To NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S

18 June 2014

Nykredit Realkredit A/S publishes new prospectus

Nykredit Realkredit A/S publishes a new prospectus – Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2014 for the issuance of covered bonds, bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and senior unsecured debt.

Nykredit Realkredit A/S's Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2014 is available for download in Danish and English. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail. The Base Prospectus can be found on Nykredit's website at nykredit.com/ir.

Questions may be addressed to Group Treasury, Nicolaj Legind Jensen, Divisional Vice President, tel +45 44 55 11 10, or Jimmy Bak, Attorney, tel + 45 44 55 56 31.

Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2014



Nykredit Realkredit A/S

(Incorporated with limited liability in Denmark under business reg (CVR) no 12 71 92 80)

Base prospectus for the issuance of covered bonds, bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and senior unsecured debt

Under this base prospectus ("Base Prospectus") and subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Nykredit Realkredit A/S ("Nykredit" or the "Issuer") will from time to time issue covered bonds in the form of SDOs ("*særligt dækkede obligationer*") and ROs ("*realkreditobligationer*"). In addition, Nykredit will issue bonds in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act ("Section 15 Bonds"). Further, senior unsecured debt may be issued, which means claims against the Issuer which are unsecured and unsubordinated. Nykredit's Board of Directors has laid down an issuance limit of DKK 75,000,000,000 or the equivalent in other currencies to Section 15 Bonds under this Base Prospectus. The aggregate outstanding amount under this Base Prospectus is not subject to any limit.

Securities issued under this Base Prospectus may carry interest at either a fixed or a variable rate, and loans may be bullet loans or amortising loans or a mix of the two types. Covered bonds are issued for the funding of mortgage loans. Borrowers may prepay their loans under certain conditions, in which case Nykredit may demand redemption of the underlying bonds. Section 15 Bonds are issued to post supplementary collateral or to increase overcollateralisation in Nykredit's capital centres. Senior unsecured debt is issued for general operational purposes.

An application may be made for securities issued under this Base Prospectus to be admitted to trading on a regulated market in Denmark and/or Sweden. References in this Base Prospectus to securities being "listed" (and all similar references) mean that such securities have been admitted to the official list of and to trading on a regulated market pursuant to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments ("**MiFID**"). The securities will be issued in dematerialised form and settled through VP SECURITIES A/S or VP LUX S.à.r.l.

This Base Prospectus has been prepared by Nykredit with a view to having the securities admitted to trading on a regulated market in Denmark or Sweden and to enabling a public offering in Denmark and/or Sweden. This Base Prospectus has been prepared as a prospectus in compliance with the Prospectus Directive (as defined below) and the relevant implementation legislation in Denmark for the purpose of providing information on the issued securities. This Base Prospectus is a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive.

The securities are not and will not be registered pursuant to the US Securities Act of 1933 ("**US Securities Act**") and may be subject to US tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, securities may not be offered, sold or delivered within the US or to US persons (as defined in Regulation S of the US Securities Act). The securities may be offered and sold outside the US to non-US persons in accordance with Regulation S of the US Securities Act. For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of securities and on the distribution of this Base Prospectus and other offering material concerning the securities, see 14 "SUBSCRIPTION, SALE, REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT".

Nykredit has been assigned an issuer rating ("long-term unsecured") of A+ by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited ("S&P") and an issuer rating of A by Fitch Ratings Ltd ("Fitch"). S&P has assigned ratings of AAA to Nykredit's Capital Centres D, E, G, H and I. Covered bonds have the same ratings as the capital centre through which they have been issued, while the ratings of Section 15 Bonds and senior unsecured debt are expected to follow Nykredit's issuer rating. S&P and Fitch are operating in the European Union, and they were registered in compliance with Resolution (EC) No 1060/2009 on the date of this Base Prospectus. At its website, the ESMA has published a list of registered and certified credit rating agencies (http://www.esma.europa.eu/page/List-registered-and-certified-CRAs), which was last updated on 3 June 2013). A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be suspended, downgraded or withdrawn by the assigning credit rating agency at any time. Further information on Nykredit's ratings is available in 10.6 "Ratings".

Investment in securities implies risk. Prospective investors in securities should ensure that they understand the terms governing the securities and the scope of their exposure to risk and that they assess the suitability of the securities as an investment in the light of their own circumstances and financial position. For information on these risks, reference is made to 4 "RISK FACTORS" in this Base Prospectus.

Arranger Nykredit Realkredit A/S

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1 INTRODUCTION

This Base Prospectus constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive and has been prepared for the purpose of providing all information with regard to the Issuer, the Issuer and its subsidiaries and associates taken as a whole (the "**Nykredit Group**") and the securities under this Base Prospectus which, according to the particular nature of the Issuer and of the securities, is necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets, liabilities and equity, financial position, results and outlook of the Issuer and the rights pertaining to the securities offered.

The securities issued under this Base Prospectus are governed by the rules of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Securities issued under this Base Prospectus are "**Covered Securities**", which means covered bonds pursuant to section 33 b of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act in the form of "**SDOs**" ("*særligt dækkede obligationer*") and "**ROs**" ("*realkreditobligationer*"), cf section 18 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Further, bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act ("**Section 15 Bonds**") may be issued under this Base Prospectus. Finally, senior unsecured debt ("**Senior Unsecured Debt**") may be issued under this Base Prospectus, which means unsecured and unsubordinated claims against the Issuer.

Any reference in this Base Prospectus to "**Bonds**" applies to all types of securities issued under this Base Prospectus, ie SDOs, ROs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt. Investors holding Bonds are referred to as "**Bondholders**". Where in this Base Prospectus the terms "covered bonds", "mortgage bonds", "bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act" and "senior unsecured debt" are written without capital letters, they describe the type of security in general, ie the text applies to securities issued under this Base Prospectus as well as the type of security in general.

Any reference to "**Final Bond Terms**" in this Base Prospectus means the final bond terms which when read in conjunction with this Base Prospectus and information incorporated by reference apply to an ISIN of securities issued under this Base Prospectus.

This Base Prospectus will be valid for 12 months from the date of approval, unless a statement to the contrary is issued to the public.

This Base Prospectus has been prepared by Nykredit with a view to having the securities admitted to trading on a regulated market in Denmark and/or Sweden, and to enabling a public offering in Denmark and/or Sweden. This Base Prospectus has been prepared as a prospectus in compliance with the Prospectus Directive (as defined below) and the relevant implementation legislation in Denmark for the purpose of providing information on the issued securities. This Base Prospectus is a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive. Any offering of securities in a member state other than Denmark and Sweden in the European Economic Area ("EEA") which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each a "Relevant Member State") will be made pursuant to an exception under the Prospectus Directive as implemented in the Relevant Member State from the requirement to publish a prospectus for the offering of securities. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make an offer of the Bonds in the Relevant Member State may do so only in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer. The Issuer has not approved or otherwise authorised any offer of Bonds under circumstances in which an obligation arises for the Issuer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer. The term "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the "2010 PD Amending Directive", to the extent implemented in any Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measures in such Relevant Member State and the term "2010 PD Amending Directive" means Directive 2010/73/EU.

If a financial intermediary uses this Base Prospectus to offer Bonds, the financial intermediary is obliged to inform investors of the terms and conditions for the offering at the time of the offering. Financial intermediaries using this Base Prospectus are also obliged to state on their website that they use this Base Prospectus in accordance with the consent and the related conditions.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue or sale of Bonds and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus or any sale made in this connection shall not, under any circumstances, create any indication that there has not been any changes in the affairs of the Issuer since the date of this Base Prospectus or the date upon which this Base Prospectus was last amended or supplemented or that there has been no adverse change in the financial position of the Issuer since the date of this Base Prospectus or the date upon which this Base Prospectus was last amended or supplemented or that any other information supplied in connection with this Base Prospectus is correct at any time subsequent to the date on which it is given.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offering or sale of the Bonds in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. The Issuer presumes that persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus comes inform themselves about and observe any such restrictions. The Bonds under this Base Prospectus have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the US, and the Bonds may be subject to US tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, the Bonds may not be offered, sold or delivered within the US or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons (as defined in Regulation S of the US Securities Act). For a description of certain restrictions on the offering and sale of the securities concerned and the distribution of this Base Prospectus, see 14 "SUBSCRIPTION, SALE, REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT".

The Bonds will be offered and sold outside the US to "non-US persons" pursuant to Regulation S of the US Securities Act. However, the Bonds may be sold within the US to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIBs") pursuant to Rule 144a. Prospective investors are hereby notified that sellers of the Bonds are relying on the exemptions from the provisions of Section 5 of the US Securities Act provided by Rule 144A. For a description of these and certain restrictions on offers, sales and transfers of the securities concerned and on the distribution of this Base Prospectus, see 14 "SUBSCRIPTION, SALE, REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT".

Enforceability of judgements

The Issuer is a public limited company organised under the laws of Denmark. None of the members of the Board of Directors or Executive Board of the Issuer are residents of the US, and all or a substantial portion of the assets of the Issuer and such persons are located outside the US. As a result, it may be difficult for investors to effect service of process within the US upon the Issuer or its management or to enforce against the Issuer or its management in the US court judgements obtained in US courts, including judgements predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the US or any state or territory within the US.

2 **RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

2.1 Nykredit's responsibility

Nykredit Realkredit A/S, CVR no 12719280, Kalvebod Brygge 1-3, DK-1780 Copenhagen V, accepts responsibility for this Base Prospectus in pursuance of Danish law.

2.2 Persons responsible

The persons listed below are responsible for this Base Prospectus on behalf of Nykredit:

Board of Directors:

Steen E. Christensen	Hans Bang-Hansen
(Chairman, Attorney)	(Deputy Chairman, Farmer)
Steffen Kragh	Erling Bech Poulsen
(Deputy Chairman, Chief Executive Officer)	(Farmer)
Anders C. Obel	Nina Smith
(Chief Executive Officer)	(Professor)
Jens Erik Udsen	Merete Eldrup
(Managing Director)	(Chief Executive Officer)
Michael Demsitz	Kristian Bengaard
(Chief Executive Officer)	(Staff-elected, Senior Consultant)
Allan Kristiansen	Leif Vinther
(Staff-elected, Chief Relationship Manager)	(Staff-elected, Chairman of Staff Association)
Marlene Holm	Lars Peter Skaarup
(Staff-elected, Political Secretary)	(Staff-elected, Adviser)

In accordance with the powers conferred on them, they have authorised two Group Managing Directors to jointly sign this Base Prospectus and future supplements.

Executive Board:

Michael Rasmussen (Group Chief Executive)

Kim Duus (Group Managing Director) Bente Overgaard (Group Managing Director)

Søren Holm (Group Managing Director)

2.3 Statement

The persons responsible, all the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board as listed in 2 "RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT" represent that they have used their best endeavours to ensure that the information contained in this Base Prospectus is consistent with the facts to the best of their knowledge and belief and that nothing has been omitted which is likely to affect its contents, and that all relevant information contained in the minutes of the Board of Directors, auditors' records and other internal documents has been included in this Base Prospectus.

This Base Prospectus (including the statements contained herein) is hereby signed on behalf of Nykredit's Management by special authority of Nykredit's Board of Directors:

Copenhagen, 17 June 2014

Michael Rasmussen (Group Chief Executive) Søren Holm (Group Managing Director) This document is an English translation of the original Danish text. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

3 SUMMARY

This summary is based on information requirements, each requirement referred to as an element. These elements are numbered in paragraphs A - E (A.1 – E.7).

This summary includes all the elements required of a summary of this type of issuer and security. As not all elements need to be disclosed, the numbering of the elements is interrupted.

Although an element must be included in the summary due to the type of issuer or security, it may not be possible to find relevant information on a given element. In that case, there will be a brief description of the element together with the text "Not relevant".

Paragr	Paragraph A – Introduction and warnings				
A.1	Introduction and warnings	 Nykredit draws the attention of prospective investors to the fact the This summary should be read as an introduction to this B Prospectus; Any decision to invest in the Bonds should be founded on Base Prospectus in its entirety; If an action involving the information contained in this B Prospectus is brought before a court of law pursuant to natil law in the member states, the plaintiff investor may be oblit to bear the costs of translating this Base Prospectus before proceedings commence; and Only the persons who have submitted the summary or translations thereof may incur civil liability, but only provident the summary is misleading, incorrect or discrepant with the other parts of this Base Prospectus, which information will facilitate investors' decision on investment the Bonds. 			
A.2	Consent to use this Base Prospectus in connection with a subsequent resale	 The Issuer expressly consents to the use of this Base Prospectus for the resale or final placement of the Bonds through financial intermediaries; The consent will be in force as long as this Base Prospectus is valid – ie up to 12 months from the date of approval subject to the prior revocation, cancellation or replacement of this Base Prospectus in which case the Issuer will release a stock exchange announcement to this effect. Any conditions relating to the consent made to financial intermediaries will be set out in the Final Bond Terms for the specific issue and the attached summary for the specific issue. If a financial intermediary uses this Base Prospectus to offer Bonds, the financial intermediary is obliged to inform investors of the terms and conditions for the offering at the time of the offering; and 			

		 Financial intermediaries using this Base Prospectus ar obliged to state at their website that they use this Bas Prospectus in accordance with the related consent and it conditions. 			his Base	
Paragr	raph B — Issuer					
B.1	Legal name and secondary names of the Issuer	Nykredit Realkredit A/S. following secondary Erhvervsfinansiering A/ Industrikredit A/S, Nył Realkreditaktieselskabet I	names: S, IRF I <redit a="" s,<="" td=""><td>Industrikre ndustrifinans</td><td>edit A/ siering A</td><td>S, IRF VS, IRF</td></redit>	Industrikre ndustrifinans	edit A/ siering A	S, IRF VS, IRF
B.2	The Issuer's registered office and legal form, legislation applying to the Issuer and country of incorporation	Nykredit Realkredit A/S is The Issuer carries on mo the Danish Financial Busir Nykredit's registered ad Copenhagen V, Denmark.	rtgage banki ness Act. Idress is Ka	ing activities	in accord	
B.4b	Known trends affecting the Issuer and the sectors within which the Issuer is operating	-	Not relevant; Nykredit is not aware of any trends which are expected to affect the Issuer and the sectors within which the Issuer is operating.			
B.5	Description of the group and the Issuer's group affiliation	Nykredit is a wholly owned subsidiary of Nykredit Holding A/S. The following companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Nykredit: Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S, Nykredit Mægler A/S, Nykredit Ejendomme A/S, Ejendomsselskabet Kalvebod A/S, Nykredit Portefølje Adm. A/S and Nykredit Leasing A/S.				
B.9	If any earnings expectations or forecasts are stated, the figure should be stated	Not relevant; Nykredit does not include any earnings expectations or forecasts.			tations or	
B.10	Qualifications in the auditors' report concerning historical financial information	Not relevant; the auditors' report concerning historical financial information does not contain any qualifications.				
B.12	Important financial	DKK million	Q1/2014	Q1/2013	2013	2012
5.12	information, no material deterioration or material changes in the financial statements	Core income from business operations Operating costs, depreciation and	2,741	2,565	10,430	10,200

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		amortisation,				
		excluding special value				/
		adjustments	1,272	1,420	5,758	5,776
		Core earnings before				
		impairment losses	1,158	1,057	3,251	3,315
		Impairment losses on				
		loans and advances	515	687	2,764	2,149
		Core earnings after				
		impairment losses	643	370	487	1,166
		Investment portfolio				
		income	349	668	1,887	2,444
		Profit before tax	878	923	1,914	3,145
		Core Tier 1 capital				
		ratio, %	16.0	15.9	15.8	15.8
		Total capital ratio, %	18.3	19.1	18.9	19.1
		(formerly capital	10.5	17.1	10.7	17.1
		adequacy ratio)				
B.13	Recent events which materially affect the assessment of the Issuer's capital adequacy	 The Group's assets totalled DKK 1,417bn at 31 December 2013. The Group's equity amounted to DKK 59bn at 31 December 2013, and profit before tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 was DKK 1,914m. The outlook for Nykredit has not deteriorated significantly since the end of the last financial period. No significant changes in terms of financial or commercial position have been recorded since the period covered by historical financial information. Nykredit issued subordinated debt in the form of Tier 2 capital totalling about DKK 4.5bn at the beginning of June 2014, which had a positive effect on Nykredit's total capital ratio. 				
B.14	The Issuer's dependence on other entities in the Group	Nykredit's financial circumstances depend on the financial circumstances of other group companies.				
B.15	Description of the Issuer's main activities	Nykredit's main activities are mortgage banking in Denmark and a number of other European countries. By far the largest part of Nykredit's activities are carried on in Denmark. Nykredit and the other companies of the Nykredit Group have two main business areas: Retail and Wholesale. Further, Nykredit carries on banking activities through the subsidiary Nykredit Bank A/S.				
B.16	Statement as to whether the Issuer is directly or indirectly	Nykredit is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nykredit Holding A/S.				

B.17 Credit assessment of the Issuer The Issuer and its issues of securities have been rated international credit rating agencies as follows: Ratings S&P Fitch Capital Centre E (SDOS) AAA Capital Centre E (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (ROs) AAA Capital Centre D (ROs) AAA Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre H (SDOS) AAA Capital Centre I (ROS) AAA Nykredit Raikredit In General (ROS) AAA Additional Tier 1 capital BBB Nykredit has not applied for a rating of Section 15 Bonds issut through Capital Centres G and I, for which reason they are not lis above. S&P has assigned a long-term unsecured issuer rating to Nykre and a negative outlook, which means that the rating may be lowe within the next two years. This will probably have a correspond impact on the rated Section 15 Bonds. Paragraph C - Sec		controlled by others, including who and how				
Capital Centre E (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre E (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (ROs) AAA Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre G (ROs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SOs) AAA Nykredit Realkredit In General (ROs) AAA Short-term unsecured rating A-1 Long-term unsecured rating (issuer rating) A+ Additional Tier 1 capital BBB Nykredit has not applied for a rating of Section 15 Bonds issu through Capital Centres G and 1, for which reason they are not lis above. S&P has assigned a long-term unsecured issuer rating to Nykre and a <i>negative outlook</i> , which means that the rating may be lowe within the next two years. This will probably have a correspond impact on the rated Section 15 Bonds. Paragraph C - Securities The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Cre	B.17				been rated b	
Capital Centre E (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre E (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (ROs) AAA Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds) A+ Capital Centre G (ROs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SDOs) AAA Capital Centre H (SOs) AAA Nykredit Realkredit In General (ROs) AAA Short-term unsecured rating A-1 Iong-term unsecured rating (issuer rating) A+ Additional Tier 1 capital BBB Nykredit has not applied for a rating of Section 15 Bonds issu through Capital Centres G and 1, for which reason they are not lis above. S&P has assigned a long-term unsecured issuer rating to Nykre and a <i>negative outlook</i> , which means that the rating may be lowe within the next two years. This will probably have a correspond impact on the rated Section 15 Bonds. Paragraph C - Securities The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Credit Loa and Mortgage-Cre			Ratings	S&P	Fitch	
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	C.2	Currency of the Bonds	The currency will be set out in the Final Bon	d Terms.		

C.5	Description of any restriction of the negotiability of the securities	Not relevant; the Bonds are negotiable instruments issued in bulk.			
C.8	Description of the rights pertaining to the Bonds	The interest terms applying to the Bonds will be set out in the Final Bond Terms.			
		The holders of Covered Securities have a primary preferential right to all assets in the capital centre through which the relevant Covered Securities were issued. If the assets of Nykredit's capital centres are insufficient to cover the claims of the holders of the Covered Securities, the holders of the residual claims have a preferential right to the assets of Nykredit Realkredit In General.			
		The holders of Section 15 Bonds have a secondary preferential right to all assets in the capital centre through which they were issued. Any residual claims may be raised against the assets available for distribution of Nykredit Realkredit In General as unsecured claims.			
		Claims from holders of Senior Unsecured Debt against the Issuer be raised against the assets available for distribution of Nyk Realkredit In General as unsecured claims (ie unsec unsubordinated debt).			
		Nykredit may purchase the Bonds (or part thereof) prior to their maturity and keep such Bonds as self-issued Bonds or amortise them by cancellation.			
		The bond terms are governed by Danish law.			
C.9	Interest and yield-to- maturity; deferral of interest; redemption on maturity; name of the bond agent	Redemption, amortisation, interest, including yield-to-maturity and deferral of interest payments, and maturity extension in connection with statutory refinancing are set out in the Final Bond Terms. Representation of the Bondholders is not possible.			
C.10	Derivative component in the interest payment	Not relevant; the Bonds have no derivative component in the interest payment.			
C.11	Admission to trading	If Nykredit applies for admission of the Bonds to trading on a regulated market such as NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S, this information will be set out in the Final Bond Terms together with the expected date of admission to trading and the specific regulated market.			
Paragr	aph D – Risk				

D.2	Main risks pertaining to the Issuer	Nykredit's activities involve elements of risk. If the management of such risk fails, Nykredit may incur financial losses, and Nykredit's reputation may be damaged. Nykredit has defined and manages the following types of risk: Credit risk Market risk Liquidity risk Risk relating to the implementation of Basel III rules Risk relating to regulatory capital Operational risk Business risk Competition within mortgage lending. Nykredit is subject to the balance principle, and hence Nykredit may only to a limited extent assume risk other than credit risk.
D.3	Main risks pertaining to the securities	Investment in the Bonds is subject to a number of risk factors of which interested investors should be aware. This includes the framework for the issued SDOs and/or ROs, the rights as secured creditors conferred on the holders of Section 15 Bonds, deferral of payments on bankruptcy or non-compliance with the balance principle, matters relating to the funding of the lending of other credit institutions, choice of balance principle, statutory refinancing and risk management (interest rate, foreign exchange, option and liquidity risk).
Paragra	ph E – Offering	
E.2b	The purpose of the offering and use of the proceeds other than the purpose of generating a profit and/or hedging risk	The proceeds from the issuance and sale of Covered Securities serve to fund loans secured by mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities or loans guaranteed by public authorities. The use of the proceeds from issuing Section 15 Bonds is defined by section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, and the proceeds may solely be used to meet an obligation to provide supplementary collateral, cf section 33 d (i) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, or to increase the overcollateralisation in a capital centre. The Issuer will apply the proceeds from Senior Unsecured Debt for general operating purposes.
E.3	Terms and conditions of the offering	 No investors have any pre-emption rights to purchase Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus. The Bonds may be sold as: Private placements; Market sales; Auction sales on NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S or an other regulated market; and

		 Syndicated sales via arrangers.
		Only members of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S may participate in auctions held via the systems of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S in connection with loan refinancing. Other investors may participate by making bids through a member of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S. In connection with auctions on other regulated markets, the terms of these markets apply.
		The terms and conditions of the Bonds will appear from the Final Bond Terms.
E.4	Interests which are material to issuance, including conflicts of interest	With respect to the Bonds, the stakeholders are the borrowers whose loans have been funded by the Bonds, the Bondholders, Nykredit and public authorities.
		Nykredit is not aware of any interests and/or conflicts of interest which are of importance to the offering of the Bonds. Any interests and/or conflicts of interest which are of importance to Nykredit in connection with a bond issue, including specification of the persons involved and the nature of the interest, will be set out the Final Bond Terms.
E.7	Estimated expenses of investors	Standard trading costs (trading commission and/or price spread).
		Nykredit is not aware of any expenses which an investor may be charged by a financial intermediary nor are they of relevance to Nykredit.

4 **RISK FACTORS**

The Issuer believes that the following factors may affect the Issuer's ability to meet its obligations under the Bonds. All of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur, and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

Factors which the Issuer believes may be of importance to the assessment of the market risks associated with the Bonds are also described below.

The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Bonds, but the Issuer may be unable to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with the Bonds for other reasons, and the Issuer does not represent that the statements below regarding the risks of holding the Bonds are exhaustive. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus (including any documents incorporated by reference herein) and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

If one or more of the risks described below materialise, investors may lose some or all of their investment in the Bonds.

4.1 Risk factors pertaining to the Issuer

General information

The Issuer's business activities involve elements of risk. If the Issuer fails to manage such risk, it may incur financial losses and its reputation may be damaged. In the Issuer's view, efficient risk management is a crucial precondition for competent financial business management, and risk management is therefore seen as one of the Issuer's core competencies. The Issuer's Board of Directors determines the Issuer's overall risk profile and issues instructions and guidelines for measuring, monitoring and reporting risk. The Issuer has defined and manages the following types of risk:

Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the failure of any borrower, bond issuer or counterparty to honour its payment obligations to the Issuer. Credit risk is chiefly related to the Issuer's lending activities and to a lesser extent the Issuer's trading and investing activities. The Group Credits division of the Nykredit Realkredit Group monitors credit risk and reports to Management on a current basis.

Traditional credit risk stems from the loan portfolio, undrawn credit facilities, guarantees and investments. The Issuer has a counterparty risk in connection with financial derivatives in the form of outstanding positive market value, which depends on market factors. The counterparty risk of financial derivatives is reduced through set-off agreements and margin calls in accordance with standard documentation such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) and the International Capital Market Association (ICMA) with major counterparties.

Securities, derivatives and foreign exchange trading involve settlement and delivery risk. In order to reduce the risk related to foreign exchange transactions, the Issuer participates in the Continuous Linked Settlement cooperation as a third-party member, which ensures that no payment transfers are made until opposite payments have been registered.

The Issuer's credit policy guidelines are laid down in the Board of Directors' credit instructions. The purpose of the credit policy is to ensure that the Issuer's risk pertaining to counterparties or sectors is within the risk limits laid down. As a result of the credit policy, the Issuer is mainly exposed to Danish counterparties and other OECD-based counterparties with zero-risk classification. The Issuer has only limited exposure to non-OECD counterparties.

Adverse changes in the credit quality of the Issuer's borrowers or counterparties could affect the recoverability and value of the Issuer's assets and require an increase in loan loss and other provisions.

Market risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of a loss prompted by adverse fluctuations in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Issuer's overall risk limits are laid down in the Board of Directors' market risk instructions.

The Board of Directors has delegated market risk limits to the Executive Board, which has in turn delegated the limits to the various trading units of the Issuer.

Market risk is monitored on a daily basis in an integrated system. Risk limits are laid down both in general – in the form of Value-at-Risk (VaR) – and in respect of gross/net positions, volatility and gamma risk. The Issuer's exposure to equity price risk is limited.

Fluctuations in fixed income, foreign exchange or equity markets may affect the market value and liquidity of the Issuer's assets. In addition, the occurrence of such events may have an adverse impact on the revenue generated from the Issuer's primary activities.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk of markedly higher funding costs and/or inability to honour payments when due. Currently, the Issuer's lending is primarily funded by the issue of match-funded covered bonds. The loan rate equals the yield-to-maturity of the bonds sold. Fixed-rate loans have fixed funding throughout the loan term. The funding of adjustable-rate mortgage loans is not fixed; they are funded by bonds with maturities between 1 and 11 years. On refinancing, loan rates are adjusted to the yield-to-maturity of the bonds sold for the purpose of refinancing. The liquidity risk is therefore primarily limited to the risk that borrowers do not make timely interest or principal payments on the loans. The Board of Directors' liquidity instructions include liquidity risk limits for the Issuer.

Risk pertaining to implementation of new regulation

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision adopted proposals imposing stricter capital and liquidity requirements on banks ("**Basel III**"). On 20 July 2011, the European Commission presented a proposal to revise the CRD, including implementation of Basel III in the EU. The final legislative documents were published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 27 June 2013 and came into effect on 1 January 2014.

In Denmark an expert committee was established and mandated by the Minister for Business and Growth to give a recommendation on the criteria and requirements for being designated a Danish Systemically Important Financial Institution (SIFI). On 11 March 2013, the committee published a report which recommended that Danish SIFIs meet stricter regulatory capital requirements than other financial institutions. On 10 October 2013, an agreement between the Danish government and four opposition parties was published concerning regulation of SIFIs and requirements for all commercial and mortgage banks of more and higher-quality capital and more liquidity. Under the political agreement, Nykredit was one of the institutions designated as a Danish SIFI. The final regulation has now been enacted into the Danish Financial Business Act. SIFIs are designated annually not later than 30 June, the first time being on or before 30 June 2014, and stricter capital requirements will be phased in from 1 January 2015, with full effect on 1 January 2019.

Further, if Denmark should join the European Banking Union, it is most likely that Nykredit will be supervised by the European Central Bank ("**ECB**") rather than the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority ("**FSA**") from the start of the membership due to Nykredit's expected designation as a Danish SIFI.

On 6 May 2014, the EU agreed on a Recovery and Resolution Directive concerning failing credit institutions ("**RRD**"). The RRD will enter into force after publication in the Official Journal of the European Union, which is expected in June 2014. The directive aims to enable the national authorities to forestall crises and handle failing credit institutions in order to ensure the continuity of the essential financial services of the failing credit institutions and to minimise losses for the economy and the financial system caused by failing credit institutions.

The RRD contains four resolution tools and powers which may be used alone or in combination where an institution is considered as failing or likely to fail: (i) sale of business - which enables resolution authorities to direct the sale of the firm or the whole or part of its business on commercial terms; (ii) bridge institution - which enables resolution authorities to transfer all or part of the business of the firm to a "bridge institution" (an entity created for this purpose that is wholly or partially in public control); (iii) asset separation - which enables resolution authorities to transfer impaired or problem assets to a bridge institution or one or more asset management vehicles to allow them to be managed with a view to maximising their value through a sale or an orderly wind-down; and (iv) bail-in - which gives resolution authorities the power to write down certain claims of unsecured creditors of a failing institution and to convert certain unsecured debt claims to equity (the "general bail-in tool").

According to the definitions of the RRD, SDOs and ROs are "covered bonds", which are exempted from bail-in. It is uncertain whether Section 15 Bonds will be classified as claims exempted from the provisions of the bail-in tool, but it cannot be excluded that Section 15 Bonds will serve as a resolution tool. Senior unsecured debt will be subject to bail-in.

The RRD also provides for a Member State as a last resort, after having assessed and exploited the above resolution tools to the maximum extent possible whilst maintaining financial stability, to be able to provide extraordinary public financial support through additional financial stabilisation tools. These consist of the public equity support and temporary public ownership tools. Any such extraordinary financial support must be provided in accordance with the EU State aid framework.

An institution will be considered as failing or likely to fail when: it is, or is likely in the near future to be, in breach of its requirements for continuing authorisation; its assets are, or are likely in the near future to be, less than its liabilities; it is, or is likely in the near future to be, unable to pay its debts as they fall due; or it requires extraordinary public financial support.

In addition to the general bail-in tool, the RRD also provides for resolution authorities to have the power to write-down permanently or convert into equity capital instruments at the point of non-viability (and before any other resolution action is taken ("non-viability loss absorption")). Any shares issued to holders of equity capital instruments upon any such conversion into equity may also be subject to any application of the general bail-in tool.

The RRD provides that it should be applied by Member States from 1 January 2015, except for the general bail-in tool which is to be applied from 1 January 2016.

The powers set out in the RRD will impact how credit institutions and investment firms are managed as well as, in certain circumstances, the rights of creditors. Once the RRD is implemented, the holders of the Notes may be subject to write-down or conversion into equity on any application of non-viability loss absorption and/or any application of the general bail-in tool, which may result in holders losing some or all of their investment. The exercise of any power under the RRD or any suggestion of such exercise could, therefore materially adversely affect the rights of bondholders, the price or value of their investment in the Bonds and/or the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the Bonds.

Risk pertaining to regulatory capital

The Issuer is supervised by the Danish FSA, and there are minimum statutory capital levels comparable with those of other banks in Western Europe. Non-compliance with capital requirements may result in administrative actions or sanctions against the Issuer, which may affect the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under the Bonds.

Operational risk

Operational risk arises from human errors and system faults, insufficient or defective internal procedures or external events. Operational risk also includes risk pertaining to reputation and strategy as well as legal risk.

Operational risk is chiefly managed by way of comprehensive business procedures and controls. These include IT contingency plans. Internal Audit monitors the contents of and compliance with business procedures on a continuous basis.

If any of these procedures and controls fail, the Issuer may be exposed to additional costs and liabilities.

Business risk

Given that the Issuer's lending through its capital centres is secured by mortgages over real estate, the credit risk may partly pertain to the performance of the real estate and housing markets primarily in Denmark, but also in other countries where the Issuer is operating or will operate in future.

There can be no assurance regarding the future development of the value of the collateral. Should real estate and housing prices decline substantially, this could affect the Issuer's financial position and, in turn, its ability to service the Bonds.

There are many circumstances that affect the level of credit losses, prepayments, redemptions and final payments of interest and principal amounts, such as changes in the economic climate, both nationally and internationally, and changes in taxation, interest rates, inflation and/or the political environment. Borrowers may default on their loans as a result of interest rate increases or an adverse development in their personal circumstances, such as undemployment or divorce. In addition, the initial interest-only period of the loans of many borrowers will expire in the coming years, which may deteriorate borrowers' finances. Borrower defaults could jeopardise the Issuer's ability to make payments in full or on a timely basis in connection with the Bonds.

Competition in the mortgage sector

Competition in the Danish mortgage sector is keen. Both existing and new lenders advertise extensively. They use targeted marketing and loyalty schemes to expand their presence in, or to facilitate their entry into, the market and compete for customers. Increased competition may adversely affect the Issuer's position in the mortgage market, which could adversely affect the Issuer's financial position and, in turn, its ability to service the Bonds.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks

Nykredit has been assigned an issuer rating of A+ by S&P and an issuer rating of A by Fitch. S&P has assigned ratings of AAA to Nykredit's Capital Centres D, E, G, H and I. Covered bonds have the same ratings as the capital centres through which they have been issued, while the ratings of Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt are expected to reflect Nykredit's issuer rating. These ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to the structure, market, additional factors discussed in this paragraph and other factors that may affect the value of the Bonds or the financial standing of the Issuer. Further, S&P and Fitch are generally sceptical of the Issuer's high proportion of short-term bonds which fund longer-term loans.

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and any credit rating agency may at any time revise, suspend or withdraw a rating assigned by it if, in the judgement of the credit rating agency, the credit quality of the Bonds or the Issuer, as the case may be, has declined or is questioned.

In addition, there can be no assurance that any rating of the Bonds and/or the Issuer will be maintained after the date of this Base Prospectus, and accordingly Nykredit does not accept any form of liability or issue any guarantee in connection with the rating of the Issuer, the Bonds, the subsidiaries or otherwise. If any rating assigned to the Bonds and/or the Issuer is downgraded, suspended, withdrawn or not maintained by the Issuer, the market value of the Bonds may decline.

Finally, Nykredit's ratings may decline if the rating of the Kingdom of Denmark declines irrespective that there is no direct connection with Nykredit's activities.

Exemption from the Issuer's liability

Even in areas where stricter statutory liability applies, Nykredit is not liable for losses due to (i) interruption/lack of access to IT systems or damage to the data of these systems which can be attributed to the events below regardless of whether Nykredit or an external supplier is responsible for the operation of the systems; (ii) failures in Nykredit's power supply or telecommunications, statutory intervention or administrative acts, natural disasters, war, insurrection, civil unrest, sabotage, terrorism or vandalism (including computer viruses and hacking); (iii) strike, lockout, boycott or blockade regardless of whether the conflict is directed at or initiated by Nykredit or its organisation and regardless of the reason for the conflict. This shall also apply where the conflict only affects part of Nykredit or its organisation; and (iv) other circumstances beyond Nykredit's control. Nykredit's exemption from liability does not apply if (i) Nykredit should have anticipated the factor causing the loss when the agreement or contract was concluded; (ii) should have avoided or overcome the cause of the loss; or (iii) Nykredit is liable for the factor causing the loss pursuant to Danish law.

Risk pertaining to a sale by order of the court

Although the Bonds are subject to Danish law and by far most of the Issuer's assets are placed in Denmark where the method and time horizon for a sale by order of the court are known, other assets will be placed in other jurisdictions in which legal rules, such as mandatory consumer protection rules, may cause the sale of assets by order of the court to take longer time than expected and may involve costs reducing the funds arising from or in connection with a sale by order of the court. This may eventually limit Investors' dividend from the Issuer's estate in bankruptcy.

Other risks

The Issuer is subject to extensive legislation, and amendments thereof may have an adverse effect on the Issuers' potential for maintaining its current business volumes and therefore also on its financial position and the results of its operations. Further, if the Issuer is unable to recruit competent staff, it may have difficulties in continuing its operations.

The Issuer is operating on a consolidated market where competition is keen and new entrants may erode business volumes. This continued pressure may have an adverse impact on the Issuer's financial position and the results of its operations.

4.2 Risks pertaining to the market in general

The secondary market in general

There can be no assurance of a liquid market for the Bonds following issuance. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Bonds easily or at prices that will provide them with a return comparable with returns on similar investments in the secondary market.

Exchange rate risk and foreign exchange controls

The Issuer makes interest and principal payments on the Bonds in the currency ("**Denomination Currency**") set out in the Final Bond Terms. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversion if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit ("**Investor's Currency**") other than the Denomination Currency. These risks include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Denomination Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify foreign exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Denomination Currency would decrease (i) the Investor's currency-equivalent yield on the Bonds, (ii) the Investor's currency-equivalent principal payments on the Bonds, and (iii) the Investor's currency-equivalent market value of the Bonds.

Government and monetary authorities may impose foreign exchange controls (as some have done in the past) that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive lower interest or principal payments than expected or even no interest or principal payments.

Interest rate risk

Investment in the Bonds involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Bonds.

4.3 Factors important to the assessment of market risk

Bonds may not be a suitable investment for all investors

Prospective investors in the Bonds must determine the suitability of that investment in light of their own circumstances. In particular, prospective investors should:

- have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Bonds, the merits and risks of investing in the Bonds and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus or any applicable supplement to this Base Prospectus;
- ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of their particular financial situation, an investment in the Bonds and the impact such investment will have on their overall investment portfolios;
- have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to cover all the risks of an investment in the Bonds, including where principal or interest is payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency of principal or interest payments is different from the Investor's Currency;
- iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Bonds and be familiar with the mechanism of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) potential scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect their investments and their ability to bear the applicable risks.

Further, some investment activities of certain investors are subject to legislation and regulation by certain authorities. Prospective investors should consult their legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (i) the Bonds are legal investments for the investors, (ii) the Bonds can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing, and (iii) whether other restrictions apply to the purchase or use as collateral of the Bonds. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate classification of the Bonds under any applicable risk-based capital requirements.

4.4 General risks pertaining to the Bonds

No events of default

The terms of the Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds do not include any events of default relating to the Issuer and/or the Capital Centres. This does not affect any rights that Bondholders may have as to

the acceleration of payments under the Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds under the general principles of Danish law.

Interest on delayed payments in respect of Bonds

Holders of Bonds will only receive the amounts as and when they fall due under the terms of the Bonds. If any payment of interest and/or principal due in respect of the Bonds is not made on the relevant due date and such delay is not a result of the circumstances set out in 6.6 "Deferral of interest payments", no interest will accrue in respect of such payments during such delay according to the terms of the Bonds. This does not affect any rights that holders of Bonds may have with regard to interest on any such payments under the general rules of Danish law.

Modifications and waivers

The terms of the Bonds do not contain provisions for calling meetings of Bondholders to consider matters generally affecting their interests. Therefore, any modifications to the terms of the Bonds will require the unanimous consent of the Bondholders as well as the approval of the Issuer.

Eurosystem eligibility

The Bonds are intended to be held in a manner which will allow Eurosystem eligibility, and therefore they will be deposited with an eligible securities depositary as a common safe-keeper following issuance. This does not necessarily mean that the Bonds will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy operations and intraday credit, either upon issuance or during their maturity. Such recognition will depend upon the European Central Bank being satisfied that the Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.

European Monetary Union

It is possible that prior to the maturity of the Bonds the euro may become the official currency of Denmark. In that event (i) all amounts payable in respect of any Bonds denominated in DKK may become payable in EUR; (ii) legislation may allow or require such Bonds to be re-denominated into EUR and additional measures to be taken in respect of such Bonds; and (iii) that the deposit rates in DKK used to determine the rates of interest on the Bonds may no longer be published, or changes may be made in the way those rates are calculated, quoted and published or displayed. The introduction of the euro in any jurisdiction could also cause a volatile interest rate environment, which could adversely affect investors in the relevant Bonds.

EU Savings Directive

The EU has adopted EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC on taxation of savings income (the "EU Savings Directive"). The EU Savings Directive requires member states to provide the tax authorities of other member states with details of payments of interest and similar income paid by a person to an individual or certain other types of entities established in another member state. As to Luxembourg and Austria, however, withholding tax will instead be required to be levied on such payments in these countries in a transitional period (unless they choose another solution in this period). The end of the transitional period depends on the conclusion of certain other agreements concerning exchange of information with certain other countries. A number of non-EU countries and territories, including Switzerland, have adopted similar schemes (Switzerland has introduced a withholding tax system). In April 2013 the Luxembourg government announced that it intended to repeal the withholding tax system with effect from 1 January 2015 and replace it with automatic exchange of information pursuant to the EU Savings Directive. On 24 March 2014 the European Council adopted a Council Directive to amend and increase the requirements described above. Notably, the scope of the Directive is expanded to include more types of payments, more receivers of the payments concerned as well as certain other legal entities. The member states are obliged to transpose the amended directive into national law by 1 January 2016 (where national law is effective as from 1 January 2017).

If a payment is to be made or collected through a member state which has opted for a tax withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of, tax were to be withheld from that payment, the Issuer would not be obliged to pay additional amounts under the Bonds as a result of such withholding tax.

Investors to bear the risk of withholding tax

All payments of principal and interest by or on behalf of the Issuer in respect of the Bonds will be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within the Kingdom of Denmark or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. If such withholding or deduction is required, the Issuer will not be obliged to pay any additional amounts and will make such deduction or withholding from the payment of principal or interest, and investors will therefore receive a reduced amount.

Risks pertaining to bankruptcy rules

According to Danish bankruptcy rules, a claim may be raised against an estate in bankruptcy for repayment of funds received by a company within a period of up to three months from the bankruptcy of the company. This may reduce the value of the assets available for satisfying the Bondholders' claims. For consolidated entities, a claim may be raised against the estate in bankruptcy for repayment of funds received by the company within a period of up to two years from its bankruptcy. Where it is found that a repayment must be made, such repayment will reduce the assets available for satisfying the Bondholders' claims.

Further, investors should assess the ranking of creditors related to an estate in bankruptcy under which the holders of Covered Securities together with certain derivatives counterparties have a primary preferential right to all assets in Nykredit's capital centres, and the holders of Section 15 Bonds have a secondary preferential right to all assets in Nykredit's capital centres. Any residual claims from the holders of Covered Securities rank before unsecured claims against the assets of any estate in bankruptcy of the Issuer, while the residual claims from the holders of Section 15 Bonds as well as the claims from the holders of Senior Unsecured Debt may be proved as unsecured claims against the Issuer's estate in bankruptcy.

Change of law

The terms of the Bonds are subject to and based on Danish law in effect as at the issue date. There can be no assurance as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Danish law or administrative practice after the issue date of the Bonds.

4.4.1 Risks pertaining to the bond structure of covered bonds

Redemption prior to maturity of Covered Securities

Borrowers may prepay mortgage loans either by (i) buying bonds at market price and applying them for prepayment; or (ii) in certain cases by prepaying the mortgage loan at a predetermined price, and therefore the market price will generally hardly rise significantly above this price. Borrowers will often utilise this prepayment option, if they can obtain more attractive financing in this way. Therefore, investors have prepayment risk and may have to reinvest at a lower interest rate.

Pre-issues

The Issuer may pre-issue an amount of Covered Securities equivalent to the expected amount of mortgage loans to be disbursed in the following six months. At the expiry of the six months, any amount of Covered Securities for which no mortgage loans have been granted must be cancelled, and the outstanding amounts of the relevant ISINs will be reduced correspondingly. This may have an effect on the price of the Covered Securities which is unfavourable to investors.

Non-compliance with the balance principle

As described in 5 "LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR NYKREDIT'S BUSINESS ACTIVITIES" of this Base Prospectus, under Danish mortgage law, the Issuer must manage the capital centres in a manner which ensures an appropriate balance between the payment obligations on the outstanding liabilities and the assets of the capital centres in terms of currency, interest rate, option and maturity structure. This is known as the balance principle.

In order to comply with these requirements, the Issuer may for instance enter into derivatives contracts in accordance with the rules of the Executive Order on Bonds, the balance principle and risk management to the extent that the Issuer has access to derivatives counterparties with sufficiently high credit ratings. Any financial difficulties of a derivatives counterparty may affect its ability to honour its contractual obligations to the Issuer.

Non-compliance with the balance principle may cause the Issuer to lose its authorisation to issue Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds, which may have an effect on the price of the Bonds which is unfavourable to investors.

Loss of covered bond status

If Nykredit fails to provide supplementary collateral for SDOs as set out in Danish law, the Bonds will lose their covered bond status, which may affect their value.

Statutory refinancing

Under the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, Nykredit is obliged to extend the maturity of covered bonds in certain special circumstances as set out in 6.10 "Statutory Refinancing". Nykredit is obliged to decide whether, and if so when, the conditions for statutory refinancing have been met. The decision will be made by Nykredit based on the method described in 6.10.3 "Notices concerning statutory refinancing" and Nykredit must inform the market thereof without delay by way of a stock exchange announcement and on its website, nykredit.com.

4.4.2 Risks pertaining to the structure of Section 15 Bonds

Deferral of payments

As stated in 6.6 "Deferral of coupon interest payments", payment of amounts due in connection with Section 15 Bonds may be deferred under certain conditions, if the Issuer fails to comply with the balance principle or if the payments in question would have prevented the Issuer from complying with the balance principle. In addition, such payments will be deferred if a bankruptcy order has been issued against the Issuer or the Issuer has commenced reconstruction proceedings pursuant to the Danish Bankruptcy Act. According to the terms applying to Section 15 Bonds, interest will not continue to accrue in respect of the deferred payments.

Section 15 Bonds may be redeemed prior to maturity in certain cases

If the Final Bond Terms stipulate that the Issuer may redeem the bonds prior to maturity, it will probably lower the market value of the bonds. It is also probable that the bond price will not be significantly higher than the redemption price. It should be expected that the Issuer will redeem the bonds, if it can issue other Section 15 Bonds at a lower interest rate than the rate currently paid. In such situations, it will generally be difficult for investors to reinvest the redemption proceeds at a corresponding interest rate, and therefore investors should consider such reinvestment risk before investing in Section 15 Bonds.

Statutory maturity extension

Under the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, Nykredit is obliged to extend the maturity of Section 15 Bonds in certain special circumstances as set out in 6.10.2. Nykredit is obliged to decide whether, and if so when, the conditions for statutory maturity extension have been met. The decision is made by Nykredit based on the method described in 6.10.3 and Nykredit must

inform the market thereof without delay by way of a stock exchange announcement and on its website, nykredit.com.

4.4.3 Risks pertaining to the structure of Senior Unsecured Debt

In the event that the Issuer goes bankrupt, holders of Senior Unsecured Debt will not receive payment until after the fulfilment of claims of holders of SDOs, ROs, bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and privileged claims in pursuance of Danish law.

Senior Unsecured Debt may be redeemed prior to maturity in certain cases

If the Final Bond Terms stipulate that the Issuer may redeem prior to maturity, it will probably lower the market value of Senior Unsecured Debt. It is also probable that the price of Senior Unsecured Debt will not be significantly higher than the redemption price. It should be expected that the Issuer will redeem Senior Unsecured Debt, if it can issue other Senior Unsecured Debt at a lower interest rate than the rate currently paid. In such situations, it will generally be difficult for investors to reinvest the redemption proceeds at a corresponding interest rate, and therefore investors should consider such reinvestment risk before investing in Senior Unsecured Debt.

5 LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR NYKREDIT'S BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

5.1 Legislation

Nykredit is a Danish mortgage bank.

As credit institutions, mortgage banks are governed by the Danish Financial Business Act and related executive orders with regard to rules on authorisations, exclusivity, business area, good practice, ownership structure, management, structuring of business activities, disclosure of confidential information, capital, placement of funds, liquidity, intercompany rules, consolidation, annual report, audit, appropriation of profit for the year, mergers and conversions, discontinuation of financial business, crisis management, supervision, duties and joint funding.

Danish mortgage banks are also governed by the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and related executive orders. The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act lays down rules governing mortgage banks' lending against registered mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities, loans guaranteed by public authorities or loans granted against other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions with respect to security for loans, terms, repayment profiles, LTV limits, disbursements against guarantees, valuation of real estate, granting of loans, supplementary collateral and lending outside Denmark.

The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act also provides rules on the issuance of ROs, SDROs ("særligt dækkede realkreditobligationer", a type of mortgage covered bond) SDOs and Section 15 Bonds, including rules on exclusivity, bond issuance, balance principle and liability. The Act also provides rules on supervision.

Danish mortgage banks may not carry on any business other than mortgage banking subject to the following exceptions:

- Danish mortgage banks may be authorised by the Danish FSA to carry on business as securities dealers;
- Danish mortgage banks may carry on ancillary business. The Danish FSA may decide that the ancillary business activities must be carried on through another company; and
- Danish mortgage banks may carry on other financial business through subsidiaries.

As at 1 January 2014, Nykredit's business activities are also regulated by Regulation No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms ("**CRR**"). The scope of application of the CRR is as follows:

- Own funds requirements;
- Requirements limiting large exposures;
- Liquidity requirements;
- Reporting requirements in connection with own funds requirements, limitation of large exposures, liquidity and leverage; and
- Public disclosure requirements in connection with own funds requirements, limitation of large exposures, liquidity and leverage.

If legislation regulating Nykredit's business activities is amended, Nykredit reserves the right to revise this Base Prospectus by way of a supplement in order that Nykredit's future bond issuance under this Base Prospectus complies with national and EU legislation in force for the time being and the ensuing business framework.

5.2 Supervision

Danish mortgage banks – and thus also Nykredit – are supervised by the FSA, which monitors compliance with the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, the Danish Financial Business Act as well as rules issued in pursuance thereof.

5.3 Funding of lending

The rules governing the issuance of covered bonds for the funding of lending against registered mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities, loans guaranteed by public authorities or loans granted against other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions are set out in the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and the Executive Order on bond issuance, balance principle and risk management of mortgage banks (the "**Executive Order on Bonds**") issued in pursuance thereof.

5.4 Balance principle

General

Despite the risk limits of the balance principle, Nykredit has in practice structured its lending business in such a manner that it does not assume significant financial risk with respect to lending and underlying funding activities.

The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and the Executive Order on Bonds require that mortgage banks observe a specific balance principle and a set of risk management rules in connection with the issuance of ROs, SDROs or SDOs.

The Executive Order on Bonds provides limits to the differences allowed between the payments from borrowers (interest and principal payments) against mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities or loans granted against public authority guarantees, other placement of funds in eligible assets (eg other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions), derivative financial instruments hedging cash flow differences and placement of funds pursuant to section 4(5) of the Executive Order on Bonds on the one hand, and payments to the holders of the issued ROs, SDROs, SDOs (interest and principal payments), other securities issued by mortgage banks conferring a preferential right on the holders and financial derivative instruments hedging cash flow differences on the other hand.

The Executive Order on Bonds sets forth loss limits to the interest rate, foreign exchange, option and liquidity risk resulting from cash flow differences in the balance sheet. The Executive Order contains a number of other provisions limiting financial risk.

For mortgage banks, the balance principle applies to each capital centre as well as Nykredit Realkredit In General. Reference is made to 5.8 "Capital centres" and 5.9 "Nykredit's capital centres" for a description of the capital centres.

The balance principle and risk management are based on the following two main elements:

- 1) The statutory requirement for placing the proceeds in eligible assets in connection with the issuance by mortgage banks of ROs, SDROs or SDOs and other securities issued by mortgage banks which confer a preferential right on the holders; and
- 2) Interest rate, foreign exchange and option risk exposures are allowed only to a limited extent.

However, owing to various technical aspects of the lending activities of a mortgage bank, a number of placements of funds are not subject to the statutory limit on other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions in connection with the issuance of SDOs:

- Placement of funds in connection with the disbursement of new loans, refinancing, remortgaging or the prepayment of existing loans, which will lead to an amount of outstanding bonds for which the credit institution has not yet obtained a mortgage over real estate (disbursements and refinancing) or awaits redemption of outstanding bonds (remortgaging and prepayment);
- Registration guarantees for registered mortgages with an endorsement only relating to existing loans which are to be prepaid with the proceeds of the new loan;
- Loss guarantees for which do not constitute an actual claim against the credit institution providing the guarantee; and
- Self-issued bonds issued through the same capital centre (only applicable under the general balance principle).

Pursuant to the Executive Order on Bonds, mortgage banks may for each capital centre choose between two types of balance principle irrespective of whether they issue ROs, SDROs or SDOs:

- The general balance principle; or
- The specific balance principle.

Issuance of covered bonds through Nykredit's capital centres complies with the general balance principle.

The proceeds deriving from Section 15 Bonds are subject to the same risk management rules as the securities portfolio and are therefore subject to the interest rate and foreign exchange risk rules applicable thereto. In consequence, interest rate and foreign exchange risk may not exceed 8% and 10%, respectively, of the own funds of the capital centres, cf sections 13 and 15 of the Danish Executive Order on Bonds.

Management of interest rate, foreign exchange and option risk is regulated through stress tests and related loss limits. In addition, other structural provisions limit liquidity risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is determined for each currency as the largest decrease in the present value of the cash flow differences based on an assumed yield curve development in two sets of stress tests – a small and a large one – in six different scenarios in accordance with section 7(2) and (4) of the Executive Order on Bonds.

The interest rate exposure of a mortgage bank must not exceed an amount equal to 1% of the capital requirement + 2% of additional capital in the capital centre according to the small stress test, and 5% of the capital requirement + 10% of additional capital in the capital centre according to the large stress test.

Interest rate exposures are added up for each currency, and netting of interest rate exposures between the different currencies is generally not allowed – however, interest rate exposures in DKK and EUR may be netted by up to 50% of the interest rate exposure in the currency with the numerically lower interest rate exposure.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is determined as the largest decrease in the present value of the cash flow differences based on an assumed exchange rate development in four different scenarios according to section 9(2) of the Executive Order on Bonds.

The foreign exchange exposure of a mortgage bank must not exceed an amount equal to 10% of the capital requirement + 10% of additional capital in the capital centre determined with respect to EUR and

1% of the capital requirement + 1% of additional capital in the capital centre determined with respect to other currencies.

Option risk

Option risk is determined for each currency as the largest decrease in the present value of the cash flow differences based on an assumed volatility curve development in two different scenarios according to section 10(3) of the Executive Order on Bonds.

The option exposure of a mortgage bank must not exceed an amount equal to 0.5% of the capital requirement + 1% of additional capital in the capital centre.

Option exposures are added up for each currency, and netting of option exposures between the various currencies is generally not allowed – however, option exposures in DKK and EUR may be netted by up to 50% of the option exposure in the currency with the numerically lower option exposure.

Liquidity risk

Interest received must exceed interest paid within a period of 12 consecutive months. Interest payments include any overcollateralisation in the capital centre and placement of liquidity provided that it has been placed in secure and liquid securities, claims against central governments and central banks in zone A countries or deposits with credit institutions in zone A countries. The present value of future amounts receivable must at any time exceed the present value of future amounts payable.

Comments on Nykredit's compliance with the balance principle

It should be noted that the balance principle regulates the actual issuance of ROs, SDROs, SDOs and other securities issued by mortgage banks and conferring a preferential right on the holders.

The actual bond issuance does not appear directly from the financial highlights in the annual and interim reports presented in accordance with the IFRS. This is due to the fact that, under IAS 39, "Issued bonds" under "Liabilities and equity" must be reduced by any holdings that the mortgage bank may have of self-issued ROs, SDROs, SDOs and other securities issued by mortgage banks and conferring a preferential right on the holders.

Correspondingly, placement of funds in secure liquid securities in accordance with the Executive Order on Bonds will not appear directly under "Assets". This is due to the fact that under the IFRS any holdings of self-issued ROs, SDROs, SDOs and other securities issued by mortgage banks and conferring a preferential right on the holders must be eliminated from the item "Issued bonds" under "Liabilities and equity".

5.5 Bond issuance

SDOs and ROs

The issuance of SDOs and ROs by mortgage banks serves to fund loans granted against registered mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities and loans guaranteed by public authorities. Further, loans granted against other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions are funded through regular issuance of SDOs.

SDOs and ROs may also be pre-issued for the purpose of fixed-price agreements or projected lending activity, cf the provisions of the Executive Order on Bonds.

Supplementary collateral and overcollateralisation

The issuance of Section 15 Bonds by mortgage banks serves to provide supplementary collateral if required or to increase overcollateralisation in a capital centre (see 5.8 "Capital centres" below). The bonds may be issued before or after a requirement for supplementary collateral arises.

5.6 Lending

Mortgage banks are authorised to grant loans against registered mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities, loans guaranteed by public authorities or loans against other unsubordinated claims against and guarantees issued by credit institutions based on the issuance of covered bonds.

Rules governing lending against mortgages over real estate

Mortgage banks carry out valuations and grant loans in connection with lending against mortgages over real estate funded through the issuance of covered bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and the Executive Orders on the valuation of security and loans granted against mortgages over real estate provided as security for the issuance of covered bonds issued in pursuance thereof.

Loans against mortgages over real estate are granted on the basis of the value of the mortgaged property. The purpose of the rules on the valuation and granting of loans is to ensure that loans are granted within the statutory limits.

Generally, lending against mortgages over real estate may not exceed the statutory loan-to-value ("LTV") limit. Under certain circumstances, statutory LTV limits may be exceeded at the time the loans are granted. With respect to SDOs, however, supplementary collateral must be provided for the excess amounts at the same time.

Statutory LTV limits by property category	
Private residential properties for all-year habitation*	80%
Private cooperative housing	
Private residential rental properties	
Non-profit housing	
Youth housing	
Property used for social, cultural and educational purposes***	60/80%
Holiday homes	60%
Agricultural and forestry properties, market gardens, etc**	60/70%
Office and retail properties**	
Industry and trades properties**	
Utilities**	
Other properties – including undeveloped land	40%
* ~	

* Some loan types offered for residential housing are subject to a lower LTV limit than 80%, but no supplementary collateral is required unless the LTV ratio exceeds 80% (SDOs).

** The LTV limit may be extended up to 70% against supplementary collateral which must constitute at least 10% of the part of the loan which exceeds the LTV limit of 60% (SDOs).

*** The LTV limit for properties used for social etc purposes is 60% (which may be extended to 70% against supplementary collateral) in connection with issuance of SDOs. The LTV limit is 80% in connection with issuance of ROs.

5.7 Types of loans granted against mortgages over real estate

The maximum term of a loan granted against a mortgage over real estate is 30 years. However, loans for non-profit housing, youth housing and private cooperative housing are subject to a maximum term of 35 years, if lending is granted on the basis of subsidy commitments made in accordance with the Danish act governing non-profit housing and subsidised private cooperative housing.

Irrespective of the ranking of the security, loans for private residential properties for all-year habitation and holiday homes cannot be amortised for a period exceeding that of a 30-year annuity loan. Within the term of the loan, this requirement may be derogated from for a period of up to 10 years. If LTV ratios do not exceed 75% for loans funded by SDOs, the above requirements relating to maximum term, amortisation and maximum interest-only periods do not apply to loans granted for private residential properties for all-year habitation, private cooperative housing units, private residential rental properties, non-profit housing, youth and senior housing, etc, and properties used for social, cultural and educational purposes. The term of these loans may be markedly longer or even perpetual.

Nykredit has not made use of the legal option of issuing perpetual loans, as the maturity of its mortgage loans is maximum 30 years.

5.8 Capital centres

Covered bonds are issued in series. A capital centre consists of a series or a group of series with a joint series reserve fund and joint liability. The value of the cover assets behind the SDOs issued must at least equal the value of the SDOs issued, and the mortgage security behind individual loans must at any time comply with the LTV limits thereof.

If the value of the cover assets no longer equals the value of the SDOs issued – for example as a result of the declining market value of the mortgaged real estate – the mortgage bank must provide supplementary collateral to satisfy the requirement, cf section 33 d(1) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. This rule does not apply to ROs.

In order to provide supplementary collateral or increase overcollateralisation in a capital centre, mortgage banks may raise loans, cf section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Loans are raised by issuing bonds through a capital centre. The proceeds deriving from loans raised for the purpose of providing supplementary collateral or increasing overcollateralisation may exclusively be placed in assets eligible under the said Act as security for the issuance of SDOs such as mortgages over real estate, government bonds or claims against credit institutions.

5.9 Nykredit's capital centres

Nykredit issues covered securities and Section 15 Bonds through its capital centres. ROs and SDOs cannot be issued from the same capital centre.

Under this Base Prospectus, ROs are issued through Nykredit's Capital Centres D, G and I.

Under this Base Prospectus, SDOs are issued through Nykredit's Capital Centres E and H.

Under this Base Prospectus, Section 15 Bonds may be issued through all Nykredit's active capital centres (currently Capital Centres D, E, G, H and I).

Bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act may be issued through the capital centres issuing SDOs to provide supplementary collateral or to increase overcollateralisation in the individual capital centre.

Bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act may be issued through the capital centres issuing ROs to increase overcollateralisation in the capital centre.

Nykredit has adopted and published the terms applicable to each capital centre. These terms state that Nykredit accepts no liability for any changes in the bond ratings. The full terms for the capital centres form an integral part of this Base Prospectus. See 8 "DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED IN THE BASE PROSPECTUS BY REFERENCE" for these terms, which are also available at nykredit.com.

If Nykredit opens additional capital centres in future, such capital centres may be included in this Base Prospectus subject to publication of a supplement to this Base Prospectus. Each capital centre consists of a group of series with a joint series reserve fund and joint liability. The assets of each capital centre consist of all the mortgages relating to the loans granted through the capital centre against registered mortgages over real estate, bonds, debt instruments and other debt certificates pertaining to unsecured loans granted to public authorities, loans guaranteed by public authorities, one or more master securities issued by Totalkredit A/S (see 5.12.1 "Intercompany Funding") and the reserve funds of each capital centre.

The liabilities of each capital centre consist of bondholders' claims under any ROs, SDOs, bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act through the individual capital centre and its series reserve funds.

Further, each capital centre may include off-balance sheet items such as derivative financial instruments. Derivative financial instruments may be included only if used to hedge the risk between assets relating to the series and liabilities in the form of issued Covered Securities and only if contracts for derivative financial instruments stipulate that the reconstruction proceedings, bankruptcy or failure to provide security of the mortgage bank does not constitute an event of default.

Income in each capital centre consists of interest etc on mortgages, bonds, debt instruments and other claims, upfront fees, other fees and similar income as well as returns on other assets in each capital centre and off-balance sheet items.

Expenses in each capital centre consist of interest on issued SDOs, ROs and Section 15 Bonds, administrative expenses etc, losses on and write-down of assets in the capital centre, off-balance sheet items and the proportion of Nykredit's tax payable by the capital centre.

Nykredit and each capital centre are liable for obligations under the Covered Securities in compliance with the rules set out in the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. The capital centres are not subject to cross liability. If the claims of the holders of Covered Securities are not fully satisfied by the funds of a capital centre, they have preferential rights to the assets available for distribution, cf section 31 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

The series reserve funds of the capital centres in the form of securities and bank deposits must be placed in separate cash accounts or in separate custody accounts belonging to the relevant capital centre.

The own funds requirement of section 124 of the Danish Financial Business Act and Article 92(1)(c) of the CRR applies to Danish mortgage banks at the level of their individual series with series reserve funds and at the level of Nykredit Realkredit In General. Each series reserve fund must therefore always fulfil the statutory own funds requirement, which has been 8% of the risk exposure amount of each capital centre since its opening.

Nykredit may transfer funds from each capital centre to Nykredit Realkredit In General provided that the series reserve fund of the capital centre exceeds the regulatory own funds requirement. Nykredit may transfer funds from Nykredit Realkredit In General to one or more of the series reserve funds. Such transfers may take place to cover the rating-induced overcollateralisation of the capital centres.

Funds must be transferred to a series reserve fund from Nykredit Realkredit In General if required to satisfy the regulatory own funds requirement unless such transfer prevents Nykredit Realkredit In General from fulfilling the own funds requirement.

Nykredit's capital centres may also consist of assets and liabilities deriving from loans raised to enable Nykredit to fulfil requirements for supplementary collateral for instance in connection with lending against mortgages over real estate or loans raised to increase overcollateralisation in the capital centres. Nykredit may raise loans to provide supplementary collateral or to increase overcollateralisation in pursuance of section 15(1) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. The loans are funded through the issuance of bonds. The loan agreement must specify to which capital centre the loan proceeds relate. In connection with issuance, the relevant capital centre will appear from the Final Bond Terms.

The proceeds from the issuance of Section 15 Bonds must be placed in particularly secure assets such as mortgages over real estate, government bonds or claims against credit institutions, cf section 152 c(1) of the Danish Financial Business Act, and in separate cash accounts, in custody accounts dedicated to the relevant capital centre or otherwise registered as deriving from the loan in question until the assets serve as supplementary collateral or overcollateralisation, if necessary.

In pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, a distinction is made between:

- Funds/cover assets not used for supplementary collateral or to increase overcollateralisation (funds not forming part of a capital centre); and
- Funds/cover assets used for providing supplementary collateral or overcollateralisation (funds transferred to a capital centre).

Handling of and placing requirements for funds not forming part of the capital centres

As long as the funds do not serve as supplementary collateral or overcollateralisation in a capital centre, the funds/cover assets are in principle not part of the capital centre. The funds are regulated as follows:

- According to section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, the requirement to place funds in particularly secure assets pursuant to section 152 c(1) of the Danish Financial Business Act takes immediate effect; and
- The funds are regulated by the same risk management rules of the general balance principle as those applying to Nykredit's securities portfolio, cf part 2 of the Danish Executive Order on Bonds.

Handling of and placing requirements for cover assets when transferred to a capital centre

There is no registration or segregation requirement in relation to supplementary cover assets once transferred to a capital centre. The cover assets transferred therefore form part of the ordinary cover pool of a capital centre. These cover assets have therefore not been reserved solely to satisfy the claims of the holders of Section 15 Bonds. Reference is also made to the description of the preferential rights of holders of Section 15 Bonds in 5.11 "Bankruptcy remoteness".

The requirement to place funds in particularly secure assets in accordance with section 152 c(1) of the Danish Financial Business Act also applies when the assets have been transferred to a capital centre.

List of Nykredit's capital centres

Capital Centre D

Nykredit may issue ROs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt through Capital Centre D. The series of Capital Centre D were opened for bond issuance to fund mortgage loans disbursed from and including 1 September 2002. The terms of Nykredit's Capital Centre D were adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 20 February 2002 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 24 February 2005 and 7 March 2013.

Capital Centre E

Nykredit may issue SDOs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt through Capital Centre E.

The series of Capital Centre E were opened for bond issuance to fund mortgage loans disbursed from and including 16 November 2007. The terms of Nykredit's Capital Centre E were adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 8 November 2007 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013.

Capital Centre G

Nykredit may issue ROs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt through Capital Centre G. The series of Capital Centre G were opened for bond issuance to fund mortgage loans disbursed from and including 15 January 2009. The terms of Nykredit's Capital Centre G were adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 8 January 2009 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013. The Capital Centre is primarily used for funding loans that are not secured by way of first mortgages over the mortgaged real estate. The LTV ratios of new lending in Capital Centre G are generally within the top quarter of the LTV bracket for the relevant property category stipulated by the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Capital Centre H

Nykredit may issue SDOs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt through Capital Centre H. The series of Capital Centre H were opened for bond issuance to fund mortgage loans disbursed from and including 18 August 2011. The terms of Nykredit's Capital Centre H were adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 18 August 2011 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013.

Capital Centre I

Nykredit may issue ROs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt through Capital Centre I. The series of Capital Centre I were opened for bond issuance to fund mortgage loans disbursed from and including 19 April 2012. The terms of Nykredit's Capital Centre I were adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 19 April 2012 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013.

The Capital Centre is primarily used for funding loans that are not secured by way of first mortgages over the mortgaged real estate. The LTV ratios of new lending in Capital Centre I are generally within the top quarter of the LTV bracket for the relevant property category stipulated by the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

In connection with major or significant changes in the capital centre terms, including the composition of loans, bond maturity, repayment profile, LTV limit and other capital centre characteristics, a supplement to this Base Prospectus will be published describing the future use of the capital centre.

5.10 Liability

For loans granted against mortgages over real estate, borrowers are liable personally and to the extent of the mortgaged property. Nykredit may waive the requirement of personal liability for loans funded by SDOs, but not for loans funded by ROs.

5.11 Bankruptcy remoteness

The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act confers a primary preferential right on the holders of SDOs, ROs and certain counterparties relating to derivative financial instruments in the event of bankruptcy.

The preferential right implies that the holders of the covered bonds issued through the capital centres and the counterparties relating to the derivative financial instruments hedging the risk are primary secured creditors in respect of the following claims against the funds of the relevant capital centre, after deduction of expenses relating to the administration of the estate in bankruptcy, consisting of the mortgages, bonds, debt instruments, other debt certificates and other assets in the relevant series reserve fund:

- Payment of claims under the issued SDOs, ROs and contracts for derivative financial instruments; and
- Claims for interest accrued on the above claims from the issue of the bankruptcy order.

The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act confers a secondary preferential right on holders of Section 15 Bonds, cf section 27 b of the said Act, as follows:

- Together with certain derivatives counterparties, holders of covered bonds have a primary preferential right to all assets in Nykredit's capital centres; and
- The holders of Section 15 Bonds have a secondary preferential right to all assets in Nykredit's capital centres, cf the third sentence of section 27(1) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

The claims of holders of bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act therefore rank before all other debt (unsecured creditors, Tier 2 capital and Additional Tier 1 capital) – save costs relating to the estate in bankruptcy and claims from holders of covered bonds in the capital centres and counterparties to financial contracts hedging financial risk in connection with the issuance of SDOs and ROs.

If in the event of bankruptcy, Nykredit's capital centres do not have sufficient assets to satisfy the claims of the holders of bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, such holders may raise residual claims against the assets available for distribution of Nykredit Realkredit In General, albeit only as unsecured claims (section 97 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act) in contrast to holders of covered bonds, which rank for payment after claims made in accordance with section 96 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act, but before claims made in accordance with section 97 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act (unsecured claims) if the capital centres do not have sufficient assets.

Where Nykredit does not provide the requisite supplementary collateral, Nykredit's SDOs may lose their eligibility as covered bonds (SDOs), cf section 33 d(2) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. The holders of bonds that are no longer eligible will, however, maintain their primary preferential rights, cf section 27 a of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Similarly, the holders of bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act maintain their secondary preferential rights, cf the second sentence of section 27 a(1) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

If a bankruptcy order is issued against Nykredit, and the proceeds from the issuance of Section 15 Bonds do not serve as supplementary collateral yet, the holders of covered bonds have preferential rights to these proceeds, cf section 27 b of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Any excess proceeds must be paid to the holders of Section 15 Bonds.

The holders of SDOs, ROs or Section 15 Bonds may not rely on the issuance of a bankruptcy order against Nykredit as a ground for acceleration of payments, cf section 28(1) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Correspondingly, the imposition of statutory refinancing rules on SDOs, ROs or Section 15 Bonds cannot be relied upon as a ground for acceleration of payments, cf sections 6, 15 a and 32 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Finally, bondholders may not rely on Nykredit's failure to fulfil its obligation to provide supplementary collateral as a ground for acceleration of payments, cf section 28(2) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. This applies to holders of SDOs, ROs and bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

In accordance with section 58 I of the Danish Securities Trading Act, supplementary collateral is as a general rule not subsequently voidable, cf section 33 d(5) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

In case of reconstruction proceedings, Nykredit must as far as possible continue to make timely payments to holders of covered bonds and counterparties relating to derivative financial instruments unless the appointed reconstruction administrator decides otherwise. In case of bankruptcy, a trustee in bankruptcy shall to the widest extent possible continue or resume honouring Nykredit's obligations to the bondholders and the counterparties of derivative financial instruments, cf the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

A trustee in bankruptcy may issue bonds ("**Refinancing Bonds**") for the sole purpose of replacing maturing SDOs or ROs in a given series. The same applies under reconstruction. The issuance of a bankruptcy order or the commencement of reconstruction proceedings does not per se imply that payments on maturing bonds are not made as they fall due. Maturing bonds to be refinanced for the purpose of the continued funding of a mortgage loan the term of which exceeds the maturity of the bonds may be extended by 12 months at a time if, after issuance of the Refinancing Bonds, it cannot be expected that there are sufficient funds to cover creditors' claims as stated in section 32(4) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act or if there are insufficient purchasers for the Refinancing Bonds. The trustee in bankruptcy or the reconstruction administrator fixes the interest rate of the extended bonds based on a 1-year key reference rate (eg Cita) in the same currency as the extended bonds plus 5 percentage points. This may continue throughout the remaining term of the mortgage loan. Refinancing Bonds cannot be issued under this Base Prospectus.

The trustee in bankruptcy may transfer a capital centre to another mortgage bank in pursuance of section 33 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. Such transfer is subject to authorisation by the Danish minister responsible for this area. Bondholders may not rely on such transfer as a ground for acceleration of payments. The same applies under reconstruction proceedings.

Nykredit will defer payments to the holders of Section 15 Bonds if:

- 1) tests show that such payments will cause a breach of the balance principle applicable at any time; or
- 2) the balance principle applicable at any time has already been breached.

If Nykredit again complies with the balance principle within one week, payments will not be deferred. Nykredit will resume payments to the holders of Section 15 of Bonds as from the time when the abovementioned tests show that the balance principle is no longer breached.

Payments to the holders of Section 15 Bonds will furthermore be deferred if Nykredit has commenced reconstruction proceedings in accordance with the Danish Bankruptcy Act, or a bankruptcy order has been issued against Nykredit.

5.12 Joint funding

Covered bonds issued through Nykredit's capital centres may serve to fund lending granted by other credit institutions. Funding may be based on one of two models:

- 1) Intercompany funding of loans granted by credit institutions belonging to the same group ("Intercompany Funding"); or
- 2) Joint funding of loans initially granted by credit institutions whether belonging to the Issuer's group or not ("Joint funding within or outside the group").

5.12.1 Intercompany Funding

The issuance of SDOs through Nykredit's Capital Centres E and H may serve as Intercompany Funding of loans granted by Totalkredit (Totalkredit's Capital Centres E and H).

ROs issued through Nykredit's Capital Centres D, G and I may serve as Intercompany Funding of loans granted by Totalkredit (Totalkredit's Capital Centres D, G and I).

As security for the funding, Totalkredit's capital centres issue master securities. The master securities satisfy the requirements for SDOs issued through Capital Centres E and H and for ROs issued through Capital Centres D, G and I.

Nykredit is the only primary secured creditor in respect of the assets of Totalkredit's capital centres in the form of mortgages, bonds, debt instruments, other debt certificates and reserve funds.

Totalkredit's capital centres may also raise loans by issuing bonds pursuant to section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act. The holders of such bonds issued by Totalkredit in pursuance thereof will have a secondary preferential right in respect of the assets in Totalkredit's capital centres, whereas Nykredit will have a primary preferential right.

Totalkredit's capital centres may also raise Senior Unsecured Debt, Additional Tier 1 capital or Tier 2 capital in order to supplement the reserve funds. However, such capital ranks after Nykredit's claims in accordance with the master securities of Totalkredit's relevant capital centres and after the claims of the holders of bonds issued by Totalkredit pursuant to section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Totalkredit is obliged to monitor mortgaged assets and to provide supplementary collateral for the capital centres issuing SDOs, but the task is performed in association with Nykredit.

The payments from Totalkredit which are to be passed through to Nykredit's bondholders will be made subject to at least the same level of security as if they were made directly from Nykredit's mortgage borrowers.

5.12.2 Joint funding within or outside the group

Subject to FSA approval, SDOs may be issued for the joint funding of lending against mortgages over real estate originally granted by other credit institutions – both within and outside the Issuer's own group.

The original lender shall transfer title to the loans and mortgages to the mortgage bank. The joint funding is regulated by sections 16 b to 16 g and section 120 b of the Danish Financial Business Act.

On 4 June 2009, the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority authorised Nykredit to carry on joint funding with Totalkredit in pursuance of section 16 b of the Danish Financial Business Act, but Nykredit has so far not made use of this authorisation.

6 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE BONDS

6.1 Introduction

All Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus will be registered electronically with one of the following securities depositaries: VP Securities A/S ("**VP**"), Weidekampsgade 14, DK-2300 Copenhagen S, CVR no 21 59 93 36 or VP LUX S.à.r.I. ("**VP LUX**"), 32, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg. VP LUX is a subsidiary of VP.

Nykredit entered into an agreement with VP concerning VP services on 19 July 1993 and another with VP LUX on 19 September 2008. Within the framework of these agreements, Nykredit may in its own data systems register bonds which are approved by VP or VP LUX, as the case may be, before they are registered with the securities depositary in question.

The following terms and conditions as well as the applicable Final Bond Terms apply to the Bonds.

All information set out in this paragraph "TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE BONDS" also applies to the Final Bond Terms, unless otherwise stated in the relevant Final Bond Terms. A reservation is made for slight differences which sometimes occur between the wording of the Final Bond Terms and that of this paragraph, whereas material changes or additional information will be incorporated by way of a new Base Prospectus or a supplement to this Base Prospectus.

6.2 Form, denomination and title

All Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus will be registered electronically with VP or VP LUX, as the case may be. No physical Bonds will be issued. The title to the Bonds exclusively appears from the entry in the register of VP or VP LUX, as the case may be. Accordingly, the title to the Bonds can only be transferred by registration of the title transfer at VP or VP LUX, as the case may be, in accordance with the rules and procedures for these securities depositaries.

All the terms and conditions applying to the Bonds, including principal, maturity, interest rate and payments pursuant to the approved Final Bond Terms will appear from the relevant register. Bonds and interest coupons cannot be separated.

The Bonds are negotiable instruments issued in bulk, which may be registered in the names of the holders. In such cases, it will appear from the Final Bond Terms. Where the Bonds are registered in the name of the Bondholder, Nykredit may request access to the information of VP Securities, such as who was registered as account holder at a specific point in time. The information may include name, address and other contact details of the account holder, the date of registration in the account, the size of the holding and any other relevant account information, cf the Danish Executive Order no 819 of 26 June 2013 concerning registration etc of securities lodged with a securities depositary.

Any reference to "**DKK**", "**Danish kroner**" and "**kroner**" means the official currency in Denmark. Any reference to "**EUR**" and "**euro**" means the common European currency used by the member countries participating in the third phase of the EMU. The Bonds may be issued in currencies other than DKK and EUR. In such cases, this will be set out in the applicable Final Bond Terms.

6.3 Definitions

In this paragraph, TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE BONDS, the following terms and expressions shall have the meaning set out below:

"*Bonds*" means any type of security issued under this Base Prospectus, ie SDOs, ROs, Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt.

"Bondholders" means the investors holding the Bonds.

"Business Day" means either

- i) a "*Danish Business Day*", which means a day on which both Danish payment systems and Danish banks located in Denmark are open for business; or
- ii) a "*TARGET Business Day*", which means a day on which the TARGET (Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross settlement Express Transfer) payment system is open for payments in EUR.

The choice of Business Day is set out in the Final Bond Terms. Other Business Days may be agreed upon, which will be set out in the applicable Final Bond Terms.

"*Coupon Interest*" means the interest on the Bonds, expressed as an annual percentage rate.

"*Covered Securities*" means SDOs and/or ROs issued under this Base Prospectus.

"*Day Count Fraction*" means the model applied for calculating the number of days in a period.

The Day Count Fraction may be:

- "Actual/Actual (ICMA)", which means that
 - the coupon interest payment for a period equal to an entire Payment Period is calculated as *Coupon Interest/Number of annual Payment Dates;*
 - the coupon interest payment for a period shorter than the relevant Payment Period is calculated as (*Coupon Interest/Number of annual Payment Dates*)*(*Actual number of days in the period/Number of days in the Payment Period*); and
 - the coupon interest payment for a period longer than an entire Payment Period is calculated as the total of
 - (Coupon Interest/Number of annual Payment Dates)*(Actual number of days in the Payment Period in which the period starts/Number of days in the Payment Period in which the period starts); and
 - (Coupon Interest/Number of annual Payment Dates)*(Actual number of days in the Payment Period in which the period ends/Number of days in the Payment Period in which the period ends).
- "Actual/360", which means that the coupon interest payment is calculated as *Coupon Interest*Number of days in the period/360.*

Another Day Count Fraction may be determined. This will be set out in the applicable Final Bond Terms. Addition and accrual of interest may be adjusted as a result of changes in market conventions.

"*Denomination*" means the smallest unit into which the relevant Bonds may be divided.

"*Denomination Currency*" means the currency with which the Bonds may be purchased. Interest payments and redemptions are made in the same currency. "*First Listing Day*" means the first day on which the relevant ISIN is expected to be admitted to trading on a Regulated Market.

"Interest Rate Reset" means the adjustment of the Coupon Interest of a given bond.

"Interest Rate Reset Frequency" means the number of annual Interest Rate Resets.

"*Interest Rate Spread*" means the amount which together with the Reference Rate is the Coupon Interest.

"*Maturity Date*" means the day after the last day of the last Payment Period on which the relevant Bonds mature for redemption.

"*Nykredit*" or the "*Issuer*" is Nykredit Realkredit A/S, CVR no 12719280, Kalvebod Brygge 1-3, DK-1780 Copenhagen V.

"*Par Agreement*" means an industry-wide agreement entered into by Danish mortgage banks according to which mortgage banks do not generally grant loans on the basis of callable bonds the price of which exceeds par (100) (or an other pre-determined redemption price) (eg 105). The agreement has been approved by the Danish competition authorities.

"*Payment Dates*" means days on which the accrued interest for the preceding Payment Period falls due for payment (together with redeemed amounts). The remaining principal will be repaid on the last Payment Dates applying to the Bonds.

"*Payment Period*" is defined by the first and the last day of such period as set out in the Final Bond Terms.

"*Place of Listing*" means the Regulated Market on which the Bonds are expected to be admitted to trading.

"*Reference Rate*" means the interest rate applying to floating-rate Bonds. One of the following Reference Rates applies to the Bonds:

- A. *Cibor*: The 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month Copenhagen Interbank Offered Rate quoted daily by NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S;
- B. *Cita*: The 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month Copenhagen Interbank Tomorrow/Next Average swap rate quoted daily by NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S.

As regards the Cibor and Cita Reference Rates: Should NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S (or any other stock exchange replacing it) cease quoting the rate of the relevant Reference Rate, or should Nykredit deem that the agreed Reference Rate no longer reflects the Danish reference rate market, Nykredit may determine the bond interest rate on the basis of another, market-consistent reference rate.

Finally, Nykredit may determine the bond interest rate on the basis of another, marketconsistent reference rate, should one or more public authorities significantly dispute the use of the agreed Reference Rate as reference rate, or should the financial sector enter into an agreement with a public authority about the use of a reference rate other than the agreed Reference Rate;

- C. *Euribor*: The 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month Euro Interbank Offered Rate quoted daily by the European Banking Federation (FBE) and the Financial Markets Association (ACI) with Reuters as the current calculation agent. If Reuters (or the calculation agent that may succeed Reuters) ceases quoting the above Euribor rate or if the Euribor rate, in Nykredit's opinion, no longer reflects the European money market, Nykredit may calculate the bond interest rate on the basis of market-consistent 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month money market rates; or
- D. Stibor: The 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate quoted daily by the Swedish central bank, the Riksbank. If the Swedish central bank ceases quoting the above Stibor rate or if the Stibor rate, in Nykredit's opinion, no longer reflects the Swedish money market, Nykredit may calculate the bond interest rate on the basis of market-consistent 1-, 3-, 6- or 12-month money market rates.

If the agreed Reference Rate is no longer applied, cf the above, Nykredit must give 1-month notice to the Bondholders before the bond interest rate may be calculated based on another market-consistent reference rate.

Other reference rates may be agreed upon, in which case they will be defined and specified in the Final Bond Terms.

For each ISIN of outstanding floating-rate bonds, Nykredit will release a stock exchange announcement via NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S stating the interest rate applicable to the next Payment Period, when this rate is known.

"*Registered Bondholders*" means that the Bonds have been registered in the name of the Bondholders.

"*Regulated Market*" means a market pursuant to Article 4(14) of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council dated 21 April 2004 on markets for financial instruments.

"*ROs*" means mortgage covered bonds issued pursuant to the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, cf section 18.

"*Section 15 Bonds*" are bonds issued under this Base Prospectus pursuant to section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

"*Senior Unsecured Debt*" means debt issued under this Base Prospectus, which are unsecured and unsubordinated claims against the Issuer.

"*Series*" is the overall name assigned by Nykredit to one or more ISINs – for instance 12H. The figure is the series number and the letter the capital centre through which the Bonds were issued and thus the capital centre the assets of which are cover assets for the Bonds.

"*SDOs*" means mortgage covered bonds issued pursuant to the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, cf section 33 b.

6.4 Status of the Bonds

Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds are issued through Nykredit's active Capital Centres D, E, G, H and I. Any new capital centre may become subject to this Base Prospectus through the issuance of a

supplement to the Base Prospectus. Senior Unsecured Debt may be issued through Nykredit Realkredit In General or by a capital centre.

6.4.1 Covered Securities

Holders of Covered Securities have together with other holders of covered securities a primary preferential right to all the assets in the capital centre through which the relevant ISIN has been issued, and subsequently a primary preferential right to Nykredit Realkredit in General in pursuance of the provisions of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Pursuant to section 26(4) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, capital centres may enter into derivative contracts to hedge risk between cover assets and the issued bonds ("**Preferential Derivative Contracts**"), provided that the derivative contract stipulates that the Issuer's reconstruction proceedings, bankruptcy or failure to comply with any obligation to provide supplementary collateral according to section 33 d(1) shall not constitute an event of default. The right of a counterparty to a Preferential Derivative Contract ranks pari passu with that of the holders of Covered Securities, cf section 27(3) of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

Covered Securities constitute preferential claims against the Issuer and the relevant capital centre and rank pari passu with all covered securities (including refinancing bonds issued by a reconstruction administrator and the trustee in bankruptcy), present and future, as well as with Preferential Derivative Contracts and with claims for interest on Covered Securities and other covered securities in the period following the date of a bankruptcy order issued against the Issuer.

If the Issuer is adjudged bankrupt, expenses relating to the administration of the estate in bankruptcy, including expenses relating to the trustee in bankruptcy and staff, will be covered by the assets of each capital centre before claims pertaining to the Covered Securities, Preferential Derivative Contracts and claims for interest on Covered Securities in the period following the issue date of a bankruptcy order.

To the extent that claims pertaining to Covered Securities, Preferential Derivative Contracts and claims for interest on Covered Securities in the period following the issue date of a bankruptcy order cannot be covered by the relevant capital centre, residual claims may be raised against the Issuer's estate in bankruptcy. Such claims will rank after pre-preferential claims (sections 93 and 94 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act) and preferential claims (sections 95 and 96 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act), but before unsecured claims (section 97 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act).

6.4.2 Section 15 Bonds

Claims pertaining to Section 15 Bonds and claims pertaining to other bonds issued pursuant to section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act rank immediately after the claims pertaining to Covered Securities and other covered securities, Preferential Derivative Contracts and claims for interest on Covered Securities and other covered securities in the period following the issue date of a bankruptcy order, and they thus confer a secondary preferential right to the assets in the capital centre to which they relate. To the extent that the claims pertaining to Section 15 Bonds are not covered by the assets of the relevant capital centre, they may be raised against the Issuer's estate in bankruptcy as unsecured claims, cf section 97 of the Danish Bankruptcy Act.

Claims pertaining to bonds which have lost their covered bond status and Preferential Derivative Contracts will retain their ranking with regard to the estate in bankruptcy. The same applies to debt raised by the Issuer in order to provide supplementary collateral or increase the overcollateralisation of a capital centre in compliance with section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act.

6.4.3 Senior Unsecured Debt

Senior Unsecured Debt consists of direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured claims against the Issuer, which will at any time rank pari passu and have at least the same rights as all other present and future unsecured claims against the Issuer except for claims which are preferential in pursuance of indispensable provisions of law of general application.

6.5 Interest

a) Fixed-rate Bonds

All fixed-rate Bonds carry interest denoted as an annual percentage of the Denomination of the Bonds from the first day the Bonds are interest-bearing as set out in the Final Bond Terms.

b) Floating-rate Bonds

All floating-rate Bonds carry interest relative to the Denomination of the Bonds which rate is expressed as an annual percentage.

The Coupon Interest of floating-rate Bonds is calculated for each Payment Period in relation to the stated Reference Rate plus an Interest Rate Spread as set out in the Final Bond Terms.

In connection with the opening of an ISIN, Nykredit fixes the bond interest rate for the period up to the first Interest Rate Reset and the size of the Interest Rate Spread, if any, applicable throughout the maturity of the Bonds in the Final Bond Terms. Nykredit may decide that the Interest Rate Spread only applies until the next following Interest Rate Reset.

Nykredit may furthermore fix one or more interest rate caps and/or floors in the Final Bond Terms, which will be applicable for part of or the entire maturity of the Bonds. When reset, the bond interest rate must not exceed the interest rate cap or fall below the interest rate floor, if any.

If the Reference Rate plus an Interest Rate Spread is less than zero, the Final Bond Terms may state that Nykredit may choose to offset the negative interest amount in respect of the bond investor. This may take place by set-off against redemption amounts or by writing down bond investors' nominal bond holdings. If the negative interest amount exceeds the redemption amount, Nykredit may opt for additional redemption and set-off corresponding to the remaining negative interest amount. Nykredit reserves the right to collect negative interest from Bondholders otherwise. Bondholders will be informed of any collection of negative interest amounts.

c) Fixing method

The interest rate of bonds of the same ISIN may be reset on the basis of one of the following fixing methods as set out in the Final Bond Terms:

[x] days' average (adjusted)

A simple average is calculated based on the Reference Rate quoted in the last [x] Business Days up to and including the [y] last Business Day before the start of a new fixing period. An Interest Rate Spread is added to the Reference Rate average, and the sum is multiplied by 365/360 (bond interest rate = 365/360* (Reference Rate average + Interest Rate Spread)). The Interest Rate Spread may be negative. The bond interest rate calculated accordingly will be the bond interest rate for the subsequent fixing period, but see below concerning the opening of an ISIN; [x] last Business Day (adjusted)

The Reference Rate on the [x] last Business Day before a new fixing period begins plus an Interest Rate Spread, multiplied by 365/360 (bond interest rate = 365/360*(Reference Rate + Interest Rate Spread)). The Interest Rate Spread may be negative. The bond interest rate calculated accordingly will be the bond interest rate for the subsequent fixing period, but see below concerning the opening of an ISIN;

• [x] last Business Day

An Interest Rate Spread is added to the Reference Rate quoted on the [x] last Business Day before the beginning of a new fixing period. The Interest Rate Spread may be negative. The bond interest rate calculated accordingly will be the bond interest rate for the subsequent fixing period, but see below concerning the opening of an ISIN; or

• Any other fixing method may be set out in the applicable Final Bond Terms.

d) Termination of interest accrual

Interest on the Bonds will cease to accrue on the Maturity Date, unless payments are wrongfully withheld or refused.

6.6 Deferral of interest payments

Nykredit will defer payments to the holders of Section 15 Bonds if such payments would lead to a breach of the balance principle, or if the balance principle applicable at any time has already been breached. If Nykredit remedies the breach within one week, payments will not be deferred. Nykredit will resume payments to holders of Section 15 Bonds from the time the above tests show that the balance principle is no longer breached. No additional amount will be payable to the holders of Section 15 Bonds in connection with such deferral.

Payments to the holders of Section 15 Bonds will furthermore be deferred if a reconstruction has been initiated or a bankruptcy order has been issued against Nykredit in accordance with the Danish Bankruptcy Act. In case of deferral, the Bondholders will be entitled to claim such deferred payments in connection with the bankruptcy or solvent liquidation of the Issuer or to prove such claim after Nykredit's reconstruction.

Such deferral of interest payments does not affect the legal position as regards the Bondholders' claims as set out in 6.4 "Status of the Bonds", cf 6.4.2.

6.7 Amortisation and redemption

6.7.1 Amortisation and final redemption

The Bonds are either

- bullet bonds;
- amortised according to the annuity principle (ie the mortgage payments on the loans funded by the bonds are largely unchanged throughout the loan term);
- amortised according to the serial principle (ie the principal payments on the loans funded by the bonds are largely unchanged throughout the loan term);
- amortised according to the index principle (ie the principal payments on the loans funded by the bonds increase based on a pre-determined index); or
- bullet bonds coupled with amortisation based on the annuity, serial or index principle (also referred to as "hybrid amortisation" or "hybrid loan").

a) Callable Covered Securities

Covered Securities may be redeemed by way of ordinary principal payments, if no interest-only period has been agreed with the borrowers in respect of loans funded by the Covered Securities, by redemption resulting from prepayments or by full redemption on the Maturity Date.

Covered Securities of the same ISIN are amortised concurrently with the ordinary principal payments on loans funded by the Covered Securities. This also applies to preissued Covered Securities or Covered Securities issued in connection with the conclusion of fixed-price agreements with borrowers in respect of loans funded by the Covered Securities.

Where the prepayment of loans funded by the Covered Securities is not counterbalanced by the redemption or cancellation of Covered Securities, the amortisation will continue as if the loans funded by the Covered Securities were repaid on an ordinary basis until the Covered Securities are redeemed or cancelled.

When loans funded by the Covered Securities have been amortised through ordinary principal payments, the Covered Securities are redeemed at par. Loans funded by the Covered Securities may be prepaid either by delivering Covered Securities of the same ISIN as the Covered Securities issued to fund the loans or through a cash payment of the amount required to redeem the Covered Securities at a pre-fixed price (redemption price) or by a cash payment of the amount demanded by Nykredit or a credit institution forming part of the Nykredit Group in connection with immediate prepayment.

In connection with the opening of an ISIN, Nykredit fixes the redemption price at which the Covered Securities may be redeemed by way of prepayment of the loans by the borrowers. The redemption price will apply throughout the maturity of the Covered Securities.

Redemption of Covered Securities as a result of prepayment may consequently take place solely at the pre-fixed redemption price of the ISIN concerned immediately or at a later point in time. The redemption of Covered Securities resulting from ordinary principal payments and prepayments will, however, take place collectively and at a weighted average price in a price range between par (100) and the pre-fixed redemption price.

The redeemed amounts will be disbursed to the Bondholders on the Payment Date.

b) Non-callable Covered Securities

There is no direct correlation between the amortisation of the Covered Securities (redemption or cancellation) and the ordinary principal payments or prepayments on the loans funded by the Covered Securities.

The Covered Securities are amortised in accordance with a pre-determined amortisation profile by redemption at par on prepayment and/or on the Maturity Date of the Covered Securities. Amounts redeemed will be disbursed to the Bondholders on the Payment Dates.

c) Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt

Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt fund bullet loans. The Bonds are amortised by redemption at par on the date of maturity set out in the Final Bond Terms.

However, Nykredit may in the Final Bond Terms state that the maturity of the Section 15 Bonds issued and Senior Unsecured Debt may be extended. In that case the terms and conditions for such extension will be set out in detail in the Final Bond Terms.

Redemption by the Issuer

Covered Securities

The Issuer cannot call the Covered Securities prior to the Maturity Date of the bonds (no "call option").

The Issuer reserves the right (within the limits of the balance principle) to let the borrowers in respect of loans funded by the Covered Securities redeem the loans by depositing other bonds for the loans – for instance to avoid any lock-in effect.

Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt

As regards Section 15 Bonds and Senior Unsecured Debt, the Final Bond Terms may state that the Issuer under certain circumstances may redeem the Bonds prior to the Maturity Date ("call option").

6.7.2 Bondholders' right of redemption

Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds

Bondholders are not entitled to have their Bonds redeemed prior to the Maturity Date of the Bonds (no "put option").

Senior Unsecured Debt

The Final Bond Terms of Senior Unsecured Debt may state that investors in Senior Unsecured Debt may redeem the Bonds prior to the Maturity Date ("put option") under certain circumstances.

6.8 Issuer's acquisition of Bonds

Nykredit and any of Nykredit's subsidiaries (cf section 5 of the Danish Companies Act) may at any time buy back self-issued Bonds (or part thereof) in the open market and at any price prior to their maturity and keep such buybacks as self-issued Bonds or amortise the Bonds by cancellation.

6.9 Cancellation of Bonds

Special terms applying to Covered Securities

If a borrower has exercised its right to prepay its mortgage loan in part or in full, the Issuer may choose to cancel the Covered Securities funding the loan.

Terms applying to all Bonds

All Bonds issued by Nykredit under this Base Prospectus may be cancelled by Nykredit when Nykredit holds the title to them. The Bonds are cancelled in the register of VP or VP LUX, as the case may be, so that the cancelled Bonds cannot be reissued or resold, and subsequently Nykredit has no obligations pertaining to the cancelled Bonds.

The outstanding amount of Bonds will be updated in the register of VP or VP LUX, as the case may be, and published at NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S's website, www.nasdaqomxnordic.com.

6.10 Statutory refinancing

In accordance with the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act and the executive order in pursuance thereof on the refinancing of adjustable-rate mortgage loans (Executive Order no 251 of 19 March 2014), rules on statutory refinancing of bonds used for the funding of mortgage loans apply in special situations where the maturity of these bonds is shorter than the term of the mortgage loan funded by the bonds.

Under the above-mentioned Act and Executive Order, and for the purpose of 6.10, maturity in connection with the refinancing of a mortgage loan means the time-to-maturity of the underlying bonds on the due date, which is the time when the funding of the loan changes from the maturing bonds to the newly issued bonds.

Statutory refinancing does not change the status of the Bonds, cf 6.4.

It will appear from the Final Bond Terms whether the Bonds are subject to statutory refinancing pursuant to 6.10.

6.10.1 Statutory refinancing – Covered Securities

Covered Securities issued up to and including 31 December 2014

This subparagraph applies to Covered Securities issued in the period from the date of approval of this Base Prospectus up to and including 31 December 2014.

i) Interest rate trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs and ROs), and if the underlying Covered Securities carry a fixed interest rate, the maturity of the Covered Securities, which at maturity are to be replaced by new bonds with a maturity of up to and including 12 months at the refinancing of a loan, will be extended by 12 months if the yield-to-maturity in connection with the refinancing of a mortgage loan will be more than 5 percentage points higher than the yield-to-maturity at the time of issuance of the Covered Securities. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

When the Covered Securities mature after the 12-month extension, new bonds must be issued to replace them. The first sentence of this paragraph does not apply to such issuance.

- ii) Failed refinancing trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs or ROs), and if the underlying Covered Securities carry a fixed interest rate, the maturity of the Covered Securities which at maturity are to be replaced by new bonds with a maturity of up to and including 12 months at the refinancing of a loan or which have been maturity-extended pursuant to i) is extended by 12 months at a time if there are not sufficient purchasers for all the required new bonds, until the number of purchasers for the required new bonds makes refinancing possible. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.
- iii) The interest rate of Covered Securities which have been maturity-extended pursuant to i) or ii) of this subparagraph is fixed at the yield-to-maturity of the Covered Securities issued plus 5 percentage points. For Covered Securities that have not been used to refinance loans, and for which the interest rate therefore cannot be fixed on the basis of the most recent refinancing, the interest rate will be the yield-to-maturity of the bond concerned or a corresponding bond with the same time-to-maturity 11 to 14 months earlier plus 5 percentage points. The interest rate is fixed when the maturity of the Covered Securities is extended for the first time. Upon additional extension of the maturity pursuant to ii) of this subparagraph, the interest rate fixed in accordance with the first sentence of this paragraph will continue to apply.

Decisions on maturity extension and interest rate fixing will be made by Nykredit based on the method described in 6.10.3 "Notices concerning statutory refinancing".

Covered Securities issued on or after 1 January 2015

This subparagraph applies to Covered Securities issued on or after 1 January 2015.

i) Interest rate trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs or ROs), and if the underlying Covered Securities carry a fixed interest rate, the maturity of the Covered Securities which at maturity are to be replaced by new bonds with a maturity of up to and including 12 months at the refinancing of a loan will be extended by 12 months if the yield-to-maturity in connection with the refinancing of a mortgage loan will be more than 5 percentage points higher than the yield-to-maturity at the time of issuance of the Covered Securities. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

When the Covered Securities mature after the 12-month extension, new bonds must be issued to replace them. The first sentence of this paragraph does not apply to such issuance.

ii) Interest rate trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs or ROs), and if the underlying Covered Securities carry a fixed interest rate, the maturity of the Covered Securities which at maturity are to be replaced by new bonds with a maturity of more than 12 months and up to and including 24 months at the refinancing of a loan or which have been maturity-extended pursuant to i) will be extended by 12 months if the yield-to-maturity in connection with the refinancing will be more than 5 percentage points higher than the yield-to-maturity of a corresponding bond with the same maturity 11 to 14 months earlier. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

When the Covered Securities mature after the 12-month extension, new Covered Securities must be issued to replace them. The first sentence of this paragraph does not apply to such issuance.

iii) Interest rate trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs or ROs), and if the underlying Covered Securities carry a variable interest rate, the interest rate of Covered Securities with a maturity of up to and including 24 months at the refinancing of a mortgage loan cannot be fixed at a rate more than 5 percentage points above the most recently fixed interest rate, and the interest rate is fixed within the said 12 months or up to the next refinancing. If the interest rate in connection with refinancing will be more than 5 percentage points higher than the most recently fixed interest rate for the existing Covered Securities, the maturity of these Covered Securities will be extended by 12 months. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

When the Covered Securities mature after the 12-month extension, new bonds must be issued to replace them. The second sentence of this paragraph does not apply to such issuance.

iv) Failed refinancing trigger: If the term of a mortgage loan exceeds the maturity of the underlying Covered Securities (SDOs or ROs), the maturity of the Covered Securities which at maturity are to be replaced by new bonds to refinance a loan is extended by 12 months at a time if there are not purchasers for all the required new bonds until the number of purchasers for the required new bonds makes refinancing possible. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

If a loan requires refinancing, and the underlying Covered Securities have a maturity of more than 12 months at the refinancing of a mortgage loan, and if there are not sufficient purchasers for all the required new bonds, attempts may be made, irrespective of ii) and iii) of this subparagraph, to refinance the loan by means of bonds with a shorter maturity prior to an extension pursuant to ii) and iii).

v) The interest rate of fixed-rate Covered Securities which have been maturity-extended pursuant to
i) or iv) of this subparagraph is fixed at the yield-to-maturity in connection with the most recent
refinancing plus 5 percentage points. For Covered Securities that have not been used to refinance

loans, and for which the interest rate therefore cannot be fixed on the basis of the most recent refinancing, the interest rate will be the yield-to-maturity of the bond concerned or a corresponding bond with the same time-to-maturity 11 to 14 months earlier plus 5 percentage points. The interest rate is fixed when the maturity of the bonds is extended for the first time. Upon additional extension of the maturity pursuant to iv) of this subparagraph, the interest rate fixed in accordance with the first sentence of this paragraph will continue to apply.

vi) The interest rate of fixed-rate Covered Securities which had a maturity from 12 up to and including 24 months at the refinancing of a mortgage loan and which have been maturity-extended pursuant to ii) or iv) of this subparagraph is fixed at the yield-to-maturity of corresponding bonds with the same time-to-maturity 11 to 14 months earlier plus 5 percentage points. For Covered Securities that have not been used to refinance loans, and for which the interest rate therefore cannot be fixed on the basis of the most recent refinancing, the interest rate will be the yield-to-maturity of the Covered Security concerned or a corresponding bond with the same time-to-maturity 11 to 14 months earlier plus 5 percentage points. The interest rate of fixed-rate bonds which had a maturity of more than 24 months at the disbursement of a mortgage loan funded by the Covered Securities and which have been maturity-extended pursuant to iv) of this subparagraph is fixed at the yield-to-maturity of bonds with a time-to-maturity of 11 to 14 months fixed 11 to 14 months earlier plus 5 percentage points.

The interest rate is fixed for the first time when the maturity of the Covered Securities is extended. The interest rate fixed in accordance with the first or second sentence of this paragraph will continue to apply in connection with additional extension of the maturity pursuant to iv).

vii) The interest rate of variable-rate Covered Securities which have been maturity-extended pursuant to iii) or iv) of this subparagraph is fixed at the most recently fixed interest rate plus 5 percentage points. The interest rate fixed in accordance with the first sentence will remain unchanged for all the 12 months of the extension.

The interest rate is fixed when the maturity of the Covered Securities is extended for the first time. The interest rate fixed pursuant to the first sentence of this paragraph will continue to apply in connection with additional extension of the maturity pursuant to iv) of this subparagraph.

Decisions on maturity extension and interest rate fixing will be made by Nykredit based on the method described in 6.10.3 "Notices concerning statutory refinancing".

6.10.2 Statutory refinancing – Section 15 Bonds

If Covered Securities are maturity-extended in accordance with 6.10.1, Nykredit is obliged to extend the maturity correspondingly for Section 15 Bonds issued through the same capital centre and applied as supplementary collateral for the maturity-extended Covered Securities if the ordinary maturity date of Section 15 Bonds is in the extension period. However, the Section 15 Bonds may be redeemed on their ordinary maturity date if Nykredit issues or has issued new loans for their full or partial replacement. The maturity extension may be made for all or part of a given ISIN.

Decisions on maturity extension in accordance with this 6.10.2 will be made by Nykredit based on the method described in 6.10.3 "Notices concerning statutory refinancing".

6.10.3 Notices concerning statutory refinancing

Prior to the sale of bonds subject to 6.10, Nykredit will publish an offering schedule. It will specify the loan types which the sale is to refinance, the expected offering and the period within which the sale is expected to be completed as well as when it will be announced whether the number of purchasers was sufficient for selling all the required new bonds. The offering schedule may subsequently be revised.

For practical and administrative reasons, the interest rate may rise by more than 5 percentage points. However, the Issuer must schedule its bond sales to ensure that such a rise only applies to a limited part of a bond issue which is to replace maturing Covered Securities. The Issuer may exclusively conduct an auction or similar measure if it has a legitimate expectation immediately before the auction that the auction may be held without an interest rate rise of more than 5 percentage points. If an auction or similar transaction leads to an interest rate rise of more than 5 percentage points, the Issuer must discontinue the sale, and it cannot be resumed until the Issuer has a legitimate expectation that the auction can be held without an interest rate rise of more than 5 percentage points.

The published offering schedule will also state the interest rate which will trigger a maturity extension for each ISIN pursuant to 6.10.1 i) or ii) and 6.10.3 i)-iii).

Decisions to extend the maturity of all or part of a given ISIN by 12 months will be made by Nykredit, which will notify the market thereof without delay by way of a stock exchange announcement and its website, nykredit.com. The interest rate will also be stated in the notice. The decision will be made not later than two Business Days before the Maturity Date.

6.11 Payments

Nykredit will pay interest and redemption amounts to Bondholders by transferring the amounts on the due date to accounts with banks, paying agents, securities dealers, etc, as instructed by the account controller to VP or VP LUX, as the case may be.

If the due date is not a Business Day, payments will be deferred to the next following Business Day. Bondholders are not entitled to interest or any other amounts based on such deferred payment or the validation rules of the account controller.

6.12 Taxation

Nykredit does not accept any liability for tax withheld or for collection of withholding tax irrespective of where the Bonds are registered. If Nykredit is obliged to withhold tax or collect withholding tax pursuant to rules introduced after the Bonds have been issued, Nykredit will do so, and Nykredit will not be obliged to pay any additional amounts to Bondholders nor will Nykredit accept liability for any deduction in the amount disbursed to Bondholders.

6.13 Breach

Covered Securities and Section 15 Bonds

Holders of SDOs, ROs and Section 15 Bonds may not rely on the issuance of a bankruptcy order against Nykredit as a ground for acceleration of payments by Nykredit. Correspondingly, a bankruptcy order against Nykredit will not bar Nykredit's borrowers in respect of loans funded by the Covered Securities from prepaying their mortgage loans in full or in part in accordance with the prepayment terms of the relevant loans.

The estate in bankruptcy cannot meet a payment obligation prior to the pre-determined due date, thereby discharging itself from such obligation.

Holders of SDOs, ROs and Section 15 Bonds may not rely on statutory refinancing as described in 6.10 above as a ground for acceleration of payments by Nykredit. Further, statutory refinancing does not constitute breach on the part of Nykredit. Nykredit's borrowers retain their right to prepay their mortgage loans in part or in full in accordance with the loan prepayment terms.

Senior Unsecured Debt

With respect to Senior Unsecured Debt, Bondholders may in connection with the events of breach listed below make a written demand for satisfaction of their claims to the Issuer at its registered office, and the

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unpaid amounts of Senior Unsecured Debt (including accrued interest) fall due immediately save where such breach has been remedied before the Issuer's receipt of such demand:

- Non-payment: If any payment of interest or principal relating to Senior Unsecured Debt and remains unpaid for more than seven days after the Bondholder's written notice to the Issuer concerning the non-payment;
- (ii) Failure to honour other obligations: If the Issuer fails to perform or honour one or more of its other obligations in relation to Senior Unsecured Debt which breach cannot be remedied within 30 days from a written notice of such breach to the Issuer at its registered office;
- (iii) Enforcement: If the Issuer defaults, is subjected to enforcement or other legal procedure involving levying, collection or enforcement in respect of, or a legal action is brought against, the Issuer's real estate, assets or income which has a significant effect on the Issuer's financial circumstances or operations and which is not remedied within 60 days; or
- (iv) Resolution/bankruptcy: If the Issuer enters into liquidation or bankruptcy proceedings, or if the Issuer is otherwise under resolution.

Liquidation involves one or more liquidators appointed by the Minister for Business and Growth, and at least one of these persons must be a law graduate, cf section 231 of the Danish Financial Business Act. If the Issuer is in liquidation, a petition in bankruptcy may only be made by the liquidators or the Danish FSA, cf section 233 of the Danish Financial Business Act. The Danish FSA may also file a petition in bankruptcy, if the Issuer becomes insolvent. On making the bankruptcy order, the Bankruptcy Court appoints one or more trustees in bankruptcy following negotiation with the Danish FSA. One of the trustees must be a law graduate.

6.14 Limitation

Claims for payment under the Bonds become statute-barred pursuant to the Danish Act on Limitations. Claims for principal payments become statute-barred after 10 years, and claims for interest payments become statute-barred after 3 years from the date on which the creditor's claim for payment crystallised pursuant to section 2 of the Danish Act on Limitations.

6.15 Additional issues

Nykredit may at any time issue additional bonds in one or more existing ISINs without the consent of the Bondholders. The Final Bond Terms for a given ISIN will remain unchanged except for the outstanding amount.

Further, Nykredit may at any time issue bonds in one or more new ISINs without the consent of the Bondholders.

6.16 Conflicts of interest

With respect to the Bonds, the stakeholders are the borrowers in respect of loans funded by the Covered Securities, the Bondholders, Nykredit and public authorities.

Nykredit is not aware of any interests and/or conflicts of interest of importance to the offering of the Bonds. Any interests and/or conflicts of interest which are of significant importance to Nykredit in connection with bond issuance, including a specification of the persons involved and the nature of the interest, will be described in the Final Bond Terms.

6.17 Notices

Notices to the Bondholders will be issued in accordance with the rules and procedures of VP or VP LUX, as the case may be, as well as the rules applying to the regulated market on which the Bonds are admitted to trading.

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6.18 Representation of Bondholders

The terms applying to Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus do not contain any provisions on representation of the Bondholders.

6.19 Governing law and venue

The Bonds and any legal matters arising out of or in connection with the Bonds are governed by Danish law. The venue for the Bonds and any legal matters arising out of or in connection with the Bonds is the judicial district in which Nykredit's registered office is located from time to time.

6.20 Nykredit's liability for damages

Nykredit will be liable for damages resulting from any delay or default in performing its obligations if such delay or default is due to error or negligence.

Even in areas where stricter statutory liability applies, Nykredit is not liable for losses due to

- Interruption/lack of access to IT systems or damage to the data of these systems which can be attributed to the events below regardless of whether Nykredit or an external supplier is responsible for the operation of the systems;
- failures in Nykredit's power supply or telecommunications, statutory intervention or administrative acts, natural disasters, war, insurrection, civil unrest, sabotage, terrorism or vandalism (including computer viruses and hacking);
- strike, lockout, boycott or blockade regardless of whether the conflict is directed at or initiated by Nykredit or its organisation and regardless of the reason for the conflict. This shall also apply where the conflict only affects part of Nykredit or its organisation; and
- other circumstances beyond Nykredit's control.

Nykredit's exemption from liability does not apply if

- Nykredit should have anticipated the factor causing the loss when the agreement or contract was concluded or should have avoided or overcome the cause of the loss; or
- Nykredit is liable for the factor causing the loss pursuant to Danish law.

7 FORM OF FINAL BOND TERMS

Bond forms

Below please find forms for fixed-rate and floating-rate Bonds, respectively, with standard text and the variables applied most often. Allowance should be made for the possibility of variation between the wording of the indicated form and that of the Final Bond Terms. However, any material changes or information relating to the contents of this Base Prospectus will be announced by way of a new Base Prospectus or a supplement to the existing Base Prospectus. Guidelines on how fields should be filled in are set out in italics below:

Final Bond Terms

These Final Bond Terms only apply to the stated ISIN(s).

The Bonds have been issued pursuant to Nykredit Realkredit A/S's base prospectus dated $[\bullet]$ [and prospectus supplement no $[\bullet]$ dated $[\bullet]$] [Any additional prospectus supplements are numbered, and the dates thereof are stated]] ([together referred to as] the "Base Prospectus").

Definitions set out in these Final Bond Terms shall be taken to be the same as those applying to 6 "TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE BONDS" of this Base Prospectus. Definitions in this Base Prospectus have the same meaning in the Final Bond Terms, unless otherwise indicated by the context.

Nykredit declares:

- that the Final Bond Terms have been prepared in accordance with Article 5(4) of Directive 2003/71/EC and must be read in conjunction with this Base Prospectus and any prospectus supplements;
- that this Base Prospectus and any supplements to this Base Prospectus have been published electronically at Nykredit's website, nykredit.com, and at the website of the Danish FSA, ftnet.com;
- that in order to obtain all information, an investor should read this Base Prospectus, any
 prospectus supplements and the Final Bond Terms, and that Appendix A to the Final
 Bond Terms contains a summary of this specific issue.

Nykredit

Final Bond Terms dated [date]

Fixed-Rate Bonds	Comments				
1. Series/Capital centre:	[Series name]/Capital Centre [D/E/G/H/I/[•]]				
2. Bond type:	[SDOs/ROs/Section 15 Bonds/Senior Unsecured Debt]				
3. ISIN:	[ISIN]				
4. First Day of Listing:	[[•] (The first day on which the security has been admitted to trading on a regulated market)]				
5. Maturity Date:	[Maturity Date]				
6. Denomination Currency:	[Currency]				
7. Denomination:	[•] [Smallest trading unit [•]; smallest registration unit [•]]				
Interest and payment					
8. Coupon Interest:	[Nominal interest rate % pa]				
9. Yield-to-maturity:	[Cannot be specified, as the Bonds are issued on regularly long as the ISIN is open.][Yield-to-maturity, if possible]				
10. Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/Actual – ICMA/[•]				
11. Annual number of Payment Dates:	[•]				
12. Payment Periods:	[a/b/20xx – c/d/20yy [short/long] first coupon.] [[a/b – c/d, e/f – g/h, etc] each year until the Maturity Date.] [Interest is calculated from the first day of the Payment Period to the last day of the Payment Period both days inclusive ("unadjusted").][●]				
13. Business Days:	[Danish Business Days]/[TARGET2 Business Days]/[•]				
14. Payment Dates:	[[Dates] each year until the Maturity Date.] [If the day on which interest or principal is payable is not a Business Day, the payment will fall due on				
	the next following Business Day (business day convention: "Following Business Day").] [•]				
15. The ISIN includes: Bullet loan					

This document is an English translation of the original Danish text. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

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Serial Ioan	[Yes/No]				
Interest-only option	[Yes/No]				
16. Redemption price on prepayment:	[100/105] [Not applicable, as the Bonds are non-callable.]				
17. Exempt from Par Agreement:	[Yes/No]				
18. Subject to the rules governing statutory refinancing:					
i) Interest rate trigger	[Yes/No] [any comments or supplementary descriptions]				
ii) Failed refinancing trigger	[Yes/No] [any comments or supplementary descriptions]				
Securities depositary and regulated					
market 19. Place of registration:	[VP Securities A/S, Weidekampsgade 14, PO Box 4040, DK-2300 Copenhagen S] [VP LUX S.à.r.l., 32, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg.] [<i>name and address of other securities depositary.</i>]				
20. Place of Listing:	[The Bonds will be admitted to trading on [NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S] [other regulated or similar markets where Bonds of the same ISIN have already been admitted to trading]. [The date of admission to trading is [date]]]. [The Bonds will not be admitted to trading on a regulated or similar market].				
Costs and offering 21. Costs of admission to trading on a regulated market:	[Cannot be specified, as it depends on the outstanding amount of Bonds of the ISIN, which again depends on the demand of the borrowers.] [The costs are not payable by purchasers of the Bonds.] [•]				
22. Other costs payable by purchasers of the Bonds:	[Standard trading costs, ie commission and/or price spread.] [•]				
23. Issue price:	[•]/[Issue price cannot be specified, as the Bonds are issued regularly as long as the ISIN is open.]				
	[The price is fixed on the basis of bids/offers and is published at the website of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S: www.nasdaqomxnordic.com] [•]				
24. Information on the outstanding amount of Bonds:	[The outstanding amount of Bonds will be announced regularly at the website of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S: www.nasdaqomxnordic.com]				

25. Offer period/subscription process:	[other regulated or similar markets where bonds of the same ISIN have already been admitted to trading]. [There will be no public offer, as the Bonds are placed by the Issuer via the regulated market of the Place of Listing.] [Description of offer period and/or subscription process]
26. Restrictions on an individual investor's right to subscribe for the Bonds:	[The Issuer has not imposed any restrictions on an individual investor's right to subscribe for the Bonds.] [<i>Description of any limitations</i>]
27. Registration of holders:	[Yes/No]
28. Agreements on placement and/or underwriting of the offer:	[Nykredit has not entered into any binding agreement with any third party concerning the placement and/or underwriting of the issue of the Bonds.] [Nykredit has entered into an agreement with the following arrangers: [Arranger, address] [Arranger 2, address] The agreement includes the following terms and conditions: [material contractual terms]] [•]
29. Agreements on market making:	[Nykredit has not entered into any agreement with any enterprise concerning market making in the Bonds.] [Nykredit pays [<i>Name and address of enterprises</i>] for market making on the regulated market of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S on the following terms [<i>description of market making terms</i> .]
30. Conflicts of interest:	[Nykredit is not aware of any conflicts of interest of importance to the offering of the Bonds.] [Description of any conflicts of interest material to the offering of Bonds will be material, including a specification of the persons involved and the nature of such interest.]
31. Authorisations and approvals pursuant to which the Bonds have been issued:	[Description of authorisations and approvals]
32. Credit rating of the Bonds:	[Credit rating and credit rating agency]
33. [Selling restrictions for investors related to the US: [The entire	[Regulation S, Category [1/2] TEFRA does not apply.] [•]

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paragraph is omitted if the issue does not involve foreign arrangers.]]

Final Bond Terms dated [date]

Variable-Rate Bonds 1. Series/Capital centre:	Comments [Series name]/Capital Centre [D/E/G/H/I]				
2. Bond type:	[SDOs/ROs/Section 15 Bonds/Senior Unsecure Debt]				
3. ISIN:	[ISIN]				
4. First Day of Listing:	[The first day on which the security has been admitted to trading on a regulated market]				
5. Maturity Date:	[Maturity Date]				
6. Denomination Currency:	[Currency]				
7. Denomination:	[•] [Smallest trading unit [•]; smallest registration unit [•]]				
Interest and payment 8. Coupon Interest:	[For the period until the first interest rate reset, the interest rate is $[\bullet]\%$ pa]				
9. Reference Rate:	[Cibor/Euribor/Cita/1M/3M/6M/12M]/[•]				
10. Interest Rate Spread:	[●]% pa				
10. Interest Rate Spread: 11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency:	[●]% pa [●]				
11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency:	[•]				
11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency: 12. Fixing method:	[•][•][Cannot be specified, as the Bonds carry a floating				
11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency: 12. Fixing method: 13. Yield-to-maturity:	 [•] [•] [Cannot be specified, as the Bonds carry a floating interest rate.] 				
 11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency: 12. Fixing method: 13. Yield-to-maturity: 14. Day Count Fraction: 	 [•] [•] [Cannot be specified, as the Bonds carry a floating interest rate.] [Actual/Actual – ICMA] [•] 				
 11. Interest Rate Reset Frequency: 12. Fixing method: 13. Yield-to-maturity: 14. Day Count Fraction: 15. Annual number of Payment Dates: 	 [•] [•] [Cannot be specified, as the Bonds carry a floating interest rate.] [Actual/Actual – ICMA] [•] [•] [a/b/20xx – c/d/20yy [short/long] first coupon.] [[a/b – c/d, e/f – g/h, etc] each year until the Maturity Date.] [Interest is calculated from the first day of the Payment Period to the last day of the Payment 				

[If the day on which interest or principal is payable is not a Business Day, the payment falls due on the next following Business Day (business day convention: "Following Business Day").] [•]

19. The ISIN includes:					
Bullet loans	[Yes/No]				
Annuity loans	[Yes/No]				
Serial loans	[Yes/No]				
Interest-only option	[Yes/No]				
Hybrid loans	[Yes/No]				
	[100/100]				
20. Redemption price on prepayment:	[100/105] [Not applicable, as the Bonds are non- callable.] [•]				
21. Exempt from Par Agreement:	[Yes/No]				
22. Subject to the rules governing statutory refinancing:					
i) Interest rate trigger	[Yes/No] [any comments or supplementary descriptions]				
ii) Failed refinancing trigger	[Yes/No] [any comments or supplementary descriptions]				
Securities depositary and regulated market					
23. Place of registration:	[VD Sequrities A/S Weidekemperede 14 DO Bey				
	[VP Securities A/S, Weidekampsgade 14, PO Box 4040, DK-2300 Copenhagen S] [VP LUX S.à.r.I., 32, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg.] [<i>name and address of other securities depositary.</i>]				
24. Place of Listing:	[The Bonds will be admitted to trading on the regulated market of [NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S] [other regulated or similar markets where Bonds of the same ISIN have already been admitted to trading]. The date of admission to trading is [date]]. [The Bonds will not be admitted to trading on a regulated or similar market].				
Costs and offering					
25. Costs of admission to trading on a regulated market:	[Cannot be specified, as it depends on the outstanding amount of Bonds of the ISIN, which again depends on the demand of the borrowers.] [The costs are not payable by purchasers of the Bonds.][•]				
26. Other costs payable by purchasers of the Bonds:	[Standard trading costs, ie commission and/or price spread.][•]				
27. Issue price:	 The issue price cannot be specified, as the Bonds are issued regularly basis as long as the ISIN 				

This document is an English translation of the original Danish text. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

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is open.]

[The price is fixed on the basis of bids/offers and is published at the website of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S: www.nasdaqomxnordic.com]

the same ISIN have already been admitted to

[•] [There will be no public offer, as the Bonds are sold by the Issuer via the regulated market of the

[The Issuer has not imposed any restrictions on an

individual investor's right to subscribe for the

[Nykredit has not entered into any binding

agreement with any third party concerning the placement and/or underwriting of the issue of the

[Nykredit has entered into an agreement with the

The agreement includes the following terms and

 28. Information on the outstanding amount of Bonds:
 [The outstanding amount of Bonds will be announced regularly at the website of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S: www.nasdaqomxnordic.com] [Other regulated or similar markets where bonds of

trading].

Place of Listing.]

Bonds.][•]

[Yes/No]

Bonds.]

conditions:

following arrangers: [Arranger, address] [Arranger 2, address]

[material contractual terms]]

29. Offer period/subscription process:

30. Restrictions on an individual investor's right to subscribe for the Bonds:

31. Registered Bondholders:

32. Agreements on placement and/or underwriting of the offer:

33. Agreements on market making:

34. Conflicts of interest:

[Nykredit has not entered into an agreement with any enterprise concerning market making in the Bonds.] [Nykredit pays [*Name and address of enterprises*] for market making on the regulated market of

for market making on the regulated market of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S on the following terms [*description of market making terms*.]

Nykredit is not aware of any conflicts of interest of importance to the offering of the Bonds. [Description of any conflicts of interest material to the offering of Bonds, including a specification of the persons involved and the nature of such interest.]

35. Authorisations and approvals [Description of authorisations and approvals] pursuant to which the Bonds have been issued:

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36. Credit rating of the Bonds:

[Credit rating and credit rating agency]

37. [Selling restrictions for investors related to the US: [*The entire paragraph is omitted if the issue does not involve foreign arrangers.*]]

[Regulation S, Category [1/2] TEFRA does not apply.] [•]

Annex A to "Final Bond Terms"

A summary of the relevant issue – including information on the Final Bond Terms – is appended to the Final Bond Terms.

8 DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED IN THIS BASE PROSPECTUS BY REFERENCE

This Base Prospectus should be read and understood in conjunction with (i) Nykredit's audited consolidated financial statements for the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013, both together with appurtenant Auditors' Reports, Nykredit's unaudited consolidated interim report for the period 1 January to 31 March 2014 and (ii) the paragraphs entitled "Bond information" on pages 20-22 of Prospectus for the offering of SDOs in Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Capital Centre E dated 9 November 2007, pages 24-27 of Prospectus for the offering of SDOs in Nykredit Realkredit A/S in Capital Centre H dated 18 August 2011, pages 24-26 of Prospectus for the offering of covered bonds issued out of Capital Centres D, G and I dated 24 May 2012, and pages 36-44 of Prospectus for bonds issued in pursuance of section 15 of the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act (junior covered bonds) dated 22 March 2013, which have been published and registered separately with the Danish FSA.

In addition, the terms applying to Capital Centres D, E, G, H and I are also incorporated in this Base Prospectus by reference:

- The terms for Capital Centre D adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 20 February 2002 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 24 February 2005 and 7 March 2013;
- The terms for Capital Centre E adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 8 November 2007 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013;
- The terms for Capital Centre G adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 8 January 2009 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013;
- The terms for Capital Centre H adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 18 August 2011 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013; and
- The terms for Capital Centre I adopted by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 19 April 2012 and revised by Nykredit's Board of Directors on 7 March 2013.

Information in the above documents is incorporated in this Base Prospectus, but any declaration or statement in documents so incorporated shall be deemed to have been revised or replaced if a declaration or statement in this Base Prospectus revises or replaces such declaration or statement previously made (expressly, implicitly or otherwise). Any declaration or statement so revised or replaced no longer forms part of this Base Prospectus.

Copies of documents incorporated in this Base Prospectus by reference are publicly available free of charge at nykredit.com. The documents are available in English at the same site.

The table below shows the relevant pages of the audited consolidated financial statements for the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013 as well as Nykredit's unaudited consolidated interim report for the period 1 January to 31 March 2014.

The information in Nykredit's audited consolidated financial statements for the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013, including appurtenant Auditors' Reports incorporated by reference, is provided for general information purposes only and does not form part of this Base Prospectus, except for the information in the table below.

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Audited consolidated financial statements of Nykredit for the financial year 2012 Nykredit Realkredit A/S – Annual Report 2012

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Audited consolidated financial statements of Nykredit for the financial year 2013 Nykredit Realkredit A/S – Annual Report 2013

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Unaudited consolidated interim report for the Nykredit Group for the period 1 January to 31 March 2014	
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Statements of income and other comprehensive income	Page 22
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9 PURPOSE OF BOND OFFERING AND APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS

Covered Securities

Covered Securities are issued and sold to fund loans against mortgages over real estate, unsecured loans to public authorities or loans guaranteed by public authorities which are granted by Nykredit, a credit institution which is a subsidiary of Nykredit or a third credit institution which has assigned loans and mortgages to Nykredit or to a credit institution which is a subsidiary of Nykredit, see 5.12 "Joint funding".

Section 15 Bonds

Under this Base Prospectus, Section 15 Bonds may be issued in order to provide supplementary collateral in capital centres which issue SDOs before the requirement for supplementary collateral arises, or in order to build up a level of overcollateralisation in capital centres which issue SDOs or ROs.

The issuance proceeds will be applied to build up overcollateralisation in the capital centres (whether they issue SDOs or ROs) or to acquire supplementary collateral for the purpose of satisfying the requirement that the value of cover assets behind the SDOs issued through Capital Centres E and H must at least equal the value of the SDOs issued.

The proceeds from issuance of Section 15 Bonds are placed in particularly secure assets pursuant to section 152 c(1)(i) and (iii)-(vii) of the Danish Financial Business Act.

Senior Unsecured Debt

The Issuer will apply the proceeds from the issuance of Senior Unsecured Debt for general operating purposes.

10 ABOUT NYKREDIT

10.1 Background

The Danish mortgage system is one of the oldest in the world and dates back to the great fire of Copenhagen in 1797. Nykredit has issued covered bonds since 1985 under the name of "Nykredit", but has issued covered bonds under other names and in other legal entities since 1851.

Realkreditforeningen Nykredit was founded on 1 April 1985 through the merger of two other mortgage associations formed in 1851. Realkreditforeningen Nykredit operated as a mortgage association on a purely wholesale basis until 1989, providing mortgage loans to commercial and personal customers through external distribution channels. In 1989 the mortgage sector in Denmark was deregulated; commercial banks were authorised to establish mortgage banks, and mortgage associations were authorised to convert into public limited companies.

As a result of the mortgage sector deregulation, Realkreditforeningen Nykredit developed from a wholesale into a retail business and later expanded its activities to include banking and insurance. In 1991 Realkreditforeningen Nykredit was converted into a public limited company – a mortgage bank – with a holding company structure. As part of the conversion, Realkreditforeningen Nykredit transferred its assets and liabilities through the holding company Nykredit Holding A/S to the mortgage bank Nykredit A/S (renamed Nykredit Realkredit A/S in 2002), which continued the mortgage activities of the former mortgage association. Foreningen Nykredit (the Nykredit Association), the members of which were the mortgage borrowers of the mortgage association, became the sole owner of Nykredit Holding A/S at the time of the conversion. In 1992 Nykredit Realkredit A/S merged with IRF Industrifinansiering, providing Industriens Realkreditfond (the Industrial Mortgage Fund of Denmark) with an ownership interest in Nykredit Holding A/S.

In 1994 Nykredit formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, Nykredit Bank A/S ("**Nykredit Bank**"), as a corporate bank, which later expanded its activities to include personal customers. Nykredit and its subsidiaries are together referred to as the "**Nykredit Group**". In 2000 Nykredit acquired the insurance company Østifterne Forsikring (later renamed Nykredit Forsikring A/S), which continued the existing insurance activities of the Nykredit Group. Foreningen Østifterne became a shareholder of Nykredit Holding A/S.

In 2002 and 2003 Nykredit entered into a number of strategic partnerships with for instance Jyske Bank and Spar Nord Bank concerning the distribution of Nykredit's mortgage loans in order to strengthen distribution to personal customers.

To further strengthen its distribution capacity to personal customers, Nykredit acquired the mortgage bank Totalkredit A/S ("**Totalkredit**") in November 2003. Totalkredit is a mortgage bank granting mortgage loans to personal customers through a distribution network of about 70 local and regional banks. Together, these local and regional banks own the company PRAS A/S, which became a shareholder of Nykredit Holding A/S following Nykredit's acquisition of Totalkredit.

On 2 November 2007 the Danish FSA authorised Nykredit to issue SDOs pursuant to section 16 a of the Danish Financial Business Act.

In October 2008 Nykredit acquired Forstædernes Bank A/S. Forstædernes Bank A/S was fully integrated into the Nykredit Group as at 1 April 2010.

In March 2010 the Nykredit Group sold Nykredit Forsikring A/S to Gjensidige Forsikring A/S. The parties also entered into a distribution agreement according to which Nykredit continues to supply and sell insurance products and services to its customers with Gjensidige as supplier. Personal customers

continue to be served under the Nykredit brand, whereas commercial – including agricultural – customers are served under the Gjensidige brand.

In December 2011 Nykredit Bank opened a branch in Stockholm focusing on Swedish fixed income products. The branch strengthens Nykredit Markets's Nordic profile and distribution capacity.

Since 1 April 2012 new mortgage loans to personal customers have been originated by Nykredit's advisers and issued via Totalkredit. Nykredit and Totalkredit offer one-tier and two-tier mortgaging. One-tier mortgaging is the classic mortgage model under which one loan finances up to 80% of the value of a property, while two-tier mortgaging is a model under which the financing is divided into two loans, one covering the value of a property up to 60% and one covering the part between 60% and 80%. There is no interest-only option as regards the latter part (60-80%) of the property value.

The Nykredit Group is one of the largest lenders in Denmark with a 31% share of the Danish market as at 31 December 2013 based on the MFI statistics of the Danish central bank.

In Denmark mortgage and commercial banks account for almost all lending. As at 31 December 2013, mortgage bank lending in Denmark totalled DKK 2,340bn (about EUR 315bn), while total lending by commercial banks was DKK 1,034bn (about EUR 139bn).

The Danish mortgage sector consists of seven mortgage banks of which the Nykredit Group (including Totalkredit) and Realkredit Danmark (part of the Danske Bank Group) together represent more than 70% of the mortgage market. Nordea Kredit, BRFkredit, DLR Kredit and LR Realkredit account for the remainder.

At the beginning of 2014, Jyske Bank, the largest distributor of the regional and local banks in the Totalkredit partnership, acquired the fourth largest Danish mortgage bank, BRFkredit. The partnership agreement, which regulates the Totalkredit partnership and has been concluded between Totalkredit and the individual partner banks, prevents the marketing and distribution of mortgage loans from more than one loan provider. Nykredit therefore deems Jyske Bank's acquisition of BRFkredit to be incompatible with participation in the Totalkredit partnership and has consequently informed Jyske Bank that it considers the participation have been terminated. Jyske Bank has originated loans to DKK 60,000 Totalkredit customers with total mortgage loans of about DKK 83bn, which corresponds to some 7% of the Nykredit Group's total lending.

10.2 Ownership and legal structure

Nykredit Realkredit A/S is a Danish public limited company registered with the Danish Business Authority under CVR no 12 71 92 80. Nykredit's registered address is Kalvebod Brygge 1-3, DK-1780 Copenhagen V, tel +45 44 55 10 00.

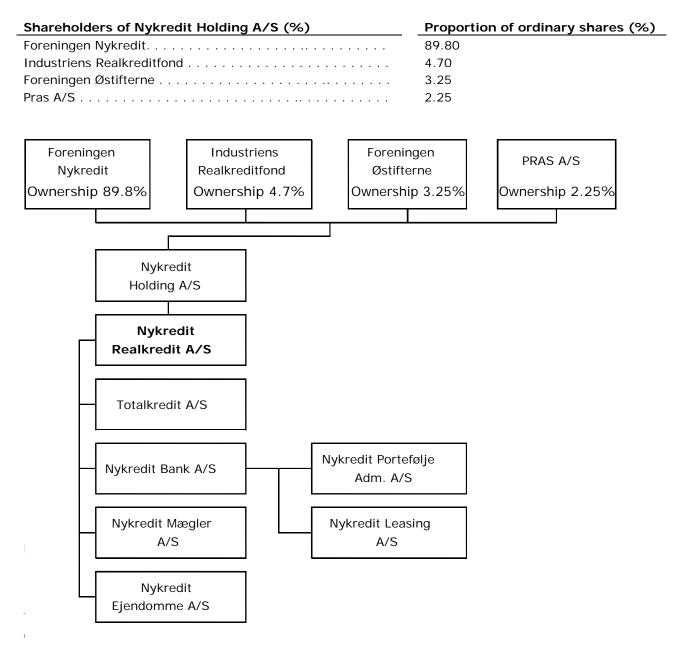
According to Article 3(2) of Nykredit's Articles of Association, Nykredit's objects are to carry on mortgage banking, ie activities allowed under current Danish legislation governing mortgage banks, and to carry on other financial business, including banking business, through subsidiaries. Nykredit's Memorandum of Association does not contain information on Nykredit's registration, CVR number or objects.

The Issuer carries on business under the following secondary names: Industrikredit A/S, IRF Erhvervsfinansiering A/S, IRF Industrifinansiering A/S, IRF Industrikredit A/S, Nykredit A/S, Nykredit Industri A/S and Realkreditaktieselskabet Nykredit.

The Issuer has a share capital of DKK 1,182,215,700 divided into 11,822,157 shares of DKK 100. The share capital is fully paid up. The shares are registered in the names of the holders and have been entered in the company's register of shareholders. No share certificates have been issued. The shares cannot be assigned to the bearer and are non-negotiable. There is only one class of shares.

Nykredit is wholly owned by Nykredit Holding A/S, the only activity of which is the ownership of Nykredit. The Nykredit Association is the largest shareholder of Nykredit Holding A/S. The business activities of the Nykredit Group are carried on by Nykredit, which operates its mortgage business and other activities directly and through its subsidiaries Totalkredit, Nykredit Bank, Nykredit Mægler A/S and Nykredit Ejendomme A/S.

As at the date of this Base Prospectus, Nykredit Holding A/S's shares were distributed as follows:



All Nykredit's subsidiaries are wholly owned by Nykredit.

The Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, the Danish Companies Act and the Danish Financial Business Act lay down rules to counter a major shareholder's abuse of its controlling interest. Nykredit has not taken special measures to prevent Nykredit Holding A/S from abusing its

controlling interest in Nykredit. Nykredit is not aware of any agreements that may lead to a third party obtaining a controlling interest in Nykredit.

The Nykredit Group had total assets of DKK 1,417bn as at 31 December 2013. The Nykredit Group's equity amounted to DKK 59bn as at 31 December 2013, and profit before tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2013 was DKK 1,914m. In 2013 the Nykredit Group had an average number of full-time staff of 4,052.

Key figures for the Nykredit Group

DKK million	Q1/2014	Q1/2013	2013	2012
Core income from business operations	2,741	2,565	10,430	10,200
Operating costs, depreciation and amortisation,	1,272	1,420,	5,758	5,776
excluding special value adjustments				
Core earnings before impairment losses	1,158	1,057	3,251	3,315
Impairment losses on loans and advances	515	687	2,764	2,149
Core earnings after impairment losses	643	370	487	1,166
Investment portfolio income	349	668	1,887	2,444
Profit before tax	878	923	1,914	3,145
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, %	16.0	15.9	15.8	15.8

10.3 Nykredit's authorised business areas

Nykredit is authorised to carry on:

- mortgage lending funded by ROs, SDROs or SDOs; and
- securities dealing relating to its mortgage banking activities.

Nykredit carries on other financial business through its subsidiaries:

- mortgage lending (Totalkredit);
- banking (retail and investment banking) (Nykredit Bank);
- estate agency services (Nykredit Mægler A/S); and
- ownership and administration of office properties (Nykredit Ejendomme A/S).

10.4 Nykredit Group business activities

Mortgage lending remains the core business of the Nykredit Group. Nykredit's primary market is the Danish market for lending against mortgages over real estate. Nykredit provides loans to personal, commercial and agricultural customers. Group mortgage lending, calculated as debt outstanding at nominal value, totalled DKK 1,120bn as at 31 December 2013. Bank lending totalled DKK 47bn as at 31 December 2013.

Nykredit and Totalkredit's most important business activity is lending for housing purposes. Total lending for housing purposes represented 77.6% of the outstanding bond debt as at 31 December 2013 (as set out below):

The Nykredit Group's outstanding bond debt	Proportion (%)	
as at 31 December 2013		
Private residential property	61.5	
Private residential rental	7.1	
Industry and trades	2.2	
Office and retail	9.9	
Agricultural property	8.7	
Non-profit housing	5.5	
Cooperative housing	3.5	
Other	1.6	
Total	100.0	

Bond debt refers only to covered securities and includes bonds issued directly by Totalkredit.

The Nykredit Group is organised into the following business areas: Retail and Wholesale.

10.4.1 Retail

The business area Retail comprises Nykredit's personal customers and SMEs, including agricultural customers, residential rental property and wealthy private individuals. The business area also includes mortgage lending to Nykredit's personal customers provided via Totalkredit.

The Nykredit Group's multi-channel strategy means that customers are served through 55 customer centres, 312 estate agencies (the Nybolig and Estate agency chains), and the nationwide sales and advisory centre, Nykredit Direkte[®]. Under the Nykredit brand, Retail customers are offered bank, mortgage, insurance, investment and pension products.

Nykredit also offers mortgage loans for private residential properties chiefly in France and Spain. The customer base consists of Danish citizens and Swedish and Norwegian citizens residing in France and Spain. These loans are granted in Denmark based on authorisations from the Danish FSA, and lending activities comply with Danish mortgage regulation.

	France	Spain	Other countries
Lending as at 31 December 2013	DKK 4.5bn	DKK 4.6bn	DKK 1.3bn

10.4.2 Wholesale

The business area Wholesale comprises activities with the Nykredit Group's corporate and institutional clients, including cooperative housing and non-profit housing. Wholesale also includes private banking clients and the activities of Nykredit Markets and Nykredit Asset Management.

About 70 banks have entered into a partnership agreement with Totalkredit for the distribution of Totalkredit mortgage loans to their personal customers. Under the agreement, the loan-originating partner banks cover part of the credit risk on the loans through loss guarantees or set-off against commission payments from Totalkredit to the partner banks.

Nykredit offers mortgage loans for properties abroad owned by Danish and selected international corporate clients. Nykredit offers property finance in the UK, Norway, Sweden, Germany and Finland.

Nykredit's international mortgage lending is based on authorisations from the Danish FSA, and the lending activities are in accordance with Danish mortgage regulation.

10.4.3 Other areas of responsibility

CEO responsibilities include Strategy, Group Legal Affairs, Corporate Communications & CSR as well as Internal Audit.

COO responsibilities include HR, Marketing, IT, Production (back office), Facility Management and Procurement.

CFO/CRO responsibilities include Group Finance, Group Treasury, Group Credits, Capital & Risk, Regulatory Affairs & Rating as well as Valuations.

10.5 Capital structure

The table below shows the Nykredit Group's capital structure and total capital ratio.

This document is an English translation of the original Danish text. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

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	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DKK million	Basel II				
Core Tier 1 capital	44,671	49,442	48,283	51,720	54,666
Hybrid capital	10,805	11,055	11,204	10,690	10,678
Supplementary capital	4,756	780	200	241	237
Statutory deductions	(1,274)	(776)	(200)	(241)	(237)
Capital base	58,958	60,500	59,487	62,410	65,344
Capital as percentage of					
– Capital base	17.8%	18.5%	17.1%	19.1%	18.9%
– Tier 1 capital	13.5%	15.1%	13.9%	15.8%	15.8%

Nykredit's target is equity to the tune of 15% of RWA, to which should be added the statutory deductions from equity carried for accounting purposes of approximately DKK 5bn. An equity level of 15% is significantly higher than the formal statutory requirement, but is assumed to be a market-consistent level in relation to credit ratings and bond markets. Nykredit's target is a total capital ratio of 18-20% of RWA. Also this level is markedly above the formal statutory requirement, but is deemed to be a market-consistent level.

Nykredit aims to build a buffer of DKK 5bn-10bn for business growth and regulatory changes. Such a buffer will help sustain a stable and active lending policy in relation to our customers.

The capital requirement varies according to economic trends. It is deemed that the equity requirement will rise in periods of high unemployment and high interest rates. This is offset to some extent by the fact that the financial market demand for equity measured as a percentage of RWA is likely to decrease to 13-14% in such a scenario.

Nykredit's equity requirement is estimated as follows:

- In a normal economic climate and during an economic boom: equity of DKK 61bn.
- During a recession: equity of DKK 68bn.
- Growth and regulatory capital buffer (to be accumulated) of DKK 5bn-10bn.

All in all, an equity level of DKK 68bn plus a buffer in the range of DKK 5bn-10bn in the long term. In addition to the said equity level, Nykredit has a total capital target of up to 20% of RWA in a normal economic climate. This corresponds to total own funds of about DKK 79bn including subordinated capital.

10.6 Ratings

The majority of the Nykredit Group's bonds have been rated by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited ("**S&P**"), and Nykredit has been rated as issuer by S&P and Fitch Ratings Ltd ("**Fitch**"). Both S&P and Fitch operate in the European Union, and they were registered in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 on the date of the Base Prospectus:

Nykredit Group ratings

Ratings	S&P	Fitch
Capital Centre E (SDOs)	AAA	
Capital Centre E (Section 15 Bonds)	A+	
Capital Centre D (ROs)	AAA	
Capital Centre D (Section 15 Bonds)	A+	
Capital Centre C (ROs)	AAA	
Capital Centre G (ROs)	AAA	
Capital Centre H (SDOs)	AAA	
Capital Centre H (Section 15 Bonds)	A+	
Capital Centre I (ROs)	AAA	

Nykredit Realkredit In General (ROs)	AAA	
Short-term unsecured rating.	A-1	F1
Long-term unsecured rating	A+	А
Additional Tier 1 capital	BBB	
Totalkredit A/S		
Capital Centre C (ROs)	AAA	
Nykredit Bank A/S		
Short-term deposit rating	A-1	F1
Long-term deposit rating	A+	А
Euro MTN Programme		
 short-term senior unsecured debt 	A-1	F1
 – long-term senior unsecured debt 	A+	А
Euro Commercial Paper and Certificate of Deposit Programme		
 short-term senior unsecured debt 	A-1	F1

A rating of a security may be suspended, downgraded or withdrawn by the assigning credit rating agency at any time. Further, Nykredit may terminate its relationship with one or more credit rating agencies.

S&P has assigned a negative outlook to Nykredit's long-term unsecured issuer rating, which means that the rating may be downgraded within the next two years. This will probably have a corresponding impact on the rated Section 15 Bonds and any Senior Unsecured Debt.

10.7 Nykredit accounts with commercial banks

Nykredit's accounts with commercial banks are subject to certain requirements by Standard & Poor's: The accounts shall be held with commercial banks having a senior unsecured counterparty rating from Standard & Poor's of at least BBB/A-2, provided that these exposures in total do not exceed 5% of a capital centre's total assets, and provided that a) the impact of an account-holding bank's failure to perform is not likely to cause a direct disruption of payments on Nykredit's covered bonds during the replacement period; or b) an adverse impact on Nykredit's covered bonds would only be likely to result from the occurrence of multiple coincident events. If the exposures exceed 5% of a capital centre's total assets, the account-holding banks must have a Standard & Poor's rating of at least A/A-1.

For handling of short-term deposits, the account-holding bank must have a Standard & Poor's rating of at least BBB/A-2, provided that a) the impact of an account-holding bank's failure to perform is not likely to cause a direct disruption of payments on Nykredit's covered bonds during the replacement period; or b) an adverse impact on Nykredit's covered bonds would only be likely to result from the occurrence of multiple coincident events. If the account-holding bank does not meet the above Standard & Poor's rating requirements, Nykredit/Totalkredit must within 30 days make commercially reasonable efforts to replace the account-holding bank with a bank that meets this criterion (replacement). In case of replacement, and where new payment instructions to borrowers are necessary, the borrowers will in connection with the replacement be notified that future payments are to be made to an account with another bank (that meets the above Standard & Poor's rating requirements) as specified by Nykredit/Totalkredit. This provision applies to proceeds placed in accounts (that are not exempted from the commercial bank's bankruptcy estate). This provision is based on the current rating of the covered bonds and the current counterparty methodology and criteria as published by Standard & Poor's.

Changes in the ratings of covered bonds and/or the wording and interpretation of the methodology/criteria, as well as clarification with the understanding of Standard & Poor's, may lead to changes to this provision. This provision will cease to apply if Nykredit and/or Standard & Poor's terminate the agreement to rate Nykredit's covered bonds.

10.8 Risk management

Nykredit's Board of Directors is responsible for defining limits to and monitoring group risk as well as approving overall instructions and policies. Risk exposures and activities are reported regularly to the Executive Board.

The Board of Directors has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Group Executive Board, which is in charge of implementing overall instructions. Continuous risk monitoring and management are the responsibility of committees, each chaired by a member of the Group Executive Board.

Nykredit's most important group committees are the Group Risk Committee, the Group Asset/Liability Committee and the Group Credits Committee.

The Group Risk Committee is charged with overseeing the overall risk profile and capital requirements of the Nykredit Group at all times in order to assist (i) the managements of Foreningen Nykredit and Nykredit Holding in monitoring – and (ii) the managements of Nykredit Realkredit, Totalkredit and Nykredit Bank in ensuring – compliance with current legislation and practice.

The Group Risk Committee must also oversee all the Nykredit Group's risk models at all times in order to assist management in monitoring and ensuring compliance with current legislation and practice in the area in question.

In relation to the Nykredit Group and the individual companies Nykredit Realkredit, Totalkredit and Nykredit Bank, the Group Asset/Liability Committee is charged with monitoring and coordinating the use of limited resources in the form of capital and liquidity, monitoring profitability at the business level and laying down internal limits.

The Group Credits Committee is charged with overseeing and supervising the management of risks in the Nykredit Group in the credits area. The committee chiefly processes cases and manages portfolios in the credits area.

Nykredit distinguishes between the following general types of risk:

- Credit risk reflects the risk of loss as a result of the non-performance of counterparties.
- Market risk reflects the risk of loss as a result of movements in financial markets (interest rate, foreign exchange, equity price, volatility risk, etc).
- Liquidity risk reflects the risk of loss as a result of insufficient liquidity to cover current payment obligations.
- Operational risk reflects the risk of loss as a result of inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or external events.

10.8.1 Credit risk

The Board of Directors lays down the overall framework for credit approval and is presented with the largest credit applications for approval or briefing on a current basis.

Within the framework laid down by the Board of Directors, the Group Executive Board sets out the policies governing the individual business areas and Treasury. On behalf of the Group Executive Board, the Group Credits Committee considers large credit applications on a current basis.

Group Credits is responsible for managing and monitoring credit risk in accordance with the guidelines laid down by the Board of Directors and the Group Executive Board. The Group Credits Committee reports on individual credit exposures. The Group Credits Committee is responsible for approving credit risk models and reporting credit risk at portfolio level. Nykredit's local customer centres are authorised to decide on most credit applications in line with the Nykredit Group's aim to process most credit applications locally.

Credit applications exceeding the authority assigned to the customer centres are processed centrally by Group Credits. The applications received are decided by Group Credits unless they involve exposures of a size requiring the approval of the Group Credits Committee or the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors grants or approves loans or credit facilities that, if granted, will bring Nykredit's total exposure to any one customer over DKK 200m and, subsequently, whenever the exposure exceeds multiples of DKK 100m.

When processing credit applications, the local customer centres perform an assessment of the individual customer. The assessment is based on a customer rating computed by Nykredit's own credit models. The customer rating is supplemented with an assessment of the customer's financial position and any other relevant matters. In connection with mortgage loan applications, the statutory property valuations are also performed. The overall guidelines on customer assessment and property valuation have been prescribed by Group Credits.

When establishing limits for derivative financial instruments, Nykredit will often demand contracts providing the Nykredit Group with a netting option. The contractual framework will typically be based on market standards such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) or the International Capital Market Association (ICMA) agreements.

All exposures of a certain size are reviewed at least once a year. This is part of the monitoring of credit exposures based on updated financial and customer information. All exposures showing signs of risk are also reviewed.

Nykredit uses a statistical model for the monitoring of market values of properties funded by covered bonds. The models are applied to detached houses, terraced houses, holiday homes and owner-occupied flats that satisfy specific requirements for LTV ratios, risk classification and time since the last valuation. The statistical valuations are performed centrally and supplemented by local valuations as required. As prescribed by law, market values are monitored at least once a year in respect of commercial properties and at least every three years in respect of detached houses, holiday homes and owner-occupied flats.

A substantial part of the Nykredit Group's residential mortgage lending is originated by Danish local and regional banks. In these cases, the bank performs the initial assessment of the customer and valuation of the property.

As a main rule, mortgage loans to personal customers originated by banks are covered by a set-off agreement for incurred losses. The right of set-off applies for the entire loan term to the part of a loan that exceeds 60% of the property value when the loan is issued. In the event of loan losses, the Nykredit Group is entitled subsequently to offset incurred losses on the part of the mortgage exceeding 60% of the property value against commission payable to the banks originating the loans.

As a consequence of the set-off agreement, Totalkredit A/S only has to comply with the capital requirement and make impairment charges for loan losses. The capital requirement for credit risk pertaining to mortgage lending in Totalkredit A/S was DKK 6.6bn as at 31 December 2013.

10.8.2 Credit risk models

Nykredit uses internal models for the determination of credit risk. Credit risk is determined using three key parameters: Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD).

The models used to determine PD and LGD are built on historical data allowing for periods of low as well as high business activity. PD is thus estimated by weighting current data against data dating back to the

early 1990s. Current data carry a 40% weighting, while data from the early 1990s carry a 60% weighting. The LGD level for mortgage products is determined on the basis of loss data relating to the economic downturn in 1991-1993.

With respect to personal customers and SMEs, PDs are determined on the basis of the customer's credit score and payment behaviour. Credit scoring is a statistical calculation of a customer's creditworthiness chiefly based on the customer's financial circumstances.

With respect to other customer segments, statistical models have been developed based on conditional probabilities estimating PDs that factor in business-specific circumstances such as financial data, arrears and loan impairment as well as industry-specific conditions and the macroeconomic climate.

External ratings are used to a very limited extent in respect of a few types of counterparty for which no statistical models can be developed due to the absence of default data. External ratings are converted into PDs.

The PDs of individual customers are converted into ratings from 0 to 10, 10 being the highest rating. Customer ratings are an important element of the credit policy and customer assessment.

LGD is calculated for each customer exposure. The LGDs of the majority of the Nykredit Group's exposures are determined using internal approaches based on loss and default data. The calculations factor in any security such as mortgages over real estate, including the type and quality of security and the ranking in the order of priority.

Mortgage banking is characterised by low LGDs as the security provided by way of mortgages over real estate offers good protection against losses. The following table shows the Nykredit Group's mortgage lending, calculated as debt outstanding at nominal value, by loan segment:

Loan segment	Proportion (%)
Private residential properties, set-off agreements with banks	10.5
Private residential properties, public authority and bank guarantees	0.7
Private residential properties, no guarantees	50.3
Private rental properties, public authority guarantees	0.0
Private rental properties, no guarantees	7.1
Industry and trades properties, no guarantees	2.2
Office and retail properties, public authority guarantees	0.0
Office and retail properties, no guarantees	9.9
Agricultural properties, public authority guarantees	0.0
Agricultural properties, no guarantees	8.7
Non-profit housing, public authority guarantees	2.3
Non-profit housing, no guarantees	3.2
Cooperative housing, public authority guarantees	0.0
Cooperative housing, no guarantees	3.4
Other, public authority and bank guarantees	0.0
Other, no guarantees	1.6
Total mortgage lending	100.0

The Nykredit Group's mortgage lending by segment as at 31 December 2013

10.9 Market risk

The Nykredit Group's business activities involve a number of different market risks. The greater part of the Nykredit Group's loan portfolio consists of match-funded mortgage loans. Mortgage lending is subject to the balance principle, which defines risk limits to all types of market risk.

Nykredit's market risk relates mainly to investment portfolios. Furthermore, the activities of Nykredit Markets and Nykredit Asset Management involve market risk.

The limits relating to market risk in the Nykredit Group, including Value-at-Risk, interest rate, equity price, foreign exchange and volatility risk, are subject to approval by Nykredit's Board of Directors. Through the Group Risk Committee and within the limits provided by the Board of Directors, the Group Executive Board delegates and approves market risk limits to the group companies. Compliance with risk limits is monitored daily and independently of the involved entities of the Nykredit Group.

10.9.1 Market risk on mortgage lending

Nykredit's mortgage lending complies with the balance principle, which limits Nykredit's market risk. The legislative framework behind the balance principle is the Danish Financial Business Act, the Danish Mortgage-Credit Loans and Mortgage-Credit Bonds etc. Act, and the Danish Executive Order on Bonds.

The above acts specify risk limits to all types of market risk. The Nykredit Group's market and liquidity risk in connection with the issuance of bonds is much lower than the limits prescribed by law, as practically all the Nykredit Group's mortgage loans are match-funded, which eliminates market risk. Loans funded by SDOs or ROs are granted according to uniform principles for market and liquidity risk.

More than 99% of the Nykredit Group's mortgage loans are match-funded and have the following characteristics:

- On granting loans, Nykredit issues the bonds or other securities that fund loans on a daily basis;
- Each loan is match-funded through bonds or derivatives sold in the market;
- The loan rates equal the yield-to-maturity of the bonds or other securities sold;
- Fixed-rate loans have fixed funding throughout the loan term. Adjustable-rate mortgage loans do not have fixed funding but are funded by bonds with maturities between 1 and

Nykredit

11 years. On refinancing, the loan rate is adjusted to the yield-to-maturity of the new bonds funding the loan;

- When loans are prepaid, the matching proportion of the outstanding funding is redeemed. Borrowers cover Nykredit's costs incidental to prepayments;
- The due dates of payment of interest and principal on the loans are fixed so that Nykredit receives the funds on or before the date on which the payments to Bondholders fall due, provided that borrowers make timely payments; and
- Nykredit's earnings margin consists of a separate administration margin, calculated on the basis of the debt outstanding, which may be changed if market conditions change, for instance in loss-making periods. In addition, various fees may be charged.

In practice, these characteristics minimise Nykredit's and Totalkredit's interest rate, liquidity and refinancing risk on mortgage lending and the underlying funding.

The Nykredit Group applies a Value-at-Risk model (VaR model) for its day-to-day management of market risk and for the determination of capital requirements.

In certain cases, Nykredit and Totalkredit may allow prepayment of mortgage loans by way of cash rather than delivery of the underlying bonds where they are traded at a premium in the market. This is due to the fact that the investors holding these bonds do not want to sell them at a price that reflects the bond yield (lock-in effect). In such cases, Nykredit will fix a prepayment price for the loan which reflects Nykredit's cost of hedging the risk relating to the cash flows concerned.

For the purpose of day-to-day business risk management, the Nykredit Group calculates VaR at a confidence level of 99% and a time horizon of one day. VaR is calculated for both the trading book and the banking book for internal purposes. When determining capital requirements, Nykredit only calculates VaR for the trading book, whereas Nykredit Bank's calculations include both the trading book and the banking book excluding equities.

As a consequence of the Danish Executive Order on capital adequacy, Nykredit Realkredit and Nykredit Bank are required to calculate a stressed VaR in addition to the current VaR for determining the capital requirement. Stressed VaR is also determined using a confidence level of 99%, but a time horizon of 10 days.

The Nykredit Group's internal VaR was DKK 70m as at 31 December 2013. According to the model, the Nykredit Group would, at a 99% probability, lose a maximum of DKK 70m in one day as a consequence of market fluctuations. The Nykredit Group's total VaR for the determination of the capital requirement amounted to DKK 1.6bn as at 31 December 2013.

10.10 Liquidity risk

The overall liquidity risk of the Nykredit Group is assessed by the Group Asset/Liability Committee, whereas day-to-day liquidity management is performed by the individual group companies.

The Nykredit Group has structured its lending in a manner that ensures a high level of liquidity. The greater part of the Group's lending is mortgage loans funded in accordance with the balance principle. Further, Nykredit Bank's lending is generally funded by deposits.

10.11 Operational risk

The business areas are responsible for the day-to-day management of operational risk. Operational risk management activities are coordinated centrally to ensure consistency and optimisation across the Nykredit Group. The Nykredit Group strives to always limit operational risk, taking into consideration the costs involved.

10.12 Other information concerning Nykredit

In connection with Nykredit's acquisition of Totalkredit in 2003, Nykredit had to make certain undertakings to obtain permission from the competition authorities for the acquisition. For instance, Nykredit accepted that the administration margin on mortgage loans to personal customers secured by mortgage on private residential property granted by Nykredit Realkredit be reduced to 0.5% pa and that this margin could only be raised subject to approval by the competition authorities, which has happened once to date.

Nykredit and the competition authorities disagreed on whether this restriction was for an indefinite period of time, which was the case in the opinion of the competition authorities. Conversely, in Nykredit's opinion, the restriction expired when after a number of years the banks that originally sold Totalkredit became free to work together with other mortgage banks. In 2012 the Maritime and Commercial Court found for Nykredit in this matter.

But the competition authorities brought the Maritime and Commercial Court's decision before the Danish Supreme Court. The decision by the Supreme Court stated that Nykredit remains bound by the undertaking to reduce administration margins which the competition authorities imposed on Nykredit Realkredit in connection with the acquisition of Totalkredit in 2003. This means that Nykredit Realkredit still cannot raise administration margins on private residential mortgage lending in Nykredit Realkredit without prior approval from the competition authorities.

However, the restriction on administration margins does not apply to Totalkredit's lending. Since 1 April all new private residential mortgage lending has consequently been issued by Totalkredit, and today the administration margins are higher for lending in Totalkredit than for private residential lending in Nykredit Realkredit. This practice will continue unchanged, and Nykredit Realkredit's remaining private residential loan portfolio comprising about DKK 155bn and 138,000 borrowers will be settled in accordance with the agreements with the individual borrowers.

If Nykredit had won the case, the administration margins on private residential lending in Nykredit Realkredit would have been raised to the level of personal lending in Totalkredit, which for the current portfolio would have generated additional annual income of more than DKK 200m. The effect of the lacking margin increase will be reduced concurrently with the settlement of Nykredit's private residential loan portfolio.

11 BOARD OF DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE BOARD AND OTHER BODIES

11.1 Board of Directors

Any member of the Board of Directors is also a member of the Board of Directors of Nykredit Holding A/S.

Steen E. Christensen, Attorney, Chairman of Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Partner and Director of Plesner Advokatfirma.

Chairman of Foreningen Nykredit, A/S Motortramp, Bornholmstrafikken Holding A/S, Aktieselskabet Dampskibsselskabet, Orients fond, Den Arnstedtske Familiefond, Ejendomsselskabet Amaliegade 49 A/S, Persolit Holding A/S, Danske Færger A/S, Charlottenlund og Nedergaard Godser A/S, Rosendal Gods A/S. Director of Danish Nitrogen Import A/S, Ny-Nitrogen A/S, Persolit Entreprenørfirma A/S, Skov-Sam Holding APS and Skov-Sam Holding II ApS and subsidiaries.

Legal Secretary of Foreningen Danske Godser og Herregårde (Godsejerforeningen).

Hans Bang-Hansen, Farmer, Deputy Chairman of Nykredit Realkredit A/S

First Deputy Mayor, Municipality of Horsens.

Managing Director of Arnen Holding ApS, Håstrupgård Ejendomme ApS and LNT Invest ApS. Chairman of the Technical and Environmental Committee, Municipality of Horsens and Håstrupgård ApS. Director of Foreningen Nykredit, Horsens Folkeblads Fond, Midttrafik, Bjerre Gymnastik- og idrætsefterskole and Akademiet (BGI Akademiet).

Steffen Kragh, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, Deputy Chairman of Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Egmont Fonden, Egmont International Holding A/S, Ejendomsselskabet Gothersgade 55 ApS, Ejendomsselskabet Vognmagergade 11 ApS and NKB Invest 103 ApS.

Chairman of Egmont Finansiering A/S and Lindhardt and Ringhof Forlag A/S.

Director of Foreningen Nykredit, Lundbeckfond Invest A/S, Lundbeckfonden, Nordisk Film A/S, Egmont Administration A/S and Egmont Holding A/S.

Michael Demsitz, Managing Director

Managing Director of Boligkontoret Danmark.

Director of Foreningen Nykredit, Boligselskabernes Landsforening and Almen Bolignet.

Erling Bech Poulsen, Farmer

Chairman of Foreningen Østifterne F.m.b.A.

Director of Agrovakia A/S, Axzon A/S, Vandborg Karosserifabrik A/S, Kølhede Invest A/S, Polen Invest A/S.

Managing Director of Kølhede Holding ApS, Kølhede Invest A/S, Morten Poulsen Holding ApS, Malene Poulsen ApS and Majbrit Poulsen ApS.

Anders C. Obel, Chief Executive Officer

Chief Executive Officer of C.W. Obel A/S.

Chairman of Aktieselskabet Amaliegade 10 A/S, Ejendomsselskabet Stigsborgvej A/S, C.W. Obel Ejendomme A/S, C.W. Obel Projekt A/S, Obel-LFI Ejendomme A/S, SGD-Bera and Semco Maritime A/S. Deputy Chairman of Danfoss-Semco A/S.

Director of Foreningen Nykredit, Skandinavisk Holding A/S, Scandinavian Tobacco Group A/S, Skandinavisk Holding II A/S, Fonden Det Obelske Jubilæumskollegium, Fritz Hansen A/S, Erhvervsinvest Management A/S, Woodmancott Fonden, VL-Grupperne and Axzon A/S.

Nina Smith, Professor at the Department of Economics and Business, Aarhus University

Deputy Chairman of Foreningen Nykredit and Favrskov Gymnasium.

Director of Carlsberg A/S, Carlsbergfondets Forskerboliger A/S, Carlsbergfondet, Aarhus Festuge Fond and Villum Fonden, Ejendoms-Aktieselskabet Søborg Huse, Ejendomsaktieselskabet C. F. Richsvej 99-101, Ejendomsaktieselskabet 'Ved Boldparken', Ejendomsaktieselskabet 'Munken', Ejendomsaktieselskabet 'Haraldsborg' and A/S Høeghmindes Parkbebyggelse.

Jens Erik Udsen, Managing Director

Managing Director of Nesdu A/S and Langstrupvej ApS. Director of Foreningen Nykredit, Jeudan A/S, Nesdu A/S and SBS byfornyelse s.m.b.a.

Merete Eldrup, Chief Executive Officer

Chief Executive Officer of TV2/Danmark A/S. Chairman of TV2 BIB A/S, TV2 DTT A/S, TV2 Networks A/S, TV2 News A/S, TV2 Radio A/S. Deputy Chairman of Gyldendal A/S. Director of Rambøll Gruppen A/S, Foreningen Nykredit and Danmarks Vækstråd.

Bent Naur, former Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chairman of Fonden Nr. Vosborg.

Deputy Chairman of Finansiel Stabilitet A/S

Nykredit

Lars Peter Skaarup, Personal Adviser

Staff-elected director of Foreningen Nykredit and Nykredit Holding A/S.

Kristian Bengaard, Senior Consultant

Staff-elected director of Foreningen Nykredit. Member of the Executive Committee of the Financial Services Union Denmark.

Allan Kristiansen, Chief Relationship Manager Staff-elected director of Nykredit Realkredit A/S.

Leif Vinther, *Chairman of Staff Association* Staff-elected director of Foreningen Nykredit.

Marlene Holm, *Political Secretary* Staff-elected director of Foreningen Nykredit.

The address of all members of Nykredit's Board of Directors is: Nykredit Realkredit A/S Kalvebod Brygge 1-3 DK-1780 Copenhagen V Tel +45 44 55 10 00

The directors have no potential conflicts of interest between their obligations to Nykredit and their private interests and/or other obligations.

11.2 Executive Board

Michael Rasmussen, Group Chief Executive

Chief Executive Officer of Nykredit Holding A/S and Foreningen Nykredit.

President of the Association of Danish Mortgage Banks, Chairman of the Investment Fund for Developing Countries (IFU), President of the European Mortgage Federation (EMF), Chairman of Totalkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S.

Deputy Chairman of the Investment Fund for Central and Eastern Europe (IØ).

Søren Holm, Group Managing Director

Managing Director of Nykredit Holding A/S.

Chairman of Nykredit Administration V A/S.

Director of VP Securities A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S, Nykredit Mægler A/S, JN Data A/S, Ejendomsselskabet Kalvebod A/S and the Association of Danish Mortgage Banks.

Kim Duus, Group Managing Director

Managing Director of Nykredit Holding A/S. Director of Nykredit Bank A/S, Totalkredit A/S and Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S.

Bente Overgaard, Group Managing Director

Managing Director of Nykredit Holding A/S.

Chairman of Nykredit Ejendomme A/S and Nykredit's Afviklingspensionskasse.

Director of Nykredit Bank A/S, Nykredit Mægler A/S, Finanssektorens Uddannelsescenter, Hofor Holding A/S, Hofor A/S, Hofor Forsyning Holding P/S, Hofor Forsyning Komplementar A/S and the Employers' Association for the Financial Sector (FA).

The address of all members of Nykredit's Executive Board is:

Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Kalvebod Brygge 1-3 DK-1780 Copenhagen V Tel +45 44 55 10 00

The members of the Executive Board have no potential conflicts of interest between their obligations to Nykredit and their private interests and/or other obligations.

Nykredit has entered into a contract with Anders Jensen, who will start as Group Managing Director on 1 October 2014 at the latest.

11.3 Board committees and corporate governance

The Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S has appointed an Audit Board, a Remuneration Board and a Nomination Board. Each of these boards monitors selected areas and prepares cases for review by the entire Board of Directors.

11.3.1 Audit Board

The Audit Board serves the companies of the Nykredit Group that are required to appoint such a board. In addition to Nykredit Realkredit A/S, this concerns Totalkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S.

The Audit Board consists of Steffen Kragh, Chief Executive Officer (Chairman), Anders C. Obel, Chief Executive Officer, and Nina Smith, Professor, who are all members of the Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting. The Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S has appointed Steffen Kragh, Chief Executive Officer, as the independent, proficient member of the Audit Board.

The principal tasks of the Audit Board are to monitor the financial reporting process, the effectiveness of the Nykredit Group's internal control systems, internal audit and risk management, the statutory audit of the financial statements, and to monitor and verify the independence of the auditors.

11.3.2 Remuneration Board

The Remuneration Board consists of Steen E. Christensen, Attorney (Chairman), Hans Bang-Hansen, Farmer, and Steffen Kragh, Chief Executive Officer, who are all members of the Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting.

One of the principal tasks of the Remuneration Board is to make recommendations in respect of Nykredit's remuneration policy, including guidelines on incentive pay, for the approval of the Board of Directors. Moreover, the Remuneration Board makes proposals for remuneration of the Committee of Representatives, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board. It also reviews and considers draft resolutions concerning staff bonus budgets and ensures that the information in the Annual Report about remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board is correct, fair and satisfactory.

11.3.3 Nomination Board

The Nomination Board consists of Steen E. Christensen, Attorney (Chairman), Hans Bang-Hansen, Farmer, Steffen Kragh, Chief Executive Officer, and Nina Smith, Professor, who are all members of the Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting.

The Nomination Board is tasked with drawing up recommendations for the Board of Directors on the nomination of candidates for the Committee of Representatives, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board. In addition, the Nomination Board, which is accountable to the Board of Directors, is overall responsible for the competency profiles and continuous evaluation of the work and results of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board.

11.3.4 Corporate governance

The Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S has decided that the Nykredit Group should act as a listed company for external purposes, operating on sound business terms.

In consequence, and subject to the adjustments that follow from its special ownership and management structure, the Nykredit Group complies with the revised Recommendations on Corporate Governance of the Danish Committee on Corporate Governance (the "**Recommendations**") and the managerial code of conduct from November 2013 of the Danish Bankers Association, which integrate and supplement the Recommendations. The Recommendations form part of the rules of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S.

Nykredit's deviations from the Recommendations		
1.3.1. It is recommended that the	Nykredit does not comply with the recommendation.	
company set up contingency	The recommendation is not relevant due to the ownership structure	
procedures in the event of takeover	of the Nykredit Group.	
bids [abridged]		
3.1.4. The Committee recommends	Nykredit does not comply with the recommendation.	
that the company's articles of	The articles of association of Nykredit's financial companies do not	
association stipulate a retirement	stipulate a retirement age for members of the boards of directors. In	
age for members of the board of	practice, a retirement age applies to the eight board members of	
directors.	Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting, who are also	
	members of the Board of Directors of Foreningen Nykredit, as the	
	articles of association of Foreningen Nykredit stipulate a maximum	
	age for election to the Committee of Representatives which implies	
	that board members resign at the age of 66-70 years at the latest.	
3.4.2. It is recommended that a	Nykredit partially complies with the recommendation.	
majority of the members of a board	The majority of the members of the Group Audit Board and the	
committee be independent.	Group Risk Board are independent. Two out of four members of the	
	Group Remuneration Board and the Group Nomination Board are not	
	considered independent due to the length of their directorships.	

An overall account for Nykredit's approach to corporate governance is given at nykredit.com/corporategovernance.

12 LEGAL AND ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS

As mentioned in 10.1 "Background", Jyske Bank has acquired BRFkredit, and Nykredit consequently considers the partnership agreement terminated. On 16 June 2014, Jyske Bank issued a corporate announcement in which it stated that it considers such termination to be unwarranted, and the bank has taken steps to settle the dispute by arbitration. Whether the arbitration tribunal finds in favour of Nykredit or not, the case is not expected to be of material significance to Nykredit's financial position or results.

13 TAXATION

Persons considering the purchase, ownership or sale of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers concerning the tax consequences in the light of their particular situations. With this paragraph the Issuer makes no representation or warranty to the Bondholders regarding the tax consequences.

Denmark

The following is a summary description of taxation of the Bonds in Denmark according to the Danish tax laws in force as of the date of this Base Prospectus. Any changes in law or the interpretation and application thereof can be made with retroactive effect. The following description does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all the tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to acquire, hold or sell the Bonds and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as professional dealers in securities) may be subject to special rules. Prospective investors are under all circumstances strongly recommended to contact their own tax advisers to clarify the individual consequences of their purchase, holding and sale of the Bonds. The Issuer makes no representations or warranties to the Bondholders regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, holding or sale of the Bonds.

Withholding tax

Under existing Danish tax laws, no general withholding tax or coupon tax will apply to payments of interest or principal or other amounts due on the Bonds other than, in certain cases to payments in respect of controlled debt in relation to the Issuer as referred to in the Danish Corporation Tax Act (Act no 1082 of 14 November 2012 as amended). This will not have any impact on Bondholders who are not in a relationship where they control, or are controlled by, the Issuer.

Danish residents

Natural or legal persons, including persons who are engaged in financial trade and other enterprises resident for tax purposes in Denmark or receiving interest on the Bonds through their permanent establishment in Denmark, are liable to pay tax on such interest. Capital gains are taxable to individuals and corporate entities in accordance with the Danish act on taxation of gains and losses on claims, debt, and financial contracts (the "Danish Gains on Securities and Foreign Currency Act"). Gains and losses on Bonds held by corporate entities are generally included in their taxable income in accordance with the mark-to-market principle, ie on an unrealised basis. Gains and losses on Bonds held by private individuals are generally included in their taxable income on a realised basis, and if the annual gains or losses do not exceed DKK 2,000, the gains or losses will be exempt from taxation.

Pension funds and other entities regulated by the Danish Pension Returns Tax Act would, irrespective of realisation, be taxed on the basis of the annual increase or decrease in the value of the Bonds according to the mark-to-market principle as laid down in the Act.

Non-Danish residents

Under existing Danish tax laws, payments of interest or principal to natural or legal persons that are not resident for tax purposes in Denmark are not subject to taxation in Denmark other than, in certain cases, payments in connection with controlled debt in relation to the Issuer as stated under "Withholding tax" above. No Danish withholding tax will be payable with respect to such payments, and no capital gain realised upon the sale, exchange or cancellation of the Bonds will be subject to taxation in Denmark other than, in certain cases, payments in respect of controlled debt in relation to the Issuer as referred to under "Withholding tax" above. This tax treatment applies solely to Bondholders who are not subject to full tax liability in Denmark or included in a Danish joint taxation scheme and who do not carry on business in Denmark through a permanent establishment.

Sweden

No tax at source will be withheld on income on Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus and are offered in Sweden.

Nykredit will accept no liability for withholding tax or for collecting withholding tax for persons who are liable to tax in Sweden, irrespective of where the Bonds are registered.

EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income

The EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income (2003/48/EC) requires member states to provide the tax authorities of other member states with details of payments of interest and similar income by natural or legal persons to natural persons or certain legal entities resident for tax purposes in other member states. During a transitional period, however, Luxembourg and Austria will instead be required to apply a withholding tax to such payments (unless they choose another solution in this period). The end of the transitional period depends on the conclusion of certain other agreements concerning exchange of information with certain other countries. A number of non-EU countries and territories, including Switzerland, have adopted similar schemes (Switzerland has introduced a withholding tax system). In April 2013 the Luxembourg government announced its intention of abolishing the withholding tax system with effect from 1 January 2015 and replacing it with automatic exchange of information pursuant to the EU Savings Directive. On 24 March 2014 the Council of the European Union issued a Directive to amend and increase the requirements described above. In particular, the scope of the Directive is expanded to include more types of payments and more receivers of the payments concerned as well as certain other legal entities. The member states are obliged to introduce national legislation implementing these amendments by 1 January 2016 (the national legislation to take effect from 1 January 2017).

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)

Withholding tax may affect payments on the Bonds

Sections 1471 to 1474 of the US Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter referred to as "FATCA") impose a new reporting regime and potentially a 30% withholding tax with respect to certain payments to any non-US financial institution (a foreign financial institution, or "**FFI**" (as defined by FATCA)) that (i) does not become a "**Participating FFI**" by entering into an agreement with the US Internal Revenue Service (hereinafter referred to as "**IRS**") to provide the IRS with certain information in respect of its account holders or (ii) is not otherwise exempt from or in deemed-compliance with FATCA. The new withholding tax regime will be phased in from mid-2014 for payments received from sources within the US and will be expanded towards 2017. This withholding tax will apply to (i) any securities (*such as the Bonds*) characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed maturity) for US federal tax purposes that are not yet outstanding as of 1 July 2014, or which have been materially modified after this date; and (ii) any securities characterised as equity or which do not have a fixed maturity for US federal tax purposes irrespective of the issue date. If securities are issued before 1 July 2014, and additional securities of the same series are issued on or after that date, the additional securities may not be treated as exempt from FATCA withholding tax, which may have negative consequences for the existing securities, including a negative impact on the market price.

The US and a number of potential partner countries have announced their intention to enter into intergovernmental agreements to facilitate the implementation of FATCA (each an "IGA"). The US has released an IGA model. An FFI in an IGA signatory country could be treated as a "**Reporting FI**" not subject to FATCA withholding tax on any payments it receives. Such a Reporting FI would also not be required to withhold tax in conformity with FATCA or an IGA ("FATCA Withholding") (or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to an IGA) from payments it makes. A Reporting FI would be required to report certain information in respect of its account holders to its home government. On 15 November 2012, the US and Denmark entered into an agreement (the "**US-Denmark IGA**") based on the IGA model.

The Issuer expects to be treated as an active Non-Financial Foreign Entity (an "NFFE") pursuant to FATCA and does not anticipate being subject to any FATCA Withholding. There can be no assurance, however, that the Issuer will be treated as an NFFE or that it will not be subject to FATCA Withholding as regards the payments it receives in future. The Issuer and financial institutions through which payments on the securities are made may be subject to FATCA Withholding if (a) any FFI through or to which payment on such securities is made is not a Participating FFI, a Reporting FI, or otherwise exempt from or in deemed-compliance with FATCA; or (b) an investor (other than an exempt investor) does not provide information sufficient to determine whether the investor is a US person or should otherwise be treated as holding an account in the US (a "United States Account").

If an amount in respect of FATCA Withholding is to be deducted or withheld either against the Issuer or from interest, principal or other payments on the securities, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other person will, pursuant to the conditions of the securities, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding of such tax. As a result, Bondholders may receive less interest or principal than expected. If an amount in respect of FATCA Withholding is to be deducted or withheld from any payments, neither the Issuer nor any other person will pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding of such tax. If any FATCA Withholding is imposed, a Bondholder that is not a foreign financial institution will generally be entitled to a refund of any amounts withheld by filing a US federal income tax return, which may constitute a significant administrative burden. A Bondholder that is a foreign financial institution will be able to obtain a refund only to the extent that an applicable income tax treaty entitles it to an exemption from, or a reduced rate of, tax on the payment subject to FATCA Withholding.

The FATCA rules are particularly complex and their application is uncertain at this point in time. The above description is based on enacted legislation and executive orders, official guidance and the IGA models in their present form. The IGA agreement between the US and Denmark has been incorporated into Danish law through Executive Order no 8 dated 4 March 2013 (Executive Order on the agreement concluded between Denmark and the US on 15 November 2012 concerning increased compliance with international taxation and enactment of new legislation on compliance with taxation of accounts held abroad).

Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisers on how these rules may apply to the Issuer and to payments they may receive in connection with the Bonds.

14 SUBSCRIPTION, SALE, REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The terms and conditions applying to the Bonds are set out in the Final Bond Terms.

The opening periods of the individual ISINs appear from the Final Bond Terms.

Nykredit has not fixed any limits to the number of Bonds subscribed for by individual investors. There are no subscription rights attached to the Bonds. The Bonds may be registered in the name of the holder if this appears from the Final Bond Terms.

Generally, the minimum investment equals the denomination of the Bonds. The denomination of the Bonds is set out in the Final Bond Terms. From time to time, the Final Bond Terms may specify that the minimum trading lot is EUR 100,000 or the equivalent in another currency, which means that traded amounts cannot be smaller than the minimum transaction lot stated. Nykredit may subsequently change the denominations. The maximum investment equals the outstanding amount of Bonds. The outstanding amount is updated on Nykredit's website, nykredit.com, and on NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S's website nasdaqomxnordic.com.

The method of and deadline for payment and delivery of the Bonds may be agreed between Nykredit and the purchasers of the Bonds.

Trades in Bonds admitted to listing on a regulated market are published in accordance with the rules issued pursuant to the Danish Securities Trading Act.

Plan of distribution and allotment

In general, the Bonds may be offered via:

- arrangers (private placements);
- market sales;
- an auction held by NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S or another regulated market; or
- on a syndicated basis through arrangers.

In connection with ordinary issues and pre-issues, the Covered Securities are sold on a current basis in the bond market, and no investors have a right of first refusal to buy the Covered Securities. In connection with auctions held via the auction systems of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S, the Covered Securities are allotted pursuant to the rules of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S. The Covered Securities are allotted after a period of time fixed by NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S and the credit institutions. Only members of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S may participate in auctions held via the systems of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S in connection with loan refinancing. Other investors may participate by making bids through a member of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S.

Pricing

The pricing is based on market terms and bids/offers.

Placing and underwriting

As issuer of Bonds, Nykredit is responsible for the coordination of the entire issue. Nykredit has not entered into any agreement with paying agents or securities depositaries for bonds registered with VP.

Nykredit has not entered into any underwriting agreement or agreement under which a third party undertakes to place Bonds. If Nykredit enters into an agreement concerning underwriting by or placement with a third party, such information will be set out in the Final Bond Terms.

Admission to trading and dealing arrangements

Information on the listing of the Bonds on regulated markets is set out in the Final Bond Terms. The Bonds issued by Nykredit are not listed on regulated or similar markets other than those set out in the Final Bond Terms.

An agreement on market making in certain Covered Securities has been concluded between Nykredit and Nykredit Bank A/S, Kalvebod Brygge 1-3, DK-1780 Copenhagen V, under which Nykredit Bank A/S undertakes to quote bid and offer prices for a number of ISINs of Covered Securities at an agreed maximum spread on NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S. Nykredit will select the ISINs for which bid and offer prices will be quoted.

Registration and settlement

The Bonds will be issued in dematerialised form through VP Securities A/S ("**VP**"), Weidekampsgade 14, DK-2300 Copenhagen S, Denmark, CVR no 21 59 93 36 or VP LUX S.à.r.I. ("**VP LUX**"), 32 Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg.

Legal title to the Bonds will exclusively be evidenced by book entries in the register of VP or VP LUX, as the case may be. The Bonds will not be exchangeable for physical bonds.

Registration and settlement of transactions in respect of the Bonds will take place in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of VP or VP LUX, respectively.

A bridge currently exists between each of VP, VP LUX, Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream") and Euroclear Bank, SA / NV ("Euroclear", and together with Clearstream, VP and VP LUX referred to as the "Securities Depositaries" and each referred to as a "Securities Depositary").

Holders of accounts with Clearstream and/or Euroclear will be able to purchase bonds without holding an account with VP or VP LUX. Holders of accounts with any Securities Depositary will be able to transfer Bonds to account holders with any other Securities Depositary in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of the relevant Securities Depositary.

Financial intermediaries

The Issuer has explicitly consented to the use of this Base Prospectus by financial intermediaries for subsequent resale or final placement of the Bonds, cf the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 862/2012, Annex XXX, if the financial intermediary has previously been granted consent by Nykredit and such consent has been published on its website together with information on the terms and conditions pertaining to the consent. Nykredit will regularly update this Base Prospectus, for instance by way of supplements, when required to ensure the issuance at any time of Bonds admissible to trading on a regulated market, and Nykredit accepts liability for the contents of this Base Prospectus. A consent may be in force as long as this Base Prospectus is valid – ie for up to 12 months from the date of approval unless this Base Prospectus has previously been revoked, cancelled or replaced, in which case the Issuer will release a stock exchange announcement to this effect. Any conditions relating to consent granted to financial intermediaries will be set out in the Final Bond Terms for the specific issue and the attached summary for the specific issue.

No financial intermediaries have contributed to the preparation of this Base Prospectus, and they therefore do not accept any liability for the information set out herein.

Prospective investors in the Bonds should reach their own views on the relevance of the information in this Base Prospectus and documents incorporated by reference, and any purchase of Bonds should be based on such investigations concerning own circumstances as prospective investors consider necessary.

This Base Prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of any financial intermediaries to subscribe for or purchase any securities. To the fullest extent permitted by law, any financial intermediaries disclaim any responsibility for the contents of this Base Prospectus or for any statement made or purported to be made by others in connection with the Issuer or the issue of the securities under this Base Prospectus. Accordingly, any financial intermediaries disclaim all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which they might otherwise have in respect of this Base Prospectus or any such statement. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any financial statements are intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by any financial intermediaries or any other parties to purchase securities under this Base Prospectus. Prospective investors in Bonds should determine for themselves the relevance of the information contained in this Base Prospectus, and a potential purchase of Bonds should be based upon such investigation as they deem necessary. Any financial intermediaries do not undertake to currently review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer set out in this Base Prospectus.

15 SELLING RESTRICTIONS

United States

Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the US Securities Act. The Bonds have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the US or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons (as defined in Regulation S) except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the US Securities Act. The Issuer declares that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Bonds in the US or to, or for the account or benefit of, any US persons, except in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S of the US Securities Act. Accordingly, neither the Issuer nor the Issuer and its subsidiaries nor persons acting on behalf of the Issuer or the Issuer's subsidiaries have participated or will participate in any offering or similar activity aimed at US persons (designated as "directed selling efforts" in the US Securities Act).

Generally, the Bonds will be sold only

- if the Bonds are sold by the Issuer; or
 - if each financial intermediary has represented that, except as permitted by its agreement with the Issuer, it will not offer or sell Bonds (i) as part of its distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise not until 40 days after the date of initiation of the offering or the issue date, whichever is earlier, (the "40-Day Period") within the US or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons, and it will have sent to all other financial intermediaries, distributors, dealers or persons to which it sells Bonds during the 40-Day Period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offering and selling the Bonds within the US or to, or for the account or benefit of, or for the account or benefit of, US persons.

The Bonds will be offered and sold outside the US in accordance with Regulation S. In addition, within the 40-Day Period it may constitute a violation of the registration requirements of the US Securities Act to offer or sell the Bonds in the US by any financial intermediary (whether or not participating in any offering).

Denmark

Each financial intermediary arranging an offering of Bonds must represent and warrant that it has not offered or sold and will not offer, sell or deliver any Bonds directly or indirectly in Denmark by way of a public offering, unless in compliance with the Danish Securities Trading Act, cf consolidating Act no 227 of 11 March 2014 as amended and executive orders issued thereunder and in compliance with the Danish Executive Order on investor protection (no 1583 of 18 December 2013) to the extent applicable.

United Kingdom

Each financial intermediary arranging an offering of Bonds must represent and agree that:

- (i) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA") received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Bonds in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (ii) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Bonds in, from or otherwise involving the UK.

Sweden

Each financial intermediary must represent and agree that it has not offered to buy or sell and will not offer to buy or sell any Bonds directly or indirectly, nor arrange an offering in Sweden, unless in compliance with the Swedish act on trading in financial instruments (in Swedish: *Lag (1991:980) om handel med finansiella instrument*).

General

In connection with this Base Prospectus, no representation is made that any action has been or will be taken by the Issuer in relation to any jurisdiction which would permit a public offering of the Bonds or the possession or distribution of this Base Prospectus or any other offering material in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The Issuer presumes that persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus may come comply with existing legislation and rules in any country or jurisdiction in which or from which they purchase, offer, sell or deliver Bonds or hold or distribute this Base Prospectus, in all cases at their own expense.

Each financial intermediary arranging an offering of Bonds must represent and agree that to the best of its knowledge and belief it has in all material respects observed existing legislation in any jurisdiction in which or from which it purchases, offers, sells, or delivers Bonds or holds or distributes this Base Prospectus, in all cases at its own expense.

16 GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Application may be made for Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus to be admitted to trading on NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S. Prices of – and outstanding amounts of – Bonds admitted to trading on NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S's regulated market are updated regularly at the website www.nasdaqomxnordic.com. The Bonds are not expected to be listed on other regulated or similar markets than NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S, but the Bonds may also be unlisted.
- (2) Bonds issued under this Base Prospectus are registered electronically with either of the securities depositaries VP Securities A/S, Weidekampsgade 14, DK-2300 Copenhagen S or VP LUX S.à.r.l., 32, Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg. No bond certificates are issued.
- (3) Nykredit has obtained all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in the Kingdom of Denmark in connection with the preparation and approval of this Base Prospectus. For the purpose of the preparation of this Base Prospectus, Nykredit's Board of Directors authorised two of Nykredit's group managing directors on 25 February 2014 to sign prospectuses (including this Base Prospectus), any changes to prospectuses and any other document requiring a signature with a view to having a prospectus approved by the relevant authority.
- (4) Neither Nykredit nor any of its subsidiaries was involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any present or future proceedings of which the Issuer is aware) during the 12 months preceding the date of this Base Prospectus which may have or has had in the recent past significant effects on the financial position or results of Nykredit or the Nykredit Group.
- (5) The prospects for Nykredit and the Nykredit Group have not deteriorated materially since 31 December 2013, and no material changes to Nykredit's or the Nykredit Group's financial or trading position have occurred since 31 December 2013. No material investments have been made since 31 December 2013.
- (6) Nykredit has not entered into agreements which oblige Nykredit to make significant investments in future.
- (7) Nykredit is not aware of any trends, uncertainties, requirements, obligations or events which may reasonably be expected to affect the outlook for Nykredit for this financial year. No events have occurred since the date of the most recent financial statements which have a material impact on the assessment of the Issuer's capital position. This Base Prospectus does not contain any separate earnings forecast.
- (8) This Base Prospectus does not include any expectations of future profit or forecasts relating to the Issuer, as such expectations or forecasts are not considered material to the admission to trading of the Bonds or the offering of the Bonds.
- (9) The Nykredit Group has not entered into any material agreements except in the ordinary course of its business that entail obligations or rights for an entity of the Nykredit Group which affect Nykredit's ability to meet its obligations to the Bondholders.
- (10) Where information in this Base Prospectus has been sourced from a third party, such information has been accurately reproduced, and as far as the Issuer is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by such third parties, no facts have been

omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. The source of third-party information is identified where used.

- (11) Copies (and any English translations) of the following documents will be available for inspection during usual business hours on any weekday at the Danish offices of the Issuer:
 - i) Nykredit's Articles of Association
 - ii) the audited financial statements and consolidated financial statements of Nykredit and its subsidiaries for the financial years 2012 and 2013 and the unaudited Q1 Interim Report 2014; and
 - iii) the Base Prospectus;

Nykredit's audited consolidated financial statements for the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013 and the unaudited Q1 Interim Report 2014 are also available at the website nykredit.com. Information in the above documents, save for the information in 8 "DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED IN THIS BASE PROSPECTUS BY REFERENCE", is for information purposes only and does not form part of this Base Prospectus. The Base Prospectus is available at the website of NASDAQ OMX Copenhagen A/S (http://www.nasdaqomx.com).

- (12) Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab, Weidekampsgade 6, DK-2300 Copenhagen S, represented by Anders O. Gjelstrup and Henrik Wellejus, Danish State-Authorised Public Accountants, has audited the Issuer's consolidated financial statements without any qualifications in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union for each of the financial years 2012 and 2013. The Issuer's external auditor is a member of FSR – Danish Auditors.
- (13) This Base Prospectus does not refer to audited information other than that contained in the Annual Reports. As Nykredit publishes an audited annual report every February, the last audited financial information will never be more than 14 months old. Nykredit prepares and publishes interim reports. Interim reports are not audited and are available to the public at Nykredit's website nykredit.com.
- (14) The Issuer does not intend to launch any material new products and/or new activities in the near future.

This document is an English translation of the original Danish text. In the event of discrepancies between the original Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

Nykredit

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE ISSUER Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Kalvebod Brygge 1-3 DK-1780 Copenhagen V Denmark

ARRANGER

Nykredit Realkredit A/S Kalvebod Brygge 1-3 DK-1780 Copenhagen V Denmark

LEGAL ADVISERS

Gorrissen Federspiel H.C. Andersens Boulevard 12 DK-1553 Copenhagen V Denmark

AUDITORS

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 DK-2300 Copenhagen S

Denmark