## (1) RusForest

Interim Report 1 January - 31 March 2016

|  | First quarter |  | Full year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USDm | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| Revenue | 7.3 | 5.6 | 22.0 |
| EBITDA | 3.0 | 2.0 | 4.7 |
| Operating profit | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the period | 1.2 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
| Net profit/(loss) per share (USD per share) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |


| Production \& sales continuing operations |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sawlogs harvested, $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 121,121 | 74,304 | 287,865 |
| Sawlogs harvested, $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ (subcontracting) | 273,933 | 262,415 | 615,166 |
| Sawnwood produced, $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 23,021 | 21,778 | 85,645 |
| Pellets produced | 6,225 | - | 1,847 |
| Sawlogs sold, $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 43,163 | 16,410 | 69,397 |
| Sawnwood sold, $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 21,656 | 19,291 | 84,459 |
| Pellets sold | 6,219 | - | 1,722 |


|  | 31 Mar 2016 | 31 Dec 2015 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cash balance | 10.9 | 8.4 |
| Working capital* | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| Net debt** | $(10.7)$ | $(8.3)$ |

## Highlights

## First quarter of 2016

- Revenue increased by 31\% to USD 7.3 million in Q1 2016 compared with USD 5.6 million in Q1 2015.
- EBITDA of USD 3.0 million in Q1 2016, compared with USD 2.0 million in Q1 2015. EBITDA margin of 40\% in Q1 2016 compared with 35\% in Q1 2015.
- Profit for the period of USD 1.2 million in Q1 2016, compared with a profit of USD 1.7 million in Q1 2015.
- Sawnwood production in Magistralny increased by $6 \%$ to $23,021 \mathrm{~m} 3$ of sawnwood, compared with 21,778 m3 in Q1 2015.
- New pellet mill in Magistralny and new harvesting activity in Ust-llimsk both performed well.
- In Q1 2016 RusForest divested the Kachugskoe non-core forest lease area belonging to the Magistralny unit, consisting of 233,000 AAC.

[^0]
## Management Comments

The first quarter of 2016 was a good quarter operationally and we are happy to report that quarterly sawnwood production in Magistralny for the first time exceeded 23,000 $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ in Q1 2016. Harvesting in Magistralny also increased significantly, by $24 \%$, to $92,328 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ in Q1 2016 compared with Q1 2015, and the new own harvesting operations in Ust-Ilimsk also added 28,793 mºf harvested volume in Q1 2016. The new pellet mill in Magistralny performed well in Q1 2016 and produced a total of 6,225 tons. While these new business activities are developing well, they are still in a ramp-up phase.

Financially Q1 2016 was also a good quarter with a 77\% improved operating profit and 51\% increased EBITDA compared with the same period last year. The new projects also contributed to the improved profitability. The average rouble rate in Q1 2016 was lower than in Q1 2015 and thereby continued to add benefit on the cost side, however, the rouble did strengthen in Q1 2016, and the Company recorded a currency exchange loss in the quarter on USD and other foreign currency holdings. Because of the currency loss, net profit in Q1 2016 was lower than Q1 2015.

The Central Asian and Northern African markets remained difficult during the quarter, however, the Company managed to redirect more low quality product sales to the Japanese market instead. The average sawnwood price realised (price 'on wagon') in Q1 2016 was largely unchanged compared with Q1 2015, but still lower than Q4 2015. RusForest's firm position on the stable Japanese market continues to be one of the Company's strengths.

We continue to work with optimization of the forest portfolio and as recently announced we already completed one transaction this year with the non-core area in Magistralny, and are working on more transactions with non-core leases in the short term. Otherwise short term focus is mainly on continuous improvement of Ust-llimsk harvesting and pellet mill performance.

We now close the book on a successful quarter, but I just want to remind everyone that Q2 that follows is always the weakest quarter in the year due to the seasonality characteristics of Siberian forestry.

Sincerely,

## Anton Bogdanov

CEO RusForest Management Company

## Operational Review

## RusForest operational data

| Forest resources continuing operations | As at March 31, 2016 | As at March 31, 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Allowable Cut (AAC) | $m^{3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 7 0 , 6 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 9 2 , 3 6 0}$ |
| Forest area | Hectares | $\mathbf{9 6 2 , 7 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 4 , 2 8 2}$ |

In Q1 2016 RusForest divested the Kachugskoe non-core forest lease area belonging to Magistralny unit, consisting of 233,000 AAC.

|  | Three months ended |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  | Mar 31, |  |  |
| Mar 31, |  |  |  |  |
| \% Q1'16 |  |  |  |  |
| vs Q1'15 |  |  |  |  |

* Ust-llimsk operations

In Q1 2016, RusForest harvested 121,121 m ${ }^{3}$ of sawlogs, compared with 74,304 m ${ }^{3}$ in Q1 2015 (+63\%), which included $28,793 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of own harvesting in Ust-llimsk. Harvesting operations in Magistralny increased by 24\% in Q1 2016 to $92,328 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$.

In Q1 2016, RusForest produced 23,021 m of sawnwood, compared with 21,778 m in Q1 2015 (+6\%).
In Q1 2015, RusForest's subcontractors harvested 273,933 m ${ }^{3}$ in Ust-llimsk forest lease areas, compared with $262,415 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ in Q1 2015 (+4\%).


## RusForest's sales

In Q1 2016 RusForest sold 21,656 m of sawnwood from Magistralny compared with $19,291 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ in Q1 2015 (+12\%). The share of Japanese market in total sales increased from 41\% in Q1 2015 to 54\% in Q1 2016, because the Company managed to redirect more low quality product sales to the Japanese market. High volume of sawnwood was also sold to China. At the same time, Central Asian and Northern African market environments were still difficult and the share of these markets in total RusForest's sales decreased from 45\% in Q1 2015 to 32\% in Q1 2016.

In Q1 2016 RusForest Magistralny sold 16,340 m of sawlogs compared with 16,410 m in Q1 2015 (-0\%). Sawlogs sales on the Chinese market were hampered at the beginning of the year. In Q1 2016 RusForest also delivered $26,823 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of sawlogs from own harvesting in Ust-llimsk to local market. Sawlog prices have recovered somewhat from the very low price points last few quarters, but were still lower in Q1 2016 than in Q1 2015. Wood pellets from the Company`s new pellet mill were successfully delivered to RusForest's European trading partner.

As a result of still difficult market conditions and low prices on the Central Asian and Northern African markets, the average sawnwood price realised (price 'on wagon') decreased by 7\% in Q1 2016 compared with Q4 2015 to 163.6 USD $/ \mathrm{m}^{3}$. Also, the average sawnwood price in Q1 2016 decreased by 1\% compared with Q1 2015 level.

## RusForest's sawnwood sales by region



## Financial Review

EBITDA development

| in thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q4 2015 | Q3 2015 | Q2 2015 | Q1 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IFRS results |  |  |  |  |  |
| Continuing operations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue (gross, at ports) | 7,340 | 6,399 | 5,053 | 4,932 | 5,613 |
| Operating profit/(loss) | 2,159 | 992 | (14) | (739) | 1,221 |
| add back depreciation and amortization non-cash expense | 807 | 713 | 694 | 1,045 | 749 |
| EBITDA unadjusted, continuing operations | 2,966 | 1,705 | 680 | 306 | 1,970 |
| a. Doubtful receivables | - | 5 | (6) | 121 | 7 |
| b. Disposal of non-current assets | (577) | 76 | (54) | 24 | (92) |
| c. Other items | (3) | (47) | (44) | (50) | 47 |
| Non-recurring items | (577) | 34 | (104) | 95 | (38) |
| EBITDA adjusted, continuing operations | 2,386 | 1,739 | 576 | 401 | 1,932 |
| Ust-llimsk | 641 | 212 | (585) | 16 | 441 |
| Magistralny | 2,187 | 2,306 | 1,792 | 1,067 | 1,986 |
| Unallocated | (443) | (779) | (631) | (682) | (495) |
| EBITDA adjusted, by segments | 2,386 | 1,739 | 576 | 401 | 1,932 |

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) improved 51\% year-on-year, and amounted to USD 3.0 million in Q1 2016 compared with USD 2.0 million in Q1 2015. Magistralny continued to deliver strong results, with an EBITDA of USD 2.2 million, compared with USD 2.0 million in Q1 2015, the new pellet factory positively contributed to the results. Ust-Ilimsk showed improved and positive earnings due to more subcontracting than last year but especially due to the newly launched own harvesting operations which generated new revenue.

Overhead costs in Q1 2016 were 11\% lower than in Q1 2015, USD 0.4 million compared with USD 0.5 million. In Q1 2016 RusForest divested the non-core forest lease asset - Kachugskoe, with a positive effect on the result of USD 577 thousand and of a non-recurring nature.


## Revenue

Sales volumes of sawnwood increased by 12\% in Q1 2016 compared with Q1 2015 while sawlog volumes increased by as much as $41 \%$. Sales volumes of sawnwood increased due to efficient operations in Magistralny in Q1 and sawlogs increased for the same reason but also due to the newly launched own harvesting operations in Ust-llimsk. The price for sawlogs recovered some in Q1 2016 compared to previous quarters but was still lower than Q1 2015. As stated on page 4 of this report, the average price for sawnwood on wagon for Magistralny in Q1 2016 decreased by 1\% to USD 163.6/m ${ }^{3}$ compared with USD $165.4 / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ in Q1 2015. Sawnwood revenue per cubic meter for Magistralny, as the average generated revenue across all types of contracts and sales terms per cubic meter was largely the same in Q1 2016 as in Q1 2015. Besides the increased revenue from sawnwood and sawlog the new pellet mill also contributed USD 676 thousand of revenue in the quarter, thereby, Group revenue for Q1 2016 increased by 31\% compared with Q1 2015.


|  | Sales volume $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} /\right.$ tonnes $)$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | $\Delta \%$ |
| Sawnwood | 21,656 | 19,291 | $12 \%$ |
| Sawlogs | 43,163 | 16,410 | $163 \%$ |


| Revenue per m3/tonne (USD) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | $\Delta \%$ |
| Sawnwood | 194 | 194 | $0 \%$ |
| Sawlogs | 42 | 65 | $-36 \%$ |


| Revenue (USD thousand) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | $\Delta \%$ |
| Sawnwood | 4,197 | 3,741 | $12 \%$ |
| Sawlogs | 1,792 | 1,069 | $68 \%$ |
| Pellets | 676 | - |  |
| Other revenue | 674 | 803 | $-16 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 , 3 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 \%}$ |

## Other income

Other income increased significantly in Q1 2016 compared with Q1 2015, which is due to the sale of the non-core Kachugskoe forest lease asset in Magistralny, which generated a profit of USD 577 thousand.

## Costs

In Q1 2016 the Company continued to benefit from a weak RUB on the cost side, the average USD-toRUB rate in Q1 2016 was 74.9 compared with 63.2 in Q1 2015, a weakening of average quarterly RUB by $16 \%$ year-on-year. The year-on-year difference in RUB rate is less significant than in previous couple of quarters. However, the RUB did strengthened by $8 \%$ in the first quarter of 2016. The most significant effect from a weaker RUB is in cost of sales.

The cost of sales increased by $21 \%$ to USD 3.3 million in Q1 2016, compared with USD 2.7 million in Q1 2015. The increase is mainly related to increase in sales volumes; $12 \%$ increased sales volumes of sawnwood, $163 \%$ increase in volumes of sawlogs sold and as well as new wood pellets sales. Distribution expenses increased by $18 \%$ to USD 1.0 million in Q1 2016, compared with USD 0.8 million in Q1 2015, the main reason being increased sales volumes and therefore increased railway costs.

Administrative expenses increased by 64\% to USD 1.5 million in Q1 2016, compared with USD 0.9 million for the same period in 2015. The increase in administrative costs for the quarter was mainly driven by higher personnel expenses. The organisation has been strengthened with new personnel for the newly launched pellet factory in Magistralny and own harvesting operations in Ust-llimsk and it is natural that admin cost will increase as a result of these, essentially two new business units.


Other expenses decreased in Q1 2016, to USD 57 thousand compared with USD 81 thousand in Q1 2015.
Net finance income of USD 0.5 million in Q1 2015 became net finance cost of USD 0.7 in Q1 2016 mainly because of the foreign exchange loss recorded in Q1 2016 which stems from large cash deposits in mainly USD which have depreciated in value compared to the group companies' functional currencies, which are RUB and SEK.

## Earnings

The Company's continuing operations achieved a gross profit of USD 4.1 million in Q1 2016, representing a $55 \%$ gross profit margin, compared with gross profit of USD 2.9 million and gross profit margin of $52 \%$ in Q1 2015. The operating profit in continuing operations was USD 2.2 million in Q1 2016, compared with USD 1.2 million in Q1 2015. In Q1 2016 there were no discontinued operations. Profit for the period in Q1 2016 amounted to USD 1.2 million, compared with USD 1.7 million in Q1 2015. Considering that operational profitability had improved in Q1 2016 the main reason for the lower net profit is net finance cost and specifically the currency exchange loss due to a Russian rouble which strengthened in Q1 2016.


The chart below summarises positive/(negative) year-on-year changes in cost and revenue categories contributing to the positive development from an operating profit of USD 1.2 million in Q1 2015 to an operating profit of USD 2.2 million in Q1 2016. One can see that it is revenue driven improvement, mainly derived from increased sales volumes of sawnwood, sawlogs and pellets.


## Balance Sheet and Cash Flow

At 31 March 2016, the Company's total assets amounted to USD 35.9 million. Property, plant and equipment constituted the largest component of assets at USD 17.8 million. The balance sheet at 31 March 2016 also included an advance of USD 0.4 million for the purchase of non-controlling interest in subsidiaries, which is related to the buyout of minority interests in Ust-Ilimsk. In Q1 2016 RusForest as reported sold the intangible asset of Kachugskoe forest lease. The asset was recorded at 0 value on the balance sheet prior to sale so the affect was only positive influence on the result and cash position. Working capital amounted to USD 1.8 million at 31 March 2016, compared with USD 2.5 million at 31 December 2015. The Company's cash and cash equivalents totalled USD 10.9 million at 31 March 2016, compared with USD 8.4 million at 31 December 2015.

Non-current loans and borrowings amounted to USD 0.1 million at 31 March 2016, same level as 31 December 2015. This sum comprises the remainder of the SEK bond, a zero-coupon bond maturing in 2018. The debt-to-equity ratio at the end of Q1 2016 was 0.01 .


The values in USD of Russian assets and liabilities on the balance sheet are affected by the fluctuations in the RUB. At 31 March 2016, the RUB had appreciated by $8 \%$ against the USD compared with 31 December 2015.


Source: Russian Central Bank
At 31 March 2016, the Company held its cash predominantly in USD. Given the recent depreciation and volatility of the RUB, the Company only keeps cash in RUB as required for efficient ongoing operations in Russia.

In Q1 2016, the Company again achieved positive cash flow from continuing operating activities. Cash flow from operating activities amounted to USD 3.1 million, compared with USD 1.8 million in Q1 2015. Investing activities in Q1 2016 consisted of a cash outflow of USD 0.7 million and the largest items were: investment in equipment of USD 1.5 million, mainly related to Ust-llimsk new harvesting operation, and cash inflow of USD 0.7 million related to the sale of the Kachugskoe forest lease asset. Total cash flow in Q1 2016 was inflow of USD 2.4 million, compared with an inflow of USD 1.0 in Q1 2015.

## Markets in Q1 2016

## Market trends

RusForest's prices

| Product | Q1 2016 | Q4 2015 | Q1 2016 vs. Q4 2015 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sawnwood* | 163.6 | 176.1 | $-7.1 \%$ | $工$ |
| Sawlogs* | 44.8 | 29.1 | $+54.0 \%$ | 入 |

* Magistralny, 'on wagon', USD/m ${ }^{3}$



## RusForest sawnwood markets

- Japan -In Q1 2016 housing starts in Japan increased by 5.5\% compared with Q1 2015 to 216,390 units. Also sawnwood prices at the beginning of the year remained stable. In Q1 2016 Japan imported 1.5 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ of sawnwood ( $+12 \%$ ). Japan increased imported volumes both from Europe ( $+33 \%$ ) and Russia ( $+12 \%$ ), but decreased from Canada ( $-4 \%$ ).
- MENA -Difficult situation on the pine market in Egypt in the Q4 2015 has eased a little since February 2016, but prices remained low.
- China - In Q1 2016 market situation on the Chinese sawnwood has improved slightly. In Q1 2016 China imported 4.35 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ of softwood lumber ( $+21 \%$ compared to 2015). Deliveries from Russia increased by $32 \%$ to 2.16 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}$. New residential buildings in China in Q1 2016 amounted 193 million $m^{2}(+14.8 \%$ compared with Q1 2015). Sales of residential buildings increased by $36 \%$ compared to 2015.
- Europe - In Q1 2016 demand was still sluggish on the majority of European markets. Owing to the surplus supply, no significant price increases for pine sawnwood were registered. At the same time situation on the larch market to the end of Q1 has improved. Lack of supply pushed prices for larch sawnwood slightly up.
- US - In Q1 2016 US imported 10.5 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ of softwood lumber (+44\% compared to 2015). The softwood lumber agreement between Canada and the United States ended in October 2015 and a new agreement has not yet been signed. Sawnwood from Canada are now exported without duties.

Our short-term outlook for Q2 2016 remains cautiously optimistic. A further increase in residential building activity on our main markets is expected to generate a corresponding rise in consumption.

We expect Japanese sawnwood market will remain stable in Q2 2016 with volumes and prices more or less on par with last year's level or even slightly higher.

Log inventories at Chinese ports at the end of Q1 were 3.3 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}, 30 \%$ lower compared with Q1 2015, which more likely will boost the demand for sawlogs and support prices.

## Construction - housing starts



USA

Japan

Imports


Germany


Japan


China


## Consumption



Sources: International Trade Centre (ITC), US Census Bureau, Japanese Ministry of Finance, General Customs Administration of China, Eurostat

## Prices

## Sawnwood




- Whitewood, sawfalling, KD, 47×75-225mm, CIF ARA ports

China


- SPF Utility, KD, $2 \times 4$ ", $8 / 20$ ', CIF China ports

[^1]
## The Share

The RusForest AB shares are listed on NASDAQ First North Stockholm. At the close of the period, the share price was SEK 1.90 ( 0.23 USD) and the Company's market capitalisation was approximately SEK 251 million or USD 31 million. The Company's certified adviser on First North is Pareto Securities AB, which also acts as a market maker in RusForest shares. During Q1 2016 the Company synthetically repurchased 269,439 shares.

| Summary shareholder information |  |  |  | Shareholder | No. of shares | Share \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Official listing: <br> Outstanding shares: <br> Round lot: <br> Sector: <br> ISIN: <br> Short name: <br> Reuters: <br> Bloomberg: | NASDAQ First North$132,033,881$ |  |  | Nova Capital | 33,500,000 | 25.4\% |
|  |  |  |  | Merrill Lynch International | 18,921,588 | 14.3\% |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 132,033,881 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Avanza Pension | 11,433,400 | 8.7\% |
|  | Basic Resources |  |  | Nordnet Pensionsförsäkring | 3,232,673 | 2.4\% |
|  | SE0001732728 |  |  | Swedbank AS | 3,121,680 | 2.4\% |
|  | RUSF |  |  | Credit Suisse Sec. Europe LTD | 3,015,175 | 2.3\% |
|  | RUSF.ST |  |  | Jesihemma Limited | 2,505,200 | 1.9\% |
|  | RUSF:SS |  |  | Morgan Stanley And co Llc | 2,484,161 | 1.9\% |
| 3 months 2016 share data averages |  |  |  | Alexander Rudik | 2,122,287 | 1.6\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Daily Turnover } \\ & \text { (SEK) } \end{aligned}$ | No of Traded Shares | No of daily trades |  | Jeffrey Adams Secrest Revokable Trus | 1,930,846 | 1.5\% |
|  |  |  |  | Banque Carnegie Luxembourg | 1,405,020 | 1.1\% |
| 164,840 |  |  | 24 | Berner-Eyde Benedict | 1,169,342 | 0.9\% |
| Synthetically repurchased shares |  |  |  | UBS Switzerland Client Acc | 981,595 | 0.7\% |
| Date | Synthetically repurchased shares | Averag price | \% of outstanding shares | Lars Sjögren | 925,000 | 0.7\% |
|  |  |  |  | Miura Holdings Ltd | 818,461 | 0.6\% |
|  |  |  |  | Other | 44,467,453 | 33.7\% |
| 31 Mar 2016 | 1,256,409 | 2.00 | 0.95\% | Total | 132,033,881 | 100\% |

RusForest share price performance in Q1 2016


Source: NASDAQ OMX First North Stockholm

| RusForest share |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price SEK/share 31 Mar 2016 | Change 1 Month | Change 3 months | 52 week high |
| $\mathbf{1 . 9 0}$ | $0.5 \%$ | $-3.6 \%$ | 2.48 |
|  | Change 6 Months | Change 1 year | 52 week low |
|  | $-9.1 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | 1.6 |

## Accounting Policies

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and related parts of the Annual Accounts Act. The Group and parent company have applied the same accounting and valuation principles as in the most recent Annual Report. Since the Q1 2014 report, RusForest has reported Group consolidated financials in US dollars instead of Swedish krona, while parent company financials continue to be reported in Swedish krona. Items included in the Group's financial statements are initially measured in Russian roubles (RUB ), as the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, and then translated into United States Dollars (USD). Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate, and income and expenses are translated at the appropriate average rate for the period. All financial information presented in USD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.
A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Inventories: Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

## Purchases and sales of non-controlling interests

The Group applies the economic entity model to account for transactions with owners of non-controlling interest in transactions that do not result in a loss of control. Any difference between the purchase consideration and the carrying amount of non-controlling interest acquired is recorded as a capital transaction directly in equity. The Group recognises the difference between sales consideration and the carrying amount of non-controlling interest sold as a capital transaction in the statement of changes in equity.

## Financial instruments - key measurement terms

Depending on their classification financial instruments are carried at fair value or amortised cost as described below.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The best evidence of fair value is the price in an active market. An active market is one in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Fair value of financial instruments traded in an active market is measured as the product of the quoted price for the individual asset or liability and the number of instruments held by the entity. This is the case even if a market's normal daily trading volume is not sufficient to absorb the quantity held and placing orders to sell the position in a single transaction might affect the quoted price.

Derivative financial instruments: Such financial instruments are carried at their fair value. All derivative instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments are included in profit or loss for the year. The Group does not apply hedge accounting.

Non-derivative financial instruments: Such financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Risks

The Group's operations are primarily located in the Russian Federation. Consequently, the Group is exposed to the economic and financial markets of the Russian Federation, which display characteristics of an emerging market. The legal, tax and regulatory frameworks continue to develop, but are subject to varying interpretations and frequent changes, which together with other legal and fiscal impediments contribute to the challenges faced by entities operating in the Russian Federation.

The ongoing conflict in Ukraine and related events have increased the perceived risks of doing business in the Russian Federation. The imposition of economic sanctions on Russian individuals and legal entities by the European Union, the United States of America, Japan, Canada, Australia and others, as well as retaliatory sanctions imposed by the Russian government, have resulted in an increased economic uncertainty including more volatile equity markets, the depreciation of the Russian rouble, a reduction in both local and foreign direct investment inflows and a significant tightening in the availability of credit. In particular, some Russian entities may be experiencing difficulties in accessing international equity and debt markets and may become increasingly dependent on Russian state-owned banks to finance their operations. The longer-term effects of recently implemented sanctions, as well as the threat of additional future sanctions, are difficult to determine.

The consolidated financial statements reflect management's assessment of the impact of the Russian business environment on the operations and the financial position of the Group. The future business environment may differ from management's assessment.

The Company and the Company's products remain directly unaffected by the current situation with sanctions against Russia, with the exception of the general fluctuations in the rouble exchange rate and a noticeable downturn in credit activity throughout the Russian financial system. The Company continues to monitor the situation closely. Although the Company is exposed to the effect of fluctuations in the Russian rouble, such exposure is still limited in terms of the negative impact on the financial performance of the Group. A more detailed description of general risks, as well as a sensitivity analysis of the weakening of the rouble, can be found in the Company's 2015 annual report. The risks are indirectly the same for the parent company as for the Group.

## Condensed Consolidated Income Statement

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  |  |  |
| Revenue | 7,340 | 5,613 | 21,997 |
| Cost of sales | $(3,277)$ | $(2,701)$ | $(11,654)$ |
| Gross profit | 4,063 | 2,912 | 10,343 |
| Other income | 610 | 116 | 250 |
| Distribution expenses | (955) | (811) | $(3,738)$ |
| Administrative expenditure | $(1,501)$ | (915) | $(5,175)$ |
| Other expenses | (57) | (81) | (220) |
| Operating profit/(loss) | 2,160 | 1,221 | 1,460 |
| Exchange gain/loss | (679) | 531 | 2,372 |
| Financing income | 18 | 34 | 202 |
| Financing cost | (38) | (23) | (163) |
| Net financing income/(cost) | (699) | 542 | 2,411 |
| Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations | 1,461 | 1,763 | 3,871 |
| Income tax | (216) | (30) | (284) |
| Profit/(loss) from continuing operations | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,587 |
| Discontinued operations |  |  |  |
| Loss after tax from discontinued operations | - | - | (377) |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,210 |
| Attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the parent | 1,232 | 1,704 | 3,238 |
| Non-controlling interests | 13 | 29 | (28) |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,210 |
| Profit/(loss) per share, basic and diluted, in USD | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,210 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Currency translation difference | $(2,249)$ | $(1,144)$ | $(7,800)$ |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period | $(2,249)$ | $(1,144)$ | $(7,800)$ |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period | $(1,004)$ | 589 | $(4,590)$ |
| Attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the parent | $(1,011)$ | 554 | $(4,580)$ |
| Non-controlling interests | 7 | 35 | (10) |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period | $(1,004)$ | 589 | $(4,590)$ |
| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| Profit/(loss) from continuing operations | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,587 |
| Attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the parent | 1,232 | 1,704 | 3,615 |
| Non-controlling interests | 13 | 29 | (28) |
| Loss from discontinued operations | - | - | (377) |
| Attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the parent | - | - | (377) |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## Per Share Data

| Per Share Data | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| USD |  |  | 0.02 |
| Basic and diluted earnings | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| Basic and diluted earnings from continuing operations | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| Shareholders' Equity (end of period) | 0.23 | 0.25 | 0.20 |


| Number of Shares | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Beginning of period | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ |
| End of Period | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ |
| Average number of shares | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ | $132,033,881$ |


| USD for 1 unit of foreign currency | RUB |
| :--- | ---: |
| March 31, 2015 | 0.017 |
| June 30, 2015 | 0.018 |
| September 30, 2015 | 0.015 |
| December 31, 2015 | 0.014 |
| March 31, 2016 | 0.015 |
| source: w w w.cbr.ru |  |

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

| In thousands of USD | 31 Mar 2016 | 31 Dec 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |
| Non-current assets |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment | 17,849 | 16,152 |
| Intangible assets | 47 | 49 |
| Deferred tax asset | 4 | 5 |
| Total non-current assets | 17,900 | 16,206 |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Inventory | 2,623 | 2,134 |
| Receivable from assets sale | - | - |
| Advance for purchase of non-controlling interest in subsidiaries | 370 | 343 |
| VAT refundable | 2,423 | 2,278 |
| Trade and other receivables | 1,714 | 1,483 |
| Current tax assets | 9 | 24 |
| Loans receivable | 11 | 12 |
| Cash and cash equivalents* | 10,854 | 8,404 |
| Total current assets | 18,004 | 14,678 |
| Total assets | 35,904 | 30,884 |
| EQUITY |  |  |
| Equity and reserves |  |  |
| Share capital | 20,683 | 20,683 |
| Other paid in capital | 358,448 | 358,448 |
| Reserves | 49 | 44 |
| Translation reserve | $(50,995)$ | $(53,244)$ |
| Accumulated loss | $(298,929)$ | $(302,139)$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | 1,232 | 3,238 |
| Total equity attributable to Shareholders of the Group | 30,488 | 27,030 |
| Non-controlling interest | (73) | (80) |
| Total Equity | 30,415 | 26,950 |
| Liabilities |  |  |
| Non-current liabilities |  |  |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | 136 | 133 |
| Deferred tax liability | 5 | 5 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 141 | 138 |
| Current liabilities |  |  |
| Call option | 16 | 5 |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 4,434 | 3,041 |
| Current tax liabilities | 173 | 76 |
| Provisions | 725 | 674 |
| Total current liabilities | 5,348 | 3,796 |
| Total liabilities | 5,489 | 3,934 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 35,904 | 30,884 |

[^2]
## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | 1,245 | 1,733 | 3,210 |
| Adjustment for non-cash items | 1,142 | 268 | 2,201 |
| Paid income tax | (117) | (12) | (233) |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital | 2,270 | 1,989 | 5,178 |
| Cash flow changes in working capital | 815 | (239) | (760) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 3,085 | 1,750 | 4,418 |
| Investment in equipment | $(1,453)$ | $(1,189)$ | $(10,483)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of equipment | 20 | 121 | 403 |
| VAT refund on capital investments | - | - | 6 |
| Acquisition of shares in subsidiaries (less cash balances | - | 7 | 8 |
| Proceeds from the sale of subsidiaries | - | 1,000 | 5,862 |
| Proceeds from sale of intangible assets | 681 | - | - |
| Costs related to the sale of subsidiaries | - | (330) | (330) |
| Repayment of the loans by third parties | - | 7 | 25 |
| Interest received | 18 | 30 | 107 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | (734) | (353) | $(4,402)$ |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interest in subsidiaries |  | (399) | (699) |
| Increase/(decrease) in loans payable | - | (4) | (231) |
| Interest paid | - | (1) | (1) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | - | (404) | (931) |
| Cash flow during the period | 2,351 | 993 | (915) |
| including continuing operations | 2,350 | 993 | (915) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 8,404 | 9,987 | 9,987 |
| including continuing operations | 8,404 | 9,987 | 9,987 |
| Exchange-rate differences on cash balance | 99 | (228) | (668) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, period end | 10,854 | 10,752 | 8,404 |
| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| Adjustment for non-cash items |  |  |  |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 799 | 743 | 3,184 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 8 | 6 | 17 |
| Income tax | 216 | 30 | 284 |
| Exchange gain/loss | 679 | (531) | $(2,372)$ |
| Finance income | (18) | (34) | (202) |
| Finance expense | 38 | 23 | 163 |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | - | (92) | (84) |
| Net income/loss on disposal of intangible assets | (577) | - | 20 |
| Bad debts | - | 7 | 127 |
| Forest restoration provision | - | 116 | 769 |
| Other comprehensive (proft)/loss from assets held for sale | - | - | 377 |
| Other non-cash items | (3) | - | (82) |
| Total | 1,142 | 268 | 2,201 |

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

1 January 2016-31 March 2016

|  | Attributable to the equity holders of the parents |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In thousands of USD | Share capital | Other paid in capital | Reserves | Translation reserve | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accumulated } \\ & \text { loss } \end{aligned}$ | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| Opening shareholders' equity | 20,683 | 358,448 | 44 | $(53,244)$ | $(298,901)$ | (80) | 26,950 |
| Profit/(loss) for the period |  |  |  |  | 1,232 | 13 | 1,245 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) |  |  |  | 2,249 |  | (6) | 2,243 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | - | - |  | 2,249 | 1,232 | 7 | 3,488 |
| Acquired non-controlling interest in subsidiaries |  |  |  |  | (28) |  | (28) |
| Employee stock options |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Shareholders' equity at end of period | 20,683 | 358,448 | 49 | $(50,995)$ | $(297,697)$ | (73) | 30,415 |

*Related to employee stock option programme 2013/2016 implemented at AGM 2013. Accumulated reserves based on distribution of value Black \& Scholes valuation as per date of issue.

## 1 January 2015-31 March 2015

|  | Attributable to the equity holders of the parents |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In thousands of USD | Share capital | Other paid in capital | Reserves | Translation reserve | Accumulated loss | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| Opening shareholders' equity | 20,683 | 358,448 | 24 | $(45,426)$ | $(301,803)$ | (106) | 31,820 |
| Profit/(loss) for the period |  |  |  |  | 1,704 | 29 | 1,733 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) |  |  |  | $(1,150)$ |  | 6 | $(1,144)$ |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | - | - | - | $(1,150)$ | 1,704 | 35 | 589 |
| Employee stock options |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Shareholders' equity at end of period | 20,683 | 358,448 | 29 | $(46,576)$ | $(300,099)$ | (71) | 32,414 |

1 January 2015-31 December 2015

|  | Attributable to the equity holders of the parent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In thousands of USD | Share capital | Other paid in capital | Reserves | Translation reserve | Accumulated loss | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| Opening shareholders' equity | 20,683 | 358,448 | 24 | $(45,426)$ | $(301,803)$ | (106) | 31,820 |
| Profit/(loss) for the period |  |  |  |  | 3,238 | (28) | 3,210 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) |  |  |  | $(7,818)$ |  | 18 | $(7,800)$ |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | - | - | - | $(7,818)$ | 3,238 | (10) | $(4,590)$ |
| Acquired non-controlling interest in subsidiaries* |  |  |  |  | (336) | 36 | (300) |
| Employee stock options |  |  | 20 |  |  |  | 20 |
| Shareholders' equity at end of period | 20,683 | 358,448 | 44 | $(53,244)$ | $(298,901)$ | (80) | 26,950 |

Parent Company Income Statement

| In thousands of SEK | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 | 12M 2015 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Administrative expenditure | $(4,884)$ | $(2,187)$ | $(12,709)$ |
| Operating loss | $(4,884)$ | $(\mathbf{2 , 1 8 7 )}$ | $(\mathbf{1 2 , 7 0 9 )}$ |
| Exchange gain/loss | 719 | $(332)$ | $(43,626)$ |
| Financing income | 464 | 498 | 3,512 |
| Financing cost | $(111)$ | $(263)$ | $(421)$ |
| Reversal of bad debt provision | - | 78,770 | 231,813 |
| Impairment of investments and forgiveness of receivables from subsidiaries | - | - | $(103,029)$ |
| Net financing income/(cost) | $\mathbf{( 3 , 8 1 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{7 8 , 6 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 , 2 4 9}$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the period | $\mathbf{( 3 , 8 1 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 , 4 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 , 5 4 0}$ |

In 2015 as part of internal group loan restructuring to clean the balance sheets of Cyprus companies set for termination/exclusion from the Group, internal loans between Rusforest AB and Cyprus group entities were consolidated in Bermuda and forgiven by utilising previous bad debt provisions related to RusForest Bermuda. The income from reversal of bad debt provision will have no tax effect.

Parent Company Balance Sheet

| In thousands of SEK | 31 Mar 2016 | 31 Dec 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |
| Non-current assets |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment | 35 | 40 |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 218,158 | 218,158 |
| Total non-current assets | 218,193 | 218,198 |
| Current assets |  |  |
| VAT refundable | 307 | 96 |
| Receivables from subsidiaries | 2,634 | 2,547 |
| Trade and other receivable | 587 | 843 |
| Loans receivable from subsidiaries | 43,631 | 33,119 |
| Other financial assets | 2,550 | 2,000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 22,590 | 36,377 |
| Total current assets | 72,299 | 74,982 |
| Total assets | 290,492 | 293,180 |
| Equity |  |  |
| Equity and reserves |  |  |
| Restricted equity |  |  |
| Share capital | 132,034 | 132,034 |
| Non-restricted equity |  |  |
| Share premium | 1,037,511 | 1,037,511 |
| Retained earnings | $(889,851)$ | $(886,039)$ |
| Total equity | 279,694 | 283,506 |
| Liabilities |  |  |
| Non-current liabilities |  |  |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | 1,108 | 1,108 |
| Loans payable to Group companies | 1,734 | 1,714 |
| Total-non current liabilities | 2,841 | 2,822 |
| Current liabilities |  |  |
| Payables to Group companies | 6,462 | 4,205 |
| Trade and other payables | 1,495 | 2,647 |
| Total current liabilities | 7,957 | 6,852 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 290,492 | 293,180 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1. Cost of sales

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Personnel costs | 1,264 | 789 |
| Purchased sawlogs | 9 | - |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 768 | 681 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 6 | 2 |
| Materials | 75 | 60 |
| Energy and fuel | 661 | 503 |
| Repairs and maintanance | 289 | 244 |
| Transportation services | 73 | 149 |
| Forest lease | 102 | 112 |
| Other | 30 | 161 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 2 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 0 1}$ |

Note 2. Distribution expenses

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Personnel costs | 131 | 140 |
| Railway costs | 720 | 570 |
| Other | 104 | 101 |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 1}$ |

Note 3. Administrative expenditure

| In thousands of USD | Q1 2016 | Q1 2015 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Personnel costs | 1,035 | 636 |
| Audit | 28 | 31 |
| Property tax | 43 | 46 |
| Consulting fees | 216 | 61 |
| Other | 179 | 141 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 1 5}$ |

## Note 4. Segment information

The Group's Parent Company has its head office in Stockholm, Sweden. All of the Group's operating companies are located in the Russian Federation.

Operational segments, results for three months ended 31 March 2016

| In thousands of USD | External revenue |  |  |  |  | Impairment loss | Profit/(loss) before tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sawnwood | Sawlogs | Pellets | Other | Total |  |  |
| Ust-llimsk | - | 935 | - | 620 | 1,554 |  | 419 |
| Magistralny | 4,197 | 857 | 676 | 55 | 5,785 |  | 1,660 |
| Unallocated | - | - | - | - | - | - | (619) |
| Total from continuing operations | 4,197 | 1,792 | 676 | 674 | 7,340 | - | 1,460 |
| Total | 4,197 | 1,792 | 676 | 674 | 7,340 | - | 1,460 |

Operational segments, results for three months ended 31 March 2015

| In thousands of USD | External revenue |  |  |  |  | Impairment loss | Profit/(loss) before tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sawnwood | Sawlogs | Pellets | Other | Total |  |  |
| Ust-llimsk | - | - | - | 682 | 682 | - | 527 |
| Magistralny | 3,741 | 1,069 | - | 121 | 4,931 | - | 1,274 |
| Unallocated | - | - | - | - | - | - | (38) |
| Total from continuing operations | 3,741 | 1,069 | - | 803 | 5,613 | - | 1,763 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,741 | 1,069 | - | 803 | 5,613 | - | 1,763 |

Note 5. Assets held for sale and the result of discontinued operations
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income, discontinued operations

| In thousands of USD | 3M 2016 | 12M 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discontinued operations |  |  |
| Revenue | - | - |
| Cost of sales | - | - |
| Gross profit | - | - |
| Remeasurement of receivable from asset sale | - | (377) |
| Operating loss | - | (377) |
| Net financing income/(cost) | - | - |
| Loss before tax from discontinued operations | - | (377) |
| Income tax | - | - |
| Loss after tax from discontinued operations | - | (377) |

There was no cash flow affect from discontinued operations in Q1 2016 or 2015.

Note 6. Related party transactions

|  | Q1 2016 <br> USD thousand | 12M 2015 <br> USD thousand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesresurs LLC |  |  |
| Management services provided by RMG LLC | 155 | 458 |
| Sales of goods and other services | 576 | 65 |
| Purchase of goods and services | 5 | 339 |
| Rent expenses | 1 | 3 |
| Accounts receivable | 120 | 7 |
| Accounts payable | 0 | 51 |

The Group company - RusForest Management Group ("RMG LLC") is a management service company employing certain specialists. RMG LLC provides management services internally but also to one external company: LesResurs LLC. Management service fees from LesResurs are recorded as other income in the profit and loss statement of RusForest and costs related to those assignments as other expenses. Related party transactions stated above in relation to RMG LLC include transactions until date of acquisition of RMG LLC. In addition the Ust-llimsk business unit has had sales of sawlogs to LesResurs LLC which constitute the largest related party transactions.

## Note 7. Commitments

As at 31 March 2016 RusForest had no material capital commitments.

## Note 8. Synthetic buybacks

The annual meeting of shareholders on 15 May 2015 resolved to authorize the Board of Directors of RusForest AB ("RusForest") to perform synthetic buybacks of RusForest shares with the aggregate number of own shares synthetically bought back at all times not exceeding 10 per cent of all shares in the Company. The Board of Directors has for this purpose entered into a swap agreement with Pareto Securities AB ("Pareto"). The program for synthetic buyback of own shares commenced on Tuesday 1 September 2015 and will be in force for a period up to the annual general meeting 2016.

The swap agreement means that Pareto purchases RusForest shares on the market and RusForest will pay a fixed fee and interest on the purchase amount in exchange for the return on the shares of RusForest, based on share price development from the date of purchase and until settlement date at the annual general meeting 2016. The agreement also allows for the parties to settle the difference between Pareto's purchase price of the shares and the market price of the shares through a RusForest shareholders meeting resolution to reduce the share capital of the company, in which case the original purchase price of the shares will be paid to Pareto. RusForest has an account with Pareto to where the Company transfers money before any purchases, however, that is solely for the purpose of ensuring RusForest's capacity to cover future settlement under the swap agreement and the amount on the account is therefore restricted by a separate pledge agreement to the swap agreement.

RusForest recognizes the difference between the current share price and the price paid by Pareto in the balance sheet as either an asset/call option (if the current market price is higher than the purchase price) or liability (if the current market price is lower than the purchase price) and changes are recognised in profit or loss under the line item finance income/expense. The asset/call option or liability that initially arises is in subsequent quarters revalued at fair value, with any changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. The amount on the account with Pareto is presented as restricted cash in the balance sheet line item Cash and cash equivalents.

If and when the shareholders meeting decides to redeem the shares to reduce the share capital this transaction is accounted for in the following manner; the share capital is reduced with a nominal amount corresponding to the number of redeemed shares. The residual amount between the fair value of the underlying shares reduced by the nominal amount of the share capital reduces the share premium reserve.

Fee expenses that accrue to Pareto for the services of purchasing RusForest shares on the market are recognised when services have been provided, i.e. when share have been purchased on the market by Pareto.

## Financial Calendar

Interim report Jan - Jun 2016<br>30 August 2016<br>Interim report Jan - Sep 2016<br>29 November 2016

This report has not been subject to a review by the Company's auditors.

Stockholm, 31 May 2016

RusForest AB (publ.)
The Board of Directors

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## (1) Rusforest

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[^0]:    *Calculated as inventory, trade \& other current receivables and receivable from asset sale, less trade and other current payables.
    **Calculated as loans and borrowings less interest bearing loan receivables and cash.

[^1]:    Sources: Random Lengths, Wood Markets, Japan Lumber Journal

[^2]:    * including restricted cash balances in the amount of USD 0.3 million, connected with the Synthetic buyback program.

