)	(50 009)	-	(85 330)
Cost at December 31, 2015	228 540	3 866 493	1 678 225	808 240	165	6 581 663
Accumulated depreciation at January 1, 2015	-	555 922	1 369 691	700 991	-	2 626 604
Depreciation	-	61 345	80 151	61 327	-	202 823
Depreciation of written-off fixed assets	-	-	(35 321)	(50 009)	-	(85 330)
Accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2015	-	617 267	1 414 521	712 309	-	2 744 097
Balance at January 1, 2015	228 540	3 310 571	343 855	148 007	165	4 031 138
Balance at December 31, 2015	228 540	3 249 226	263 704	95 931	165	3 837 566

Cadastral value of the Company's real estate

	TOTAL:	1 303 745	1 303 745
Buildings and constructions		1 218 241	1 218 241
Land		85 504	85 504
		31.12.2015	31.12.2014

The Company performs regular real estate change control, revaluating those estates, where significant changes in the value of longterm probability exist. At the moment all real estates, which had the potential of change the value of long-term, are revaluated.

Fully depreciated tangible assets

A number of fixed assets that have been fully depreciated are still in active use. The total original cost value of these assets as at the end of the reporting year was EUR 1 951 222 (2014: EUR 1 981 483).

Net carrying amount of assets under finance lease

The carrying amount of assets held under finance lease is as follows:

	TOTAL:	258 347	357 463
Other fixed assets		72 499	110 585
Equipment		185 848	246 878
		31.12.2015	31.12.2014

Leased assets are pledged as a security for related finance lease liabilities.

16. Stock

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Raw materials (cost)		496 725	691 327
Provisions for slow moving materials and low value articles		(14 215)	(14 215)
	TOTAL:	482 510	677 112
		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Finished goods and goods for sale		948 463	606 667
Provisions for goods with sales value lower than cost		(2 890)	(2 890)
	TOTAL:	945 573	603 777
17. Trade accounts receivables		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Trade receivables		1 636 980	2 966 973
Doubtful trade receivables		317 837	4 026 330
Reserves for bad debts *)		(317 837)	(4 026 330)
	TOTAL:	1 636 980	2 966 973
Provisions for doubtful receivables			
		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Provisions at the beginning of year		4 026 330	4 190 406
Provisioning in the reporting year		257 406	-
Bad debt write-off of provisions made		(3 965 899)	(164 076)
Provisions at the end of year	TOTAL:	317 837	4 026 330

In 2015 there were recognized as doubtful and made provisions for receivables in amount of EUR 257 406.

Debt payment deadline for individual debtors from the CIS countries has occurred on 31.12.2015, to the date of annual report signing such debts are in amount of EUR 757 321. There is concluded an agreement with the largest debtor from the Russian Federation on payment of debt during the year 2016 in amount of EUR 307 290. Problems with realization began in June, 2015 after Russia imposed an economic embargo to fish products produced in Latvia.

The largest Ukrainian debtor's debt to the date of financial statement signing was EUR 102 555. In 2016 is received the money in amount of EUR 142 thousand.

The debtor from Turkmenistan has a debt in amount of EUR 94 968, there are difficulties with transfer of currency from this country. Is received confirmed mutual reconciliation act, the Buyer accepts the existence of the debt and promises to make the payment as soon as possible.

The debtor fro Kyrgyzstan has a debt in amount of EUR 158 247. In 2016 it has made the payment in amount of EUR 41 thousand. The management believes that the debt will be paid.

Other debtors to that the term of payment for the amount of EUR 94 261 comes into effect in 2016 until the date of annual report signing are from Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan. They are identified and assessed as debts with commercial scale settlement risk.

The management believes that receivables are realistic and customers will pay regardless of the contractual delays.

In the beginning of 2016 with the decision of the Board doubtful receivables in amount of EUR 3 965 899 are recognized as hopeless and are excluded from the debtors` list.

18. Other receivables

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Prepayments – doubtful receivables		-	1 159 891
Provisions for doubtful debts *)		-	(1 159 891)
Value added tax reserve		-	3 581
Overpaid corporate income tax		43 730	76 268
Overpaid value added tax		6 789	67 447
Advance amounts issued to board members for operating expenses		1 141	903
Other receivables		37 089	36 184
	TOTAL:	88 749	184 383

*) By decision of the Board in 2008 are created reserves for an advance payment to the "Walder Impex LLC" amounting to EUR 1 159 891. By decision of the Board debt is recognized as a hopeless and is excluded from the debtors` list.

19. Prepaid expenses

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Property insurance		1 337	610
Media subscription		876	1 188
Other deferred expenses		101 725	103 597
	TOTAL:	103 938	105 395

Deferred expenses include the payment to the "Weidenhammer Plastic Packaging" GmbH in amount of EUR 101 725 for investments in a polymer can technology. Deferred expenses are planned to be extended during 2016 to costs of polymer cans No.6, writing off EUR 75 for every 1 000 cans.

20. The share capital

Registered and paid-up share capital as ta December 31, 2015 is EUR 4 339 230 and consists of 3 099 450 shares with a nominal value of EUR 1,40 each.

	31.12.201	31.12.2015 31.		
Shareholders	Number of shares	Holding	Number of shares	Holding
"A Corporation" Ltd.	1 465 353	47.28%	1 465 353	47.28%
"BALTIC FINANCE & CAPITAL" Ltd.	1 548 878	49.97%	1 548 878	49.97%
Other individuals	85 219	2.75%	85 219	2.75%
тот	AL: <u>3 099 450</u>	100%	3 099 450	100%

21. Provisions for vacations

	2015	2014
Provisions at the beginning of year	141 095	130 682
Provision changes during the reporting year	(88 981)	10 413
Provisions at the end of year	52 204	141 095

22. Loans from credit institutions

Long term:	Current interest rate (%)	Repayment date	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Loan from the JSC "Baltic International				
Bank" ¹⁾ – part repayable after 2-3 years				
from the balance sheet date	7.0%	30.06.2018	1 219 780	1 576 780
		TOTAL:	1 219 780	1 576 780
		_		
	Current interest rate	Repayment		
Short term:	(%)	date	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Loan from the JSC "Baltic International				
Bank", short term part ¹⁾	7.0%	31.12.2016	459 000	408 000
		TOTAL:	459 000	408 000
		-		

23. Other loans

Long term:	Interest rate during the reporting year	Repayment date	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Finance lease liabilities (long term part):				
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.5% + 6m. LIBOR	15.06.2016	-	2 375
"Nordea Finance Latvia" Ltd.	6.18%	01.03.2016	-	1 484
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	15.12.2018	34 414	50 674
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	15.11.2017	10 257	21 043
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	15.10.2018	68 423	95 861
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	15.01.2018	6 966	13 892
		TOTAL:	120 060	185 329

Short term:	Interest rate during the reporting year	Repayment date	31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Finance lease liabilities (short term part,	repayable within one year from the bal	ance sheet date	e):	
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.5% + 6m. LIBOR		2 054	4 196
"Nordea Finance Latvia" Ltd.	6.18%		1 491	6 248
"Nordea Finance Latvia" Ltd.	3.5% + 3m. EURIBOR		-	3 267
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR		16 194	15 529
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR		10 779	27 647

"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	36 405	43 881
"Citadele līzings un faktorings" Ltd.	3.8% + 6m. EURIBOR	6 519	5 865

Current assets against accounts receivable (factoring):

"Swedbank līzings un faktorings" JSC	3% + 6m. EURIBOR	07.10.2016	25 703	-
		TOTAL:	99 145	106 633

24. Taxes payable

	Corporate income tax	Value added tax	Resident income tax	Compulsory social insurance contributions	Business risk state duty	Natural resource tax	Real estate tax	Customs duty	TOTAL
Overpayment on December 31, 2014	(76 268)	(67 447)			-	-	-	-	(143 715)
Commitment to December 31, 2014	-	-	40 999	86 644	154	6 244	-	-	134 041
Calculated	-	(764 945)	324 078	700 101	1 394	19 782	20 239	186	318 835
Calculated for non- residents	886	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	886
Paid	(44 618)	13 323	(129 251)	(19 590)	(1 422)	(20 973)	(20 239)	(186)	(222 956)
Penalty	-	-	185	218	-	-	-	-	403
Directed (from VAT)	76 270	644 978	(210 055)	(511 193)	-	-	-	-	-
Recovered		149 302	-	(133)	-	-	-	-	149 169
Overpayment on December 31, 2015	(43 730)	(6 789)		-	-	-	-	-	(50 519)
Commitment to December 31, 2015	<u> </u>		25 956	256 047	126	5 053	-		287 182
Including: Long-term part Short-term part	-	-	- 25 956	249 742 6 305	- 126	- 5 053	-	-	249 742 37 440

Tax overpayment is presented in the balance sheet caption "Other debtors".

According to the Company's applications, the State Revenue Service has made decision to split the payment of CSIC to the periods and to grant the *de minimis* support:

- 1) In June, 2015 for a period up to June 12, 2017 the payment of EUR 86 621;
- 2) In August, 2015 for a period up to December 11, 2017 the payment of EUR 26 096;
- 3) In September, 2015 for a period up to March 9, 2018 the payment of EUR 22 887;
- 4) In October, 2015 for a period up to September 7, 2018 the payment of EUR 70 445;
- 5) In January, 2016 for a period up to January 10, 2019 the payment of EUR 43 693.

25. Deferred income

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Long term part		60 629	58 857
Short term part		26 646	18 215
	TOTAL:	87 275	77 072

In 2014 the Company has received the public funding to the Project No.13-00-Z20500-000024 "Purchase of specialized technological equipment and handling facilities and equipment for the production of canned fish" program from the Rural Support Service. In 2015 the Company received the public funding to the project No.14-00-Z20500-000027 from the Rural Support Service.

The Company presents the financing in deferred income and in proportion of equipment depreciation calculation of interest set, includes in annual income of the report.

26. Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax is calculated from the following temporary differences between assets and liabilities and their values for corporate income tax purposes.

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Temporary difference of fixed assets depreciation		147 070	145 494
Deferred tax assets:			
Provisions for employee vacation pay		(7 831)	(21 164)
Provisions for stock		(2 132)	(2 132)
Deferred tax liabilities	TOTAL:	137 107	122 196
Common deferred tax movement is as follows:			
		2015	2014
Deferred tax liabilities at the beginning of reporting year		122 196	101 217
Deferred tax expenses in reporting year statement of profit and loss		14 911	20 979
Deferred tax liabilities at the end of reporting year	TOTAL:	137 107	122 196
27. Other liabilities			
		31.12.2015	31.12.2014
Unpaid wages		104 447	165 155
Other liabilities		3 177	4 185

TOTAL:

107 624

169 340

28. Pledges and other encumbrances

The following agreements have been signed with respect to the security for the loan from the JSC "Baltic International Bank" (see Note 23):

- 1) Mortgage agreement No.622/0108/h signed on August 28, 2000, its annexes and additions according to that the Company transfers to the bank pledge rights on its real estate.
- Mortgage agreement No.25/24/04-139 signed on July 21, 2004, its annexes and additions according to that the Company transfers to the bank pledge rights on its real estate.
- 3) Pledge agreement No.622/0108/k1 signed on August 1, 2000, its annexes and additions according to that the Company transfers to the bank the rights to collective property as at the date of pledge, as well as to the future components of this collective property.
- 4) Pledge agreement No.18/15/10-139 signed on September 10, 2010, its annexes and additions according to that the "A Corporation" Ltd. pledges to the benefit of the JSC "Baltic International Bank" its public issue shares of the JSC "Brivais vilnis".
- Pledge agreement No.02/27/04-139 signed on August 20, 2014 and Agreement on renewal of pledge agreement signed on January 30, 2015, according to that the "Baltic Finance & Capital" Ltd. pledges to the benefit of bank its public issue shares.

In Limbazi Land Register department of the Regional Court of Vidzeme are consolidated lease rights to premises of pass office with pumping station until August 11, 2019 (cadaster 6615-009-0080-002), leaseholder Tourism promotion and development association of Salacgriva region.

In Limbazi Land Register department of the Regional Court of Vidzeme are consolidated lease rights to the construction – Pier No.3 with cadaster number 66150090007011, lease term – August 18,2025, leaseholder Salacgriva Port authority.

29. Operations with related persons

Operations with related persons that were performed in the reporting year, are not significant and corresponds to normal market conditions, therefore the information about such transactions is not provided to the financial statement.

30. Prosecution of operation

The Company's management is not aware of guarantees issued, legal actions, etc., to affect the Company's financial position as at December 31, 2015.

31. Subsequent events

No significant subsequent events have occurred in the period from the year-end to the date of these financial statements that would require adjustments to be made to these financial statements and disclosures added to the notes thereto.

32. The Company's operation continuation

At the end of reporting year the Company's liabilities exceed current assets by EUR 455 091, while short-term liabilities are less than the current assets for EUR 1 332 227. To the March 31, 2016 liabilities of the Company are bigger than current assets for EUR 460 810 and short-term liabilities are less that the current assets for EUR 1326 508. Taking into account the above mentioned, the Board of the Company believes that the Company will be able to settle accounts with the short-term creditors in 2016.

In January 29, 2016 the JSC "Brivais vilnis" restarted the temporarily stopped production in order to fulfil orders of customers. The most of terminated employees started the work in the Company in January and February again.

In May, 2016 representatives of the Russian Federal Veterinary and Phytosanitary Monitoring Service will inspect fish processing companies in Latvia. It gives a hope that the economic embargo could be reviewed and the Company will return to the market of Russia and Kazakhstan.

ZVĒRINĀTU REVIDENTU KOMERCSABIEDRĪBAS LICENCE NR. 109 REĢ. NR. 40003621245. ELIZABETES 45/47, RĪGA LV-1010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of AS "Brīvais vilnis" (translation from Latvian)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of AS "Brīvais vilnis" set out on pages 5 to 22 of the accompanying annual report, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2015 and the profit and loss account and the statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Latvia on Annual Reports, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for qualified opinion

Item "Trade receivables" of the balance sheet of the company on December 31, 2015 includes overdue trade receivables in the amount of EUR 417 724. The management of the company considers the receivables to be recoverable and has not created any provisions for the possible debt value decrease. During the audit we could not obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to be able to evaluate the possibility of recovery of the above mentioned trade receivables as well as to determine whether any adjustments for possible decrease in their value to be reflected in the financial statements were necessary.

Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of AS "Brīvais vilnis" as at 31 December 2015, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Latvia on Annual Reports.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have read the management report for 2015 set out on page 4 of the accompanying annual report for 2015 and did not identify material inconsistencies between the financial information contained in the management report and that contained in the financial statements for 2015.

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SIA I.F. Revīzija Licence No. 109 Elita Stabiņa Member of the Board Certified auditor of Latvia Certificate No. 162

Riga 29. 04.2016

Report on board's responsibility

The management of the JSC "Brivais vilnis" is responsible for preparation of financial statement of the Company. Financial statements are prepared on basis of accounting entries and source documents and give a real conception about financial position of the Company on December 31, 2015.

Financial statements are composed in accordance with accounting standards of the Republic of Latvia, based on continuation principle of business activities. Annual report is audited.

The management of the JSC "Brivais vilnis" is responsible for fulfillment of legislation requirements of the Republic of Latvia.

On behalf of the Board:

ch.

Arnolds Babris Chairman of the Board