JOINT STOCK COMPANY "PATA SALDUS" (UNIFIED REGISTRATION NUMBER 40003020121)	AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 2016 (UNAUDITE	D)
DRAWN-UP IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE INTERISTANDARDS	NATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

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PATA Saldus(PATA Saldus)

40003020124 August 26,1991, Riga

Kuldīgas iela 86C, Saldus, Saldus rajons, LV 3801

Joint Stock Company

022; 494; 521

Address: Kuldīgas iela 86c, Saldus LV-3801,

Saldus District.. Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## Information about the Company

Name of the Company Legal status of the Company

Registration number, place, and date

Address

The main areas of activities of the

NACE code

Company

Members of the Board: name, surname,

position

Members of the Council: name, surname, position

Uldis Mierkalns (Uldis Mierkalns) - Chairman of the Council

Andris Krastinš (Andris Krastinš) - Chancellor of the Board

Janis Mierkalns (Jānis Mierkalns )- member of the Board

Janis Bertrans (Jānis Bertrāns) - Deputy Chairman of the Board (was appointed on February 15, 2016)

Maris Elleris (Māris Elleris) – member of the Council ( is released February 15, 2016) Janis Leimanis (Jānis Leimanis) - member of the Council ( is released February 15, 2016)

Evija Birina (Evija Bīriṇa) - member of the Board (is released September 6, 2016) Ilze Bukulde (Ilze Bukulde) - member of the Board (was appointed on February 15, 2016) Gatis Zommers (Gatis Zommers) - member of the Board (was appointed on November 21, 2016)

Inga Mierkalna (Inga Mierkalna)- member of the Council

Atis Kalnins (Atis Kalnins)- member of the Council (was appointed on February 15, 2016) leva Sniedze (leva Sniedze)- member of the Council (was appointed on February 15, 2016)

Forestry, commercial timber preparation and related services; production of board lumber, etc.

Subsidiary enterprise 1. Name of the company

Legal status of the company

Number and date of registration in the

commercial register

Address The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company

Reporting year

2. Name of the company Legal status of the company

Registration number, date, place

Address The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company

Reporting year

3. Name of the company Legal status of the company

Address

Registration number, date, place

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

Pakuli Sports Premises (Pakuļu sporta bāze) (100%)

Limited Liability Company

48503009010 November 21, 2002

"Mežvidi", Novadnieku pag. Saldus rajons LV 3801

Hunting and related services. Organisation of training and competitive shooting using hunting weapons.

PATA Saldus (PATA Saldus), JSC - 100%

January 1 - December 31, 2016

Woodworking Centre No.3 (Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3) (100%)

Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1066027046337 October 9, 2006

Russia: 180005. Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Woodworking, production of board lumber PATA Saldus (PATA Saldus), JSC - 100%

January 1 - December 31, 2016

Saldus (*Caлдус*) (100%) (is reorganised on March 11, 2016)

Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1056000426371 21. December 2005

Russia: 180005, Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Purchase of lumber

PATA Saldus (PATA Saldus), JSC - 100%

January 1 - December 31, 2016

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

#### Associated enterprise

Name of the company Legal status of the company

NUMBER AND DATE OF REGISTRATION IN THE COMMERCIAL REGISTER

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

Saldus energija (Saldus enerģija) (20%) Limited Liability Company

40103265702 December 22, 2009

Mukusalas iela( *Mūkusalas iela*) 41B-8, Riga (*Rīga*), LV-1004 Production of electricity, activities of holding companies.

PATA Saldus (PATA Saldus), JSC – 20% January 1 – December 31, 2016

#### Parent company

Name of the company Legal status of the company

NUMBER AND DATE OF REGISTRATION IN THE COMMERCIAL REGISTER

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

PATA (*PATA*) (65.%)\* Limited Liability Company

40003448619, June 10, 1999

Miera iela 2( *Miera iela 2*), Incukalns (*Inčukalns*), LV-1004 Wholesale of wood, silviculture and other foresty activities

Uldis Mierkalns (*Uldis Mierkalns*) – 100% January 1 – December 31, 2016

\*Direct participation. Previously (period of 2015, 3months of 2016) reported control

Name and address of the Auditor

LTD "Sworn auditor S. Kolesnikovas office", LZRA licence No 127

Svetlana Koļesņikova Sworn Auditor

(Certificate of Latvian Sworn Auditor No.22

#### Changes of the commercial company and its subsidiaries that are made during the reporting period

According to the Register of Enterprises of the Republic of Latvia decision Nr.6-12 / 5132/2 of 15.02.2016. JSC Saldus PATA has recorded the following changes in the Board:

- Appointed member of the Board Ilze Bukulde (Ilze Bukulde)
- Appointed members of the Council Atis Kalnins (Atis Kalnins), leva Sniedze (Ieva Sniedze)
- Released members of the Council Maris Elleris (Māris Elleris), Janis Leimanis (Jānis Leimanis)

According to the Register of Enterprises of the Republic of Latvia decision Nr.6-12 / 155093/1 from 06.09.2016. JSC Saldus PATA has recorded the following changes in the Board:

- Released member of the Board Evija Birina (Evija Bīriņa)
- Change the subscribed share capital from EUR 541 990.40 to EUR 579916.40
- Change the paid-up share capital of EUR 541 990.40 to EUR 579916.40

According to the Register of Enterprises of the Russian Federation's decision No 2166027097476 of 11.03.2016 the limited company « Салдус » has been reorganised and added to the limited company « Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3 ».

According to the Register of Enterprises of the Republic of Latvia decision Nr.6-12 / 202705 of 21.11.2016 JSC Saldus PATA has recorded the following changes in the Board:

- Appointed Member of the Board: Gatis Zommers (Gatis Zommers)

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## Management announcement

### To Report of economic activity for the 2016

## Business description in the framework of report period

The core businesses of the commercial company are logging and primary wood processing – lumber production.

In its economic activities, company complies with FSC and environmental protection requirements. For the compliance with these requirements, company takes corresponding monitoring and improvement measures on regular basis, but the share of these costs in production cost is not significant.

The consolidated profit of the holding JSC "PATA Saldus" for the year 2016 are 979 906 EUR, whereby Net turnover is 43 176 686 EUR, which comprise profit per emitted share 2.53 EUR.

The consolidated companies financial report is prepared on the base of information that is at share company board's disposal and in compliance with requirements of effective normative acts, it provides true and clear picture on assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or losses of the share company and of its consolidation group. There is true information included in the announcement.

### Forecasts for financial indicators and plans for economic activities in 2017

Management of the holding continues its work with the internal restructurization of the holding, in order to adapt to the present situation in the market and to improve the economical situation and financial indicators in the company. Management policy is not based on wide profile economic activities, but is focused on the development of economic activities in two interrelated branches on increase of production volumes.

#### Business and financial risk management policy

In order to increase competitiveness of the company in this economic situation, the production volumes are being increased by more rational use of company resources, by organization of long-term cooperation with providers of resources and by searching for new markets and analyzing client's solvency. The increase of production volumes is being based on the existing, already concluded realization agreements and already signed letters of intent.

The interests of the commercial company are the care for social protection and welfare of its employees, because only thus the development of society can be sustainable.

In order to reduce financial risks, commercial company carries out planning of budget and cash flow, where different scenarios for development are foreseen. The management carries out monitoring and control of economical activities and actual finance flow on regular basis in the companies of the holding. Credit institutions that carry out assessing of financial risks of the holding on regular basis, when they are determining credit rating of the holding, can be regarded as additional guarantors of the assessing of risks.

February ,28 2017

Board:

Andris Krastiņš Jānis Mierkalns Gatis Zommers Ilze Bukulde
Chancellor of the Board member of the Board member of the Board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## **Statement of Management Responsibility**

Management is responsible for preparing financial statements based on the initial accounting records of each year of account, which truly reflects the company's financial position at the end of the year of account, as well as results of operations and cash flows for the period.

The Management confirms that, in preparing this report for the period ending on 31 december 2016, proper accounting methods were used, their application was consistent, reasonable and prudent decisions were taken. The Management confirms that the relevant International. Accounting Standards have been observed and the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the principle of continuation. The Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, the company's resources conservation as well as fraud prevention and prevention of other irregularities.

February ,28 2017

Board:

Andris Krastiņš Chancellor of the Board Jānis Mierkalns member of the Board Gatis Zommers member of the Board

Ilze Bukulde member of the Board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## **Consolidated income statement**

	31.12.2016 EUR	31.12.2015 EUR
Net turnover	43 176 686	36 790 873
Production costs of the sold production	-41 512 519	-37 320 427
Gross profit	1 664 167	-529 554
Selling costs	-32 656	-47 232
General administration costs	-585 351	-440 412
Other income from company's economic activity Other expenditures from company's economic	482 419	217 361
activity	-478 378	-406 861
Profit or loss from economic activity	1 050 201	-1 206 698
Other interset income and the like income	1 203	2 190
Othe interest payments and the like payments  Profit or loss before extraordinary items and	-448 204	-532 622
taxes	603 200	-1 737 130
Company's deferred income tax	376 706	C
Profit or (loss)	979 906	-1 737 130
Profit/loss on share	2.53	-4.49
EUR per share		
Profit or loss	979 906	-2 606
Other comprehensive income /costs for the period	-175 900	76 465
Total comprehensive income for the period	804 006	73 859

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

February 28, 2017

## Board:

Andris Krastiņš	Jānis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	Ilze Bukulde
hancellor of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board

(Unaudited)

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

## **Consolidated balance sheet**

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ACCETO	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	EUR	EUR
Intangible investments		
Concessions, patents, licences, trademarks and the like items	19 125	23 760
TOTAL	19 125	23 760
Fixed assets		
Land, premises and buildings	7 026 277	6 005 374
Equipment and machinery	13 130 454	10 588 664
Other fixed assets	55 817	59 338
Unfinished constructions	304 767	4 547 859
	3 000	29 227
TOTAL	20 520 315	21 230 462
Biological assets	765 836	738 327
Long-term financial investments		
Investment in associated companies	8 540	8 540
Deferred tax assets	485 730	108 974
TOTAL	494 270	117 514
TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	21 799 546	22 110 063
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks		
Raw materials, direct materials, auxiliary materials	1 949 655	1 758 639
Biological assets	635 755	524 588
Unfinished production	1 943 967	605 683
Finished production and goods for sale	1 324 414	2 150 984
Advance payments for goods	83 083	64 203
TOTAL	5 936 874	5 104 097
Noncurrent assets held for sale		
Fixed assets held for sale	274 997	306 288
Debtors		
Debts of buyers and customers	157 572	184 029
Debts of subsidiaries	3 387 813	2 843 034
Debts of associated companies	184 482	28 381
Other debtors	175 094	45 495
Expenditures of the next periods	166 215	43 261
TOTAL	4 071 176	3 144 200
Money and its equivalents	52 259	5 522
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	10 335 306	8 560 107
TOTAL ASSETS	32 134 852	30 670 170

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

February 28, 2017 Board:

Andris Krastiņš	Jānis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	Ilze Bukulde
Chancellor of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board

Address: Kuldīgas iela 86c, Saldus LV-3801,

(Unaudited)

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# **Consolidate balance sheet (continuation)**

## LIABILITIES

	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Shareholders'equity	EUR	EUR
Share capital	579 916	541 990
Increase of price of the issue of shares	2 828	2 828
Fluctation of exchange rate	-270 873	-353 525
Reserves from revaluation of long-term		
investments	1 570 057	1 600 057
Other reserves	3 741 168	3 741 168
Retained earnings from the previos year	-401 449	1 549 507
Retained earnings from the year of accunt	979 906	-1 737 130
Total shareholders'equity	6 201 553	5 344 895
CREDITORS		
ong-term liabilities		
Long-term loans from credit institutions	12 497 666	13 992 559
Other loans	3 319 379	1 649 040
Accrualed liabilities	275 013	213 657
Long-term part of incomes from next periods	1 911 689	2 082 857
TOTAL	18 003 747	17 938 113
Short-term liabilities		
Short-term loans from credit institutions	1 536 285	2 456 871
Other loans	1 202 928	1 000 114
Debts to suppliers and contractors	4 200 456	2 930 937
Debts to subsidiaries	153 726	377 083
Accured liabilities	140 041	115 682
Taxes payable	292 478	141 989
Other creditors	181 055	141 903
Incomes from the next periods short-term part	222 583	222 583
TOTAL	7 929 552	7 387 162
Total liabilities	25 933 299	25 325 275
Total shareholders'equity and liabilities	32 134 852	30 670 170

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

February 28, 2017

## Board:

Andris Krastiņš	Jānis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	Ilze Bukulde
Chancellor of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board

Address: Kuldīgas iela 86c, Saldus LV-3801,

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## Consolidated cash flow statement

	2016	2015
I.Cash flow from basic activity	EUR	EUR
Profit (+) or loss (-) before extraordinary items and taxes:	603 200	-1 737 130
Corrections:		
Wear and tear of fixed assets and intangible investments (+)	1 789 417	1 480 125
Revaluation of long-term investments	0	-57 744
Revaluation of biological assets	-138 675	198 812
Accruals (except acruals for doubtful debts )	0	-30 822
Profit (-) or loss (+) from fluctuations of exchange rate	-266 434	188 496
Income from finansation recognation	-222 583	-189 275
Procentu maksājumi un tamlīdzīgas izmaksas	340 292	263 653
Profit or loss before the corrections of the impact of balance changes of current assets		
and short-term liabilities	2 105 217	116 115
Corrections:		
Increase (+) or decrease (-) of debtors debt	-942 030	1 632 515
Increase (+) or decrease (-) of the reserves of accruals	-655 832	1 431 633
Increase (+) or decrease (-) of the remainder of debts Payable to suppliers, contractors and	1 004 700	07.400
other creditors	1 221 708	-97 480
Gross cash flow from basic activity	1 729 063	3 082 783
Expenditures to pay interest payments	-340 292	-263 157
Expenditures to pay company's property tax	-50	0
Net cash flow from basic activity	1 388 721	2 819 626
II. Cash flow from investments		
Income from selling fixed assets and intangible investments	72 324	50 083
Acquisition of fixed assets and intangible investments	-414 124	-1 494 885
Expenditures for advance payments for fixed assets and unfinished	-3 000	-1 715 853
Net cash flow from investments	-344 800	-3 160 655
III. Cash flow from financing activities		
Recieved loans		
Received subsidies and grants	328 214	1 287 728
Expenditures for paying back loans	51 415	462 735
Expenditures for redemption of asset that was hired	-760 207	-640 699
Changes of creditlines	-216 637	-163 953
Cash flow from financing activities	-399 969	-603 540
Finansēšanas darbības neto naudas plūsma	-997 184	342 271
i manocodinao dalibibao neto nadada pidoma	337 104	042 Z7 1
IV. Fluctuations of exchange rate	0	0
V. Net cash flow of the year of account increase (+), decrease (-)	46 737	1 242
VI. Money and its equivalents balance at the beginning of the year of account	5 522	4 280
VII. Money and its equivalents balance at the end of the year of account	52 259	5 522

Cash flow statement is prepared according to indirect method in accordance with SGS Nr.7.

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

February ,28 2017

Board:

Andris Krastiņš Jānis Mierkalns Gatis Zommers Ilze Bukulde
Chancellor of the Board member of the Board member of the Board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## Statement on the changes in own capital

	Share capital	Reserves from revaluation of long-term investments	Currency fluctuations due to the reestimation of foreign currency	Share premium	Other reserves	Previous years retained earnings	Retained profit/loss of the year of account	Toatal own capital
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
December 31, 2014	541 990	1 600 057	-340 573	2 828	3 741 168	1 443 846	-2 606	6 986 710
Fluctuation of exchange rate	0	0	-12 951	0	0	108 267	0	95 316
Distribution of profit of the year 2014	0	0	0	0	0	-2 606	2 606	0
Profit of the year of account	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1 737 130	-1 737 130
December 31, 2015	541 990	1 600 057	-353 525	2 828	3 741 168	1 549 507	-1 737 130	5 344 895
Fluctuation of exchange rate	0	0	82 653	0	0	-205 900	0	-123 248
Distribution of profit of the year 2015	0	0	0	0	0	-1 737 130	1 737 130	0
Investment revaluation reserve	0	-30 000	0	0	0	30 000	0	0
Previous years retained earnings	37 926	0	0	0	0	-37 926	0	0
Profit of the year of account	0	0	0	0	0	0	979 906	979 906
December 31, 2016	579 916	1 570 057	-270 873	2 828	3 741 168	-401 449	979 906	6 201 553

The annex is an integral part of this financial statement

February,28 2017

Board:

Andris Krastiņš	Jānis Mierkalns	Gatis Zommers	Ilze Bukulde
Chancellor of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board	member of the Board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121 (Unaudited)

## Annex to the financial statement

## 1. Corporative information

JSC "PATA Saldus" Group (hereinafter - the Group) mainly engaged in logging and wood processing.

Joint stock company "PATA Saldus" (hereinafter - the Parent Company) was registered with the Republic of Latvia Enterprise Register on 26 August 1991 and with the Republic of Latvia Commercial Register on 8 May 2004. On 2 October 2015, the Joint Stock Company "Saldus mezrupnieciba" has changed its name to Joint Stock Company "PATA Saldus", according to the decisions of Annual General Meeting of shareholders on 20 July 2015.

Parent company's shares are listed on the Riga Stock Exchange.

The Group's consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with the decision of the Board and Council.

The Group's shareholders have the right to amend the financial statements after its issue.

### 2. Important accounting principles

In preparation of the holding company's financial statement, there were used the following accounting principles:

#### Principles of preparing the financial statement

The financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS as adopted by the EU). Due to the European Union's endorsement procedure, the standards and interpretations not approved for use in the European Union are presented in this note as they may have impact on financial statements of the Company in the following periods if endorsed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those.

The Group carried out a revaluation of its land at the April of 2014 and concluded that their market value exceeded their carrying value at the date of revaluation and at the beginning and end of previous reporting period.

## Currency and items used in the preparation of the financial statement

In financial statements as a monetary unit is used Euro (EUR)- the monetary unit of the Republic of Latvia.

## Consolidation

The consolidated financial statement includes the financial statements of the joint-stock company PATA Saldus and its subsidiary companies Pakuļi Sports Centre Itd., ооо Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies were prepared in the same year as the financial statement of the holding's parent company and using the same accounting policies. The consolidated financial statement includes all assets, liabilities, incomes, expenditures, profit, loss and cash flow of the joint-stock company PATA Saldus and the financial statements of all its subsidiary companies over which the parent company keeps its control in the way as if the joint-stock company PATA Saldus and its subsidiary companies were one company. In preparation of the Holding's financial statement is excluded the interrelated unrealized profit, mutual payments, mutually owned capital shares and other mutual deals. When purchasing its subsidiary companies the Holding uses a purchase method. The predominance of purchase costs over the real value of net actives obtained by the Holding is accounted as an intangible value.

#### Consolidation of foreign subsidiary companies

By including in the financial statements the financial showings of foreign subsidiary companies, the Holding's parent company recalculates monetary and non-monetary assets, liabilities, incomes and expenditures in accordance with the exchange rate established by the Bank of Latvia on the last day of the year of account. Differences in the exchange rate which arise when assets and liabilities are reflected are classified as own capital. The consolidation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiary companies is carried out in compliance with the established consolidation procedures, e.g. by excluding mutual transactions of the companies which belong to the same Holding.

## Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

The following new and amended IFRS and interpretations come and apply to the Company's operations, but have no impact on these financial statements apart from certain new disclosure requirements:

**IFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements"** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, endorsed by EU for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);

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Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee benefits plans" regarding defined benefit plans (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, not *yet* endorsed in the EU);

**Annual improvements 2012** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, not *yet* endorsed in the EU). These amendments include changes that affect 7 standards:

- IFRS 2 "Share-based payment"
- IFRS 3 "Business Combinations"
- IFRS 8 "Operating segments"
- IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement"
- IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment" and IAS 38 "Intangible assets"
- Consequential amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial instruments"
- IAS 37 "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets", and
- IAS 39 "Financial instruments Recognition and measurement"

**Annual improvements 2013 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014,** not *yet* endorsed in the EU). The amendments include changes that affect 4 standards:

- IFRS 1 "First time adoption"
- IFRS 3 "Business combinations"
- IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement" and
- IAS 40 "Investment property"

#### Amendment to IFRS 11 "Joint arrangements" on acquisition of an interest in a joint operation

(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not yet endorsed in the EU);

Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment" and IAS 41 "Agriculture" regarding bearerplants (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not *yet* endorsed in the EU);

Amendment to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment" and IAS 38 "Intangible assets" on depreciation and amortization (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not *yet* endorsed in the EU);

IFRS 14 "Regulatory deferral accounts" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not yet endorsed in the EU);

Amendments to IAS 27 "Separate financial statements" on the equity method (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not *yet* endorsed in the EU);

Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, not yet endorsed in the EU);

**Annual improvements 2014** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016, not *yet* endorsed in the EU). The amendments include changes that affect 4 standards:

- IFRS S "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations"
- IFRS 7 "Financial instruments: Disclosures" with consequential amendments to IFRS 1
- IAS 19 "Employee benefits"
- IAS 34 "Interim financial reporting"

IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, not yet endorsed in the FU)

IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, not yet endorsed in the EU).

Bookkeeping and accounting principles has not changed compared to the previous reporting period.

#### Use of calculations

When preparing financial statements, the management have to base on certain calculations and assumptions, which influence the remainders of the balance and the profit or loss posts shown in particular statements as well as the amount of possible liabilities. Future events may have an impact on assumptions which were taken into consideration when separate calculations were made. Any influence of calculations is shown in the financial statement at the moment of their determination.

## Transactions in foreign currencies

The Holding's accountancy is kept in Latvian lats (EUR) except for the OOO «Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3» where are used RUB Russian roubles.

All transactions in foreign currencies have been re-estimated in Latvian lats in accordance with the official exchange rate, established by the Bank of Latvia on the day of corresponding transaction. Assets and liabilities which are shown in foreign currencies are re-estimated in Latvian lats in accordance with the exchange rate, established by the Bank of Latvia on the last day of accounting year. Differences arising from transactions in foreign currencies or from showing assets and liabilities in foreign currencies which differ from the initial exchange rates are shown in the profit or loss calculations in their net value. Re-estimation of the capital OOO «Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3» into the currency used in the Holding is done by applying the exchange rate that is valid on the day of preparing the balance sheet and regarding to profit or loss posts- by applying exchange rate of the year of account. Corrections due to re-estimation are shown in a separate post of own capital.

Address: Kuldīgas iela 86c, Saldus LV-3801, (Unaudited)

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

31.12.2016	31.12.2015
EUR	EUR
0.0156	0.0124
0.9488	0.9185
	<b>EUR</b> 0.0156

### Intangible investments

Intangible investments are counted in their initial value which is being amortized during their effective time of use and is done by applying a linear method. If there are any events or the change of circumstances that identify that the balance value of intangible investments could be unrecoverable, the corresponding value of intangible investments is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. Loss which occurs due to the decrease of value is acknowledged if the balance value of intangible investments exceeds the recoverable value.

The intangible investments include the licences of software used in the Holding, intangible value and other intangible investments which are related to the activity of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding.

The licences of software which are used in the Holding are accounted in their purchase value by deducting their amortisation.

amortisation is calculated for the whole period of their effective time by applying a linear method.

Expenditures related to the maintenance of the software are includes as expenditures in the profit/loss statement.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted in their initial value except for their depreciation and the decrease of their value. For land the depreciation is not calculated

Depreciation is calculated for the time of their effective use, by applying a linear method:

Buildings, constructions	10-20 years
Equipment and machinery	2-15 years
Forest equipment	3-5 years
Timber processing lines	3-15 years
Other capital assets	2-10 years
Computing and data gathering devices, software	2-5 years

Wear and tear of capital assets is calculated starting from the following month when they are put into operation or involved in economic activity. For each part of capital assets if their costs are significant to the initial cost of the corresponding capital asset wear and tear is calculated separately. The routine repairs of capital assets are included in the profit or loss calculations in the period when they occur. The accounting value of capital assets is not longer estimated if they are alienated or if in the future there is not expected any outcome from their use. Profit, which arises due to the said circumstances (which is calculated as difference between net income and the balance of capital assets), must be included in the profit or loss calculation and in the period when it happened.

If there are events or circumstances which indicate that the balance value of capital assets could not be recovered, the value of corresponding capital assets is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. If there are signs that the value can not be recovered and if the balance value of assets exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is written off to its recoverable amount. Unfinished construction shows the costs of capital assets and unfinished constructions and it is accounted in its initial value. The initial costs include construction costs and other direct expenditures. Wear and tear for unfinished constructions is not calculated until the appropriate assets are finished and put into operation.

In accordance with the accounting policies - land of forests are valued using the revaluation method. A plot shall be performed on a regular basis depending on changes in value. If the asset (the land of forests), the revalued value is not significantly different from its balance sheets value, they are revalued every five years by ordering evaluation to the certified forests assessor. In case of radical changes in the real estate market valuation may be ordered more frequently. Last evaluation is made on 29.04.2014

Records are prepared in accordance with SGS Nr.16 requirement.

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#### Noncurrent assets held for sales

An entity should classify a noncurrent asset as held for sale if its carrying amont will be recovered principally trough a sale transaction rather than trough cuntnuing use. For this to be case, the asset must be available for immediate sale in its present condition – subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets.

An entity should recignize a gain for any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell of an assetm but not in execess of the cumulative impairment loss that has been previously recignizes.

#### Biological assets

In 2008 the company management decided to change accountancy politics for forest stands, complying with IAS 41 Agriculture. According to the new accountancy politic the forest stands are evaluated as biologic assets. The evaluation is based on the actual data from the State Forest Service (SFS). The forest stands are initially accounted at their purchase value, but after the first development the remaining part of the forest stand is accounted at its fair value. The fair value is determined by calculating the net present value of the cash flows from the biologic assets at 2016 applying discount rate of 8%. The felling area's cubic meter average purchasing price is set to be the average felling area's cubic meter price during 2016. The difference between the accounting value and the value established in reevaluation is recognized as income or outcome during the accounting period, depending whether the value has increased or decreased during the reevaluation. It appears in the profit and loss account as net turnaround or production costs of sales. Biologic assets which development are not possible in one year time are shown in the balance sheet as long-term investments (held with intention for sale) or as non-current assets

#### Decrease of the value of assets

At the end of each year the Holding audits if there are no signs of the decrease of the value of assets. If there are such signs or if the Holding has to carry out the annual audit of the decrease of the value of assets, the Holding establishes the recoverable amount for each asset. The recoverable amount is the biggest amount of selling value from which is subtracted expenditures related to the selling value and use-values. In order to determine the decrease of value, assets are grouped in the lowest possible level for which it is possible to separately determine cash flows (cash flow generating assets). If the balance value of assets is bigger than its recoverable amount, the decrease of the value of asset is acknowledged and the assets are written of to its recoverable amount. Losses from the decrease of value are shown in profit or loss calculation as expenditures from other economic activity.

#### Loan costs

Loan costs are shown in profit or loss calculation at the time when they occur in accordance with the Bookkeeping Standards Principle IAS 23.

### Lease

Financial lease transactions when the Holding is handed over all risks and compensation, arising from proprietorship towards the leasehold, in the balance sheet are acknowledged as capital assets the amount which at the beginning of lease corresponds with the purchase value of the leasehold. Financial lease payments are divided between financial expenditures and decrease of liabilities so that in each period they guarantee constant interest rate with regard to remainder of liabilities. Financial expenditures are included in profit or loss calculation as interest expenditures.

Lease of capital assets when practically all risks arising from proprietorship and compensation receives lessor is classified as operative lease. Lease payments then are accounted as expenditures during the whole period of lease and are attributed to the profit or loss calculation in the whole period of lease by using a linear method.

#### **Inventories**

#### Unfinished products

Reserves are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, the cost of direct materials purchase costs and labor costs plus the indirect production costs, which consist of labor, energy, depreciation and other production-related expense calculated based on normal production volumes. Net selling value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Raw materials are accounted in their purchase costs.

#### Finished goods and goods for sale

Reserves are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, the cost of direct materials purchase costs and labor costs plus the indirect production costs, which consist of labor, energy, depreciation and other production-related expense calculated based on normal production volumes. Net selling value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

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The company regularly estimates if the value of reserves has not decreased due to aging or damage. Corresponding loss is included in the profit or loss calculation as production costs of sold products. When damaged products are physically destroyed, the value of reserves and the value of appropriate reserves are written off.

## FinventorDebts of buyers and customers

Debts of buyers and customers in the balance sheet are shown according to their initial amount except for reserves for insecure debts. Reserves for insecure debts are calculated when it is unlikely that the whole amount of debt could be recovered. Debts are written off when the recovery of it is believed impossible.

### Money and its equivalents

Money and its equivalents is money in the bank and cash register as well as other short-term investments with high liquidity and the initial term up to three months or less.

#### Share capital

The company is a joint stock company. The share capital is EUR 579 916. All shares have nominal value of EUR 1,40 (one euro 40 euro cents). 387 136 shares are public bearer shares and are dematerialized, but 27 090 shares are staff, registered shares.

## Profit per share

Profit per share is calculated in the following way: profit of the year of account after taxes is divided with weighted-average number of shares in circulation in the period of account.

#### Credits and loans

Credits and loans initially are shown in their initial value, which is calculated by subtracting or adding to the real value of credit or loan expenditures related to the receiving or granting the loan.

Further loans will be shown in their depreciation value.

Profit or loss arisen due to depreciation is shown in the calculation of profit or loss as interest incomes and expenditures.

#### Accruals

Accruals are acknowledged if the Holding has an obligation (legal or arising from practise) caused by a past event or if there is a probability that in order to meet the liabilities the Holding will have to use its funds and when it is possible to plausibly enough estimate the amounts of these liabilities. If the Holding anticipates that expenditures needed to make accruals will be fully or partly paid back, refund of these expenditures is acknowledged as a separate asset only when it is practically clear that these expenditures will be refunded. Expenditures related to accruals in the profit or loss calculation are shown, except for the sums which will be needed to reimburse expenditures.

### Accruals and deferred liabilities

Accruals and deferred liabilities are accounted so that incomes and expenditures could be acknowledged at the time of rising.

#### Income recognition

Incomes are recognised in proportion to assurance that the Holding shall gain profit and in the amount that it will be possible to determine it. With income recognition the following conditions are taken into consideration:

Incomes from service rendering mainly include transport services related to timber processing.

Incomes from services are recognized and they correspond with the volume of service. Incomes from services are recognized in the period when they were rendered.

If it is not possible to reasonably estimate the outcome of deal, income is recognized only in the amount in which recognized expenditures could be recovered.

Sale of goods

Incomes are recognized when the Holding has handed over to a buyer all risks and compensations related to the proprietorship and goods, i.e. when the Holding has delivered goods to a buyer, and the buyer has accepted the goods in compliance with the concluded agreement and when there is good enough guarantee about the receiving of debtors' debts.

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#### Interest

Incomes are recognized in the period when they arise and are included in the profit and loss calculation.

#### Dividends

Incomes are recognized when shareholders have rights to receive them.

#### Income from lease

Income from lease (investments in properties) is accounted for the lease agreements in force and for the whole period of lease.

#### **Taxes**

#### Company income tax

The income tax of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding is calculated by applying the 15% company income tax rate to the income earned in the corresponding period of taxation established by the legislative acts of the republic of Latvia.

#### Deferred company income tax

Deferred company income tax, which has arisen from short-term differences by including particular posts in tax declaration and in this financial statement, is calculated by applying the Liability Tax Allocation Method. The assets and liabilities of the deferred company income tax are established on the basis of tax rates which are to be applied when disappear short-term differences. Main short-term differences arise from different wear and tear rates applied by accounting and taxation needs as well as from particular accruals and tax losses which have been transferred on to the following five years. The assets of deferred company income tax in the financial statement are shown only in the case if their recoverability could be plausibly foreseen.

#### Possible liabilities and assets

In this financial statement the possible liabilities are not acknowledged. As liabilities they are acknowledged only when the possibility that funds will be spent becomes pretty plausible. Possible assets in this financial statement are not acknowledged, but they are shown only when plausibility that economic gains related to a transaction will reach the Holding is pretty grounded.

#### **Allowances**

Parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding pay social insurance payments, health, pension and unemployment payments according to the state established rates which are in force in the year of account and on the basis of gross salary. Parent company makes payments into private pension plans as well as makes health insurance payments. Parent company does not have to follow additional legal or other liabilities or to make additional payments if the state funded pension schemes or private pension plans can not meet their liabilities towards employees. Social insurance and pension plan payments as well as health insurance payments are included in the expenditures in the same period when the according payment was made. Pension plan payments and cash flow are similar, and the employer does not account assets or liabilities by accruals method.

## Associated persons

Associated persons are Holding's parent company's subsidiary companies and shareholders who can significantly influence the activity of the Holding's parent company, the members of council and board, their close relatives and companies in which the said persons have significant impact or control.

## Events after the end of the year of account

After the year of account, in the financial statement are shown the events which give additional information about the Holding's financial situation on the date of drawing up the balance sheet (correcting events). If the events after the end of the year of account are not correcting, they are shown in the notes of the annex to the financial statement only if they are significant.

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## 3. Segments of the Holding activities

The Holding shows information through particular segments.

	Logging Timber processing		Other		Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Net turnover	3 911 839	3 162 597	37 313 890	31 102 376	1 950 957	2 525 900	43 176 686	36 790 873
Production costs of the sold production	-3 551 252	-2 865 643	-35 733 491	-31 327 067	-2 227 776	-3 127 717	-41 512 519	-37 320 427
Selling costs	0	-8 995	-20 374	-19 310	-12 282	-18 927	-32 656	-47 232
General administration costs	-9 713	-22 468	-55 467	-49 892	-520 171	-368 052	-585 351	-440 412
Other income/expenditures from company's economic activity	28 390	10 197	-88 231	-204 199	63 882	4 501	4 041	-189 500
Profit or loss from economic activity	379 264	275 688	1 416 327	-498 092	-745 390	-984 295	1 050 202	-1 206 698
Other interset income/payments and the like income	-22 234	-12 118	-134 484	-235 223	-290 284	-283 091	-447 002	-530 432
Company's deferred income tax	0	0	0	0	376 756	0	376 756	0
Other taxes Income from segments	0	0	0	0	-50	0	-50	0
activities	-217 149	-150 496	-958 454	-127 102	1 175 603	277 598	0	0
Profit or (loss)	139 881	113 074	323 389	-860 417	516 635	-989 788	979 906	-1 737 130
Segment assets	2 911 441	4 654 167	27 771 384	25 932 243	1 452 027	1 253 725	32 134 852	30 670 170
Segment liabilities	2 749 025	5 101 573	27 661 305	25 399 718	1 724 522	1 338 843	32 134 852	30 670 170

The above table shows the Holding's profit or loss posts and the distribution of assets and liabilities through segments:

The management of the Holding believe that it is not useful to prepare cash flow statements through different segments.

Segment descriptions:

Logging

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of round timber, obtained in logging, and timber transportation in the territory of Latvia and from the income from logging services.

Timber processing

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of sawn timber which was obtained in the production process and from rendering of different services which are related to timber processing.

Other

Collected lease payments for the use of the company's real estate and other income which is not related to the company's economic activity.

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## 4. Net turnover through geographical segments

Since the economic activity of the Holding is mainly performed in Latvia and all significant assets are situated in Latvia, the management believe that it is not useful to prepare a statement through geographical segments as the amount of income from different geographical segments does not exceed 10 % of total income.

	2016	2015
	EUR	EUR
Income from sales, int. Al.	39 683 231	33 154 472
Latvia	39 672 887	33 145 035
Other countries	10 344	9 437
Income from rendering of services, int. Al.	3 270 872	3 447 189
Latvia	3 270 872	3 441 940
Other countries	0	5 249
Financing of the EU structural funds	222 583	189 212
	43 176 686	36 790 873